

**WEYMARK ENGINEERING LTD.**

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28 November 1966

Mr. John Luttin, President  
West Coast Resources Ltd. (N.P.L.)  
Suite 104, 569 Howe Street  
Vancouver 1, B.C.

Dear Mr. Luttin:

Re: Oro Denoro Mineral Property  
Ore Reserves Computations

I am pleased to submit for your information the accompanying report together with computation sheets of the findings and analyses carried out by Ruskin & Associates, Vancouver, B.C., of the potential ore reserve inherent of the Oro Denoro Gold-Silver-Copper ore deposit based on the information obtained to date from the exploration programme conducted by West Coast Resources Ltd. (N.P.L.) and precursor investigations during the 1956-1966 period.

The analyses conducted by Ruskin & Associates were performed on an I.B.M. 7040 computer at the University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C. The methods and mathematical premises used in the computations are given in the report by Ruskin & Associates to which reference is made. It is to be noted that the findings are limited to copper containing ore, as it has been established from sampling that gold and silver values in the ore may be prudently set at 0.024 ounces per ton for gold and 0.32 ounces per ton for silver. The cut-off grade established for mineable copper ore is set at 0.25 % copper.

In summary form the tonnage and grade values (copper) for each of the designated categories of ore reserves are presented in the following tabulation.

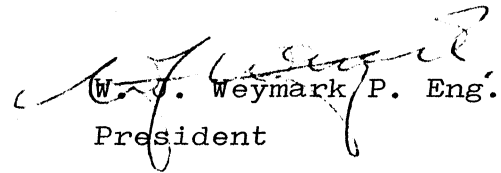
	<u>Tonnage</u>	<u>Grade</u>
a) <u>Above the diorite sill</u>		
i. Reasonably Assured	3,885,000	1.32% copper
ii. Indicated (2)	20,270,000	0.80% copper
iii. Possible (3)	<u>6,979,000</u>	<u>0.75% copper</u>
iv. Subtotal	31,134,000	0.85% copper
b) <u>Below the diorite sill</u>		
i. Possible (4)	<u>15,671,000</u>	<u>1.07% copper</u>
c) <u>Total potential tonnage</u>	46,805,000	0.926% copper

Mr. Luttin, President (ore reserves continued)

From your perusal of the computation sheets, you may observe that considerable detail is presented which may be used for further analyses. It is to be noted further that ore reserves have been calculated from surface elevation of 3690 feet down to 2900 feet only, the depth probed in the exploration programme conducted todate. Since, ore intersections were encountered at that depth (2900 feet), it is reasonable to expect that further tonnage possibilities may be assured, but these would have to be confirmed by more elaborate sampling methods to those employed in the programmes conducted todate.

Should you have need for additional analyses of the presented computations, please do not hesitate to call me.

Yours truly,

  
W. J. Weymark P. Eng.  
President