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WESTERN CANADIAN INVESTMENTS

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[EAM-V] 3,860,000 SHS.

GATAGA PROJECT UNDERWAY - Chris Graf, president, Ecstall Mining Corp., reports Metall

Mining Corp. is carrying out exploration of the Pie and Akie mineral claims held under option from Ecstall in the souther Kechika Trough, northeast B.C. covering the Gunsteel shales, adjoining and south of the Cirque deposit (38,000,000 tons of 8% zinc, 2.2% lead and 47 g/t silver). Metall can earn a 55% interest by by spending \$1,500,000 on exploration and making option payments. SEE LOCATION MAP OVERLEAF P.1.

Metall recently reported the following progress on exploration of the Akie claims; SEE AKIE CLAIM MAP OVERLEAF P.2. Soil geochemistry confirmed anomalous areas identified in 1980. Three anomalous zones were defined by Metall. Anomaly A returned lead values in soil up to 451 ppm, barium up to 1.03% and silver up to 4.7 ppm. Anomaly B, which may reflect two parallel horizons, returned values up to 3,186 ppm lead, 872 ppm zinc, 3.8 ppm silver and over 1% barium. Anomaly C returned soil values of up to 5,978 ppm zinc, 402 ppm lead and 37.7 ppm cadmium.

Prospecting and mapping along the geochemically anomalous trend led to the recent Cardiac discovery of a high grade zone of massive sulphides outcropping in a creek valley. Grab samples returned assays up to 24.4% zinc, 4.7% lead, 33 grams silver/tonne and 6.3% barium. Channel sampling returned 16% zinc, 6.6% barium and 2.8% lead over 40 cm.

Nine additional claims totalling 107 units were recently staked to cover the projected southern extension of the discovery zone.

Diamond drilling is still underway on the Akie property. To date, drilling has been directed towards testing soil anomalies as well as the depth extent of the Cardiac sulphide zone which has a minimum strike length of 400 metres. Drill hole A-94-1, testing a coincident lead/barium anomaly (Anomaly B), intersected multiple zones of bedded pyrite and blebby barite within graphitic argillite. Drill hole A-94-2, testing a 3,100 ppm lead anomaly, intersected calcareous siltstones with no significant mineralization. Drill hole A-94-3 tested 60 metres downdip of the massive sulphide exposure, intersecting an upper 10-metre zone of interbedded pyrite and argillite and a lower 8.8-metre zone of interbedded pyrite, sphalerite and galena with argillite. Drilling continued to follow up on the Cardiac zone with A-94-4 intersecting 10.3 metres of similar mineralization 100 metres downdip of A-94-3 and with A-94-5 intersecting 14.3 metres of bedded pyrite, sphalerite and massive bariet 400 metres to the north of holes 94-3 and 94-4. The current hole, A-94-6, which is 400 metres to the south of 94-3 and 94-4, will test soil Anomaly C (hanging wall to the new zone), then continue at depth to test the Cardiac zone. If this hole is successful, the Cardiac zone will have a minimum 800-metre strike length.

The remainder of Metall's 1994 program includes extending soil

geochemistry coverage onto the new claims and possibly additional drilling on the discovery zones as results dictate. (SEE GCNL NO.126, 4Jul94, P.3 FOR PREVIOUS PROJECT INFORMATION)

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