

**PROPERTY VISITS**

→ SPUR

July/95

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**SPUR (MI 94D 103)**

On July 20, 1995 I visited Inco's SPUR Cu-Ag property located approximately 145 km north of Smithers on Tsaystut Spur at the south west end of Bear Lake. Inco (Jim Morin, John Cuttle, and Denis Bohme) picked me up (in a logged out area north of Fort Babine) with their contract helicopter (Pacific Western), based at Lovell Cove, to the east on Takla lake. Inco is conducting a large regional reconnaissance program looking primarily for massive sulphide targets, include large-scale deposits such as Olympic Dam (CONFIDENTIAL). I had previously visited the SPUR property with Inco geologists in 1977 and acted as a sort of tour guide in 1995. In late 1977 Inco drilled about a dozen holes; the results were never filled for assessment purposes. One of the holes (#7) apparently assayed over 2% Cu over an interval of 158 feet. Unfortunately the company did not assay for cobalt or gold; the current program will include these. Grab sampling of massive to semi-massive sulphide 'pods' and/or veins in 1977 yielded values up to 16% Cu and 22opt Ag. Mineralization (bornite, chalcocite, chalcopyrite, malachite, azurite) appears to be structurally controlled, however pods and/or lenses appear locally to be stratabound (i.e. replacement), as well as steeply dipping veins in the host volcanic and volcanoclastic subaerial to shallow water rocks.

***References: Schroeter, T.G., 1978. BC Ministry of Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources, Geological Fieldwork 1977, p. 168  
Schroeter, T.G. - August 1977, Monthly Report***

**DRIFTWOOD CREEK (Skutsil Knob) (MI 93M 117)**

On July 20, 1995 I very briefly toured Inco ( Jim Morin, John Cuttle, and Denis Bohme) around the Driftwood Creek Cu - Ag prospect located on the east side of Skutsil knob, approx. 100 km N of Smithers. I had visited the property in 1974, when Craigmont Mines drilled 5 holes (9 holes in 1973). Mineralization consists of high grade chalcocite, chalcopyrite and bornite in volcanic and volcanoclastic subaerial rocks. As at the SPUR property to NW, mineralization appears to be structurally controlled; however, higher-grade pods/lenses suggest a stratabound (replacement)