

Alex
825875

MINNOVA INC.

Memorandum

SAMATOSUM PROJECT

DATE: July 4, 1991
 TO: Alex Davidson
 COPIES TO: D. Watkins
 FROM: John Purkis
 SUBJECT: Tulsequah Chief - Review of NSR Calculations

At Prices - Cu \$ 1.00)
 Zn .55)
 Pb .30) These prices used as Westmin
 Ag 4.80) info was based on these.
 Au 380.00)
 Exch. 1.15

	<u>Westmin</u>	<u>Tulsequah</u> <u>1st Pass</u>	<u>Tulsequah</u> <u>2nd Pass</u>
<u>Feed Grades</u>			
Cu (%)	1.94	1.55	1.55
Zn (%)	3.65	6.81	6.81
Pb (%)	0.21	1.23	1.23
Ag (g/t)	29.3 ^{.854}	109.0 ^{3.18}	109.0
Au (g/t)	2.2 ^{.064}	2.7 ^{.0787}	2.7
Gross Value/t milled	\$138/t	~ \$201/t	\$201/t ^x
NSR /t milled	~ 62/t	~ 66/t	82/t
NSR/Gross Value	0.45	0.32	.41

The price difference between first pass and second pass is due to freight where Samatosum rates truck/rail/ship and bags are extraordinarily high. I have used Westmin rates plus \$10. Also, I increased Cu and Ag recoveries to Cu Conc by 2%.

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Tulsequah, though, will never equate to Westmin exactly due to:

1. Pb concentrate will lead to lower Cu payable. Cu is lost to Pb conc. (Same true for Zn payable).
2. As and Sb are much higher.

Therefore, does a \$15/t milled NSR increase change the original conclusions? i.e., if NSR at Feasibility Prices = \$78/t.

If Op Costs (\$/t) =	40		50		60	
Margin (\$/t) =	38		28		18	
@ Op rate (tpd)	1500	2000	1500	2000	1500	2000
Therefore Op Profit \$MM/Yr @ 15% DCF Rate	20.8	27.7	15.3	20.4	9.9	13.1
Yrs to generate +\$100MM NPV	9.0	5.0	+25.0yrs	9.5	n/a	n/a
Mining Reserve Required MMT	4.93	3.65	+13.7	6.94	n/a	n/a
Yrs to generate +\$125MM NPV	16.0	8.0	n/a	18.0	n/a	n/a
Mining Reserve Required	8.76	5.84	n/a	13.14	n/a	n/a
Yrs to generate +\$150MM NPV	n/a	12.0	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Mining Reserve Required	n/a	8.76	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

An optimistic approach would say \$50 Op Cost and therefore \$28 Op Margin. At 2000 tpd, it doesn't really make it, except at \$100MM capital which is almost certainly on the low side for this project.


Therefore, one needs a higher tonnage rate;

if 2500 tpd and \$125MM Capital - need 9.5 years and 12.1 MM tonnes

@ 3000 tpd and \$125MM Capital - need 7.0 years and 7.7 MM tonnes.

This would equate to geological reserves of 16 and 10 million tonnes respectively.

I still have doubts about the mining rates above 2000 tpd in this orebody. But, if orebody is +10 million tonnes, then this may change.


JOHN PURKIS
Mine Manager

JP:im