

# George Cross News Letter

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WESTERN CANADIAN INVESTMENTS

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NO. 230 (1997)  
 DECEMBER 1, 1997

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## CREAM MINERALS LTD.

[CMA-V] 6,951,087 SHS.

TRENCH	WIDTH METRES	INTERVAL METRES	SILVER GR/T	ZINC %	LEAD %
SILVER BEAR	35.0	5.0-40.0	221.5	2.40	1.57
(INCLUDING)	15.0	25.0-40.0	371.6	4.94	3.26
GOLD CURE	8.0	8.0-16.0	260.4	0.72	0.66
(INCLUDING)	4.0	8.0-12.0	416.0	0.63	1.20
CORK SOUTH	11.0	7.0-18.0	112.8	5.36	2.85
(INCLUDING)	8.0	8.0-16.0	147.5	7.01	3.78

KASLO TRENCHING ASSAYS - Frank Lang, P.Eng., president, reports Cream Minerals Ltd. has received assay results from a recent trenching program over its 100% optioned Kaslo silver property near the town of Kaslo, southeast BC. The trenching tested results of a prospecting program that reported silver grades up to 1,000 grams/tonne or greater at several locations along two parallel mineralized shear zones. The program successfully intersected bedrock over three showings, the Silver-Bear zone, the gold Cure zone and the south extension of the Cork Mine. Assays from the three trenches are tabled above.

The Silver Bear trench is along a new logging road cutting the mineralized zone at a shallow angle. Mineralization is believed to

Silver Bear  
 82FNW 100

have a true width of about 15 metres and lies within a 25 metre wide, northeast trending shear zone.

The Gold Cure trench was excavated perpendicular to the mineralized trend and is believed to represent the true width of the mineralization. The intersection lies within a 25 metre wide, northeast trending shear zone. This is the same structure as intersected in the Silver Bear trench four km to the southwest.

The Cork South trench is situated along an old mine road about 50 metres southwest of the former Cork-Province Mine workings. The true width of the mineralization is believed to be about 7 metres. The intersection is believed to represent a new showing that was not discovered during the mine life. A second trench put in over the crown pillar to the Cork Mine intersected 4.0 metres of 34.6 grams silver/tonne, 1.09% zinc, and 1.28% lead. These values are lower than the reported grade of the mine.

All mineralized sections encountered in the trenching program were extremely soft and weathered. It is believed silver-lead-zinc grades will increase with depth as the rock becomes less leached. Higher grade mineralization is seen throughout the property in waste dumps from small adits where fresher rock is evident. Cream has signed a contract for Westgate Drilling of Salmo, B.C. to complete 300 metres of NQ diamond drilling over the property. It is expected this work will be done by year end. (SEE GCNL NO.185, 25Sept97, P.2 FOR PREVIOUS KASLO PROJECT INFORMATION)