

RECEIVED

SEP 4 1997

E M P D

NO. 167 (1997)
AUGUST 29, 1997

NO. 167 (1997)
AUGUST 29, 1997

CREAM MINERALS LTD.

[CMA-V] 6,861,087 SHS.

KASLO SAMPLE ASSAYS RECEIVED - Arthur Troup, vice president, reports Cream Minerals Ltd. has received the first assay results from initial surface sampling on the 100% optioned Kaslo silver property near the town of Kaslo, southeast BC. Results confirm the high-grade silver occurrences on the property. A number of showings have been located and plotted. Sampling is continuing.

The Kaslo property contains several small past-producing mines along a nine km long, northeasterly trending, mineralize belt. Grab samples from a cross-section of mineralization types were collected from ore dumps. Chip samples were taken from the footwall and hangingwall of the mineralization wherever outcrop exposure allowed. The following rock-chip and grab samples assays are from the Silver Bear, metropolitan, Harford, Gibson, Dublin, and Cork showings. (SEE TABLES OVERLEAF P.2)

The Silver Bear was discovered in 1919 and was tested above the water table with six short adits and numerous surface trenches. Several ore shipments made between 1919 and 1952 totalled 500 tonnes grading 1,400 grams silver/tonne, 2.1% lead and 1.8% zinc. As the previous workings only accessed the mineralized zone above the water table, there is believed to be potential for mineralization at depth. The above reported chip samples were collected adjacent to the high grade vein mineralization from areas previously reports as "mill feed". With these samples assaying between 2.7 to 92.0 grams silver/tonne, it is apparent the mineralized zone may extend well beyond the high grade ore shoots that were previously tested.

The Meupolitan showing is located 700 metres south and along strike from the Silver Bear workings. This showing may mark the south end of the Silver Bear zone. The Gibson Mine was discovered in 1895 and explored intermittently with seven short adits until 1935. In 1935, an ownership dispute lead to litigation and the court battle lasted for nearly 40 years after which the property reverted to the Crown. Ore shipments made prior to 1935 totalled 676 tons grading 475 grams silver/tonne, 16% lead, 8% zinc and trace gold. grab samples WIN#1 to WIN#7 were of assorted mineralization collected from waste dump piles at each of the No.1 through No.7 adits on the Wintrop claim. Chip Samples WIN3CUT-1 to WIN3CUT-5 were taken across mineralized outcrops exposed along the zone.

The Hartford showing, located 400 metres southwest and along strike from the Gibson Mine is possibly the strike extension of the Gibson Zone. A single Grab sample was taken from a waste dump found near two caved adits on the showing.

Historically, the Cork Mine was the largest in this mineralized belt. It operated intermittently (at times jointly with the neighbouring Province Mine) from 1900 to 1966 and produced 210,996 tons averaging 70 grams silver/tonne, 2.9% lead and 4.7% zinc. The Cork consists of several mineralized limestone bands containing sphalerite, galena, chalcopyrite, pyrite and quartz. The two grab samples consist of pyrite, sphalerite, galena and quartz in a limestone unit. Additional sampling is underway.

The Dublin showings consist of an old adit and several trenches located 300 metres southwest of the Cork Mine. Samples DUB-1 to DUB-7 were taken at random locations across shear zones exposed in the workings. Rock chip and grab sampling is continuing on the Kaslo silver property to confirm the high-grade silver mineralization and to prioritize areas for a possible drill program. Additional results will be reported as they are obtained (SEE GCNI NO 44 4Mar97, P.2 FOR PREVIOUS KASLO SILVER PROJECT DATA)

82FNW 97 ✓

P. 10F2

CREAM MINERALS LTD.
KASLO SILVER PROPERTY
NEAR KASLO, SOUTHEAST BC

82FNW 97
p. 2 of 2

SAMPLE #	TYPE	WIDTH(cm)	SILVER BEAR		
			SILVER(g/t)	ZINC(%)	LEAD(%)
SB-1	grab		29.1	2.15	0.13
SB-2	grab		3481.2	3.25	0.14
SB-3	chip	130	10.0	0.16	0.02
SB-4	chip	100	20.0	0.14	0.02
SB-5	grab		68.1	15.55	0.48
SB-6	chip	100	92.0	1.32	0.01
SB-7	grab		4536.5	6.20	15.59
SB-8	grab		291.6	11.50	0.07
TR-SB-2	chip	60	2.7	0.10	0.01
TR-SB-3	chip	90	147.1	0.04	0.01
TR-SB-4	chip	80	29.3	0.13	0.02
TR-SB-5	chip	90	5.0	0.07	0.01

SAMPLE #	TYPE	WIDTH(cm)	GIBSON		
			SILVER(g/t)	ZINC(%)	LEAD(%)
WIN#1	grab		320.5	5.31	15.76
WIN#2	grab		188.3	6.21	0.10
WIN#3	grab		2264.3	10.45	10.14
WIN#4	grab		552.1	14.00	24.69
WIN#5	grab		446.8	15.78	5.06
WIN#6	grab		507.6	5.69	14.09
WIN#7	grab		2242.6	14.65	33.13
WIN#3-1	chip	500	3.4	0.05	0.03
WIN3CUT-1	chip	60	73.6	0.06	0.13
WIN3CUT-2	chip	150	7.2	0.10	0.10
WIN3CUT-3	chip	40	277.6	0.06	1.40
WIN3CUT-4	chip	220	20.1	0.07	0.20
WIN3CUT-5	chip	85	600.3	0.78	1.71

SAMPLE #	TYPE	WIDTH(cm)	HARTFORD		
			SILVER(g/t)	ZINC(%)	LEAD(%)
HART 1	grab		545.2	2.49	0.44

SAMPLE #	TYPE	WIDTH(cm)	CORK MINE		
			SILVER(g/t)	ZINC(%)	LEAD(%)
CORK #2	grab		231.1	5.43	9.44
CORK #3	grab		124.5	17.80	0.80

SAMPLE #	TYPE	WIDTH(cm)	DUBLIN		
			SILVER(g/t)	ZINC(%)	LEAD(%)
DUB-1	chip	50	14.9	0.07	0.10
DUB-2	chip	50	10.7	0.16	0.12
DUB-3	chip	40	55.1	0.36	1.19
DUB-4	chip	50	0.3	0.26	0.03
DUB-5	chip	120	77.3	4.48	2.11
DUB-6	chip	65	0.6	0.25	0.01

AUGUST 29, 1997

E M P D
AUGUST 29, 1997

NO. 107 (1997)