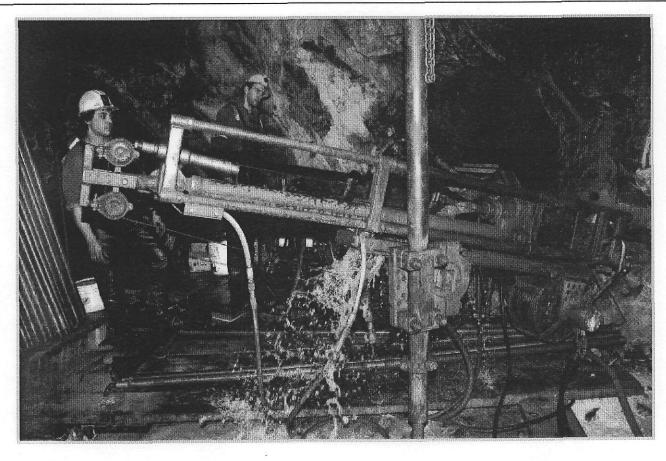


NEW POLARIS - Advancing To Production

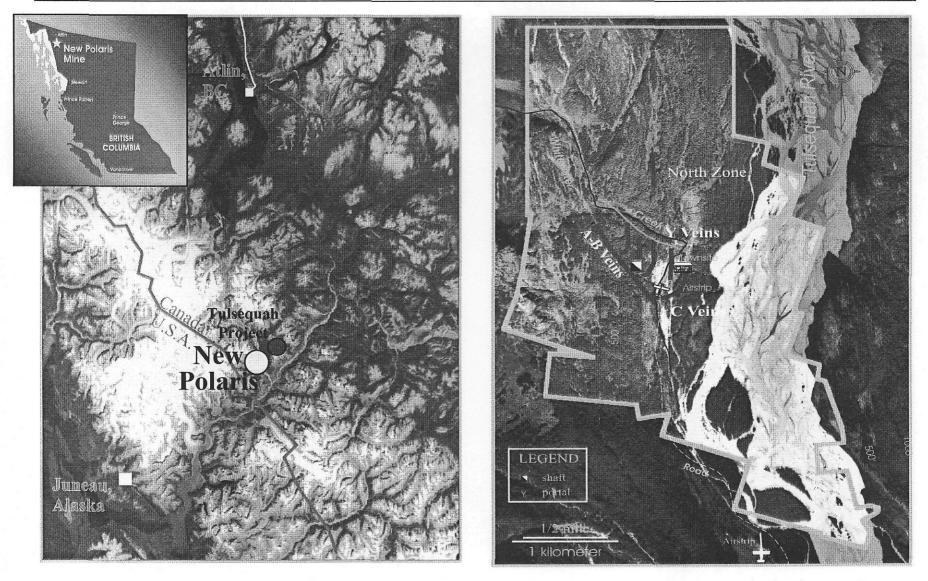


Canada's Next High Grade Gold Mine?!

The 1.3 million oz New Polaris gold deposit (historic resource non 43-101 compliant) is Canarc's first discovery and it's principal asset



NEW POLARIS - Location and Access



New Polaris is located in northwestern B.C., 60 km from Juneau, Alaska

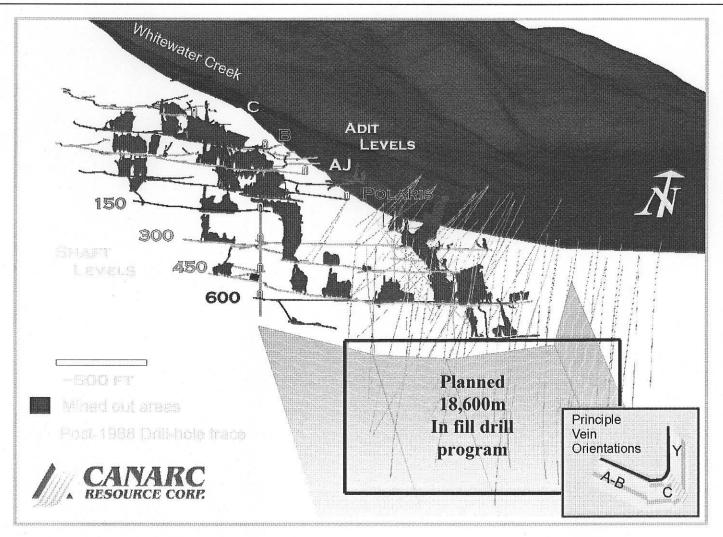


NEW POLARIS - Gold Mine Overview

- PAST PRODUCTION: 1938-1942, 1946-1951:
 231,000 oz gold at recovered grade of 0.30 opt (10.3 gpt)
- HISTORIC RESOURCE: 1997:
 1,300,000 oz gold in 3.6 million tons grading 0.36 opt (12.3 gpt) gold (not compliant with NI 43-101, not to be relied upon.)
- GEOLOGICAL POTENTIAL: Multi-million oz gold deposit to +5000 foot depths, similar to the Red Lake Camp in Ontario (24 million oz produced, 5.0 million oz reserve)
- 2006 PROGRAM: Drill 18,000 m in 60 in-fill holes to define a 600,000 oz gold, NI 43-101 compliant resource, complete conceptual mine plan and initial economic assessment, enter mine permitting and feasibility process for 65,000 oz per year high grade underground gold mine with min. 9 year mine life



NEW POLARIS - 3D Mine Model



122 drill holes outlined 1.3 million oz mine extension, open in several directions



NEW POLARIS C Veins - Deep Potential

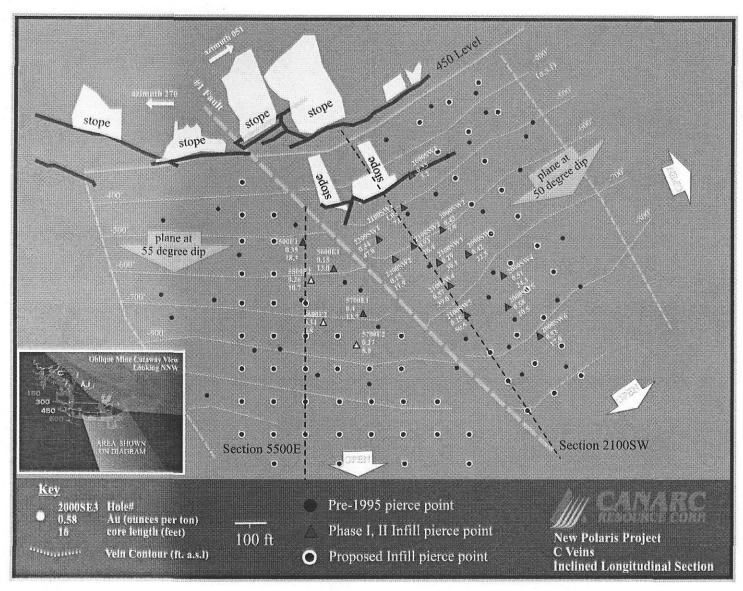
•Multiple high-grade veins cut in 4 deep holes

•Mineralization open to depth and along strike

izimuth 055 stope Area of planned 0.10 in-fill drilling Open C45 0.46 0.14 **00** <u>Kev</u> 0 Au (aures per tas) Grade x Width (oz x It) 0.43 C 1.0 - 2.0 2.0 - 4.0 100 ft 4.0 - 8.0 New Polaris Project Longitudinal Section C Veins Vertical Longitudinal Section



NEW POLARIS - C Veins Long. Section

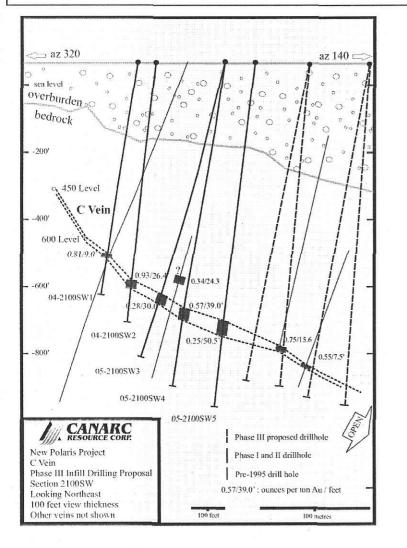


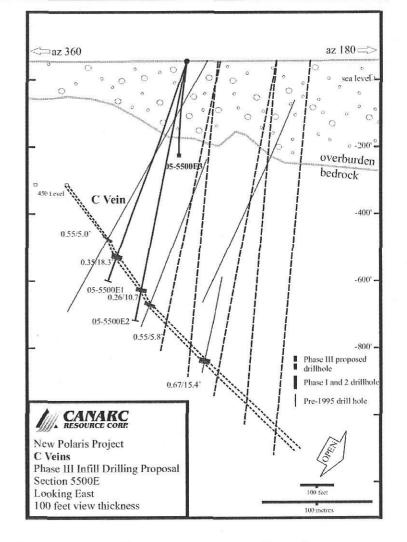
C Vein intercepts average 0.46 opt (14.3 gpt) over 14.6 ft (4.5 m)

Y vein intercepts average 0.50 opt (17.1 gpt) over 15.7 ft (4.8 m)



NEW POLARIS - C Veins Cross Sections

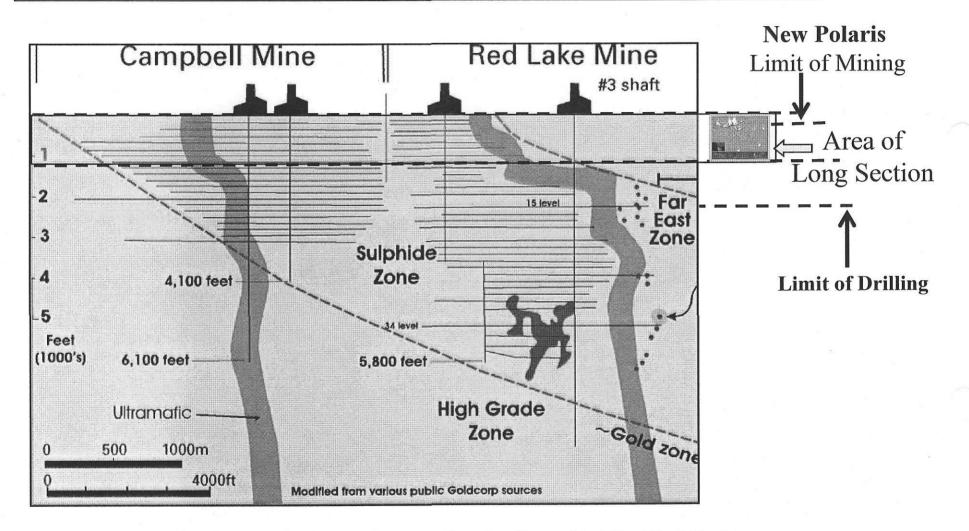




Consistently high grades over mineable widths, open to depth



NEW POLARIS - Scale Comparison to Red Lake District



Orogenic (mesothermal) vein deposits like Red Lake and New Polaris typically extend to great depths