

885888

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TOUR STOPS - MYRA FALLS OPERATIONS, WESTMIN RESOURCES

8:15-12:00

UNDERGROUND, HW MINE

20-416 Drift East

- STOP #1: Hanging wall H-W andesite
-flow breccia, locally massive
- STOP #2: H-W Horizon (in fault contact with andesite)
bedded argillite, rhyolite fine to coarse tuffs,
crystal-vitric lapilli-tuffs
- STOP #3: H-W Horizon
rhyolite debris flow (?) deposit containing rhyolite
tuff and flow clasts, argillite clasts, massive
sulphide (pyrite) fragments
- STOP #4: H-W Horizon
crystal-vitric rhyolite lapillistone
- STOP #5: H-W Horizon
interbedded rhyolite tuffs, lapilli-tuffs
note occasional massive sphalerite or pyrite clasts
- STOP #6: H-W Horizon
quartz-feldspar crystal rich rhyolite coarse tuffs,
lapilli-tuffs
- STOP #7: H-W Horizon
quartz-feldspar porphyritic rhyolite flow,
massive to brecciated

'Dome'
unit 1/2 on section

20-417 Drift East

- STOP #1: Thelwood Formation
thinly bedded tuffaceous mudstone and siltstone
intercalated with mafic sills

- HW above Mine Sequence

Distinctive

Notes:
4" gtz vein with
cpy + py + 15g/Ha
intruding Thelwood
(i.e. not related to ms)

20-415 Crosscut North

- STOP #2: North Fault
major normal fault (@300m displacement)
separates Myra and Thelwood Formations
- STOP #3: Myra Formation, Upper Mafic Unit
sheared and chloritic basaltic hydroclastic deposits
ubiquitous jasper clasts
- STOP #4: Myra Formation, middle portion
andesite-dominant heterolithic coarse clastic deposits

HW STOPES

'Orange' contact alt'n - MS + dil/ser.

F325 (21 LEVEL)

faulted up segment of Main Zone orebody, West end

Reserve grade:

1.7 g/t Au, 16 g/t Ag, 1.7% Cu, 0.1% Pb, 2.1% Zn, 34.2% Fe

T356 (off 21-329 ramp)

Main Zone

Reserve grade:

1.9 g/t Au, 74 g/t Ag, 1.8% Cu, 1.3% Pb, 9.2% Zn, 18.5% Fe

C361 (23 LEVEL)

central portion, Main Zone

Reserve grade:

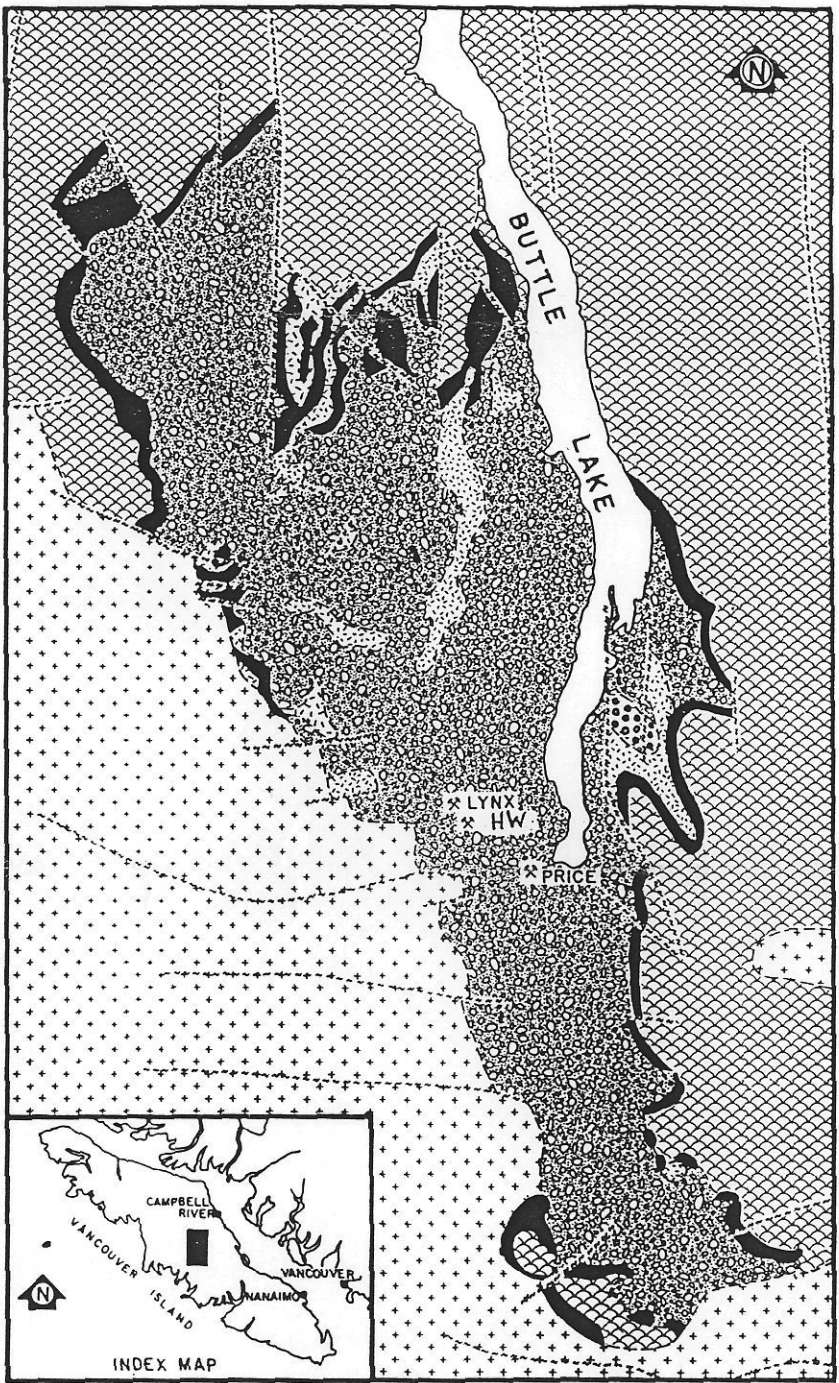
1.2 g/t Au, 30 g/t Ag, 1.2% Cu, 0.1% Pb, 2.8% Zn, 29.7% Fe

Excellent MS - massive
Photo hanging block

23-246 CROSSCUT NORTH

auriferous pyrite, Main Zone

Flat Fault (separates Main Zone from North Lenses)



LEGEND

JURASSIC: ISLAND INTRUSIONS



TRIASSIC: VANCOUVER GROUP



Karmutsen Formation



Diabase

PALEOZOIC: BUTLE LAKE GROUP



Henshaw Formation



Azure Lake Formation

PALEOZOIC: SICKER GROUP



Flower Ridge Formation



Theilwood Formation



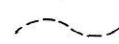
Myra Formation



Price Formation



Massive sulphide location



Geological boundary

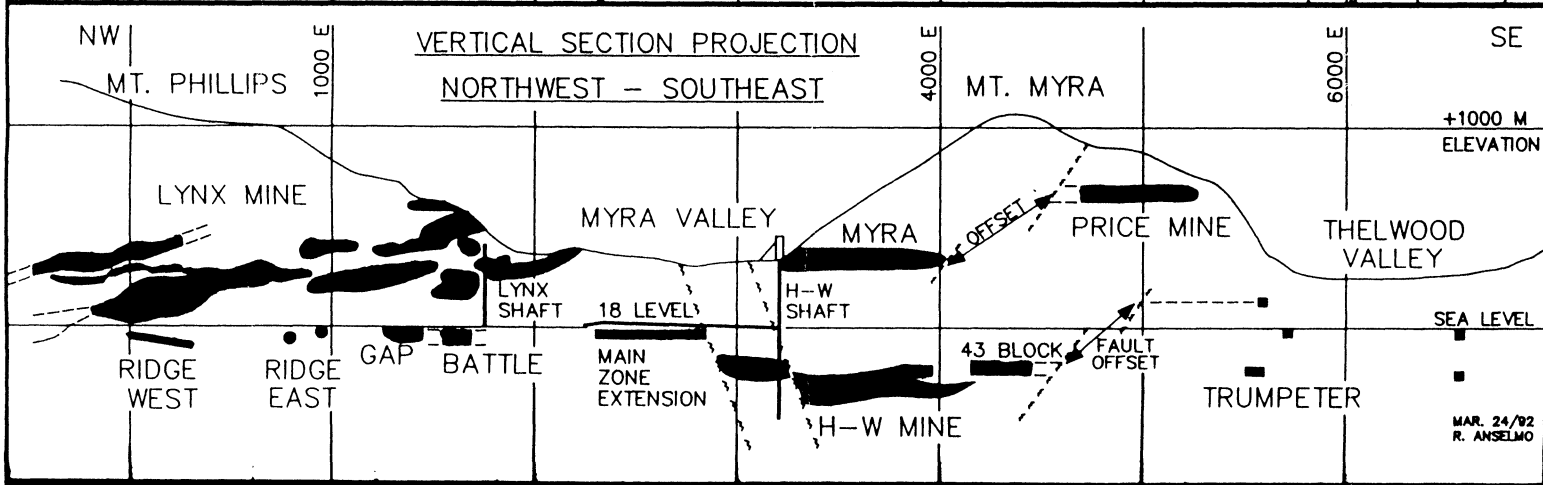
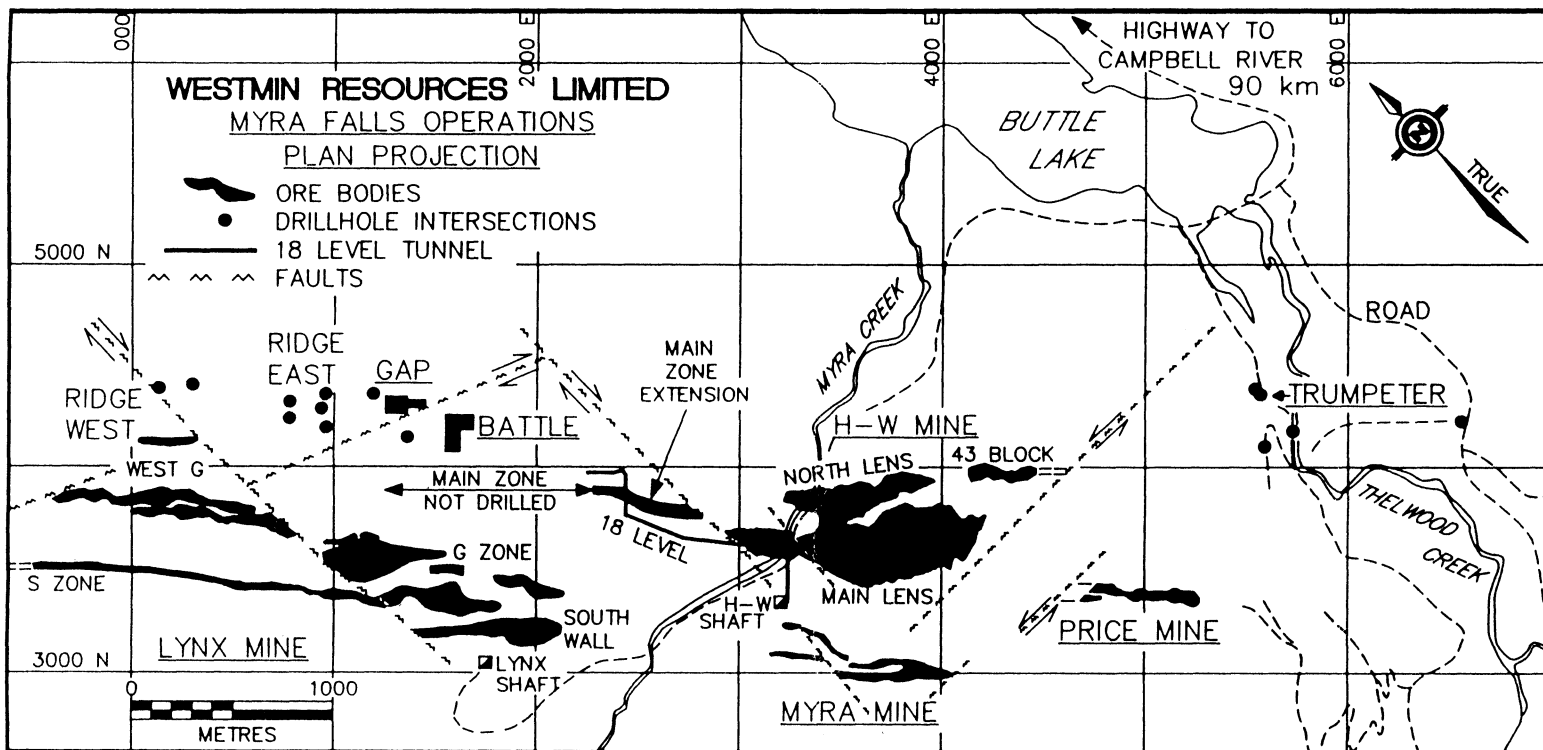


Fault

0 2 4 6 Miles

0 3 6 9 Kilometers

Figure 1. Geology of the Buttle Lake Uplift (modified after Muller, 1964).



MINE SEQUENCE STRATIGRAPHY

Upper Mafic Unit

Upper Rhyolite Unit

Upper Mixed Volcaniclastics

G-Flow Unit

Lynx-Myra-Price Horizon

Upper Dacite

Lower Mixed Volcaniclastics

Ore Clast Breccia Unit

Hanging Wall H-W Andesite

H-W Horizon

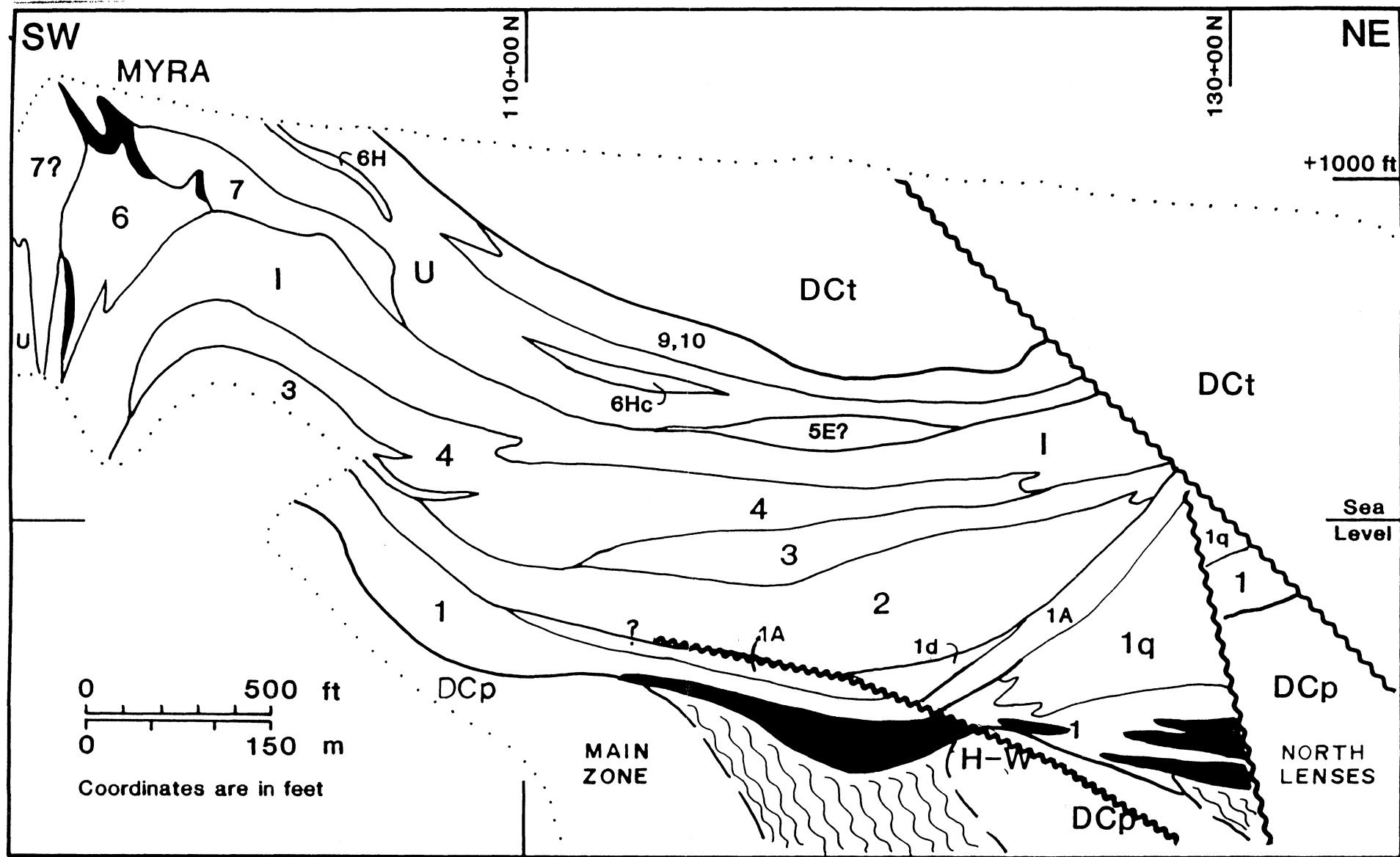


Figure 4: Composite geology along H-W-Myra section (124+00 E: after Walker, 1985). Rock unit symbols are the same as Figure 3 except: 1A = H-W Horizon, argillite member; 5E = 5E Andesite; I = undifferentiated Myra Formation interzone (Ore Clast Breccia unit, Lower Mixed Volcaniclastics, Upper Dacite); and U = undifferentiated Myra Formation upper unit (Mixed Volcaniclastics, Upper Rhyolite unit, Upper Mafic unit). Solid patterns represent massive sulphide bodies and wavy lines represent hydrothermal alteration associated with sulphide mineralization. Letter "c" denotes chert. Fault separating the

MAIN ZONE

NORTH LENSES

