826-5

N.T.: 82-G-5, 82-F-3

 $\underline{S} \ \underline{U} \ \underline{M} \ \underline{M} \ \underline{A} \ \underline{R} \ \underline{Y}$

REPORT

ON

1965 EXPLORATION

IN THE

MOYIE - YAHK AREA

В. С.

FORT STEELE

MINING DIVISION

A. BURGØYNE Geologist

SUMMARY REPORT OF

1965 EXPLORATION IN THE MOYIE - YAHK AREA, B.C.

Vancouver, B. C. September 3, 1965 A. Burgoyne Geologist.

SUMMARY REPORT OF

1965 EXPLORATION IN THE MOYIE - YAHK AREA, B.C.

Through July and August a recommaissance sediment sampling program, followed by chemical analyses, was completed over 200 square miles completely underlain by quartzites of the Aldridge Formation between Moyie, B.C. and the International Border. Four men were involved in collecting sediment samples and two men operated the laboratory at Moyie. Sediment samples were taken on all streams and their tributaries in the area at 1/4 mile intervals. Closer sampling was done in inaccessible areas and more geologically favourable areas. The sediments were returned to the lab at Moyie and were sieved to -80 mesh and subjected to a hot aqua regia acid digestion. They were quantitatively assayed for Pb, Zn and Cu by the standard dithizone and biquinoline colormetric methods.

General mean background in the area was approximately 60 ppm
Zn, 10 ppm Cu, and 3-6 ppm Pb. However, a background could be calculated for each individual stream drainage basin. Pb content varies
little throughout the area. Cu and Zn vary somewhat from one stream drainage basin to another - this is a reflection of severe topography; degree of basic rocks - Purcell dykes and sills (thought to carry slightly higher contents of Cu); amount of pyrrhotite-rich sediments (slightly higher Zn and Cu contents); and contamination.

CONCLUSIONS

Results have been tabulated on Map 1 M-Y 65. A statistical table has also been included (Note Table I) giving the mean background values for the respective metals; the threshold or upper background

values (mean plus two standard deviations); possible anomalous values (any values between mean plus two standard deviations and mean plus three standard deviations); probable anomalous values (any values greater than mean plus three standard deviations). The statistics in the table are broken down for particular drainage basins as well as the complete area.

For the complete area covered by the geochemical survey the mean background for Zn is 57.3 ppm; the threshold value is 99.3 ppm; possible anomalous values 99.3 - 121.8 ppm; and probable anomalous values are greater than 121.8 ppm.

The mean background for Cu for the complete area is 10.2 ppm; the threshold is 19.4 ppm; possible anomalous values 19.4 ppm to 24 ppm; and probable anomalous values are greater than 24 ppm.

The Pb values for the area were not significant enough to be subjected to statistical analyses.

Follow-up work was completed on four distinct locations; (note Map 1 M-Y 65)

- 1 On Coal Ck. a piece of galena-bearing quartzite was found reconnaissance geochemical and magnetometer work was done. No
 significant results were obtained. Note Map 2-M-Y 65.
- 2. Approximately 1½ 2 miles up Canuck Ck. from its confluence with Hawkins Ck. a piece of ilmenite float was found. Reconnaissance magnetometer work failed to give any significant results.
- 3. Geochemical work was done on a small grid (Quartz grid) approximately 1 mile south of Ryan. No significant results were obtained.

 Note Map 3 M-Y 65.

h. A piece of tourmaline float was found limites up a creek which flows into the Moyie River opposite to Englishman Ck. Subsequent investigations (Bill grid) found the tourmaline to be present in a gabbro sill in a thin (3") conformable layer. Geochemical values obtained were above background for Zn. Further investigation is recommended. Note Map & M-Y 65.

Streams draining the adjacent mine area at Moyie were anomalous as expected.

Further follow-up work is recommended on:

- 1. The northwest tributary of Englishman Ck (Area 10) where above background zinc values were found over a drainage area of 1 square mile.
- 2. There are several "possible" and "probable" anomalous values throughout the Moyie-Yahk area. All of these values have been reanalyzed in an effort to eliminate analytical errors. There are still some values which remain in the above category after second and third analyses follow-up work is warranted.
 - 3. On the Bill grid where tourmaline was located.

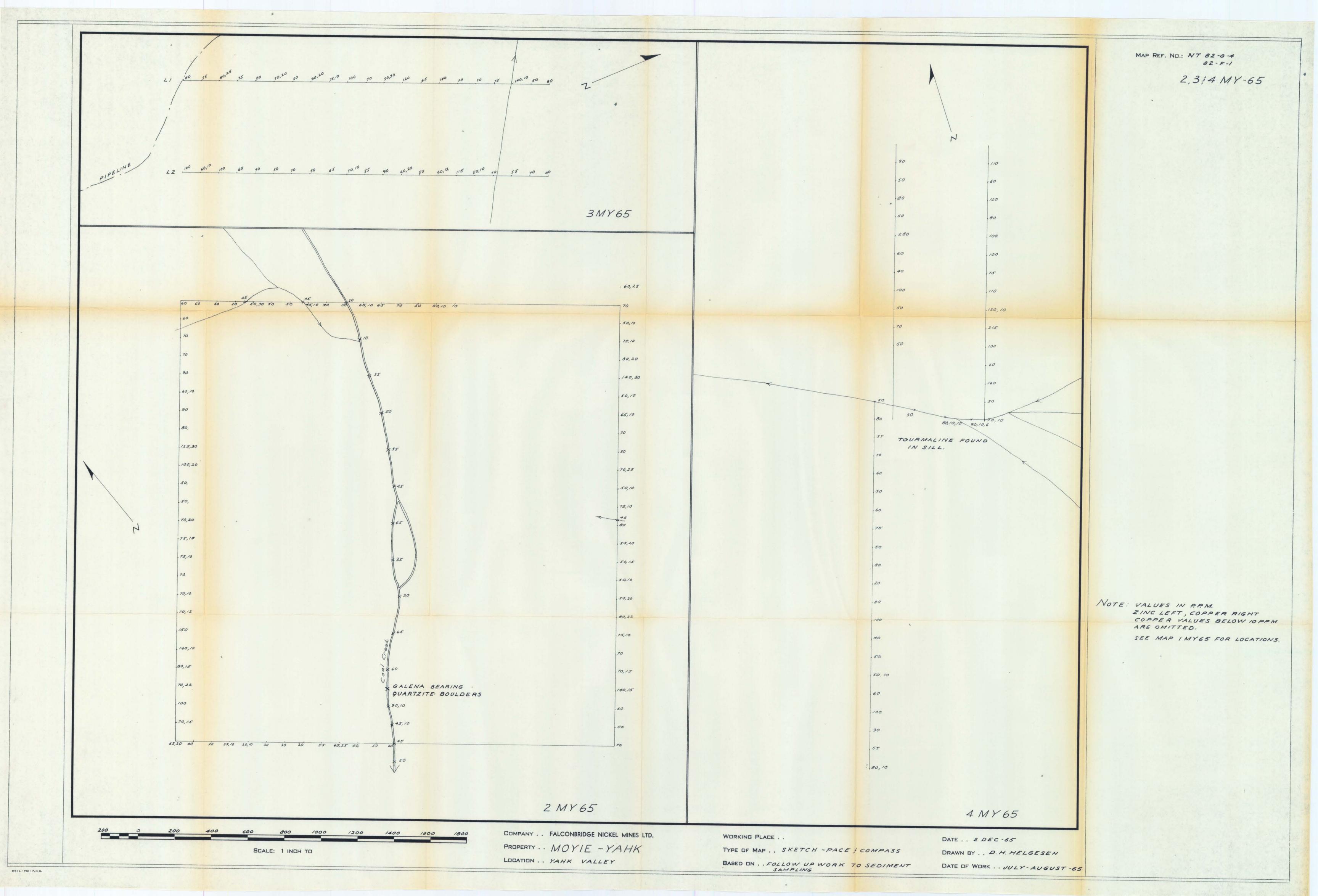
Vancouver, B. C. September 3, 1965 A. Burgoyne, Geologist.

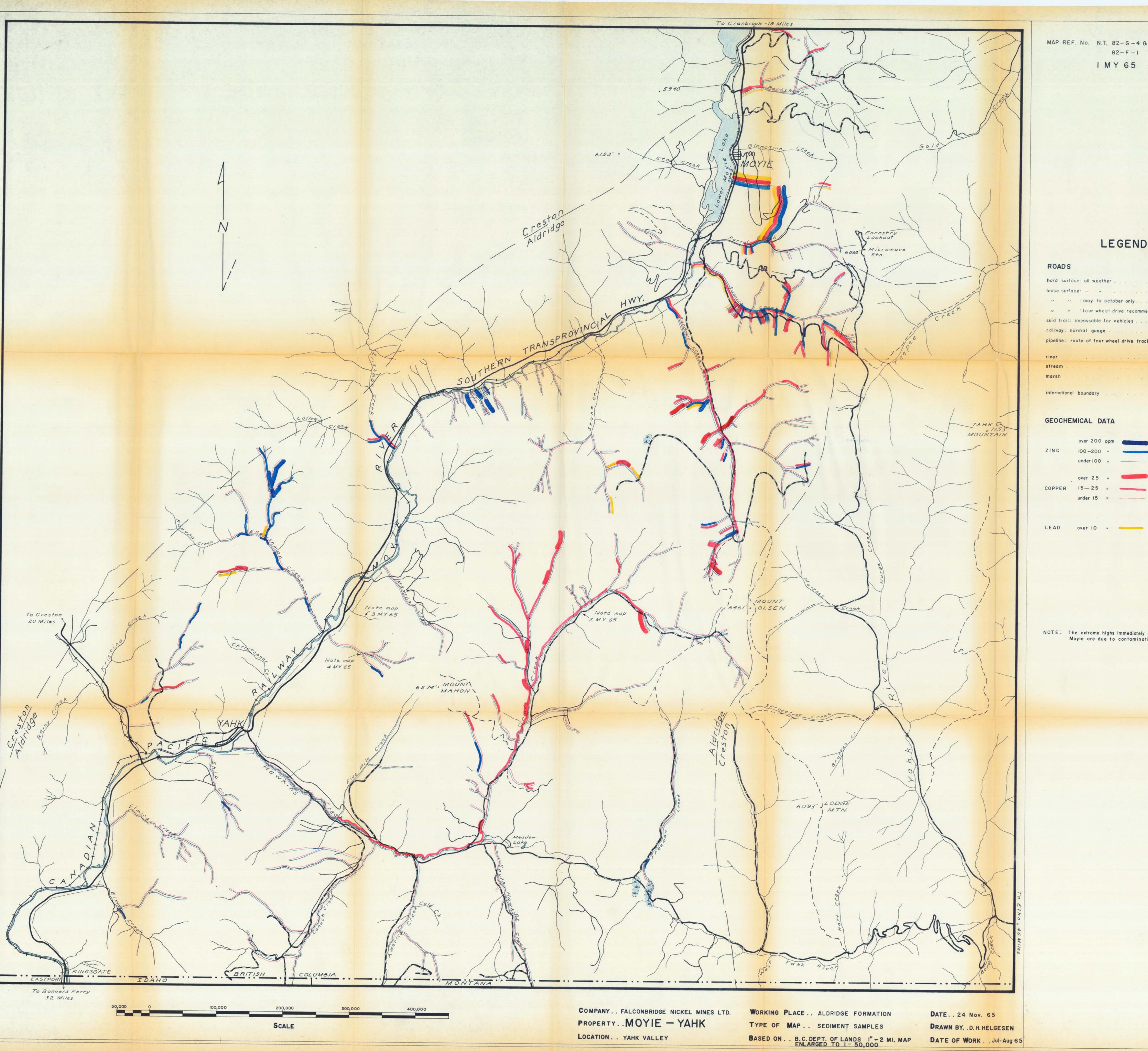
TABLE 1

STATISTICAL TABLE - Zn & Cu VALUES

		Mean Background (M)		Threshold or Upper Background F + 2SD		Possible Anomalous Value (M + 2SD to M + 3SD)		Probable Anomalous Value (7% + 3SD)	
Area	Drainage Basin	Zn	Cu	Zn	Cu		<u> </u>	2	
Overall Sed. Survey		57.3 ppm	10.2 ppm	99.3 ppm	19.4 ррв	99.3-121.6 ppm	19.4-24.0 ррж	> 121.8 ppm	> 24.0 ppm
1 & 2	Sunrise Creek	49.4	10.4	108.8	19.6	108.8-138.5	19.6-24.2	7 138.5	> 2h.2
3 & 4	Farrell & Barkshanty Creeks	68.2	12.0	117.8	22.5	117.8-142.6	22.5-27.8	7142.6	> 27.8
5	Sundown Creek	64.5	14.3	115.3	29.1	115.3-140.7	29.1-35.5	> 1 <u>1</u> ,0.7	> 35.5
6 & 7	Stone Creek to Tochty	55.3	9.0	91.0	15.6	91.0-108.9	15.6-18.9	> 108.9	> 18.9
8	Coal Creek Drainage	51.5	13.3	80.3	28.9	80.3-94.7	28.9-36.6	> 94.7	> 36.6
9	Canuck, American, Hawkins, Five Mile, Freeman	48.0	6.8	77.3	10.6	77.3-92.0	10.6-13.9	7 92.0	> 13.9
10	Englishman, Menson, etc.	107.0	8.14	198.0	17.2	198.0-243.5	17.2-21.6	> 243.5	> 21.6
11	Elmer, Elmira, etc.	67.7	6.7	100.0	11.5	100.0-123.3	11.5-13.9	> 123.3	> 13.9

Standard Deviation Greater





MAP REF. No. N.T. 82-G-4 85 82-F-I I M Y 65

LEGEND

ROADS

hard surface: all weather . " may to october only. " four wheel drive recommended skid trail: impassable for vehicles _ _ _ _ _ pipeline: route of four wheel drive track. _____

GEOCHEMICAL DATA

COPPER 15-25 "

NOTE: The extreme highs immediately south—east of Moyie are due to contamination.