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# George Cross News Letter

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NO. 131 (1997)  
 JULY 9, 1997

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## GETTY COPPER CORP.

[GTY-V. 1] 23,773,561 SHS.

HOLE NO.	BEARING	DIP	INTERVAL		LENGTH METRES	LENGTH FEET	COPPER %
			START	END			
GN97-20	045	-55	94-190	96	315	0.33	
			INCL. 126-190	66	217	.44	
			276-360	84	276	.30	
			INCL. 300-324	24	79	.49	
GN97-22	045	-60	108-134	26	85	.31	
GN97-23	225	-50	132-154	22	72	.31	
GN97-24	045	-45	24-126	102	335	.32	
			INCL. 56-102	46	151	.48	
GN97-25	VERTICAL		18-104	86	282	.27	
			INCL. 58-90	32	105	.46	

GETTY NORTH TONNAGE EXPANDS - John Lepinski, president, Getty Copper Corp.,

reports results from the ongoing diamond drilling program being conducted at the 100% owned Getty North porphyry copper-molybdenum deposit located in the HighAnd Valley about 50 km south of Kamloops, BC. While methodical drilling designed to increase the measured sulphide copper resource continues to steadily add tonnage to the main deposit, the oxide copper exploration drilling program has discovered a new zone of oxidized copper mineralization within a slightly down-dropped, fault-bounded block adjacent to the northern margin of the deposit. The new oxide copper zone was discovered by drilling DDH, GN97-25, a vertical hole, which, at only 18 metres (59 ft) beneath the surface, encountered an 86 metre (282 ft) thick interval of strongly oxidized

material grading 0.27% copper, including 32 metres (105 ft) grading 0.46% copper. This particular fault bounded block has the potential to add about 1,000,000 tonnes of near surface oxidized copper mineralization. Most importantly, the discovery of this large mineralized block, adjacent to the current oxide copper deposit grading 0.60% copper, demonstrates that very significant potential for additional oxide copper tonnage exists to the north and northwest of the present deposit. Currently, the first of several follow-up holes is in progress. Highlights of the diamond drill results received to date are listed above.

DDH GN97-20 (045/-55 on Section 1420 SE) cut 96 metres (315 ft) grading 0.33% copper, including 66 metres (217 ft) grading 0.44% copper, in the upper limb of the deposit, and 84 metres (276 ft) grading 0.30% copper, including 24 metres (144 ft) grading 0.49%, in the lower limb.

DDH GN97-22 (045/-60 midway between Section 1390 SE and Section 1360 SE) encountered a northeast extension to the existing oxide copper deposit in a zone of very broken, strongly oxidized copper mineralization 26 metres (85 ft) in length grading 0.31% copper.

DDH GN97-23 (045/-50 on Section 1300 SE) also encountered a zone of oxidized, broken porphyry containing linonite, malachite and chalcopyrite. Within this mineralization an intersection of oxide copper 22 metres (72 ft) in length graded 0.31% copper, should also increase the drill indicated extension of the oxide copper mineralization at the northeast margin of the deposit.

DDH GN97-24 (045/-45 on Section 1540 SE) encountered (17 m below surface), an intersection of 102 metres (335 ft) grading 0.32% copper, including 46 metres (151 ft) grading 0.48% copper with 0.0067% molybdenum. These results will increase the measured tonnage of sulphide copper in this area by an amount in the order of 500,000 tonnes.

DDH GN97-25 (vertical on Section 1240 SE) was drilled to increase the oxide copper mineralization at the north-northwest margin of the deposit. A zone of oxide copper was encountered at 18 metres (59 ft) beneath the surface and continued on to a depth of 104 metres (341 ft). This extension 86 metres (282 ft) thick grading 0.27% copper significantly increases the oxide copper tonnage at the north-northwest margin of the deposit, and has at the same time indicated significant potential for further increases in the oxide copper resource in the area immediately adjacent to the north-northwest margin of the deposit. (SEE GCNL NO.101, 27May97, P.3 FOR PREVIOUS PROJECT INFORMATION)

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