

REPORT #1

HVC
884802

(1)

The area between Jericho Mines - Gravelly Mt. and the Peel Shearing on air photo BC5312-019 was mapped during May 13 to May 19, 1969. The area is underlain by Skeena granodiorite (3) and Bethesda gtz. monzonite (4). A contact between the 2 rock types was mapped in the field. In general, the contact appears sharp. Rock type (3) is characterized by 5-10% mafics with either hornblende or biotite predominating over the other. Quartz is interstitial and comprises 20-25%. The hornblende is often large (5mm) and highly pockelitic, enclosing plagioclase feldspar.^{ab} Rock type (4) is characterized by large gtz. eyes (5mm), <5% mafics (predominantly biotite), and >10% alkali feldspar. Alkali feldspar usually comprises <5% of the total rock, but does increase to 15-20% in a variety termed "Minex" granite. The contact between "proper" (3) and Minex granite appears very gradational in the field. However, the identity of the Minex granite variety was easily made by HF staining on cut rocks.

3 dyke rocks were identified. The two main ones, termed crowded porphyries, have a distinct North-South trend. The distinction between the 2 was made, on the basis of gtz. content. The third dyke type is aplite which is generally only a few inches in width but can fatten up to 10" in width, were observed. The crowded porphyries are restricted to rock type (3).

(A)

Jointing is common in all outcrops but is more intense in the contact area between the 2 major rock types. Chlorite and epidote are nearly always present along joint surfaces in the contact zone. Siliques were rarely seen on flat surfaces. Approximately 90 joints of joints were taken and ~~plot~~ these were put into 6 divisions as follows; $020^{\circ}-030^{\circ}$; $155^{\circ}-165^{\circ}$; $040^{\circ}-050^{\circ}$; $170^{\circ}-010^{\circ}$; $035^{\circ}-145^{\circ}$; and $110^{\circ}-120^{\circ}$.

When plotted on a joint frequency diagram, the prominent joint directions is 170° to 010° . Two other prominent directions are $040^{\circ}-060^{\circ}$ and $110^{\circ}-120^{\circ}$. Mineral foliation (alignment of hornblende crystals) was observed in only 5 spots and is not distinctive of any trend.

Alteration is very characteristic in the contact zone between (3) and (4). Chloritization and epidotization along joint surfaces ^{and in the mafic} is most common, along with the chloritization of felsic.

Silicification and sericitization are less common. Enrichment in alkali feldspar and silica is associated in some mineralized zones, especially on the Gazo property. At the Peel Showings, the mineralized zone is silicified and contains abundant sericite. The Borlite Ridge Showing is only characterized by a shear zone with moderate chloritization + epidotization & several gry. veins.

Mineralization in the area is for the most part only malachite. It occurs on joint surfaces mainly and also occurs in distinct

"mineralized" zones such as on the Gaza property. Minor amounts of bornite and chalcocite (< 1%) were observed ^{along joints & disseminated} except off the Bornite Ridge showing where pods and lenses of bornite occurred in quartz veins up to 10" in width. No molybdenum was observed in the area. Pyrite is the common mineral at the Peel Showings (25-30% in the silicified mineralized zone). Specularite was observed in veins on the Gaza property only. ^{Rough type (4) to be determined} The barren ^{min.} here mineralization observed in the area appears to be quite uneconomic. The most favourable looking area I would say is the Gaza property.

Tom Schoeter
21/5/69

DISCUSSION ON HIGHLAND VALLEY

Feb. 16/72

DGS

①

W. McMillan

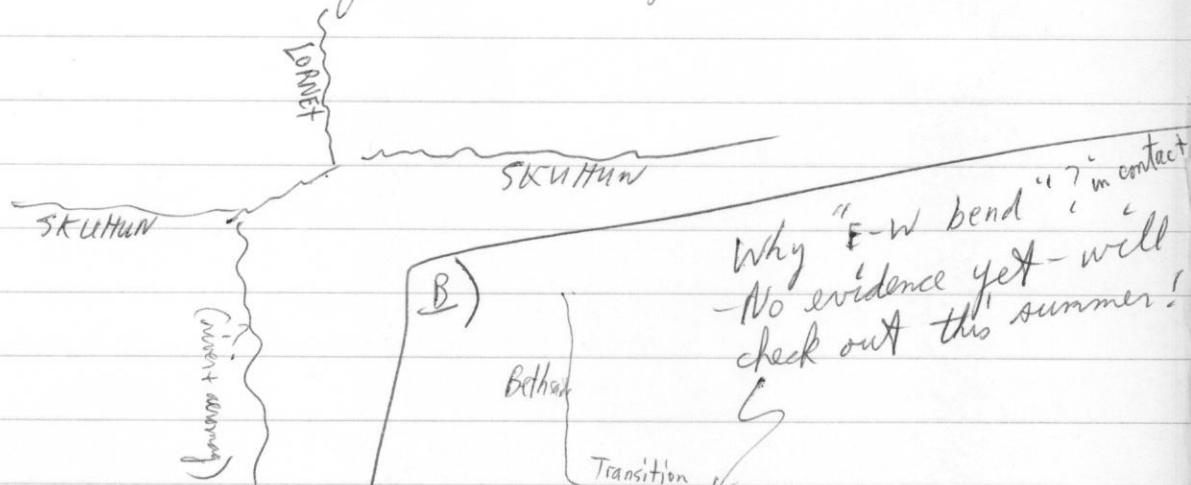
When Bethlehem phase came in - doming began & with it the initiation of N-S trending dyke swarms. Doming reached a max. with emplacement of Bethsaida phase

TROSAN - more of a tectonic bx. rather than explosion bx.

- Drilling on Jenkins property near road → volcanics.
- Drilling by Cominco on road ~ ½ mile towards H.V. from turn off to Jim Black Lake ⇒ Volc. (on south side of inferred fault [E-W]).

FAULTING

A) Note: Skuhun fault valley



C) Fault along Pinamis Valley?

- Maybe - but no evidence of strike-slip movement - possibly vertical volc. end abruptly, at creek as does hybrid. Vertical movement - volc. side down??

BESTLAKO (highmant)

porphyry dyke

check this summer

②

Study on Volcanics

- esp. Kamloops - this summer - special project

Nicola - rhyolite → basalt.

Kamloops - ?

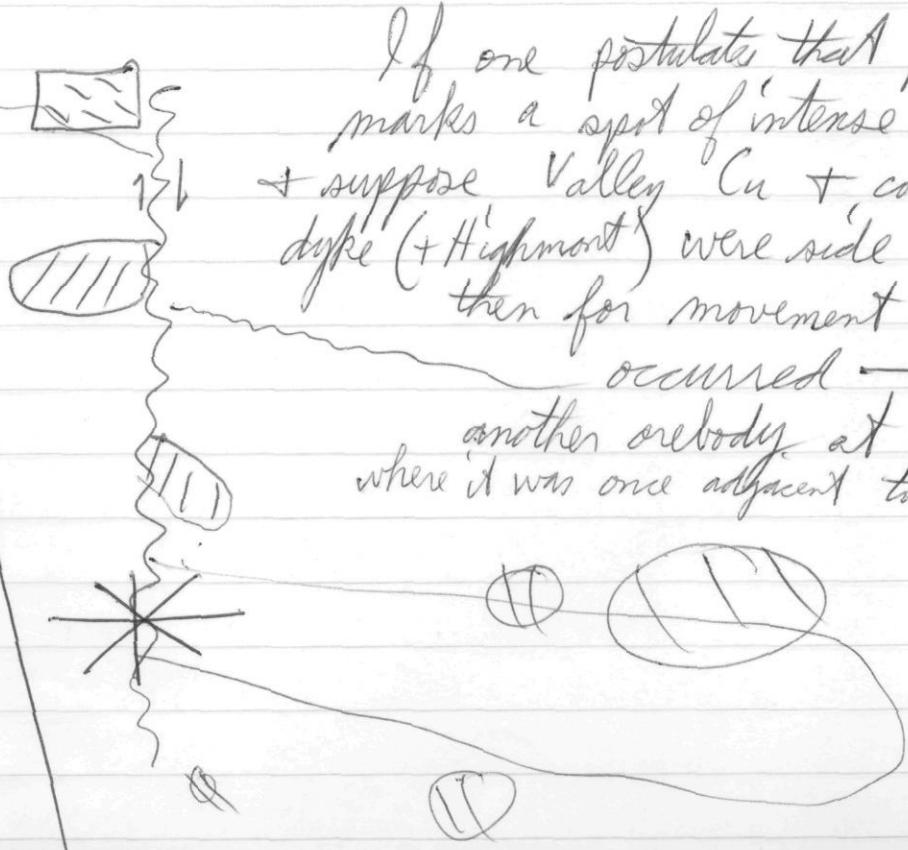
Spences Bridge - ~~andesitic basaltic~~ andesite → rhyodacite

Kingsvale - Andesitic-dacite → rhyodacite

Colly 'granite' just SW. of Craigmont - looks similar to Guichon - ^{in well} late to see if some Cu went from there to Craigmont \Rightarrow unlikely.

W. M. 'Hypothesis'

West side moved up!
Bethlehem ^{shore} acted as a "scum" on Bellsands + that's why we see more Bethlehem + Transition on the east side.



If one postulates that pt. \star marks a spot of intense shattering + suppose Valley Cu + composite dyke (+ Highmont) were side by side, then for movement to have occurred - maybe another orebody at pt. \square where it was once adjacent to Lorne.

③

The 'explosion' breccia at Ormawed Art. has frags of Guichon & Hybrid sk. as well as Lornex porphyry
→ thus it must have picked them up on way.

- Spasit Mtn. - probably a roof pendant.
- Major N-S zone of porphyry intrusion
(e.g. Bethlehem → Ktstein)
 - maybe even down to Stellako.
- Bill agrees with me that areas indicated by Ken Northcotte as being Witches Brook area actually areas with concentrations of dykes of Bethlehem phase.
- Le Roy granodiorite may be a scum of Bethlehem Victor Mine - leaching effort → useless! No opide Cu to leach! — mainly primary!
 - Lornex owns but won't look at for a while - probably has 100,000 tons of 2% Cu.

LORNEX geologist - MIKE SCOPIS

Ph.D.

THESES:

- ① Joe Briskey - Bethlehem
- ② Bob Schmuck - Lornex
- ③ Mike Jones - Valley

}

Oregon State U.
Corvallis, Oregon

97331

under cy Field

M.Sc.
Chuck Ager - Geophysics Dep't - U.B.C.
u.B.C. - 228-2267 { 815 B Cambie Rd.
Home. - 278-6047

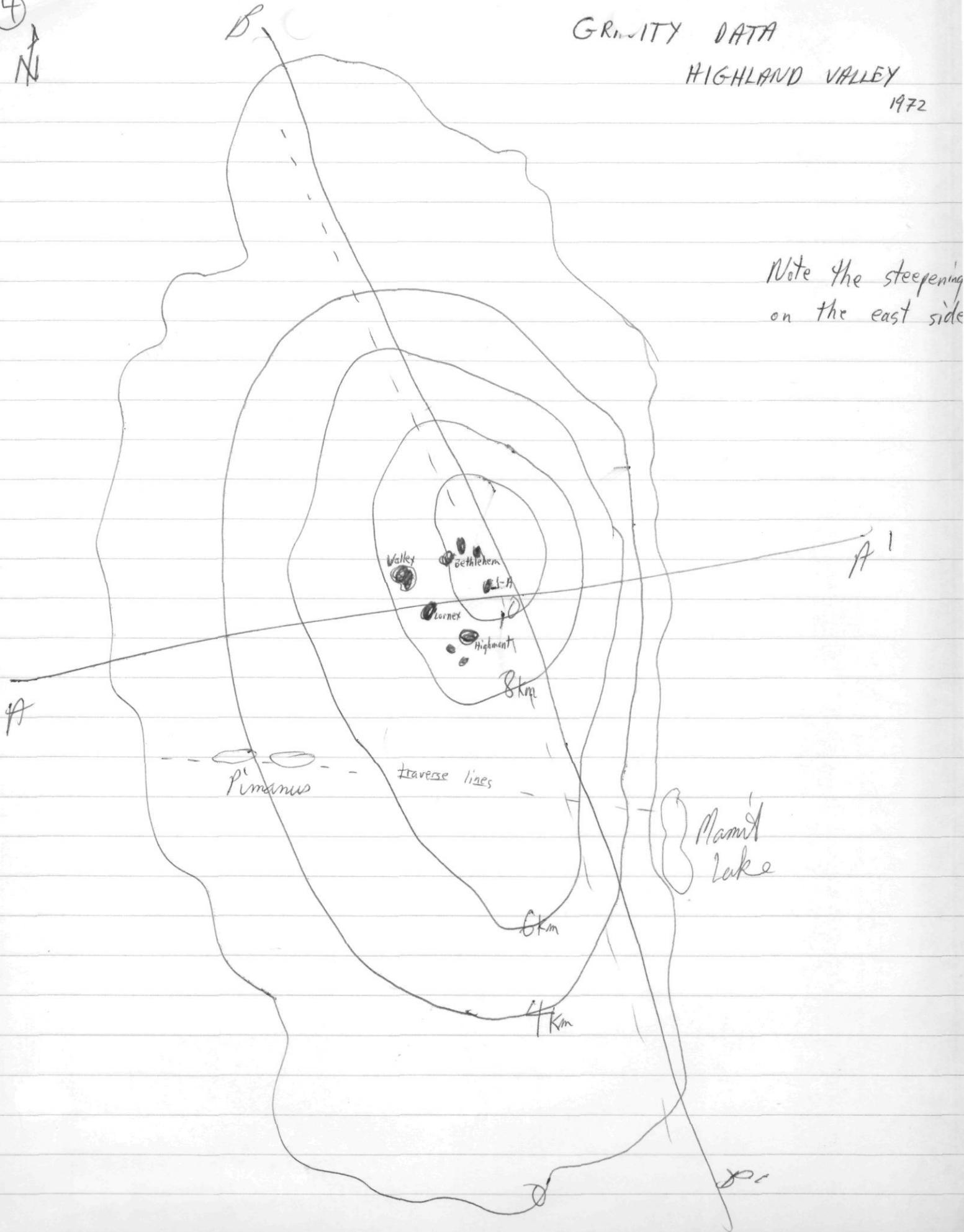
(4)
N

B

GRAVITY DATA

HIGHLAND VALLEY

1972



⑤

PROFILES

North

B



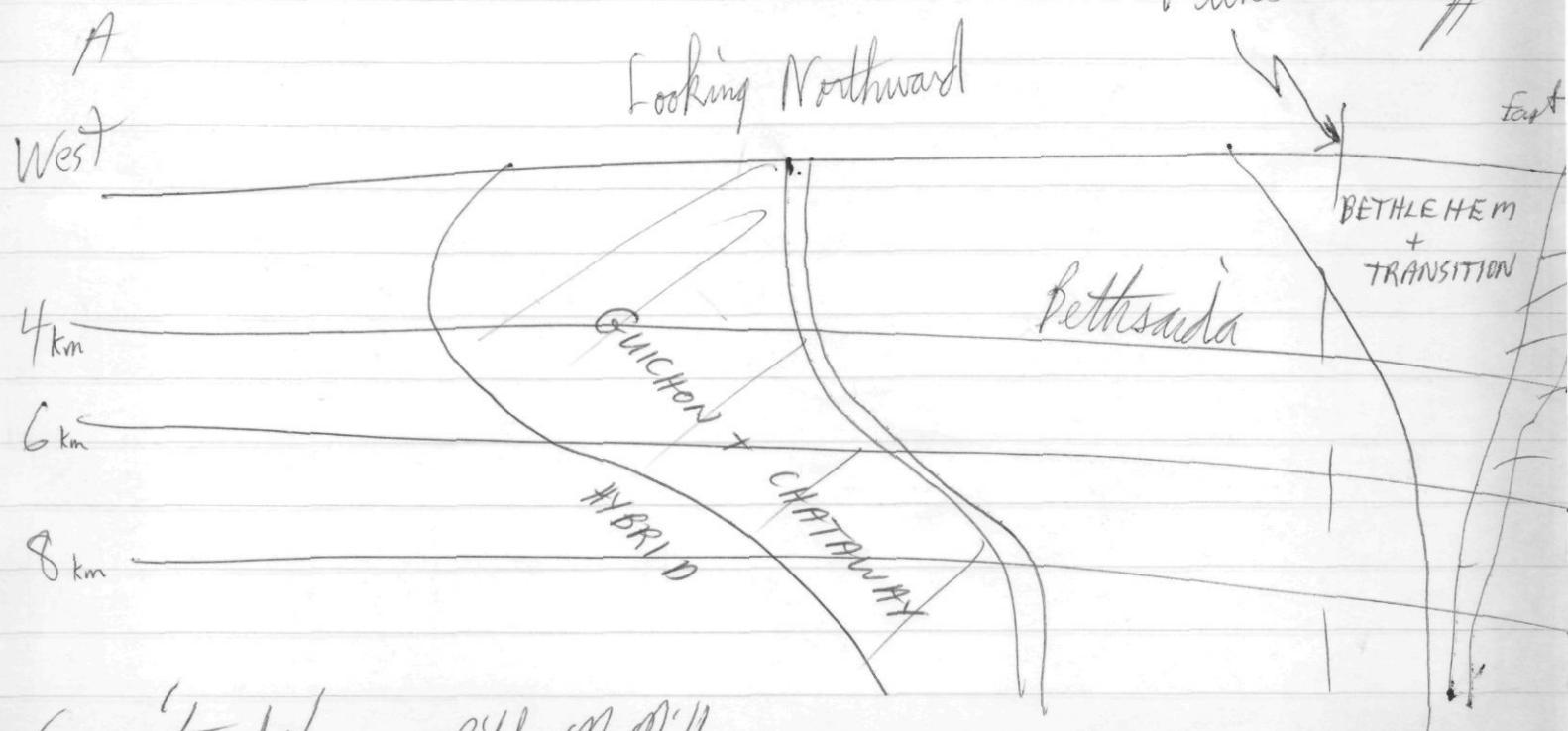
A
West

4 km

6 km

8 km

Looking Northward



Gravity data:- Bill McMillan
+ Chuck Ager

HVC (Highland Valley Copper) Apr. 13/95

- talk with Lorne Bond (mine geol) @ HVC '95
- moly contributes ~ \$3M/yr. at HVC.
- ~ 200 k for '95 expl'n
- looking at ways to develop JA (lit. technology)

KEG '95 → PVC

To date, production = \$11.5 billion

→ ~~X~~ 2nd largest Cu milling oper. in the world.

Mine life: 2008

1994: \$465 million in sales revenue.

HIGH AND VALLEY COPPER Thurs Sep. 22/05

- JOHNSON TOUR

- Denison Mine Geol. Gaud +10°
 - KATHLEEN - Mine Super. Snow
 Kinz)

- eat bag lunch @ mine office

Produces: 1.4% world's Cu

1.1 M lbs Cu/day (~3% world's end/y)

~ 900 employees \$1.1M/day of metal
 \$1.5M/day profit

~ 50 Mt ore processed yr

2 in-pit crushers (2 km conveyor) Valley Pit
 (~400 m down) 2 km long

Cultivate pit floor another 50 m long

Mill Capacity: ~133,000 tpd

V. Mill 22/05
 Loc.

Conce
 →

Tall

Mine

2.5

HVC Soft ~ \$1M/day end/y
 ~ \$1.5M/day TDS

.01% MoS₂ (hard ore)
 .001% (soft ore)

Ashcroft → rail to Van
 Japan)

Y = 2Bt (used 18c)

in extension → 2013

~ tailings sand

on downhill side (to Fraser R.)
 → largest in world

② No. 2004: ~10Mt MoS moly (more in Lornex)
2006 Highmalt ~6 Mt bsmoly p.t.
2010: 7 Mt bsmoly peccy (0.015% MoS₂)

2004 prod: 40% of revenue was moly

2005: 1-1.5 Mt Highmalt ore to be m.had. in '05

~~2005~~: Moly recovery ~ 60%
(cf. Cu ~ 91%)

\rightarrow Leach it on site (~ 58% MoS₂ conc.)

2005: Lornex pit: 25% feed
Valley pit: 75% feed

HIGHMALT EXP'n: 2005

30dph = 4000 m³

if Cu > \$1.30/lb resources
~ 860 Mt = +15yrs more off
2013

* Press Rel. ~ Sept. 23/05
- extension of mine life to Sept. 2013
- Capital cost ~ \$40M
- involves more ore from Lornex pit, re-lining, backfilling
of 2 in-pit crusher in Valley pit, and a new tail wall

HIGHLAND VALLEY COPPER Apr. 2/96

- field trip (am) is part of KEG %
Photo: collage looking N over
VALLEY pit

- Stripping ratio = 0.6 : 1

- in-pit crusher; note rusty (uncoated.
sets.) to N. of conveyor belt.

40-42% Cu conc. (better bornite)
(cf. Lornex - ~ 35% Cu)

- black uncoated (water-rich) sets
to left of conveyor belt.

Trace of E-W Highland high fault

Mill - larger crushers can do
35,000 tpd.

Moly Value \approx 1 to 3% profit

Mo conc = 45 to 55% Mo (sub to E.W.H.)

Valley - 9.5%, Lornex - 5% feed

(i.e. push back E + S walls of pit)

- M. or (locally elevated) arsenic - usually
assoc with 'high' bornite + enargite

cut-off = 0.25% (Cu equal)
(or 0.2% Cu)

- need to add gold (from Snip)
to reach 'credit limit' for
gold prod.
(cf. Goldstream)

1996 Expl'n - look at ore in
east wall + east across
Lorne fault

- also receive IP elsewhere
(1995 -> 300 me-ton of IP)

JA - problem with O/H
but 45% there = "like"?

~50 persons in pit (not incl. maintenance)

[Highmark - up to 25% Cu / 100 t
= low priority]

HVC

9:00 - now

Thur Oct. 3/96
Cloud + 12°C

- Lorne Bond

- BHP - BC Mine Tour (1/2)

current

0.395% (u 0.007% Mo)

M/H Feed

Valley ~ 95%; LorneX ~ 5%

- stripping @ LorneX, plus on.
stripping on NNE side of Valley (soil).975 m → 750 m asl (\approx ~ 200 m depth
to go)Mine Life: 2008

+ 18 (Circumfer.)

STOP in longest level (~ 0.7% Cu)

- bn-rich + ser + kspn

Photo: looks S over LorneX pit.

(on east side of LorneX fault)

- black seam to rt. of rusty zone,

upper rt. of photo)
(0.35% Cu)~ 120 M³ of ore left in LorneX

96 Fpi¹ Exp. = \$600,000

- ① HIGHMONT 1969
-
- ~ 60 million tons (June '69)
 - ~ 95 million tons (as far as AMAX can see - Aug. 15/69)
 - ~ 120 million tons (George Cross Newsletter - Aug. 25/69)
 - far too high! - took too much into account. e.g. possible ore say they had a vein with mineralization. Then they would include 300 ft. on each side of vein to have possible ore. And if there were slight overlaps, it would all be massed in as ore. Values are too high!

\Rightarrow moly is main ore mineral
+ cpy + bn.

Lornex porphyry present but unmineralized for the most part.

- Breccia (tourmaline matrix with predom. Lornex porphyry inclusions) \rightarrow Last explosive phase! \rightarrow best seen on top of Gnarled Mnt.

\Rightarrow different than Lornex + Valley Copper deposits [i.e. not same structural + alteration features]

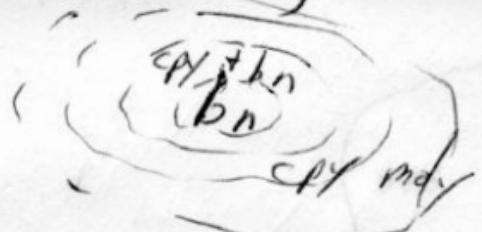
\rightarrow Two main zone - East + West, moly values appear higher in the west zone.

- no financing at present! AMAX did a complete feasibility

② study during July + August
of 1969 + feel that the
only deal would be a 100%
ownership.

- Highmont management seems
very incompetent. e.g., maps
not up to date. Drill holes
not correlated. etc. etc.

③ LORNEX 1969

- ~600 million tons ~4% Cu
- bn, cpy & moly - some
chalcopyrite.
- in both Skeena & Bethesda
rock types.
- mineral zoning
- 
- open pit well under way
for clearing (surface). 1972
- Lornex porphyry stringing
approx (E-W) "across" the W.
orebody appears to have
brought in the mineralization
[i.e. a late intrusion]
- mineralization was concentrated

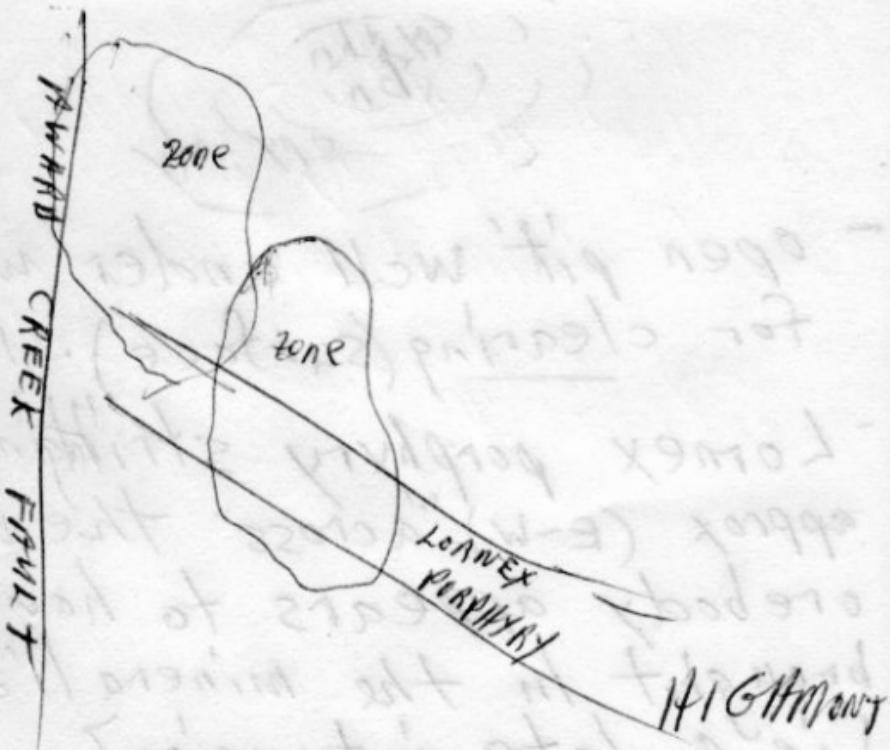
by the AWARD CREEK fault,
alteration is chloritization,
sericite & saussurite.

several other smaller N-S
faults cutting the main
orebody.

VALLEY
COPPER

DOUG GUILLO
(ENGINEER)

N



④ VALLEY COPPER 1969

~~900 million~~ ~~1 billion~~ tons ~ .4% Cu
~~600 million~~ tons

- bnd cpy in Bethsaida - high, quartz veined plus sericite + saussurite. - minor moly

At least 20% of orebody extends onto Bethlehem ground (to the east + possibly "across" the valley to the north)

Structural control is very important. Orebody cut-off to north by an E-W Highland Valley Fault ?? Not enough known. Orebody in vicinity of major N-S fault - the AWARD CREEK fault. Geochem. values very distinctive. Overburden ~ only 40 ft.

Adit in ~ 20° slope south
[in ~ 650 ft. Aug. 169]

Faulting + qtz-veining in adit
dominant. [steeply dipping]

Jim Allen [chief geologist] doesn't
believe a Bethsaida-Skeena
contact is important - rather
the structural + alteration
aspect.

Drilling still continuing to
outline orebody + give better
grade estimates.

⇒ will be one of largest
copper orebodies in the world!!

ZONES

- ① EAST Jersey (closed)
but still 3 million tons to
mine!
- ② 10 N/A
- ③ HUESTIS - clearing
under way at time.
- ④ Jersey

- 14,000 tons daily.

→ cpy + bn
(~ 36% Cu concentrate)

host rock is Guichon

- contact of Skeena +
Guichon partly responsible
for mineralization!
- Also several c.p. dykes

- Bethlehem now drilling on
the lake to find limits
of Valley Copper orebody
→ good results!
- also drilling on side of
road [by BLACKHAWK on
INDIAN RESERVE].
→ called Bethlehem's Lake
deposit.
- Bethlehem "secretly" doing
Namit Lake survey now.

⑥ CRAIGMONT 1969

All underground operation now
300 ft. of Kingsvale vol
"dumped" in on bottom of
pit to prevent caving in.
- dangerous now!

ore bodies are in a general
E-W direction.

- good magnetic high anomaly.
- "tongue" of Quichon coming
up centre of No. 2 orebody.
⇒ read report!

→ road to Jackson Lake + up
Abbott Lake passable.

- ⑦ ABERDEEN - 1969
- old shaft.
 - specularite mainly
 - some mal. & cpy.
 - in Guichon rock with
3 ~~f~~ dykes.

- CAROLIN ~ 1969
- deep gullies just east
of main rd. - no observable
mineralization except mal.
→ extreme alteration to chlorite

⑧ NORANDA TRENCHES 1964

- on Guichon - hybrid contact
- extreme chloritization &
some epidotization + sericitization
+ kaolinization
- cpy mainly!! some bn, spec,
moly., tetrahedrite.
- 2 main shear zone 240° &
 180° . Main mineralized &
altered (sercite) zone is
 $\sim 125^\circ$. Several 3 ft dykes
present.
- interesting situation.
- I.P. survey just beginning,
- disseminated cpy. in 2P. [pink
granodiorite - Guichon].

⑨ NE district 1969

- good map by Sim Allen
for Valley Copper - Com'r.
1966
- minor bn & cpx occurrences
- several ~N-S 3pt dykes
in 2p

NW district 1969

- mainly alkali in hybrid rocks
- current I.P. surveys [e.g.
by continental Cinch etc.]

SPLATSUM ROCKS

- distinctive green fsp.

⑩ West side, 1969

→ Gully traverses
Hybrid rx → Nicola, Cach Creek & Spences' Bridge
mineralization is mainly all Py. in volcanics! (~3%)

SPAIST - MNT 1969

elevation 6200 ft.
summit is Guichon
on east side of summit is
a thin sliver of Skeena
then Bethsaida - see
T.C. Explorations map.
→ on their grid system

⑪ hybrid rocks, on west slope. - several mafic-rich inclusions + ~~stop~~ clots.

T.C. Ex. property (north)

- On Bethesda-Skeena-Chataway contact.

- > no sig. mineralization
- mainly bn., (cpx) + moly?
- > some spec
- > good sericitization

CLEVELAND 1966

Drill holes (2 in Chataway with disseminated bn) + one 1/w Volcanics (502 ft.) barren!
-> one trend (N-S) with moly-

rosettes plus cpy.

Orbicular granite at top.
~4 miles from turn off
Twin road.

→ S. Black Lake road
connects onto Cleveland E-W
road & down to Spatsam
road but it's washed out near
H.V. road.

SKUTUUN 1969

- COMINCO camp option
- Skuhost fault! - poor at top
it steen + bethsaida bends
"sharply" to the SE suggesting
a possible fault.
- TOM CURNOW property
- mainly cpy & bn in gte

⑫ veins + on fractures.
mineralized veins ~ 030°
+ volcanic dykes ~ 140°
⇒ distinctive on west side

Highland Queen project just
been optioned - on "top"
of hillside I climbed twice
in Guichon rx with volcanic
dykes, ⇒ disseminated bn + cpy
+ disseminated py. in volcanic dke

Benson Mines - Zumac - 1969

- south of Lornex property
- all in Bethesda
→ uninteresting!
bn + mal.

BORNITE RIDGE MINES

1969

dissem. bn & cpy in gte
veins mainly at Bornite
ridge.

- In Chataway (dissem) at
Billy Lake (airstrip)

JERICHO MINES 1969

- High grade veins - bn mainly
no present work!

GAZA PROPERTY

→ early I.P. survey by
MacDonalds from Vancouver
- looks like a good area
- C.P. dykes present.

(B) PEEL SHOWINGS

- highly silicified - sauss.
zone ~ 200 ft. wide with
"fantastic" pyrite cubes
→ minor cpy + bn.

⇒ strong N-S aplite
zone trending up thru
Chataway zone + down
to Skuhun.

CHATAWAY EXPL. 1969

No great work going on;
→ cpy mainly in qtz veins
+ associated 3 f dyke rocks

⇒ 3f zone on east side of batholith from Cannoo Mines south of just east of Antler Lake, thru Mamit Lake trench area + on South to Aberdeen.

1969 MAMIT LAKE TRENCH

hybrid rocks with 3f dykes
→ good cpy on joints + as stringers + in gte veins
→ 2 small shafts.

→ "in between" 2 large N-S gullies.

→ road up past old saw mill.
→ current drilling south of trenches (for Bethlehem?)

- (14) CANWOOD MINES
- good cpy. mineralization.
py. + moly values also.
 - 3 f dykes on property.
 - "AMAX" report by Sellmar
 - structural control - 2 main
gullies (faults?).
 - access off Billie Lake
air strip road or off power
line road.

NEW INDIAN MINES - 1969

- all in 2P.
- poor mineralization - mainly
dissem + fracture cpy.

TROJAN - 1969

- on strike with major fault - porphyry zone W → goes N-S thru Bethlehem ??
- explosion breccia deposit.
- looking for financing.

KRAIN - 1969

- on Volcanics (Kamloops) + Guichon contact.
- present option by Noranda (Van Peg.) - Art Sorgelli

TRANSVAAL 1969

I did not see!
C.J.H. says it's an interesting place!

⑤ ALWIN 1969

- old ok. mine
- high grade bn. & py.
some chalcopyrite.
- high grade vein deposit
with disseminated py. + bn.
in highly sauss.-seric. rk.
- adit goes under
main trenches & hooks up
with old shaft workings
- present financing under
question, - production or not?
- drilling on side of la'
went thru ~ 400 ft. of
volcanics (tuff) & continues.
- rk. type is all Bethsaida.

→ Webb Cummings - geologist
grade is ~ 2% Cu.

Kathleen-Empire 1969

- Laura mines option. ?
- cpy., bn. + moly.
→ not sig!
- ~~main~~ in Bethesda rx.

→ major E-W fault thru
calling Lake ??

- also Pimanus Lake ??

STELLAKO, BETHSAIDA etc.
I didn't see!

⑯ Extreme detail by
AMAX in Valley Copper
-Lornex - High mont.
⇒ good map will be
produced by CSIRO (eg. 1:1000)

Aeromag. maps outline
& contacts [batholith \rightarrow volcano
& also the major phases
of the batholith].

⇒ distinct rusty zone
around Valley-Lornex-Highmont
area!

Jim Mylands

Ph.D. candidate - Stanford

economics + structure of mining

Mike Carr's + Ken Northcotes maps.

→ new smelter to be built in Princeton will affect the whole Highland Valley, including Ashcroft!

1969 GIBRALTER MINES

500,000 million tons ~ 3% Au

waste:ore ratio ~ 1.5:1

Canex bought a mill from Germany

→ good core ~~valleys~~ values

→ new "porphyry-C.P." zone

Festay mine: 10,000m ddh
Winstow Gold option (Basson Cr.)
Silver Queen
Kettle River looks
for option (\$1M)
Takla Coal
Willow Cr. - ddh
Wishaw graphite - Ava Res.
Reed Lk. (Fullers Earth)
Ajax West - close in May

Kamloops - 122M ('96) - 115,000 m ddh
Fors 2400m in 5 holes in early '97
Target = Sullivan horizon at depth
~~silver Queen~~
~~Kettle River looks~~
~~for option (\$1M)~~

'97-1500m decline e Bull River (Standby)
look at Cu-Au veins

Jersey Emerald - 4/6 ddh in '97

Linda Caron - kettle River expects ~~battle at~~ Echo Bay to option (all) its holdings in the Green wood camp (soon!). KEG '91 197

Call Gerry Carlson re-lunch with Doug Leishman (Brokerage
'Input' at Pathways '98!) ESKAY CLK (Edmunds)
Since Dec '97 to end '98

~~Est. 109 zone - colloform - flotation-amenable
14,585 m of expln done in '96 (~250,000 oz Au
m.t) - 165 tpd~~

July 11th - Greenwood Days - + Ron + Sally McMillan / Ross + Mona Blusson

~~HVC~~ - Lorne Bend - no expl'n on site this yr. - mainly number crunching
- '96 additional res. is at NE part of Valley pit, adj. to major Lornex fault
- currently stripping north area (o/v) of Valley pit, plus east end of Lornex pit

"bring sleepy bags" - ask for aero's site
~~Gerry North~~, 200m (53,200sf) of dol - '89
→ \$3M Glossie zone
- Bethlehem style Woods Ct. 2nd strata MAC + garn
60dth 3 2nd in Capp Zone into 1.0% Me
\$2.3M spent date 4.5 m - contract 13.2 Mo. Bore

(62)

THE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL RESERVE ESTIMATES (IN MILLION)

Category	1973-74	1974-75	1975-76	1976-77
Capital Reserves	1000	1000	1000	1000
Current Reserves	1000	1000	1000	1000
Total Reserves	2000	2000	2000	2000



BRITISH
COLUMBIA

May 1/00

To: Don Mustard
From: Tom Schreeter

Re: PRODUCTION (Wt/yr) from HIGHLAND VALLEY (AMP)

① See attachment: Total production for a) HVC b) Bethlehem c) Lornex

1963-1998: 940 M tonnes = 7,165 kg Au; 1,162,300 kg Ag; 4,518,197,921 kg Cu,
(milled) 3,518,000,000 kg Mo

② Est. 1999 Prod.: 30.1 M tonnes = ~~375 kg~~ Au; ~~49,000 kg~~ Ag; 109,000,000 kg Cu;
1,700,000 kg Mo

Total: ~ 970 M tonnes = 7540 kg Au; 1,211,300 kg Ag;
(1963-1999 incl.) 4,627,200,000 kg Cu; 5,218,000,000 kg Mo

P.S. When you get a 'number(\$)',
could you share it
(along with commodity price chosen)
Thanks,

Tom