

TABLE 2.---SUMMARY OF GEOLOGICAL EVENTS AT ENDAKO MINE

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IGNEOUS EVENT AND AGE	STRUCTURAL EVENT	MINERALIZATION	ALTERATION
Secondary volcanism; emplacement of plagioclase porphyry and basalt dykes (50 ± 5 m.y.)	Minor movements parallel to dykes		Deuteric chlorite-calcite-epidote propylitization
Emplacement of Stellako pluton (136 ± 5 m.y.)	Movement on east-west and northeast faults		
Emplacement of younger Stage II intrusions: Glenannan, Casey, and others ($140-137 \pm 5$ m.y.)	Post-ore fracturing and faulting (Stage 6)		
Termination of cooling of Stellako pluton	Stage 5 veins		None
	Stage 4 veins		Minor bleaching
	Stage 3 veins		Weak to intense pervasive replacement
Hydrothermal alteration and mineralization (140 ± 5 m.y.)	Stage 2 veins		Quartz-sericite-pyrite envelopes
	Stage 1 veins		Potash feldspar, potash feldspar-biotite, quartz-potash feldspar-biotite envelopes
Emplacement of acidic mine intrusions (140 ± 5 m.y.)	Doming, antithetic stockwork fracturing		
End of cooling and crystallization of pluton	North-northeast compression, north-northeast and east-west secondary shearing	Quartz Magnetite Molybdenite Pyrite Chalcocopyrite Specularite Calcite Chalcedony	
Emplacement of Endako quartz veins (141 ± 5 m.y.)	Northeast, northwest, and east-west regional fracturing		

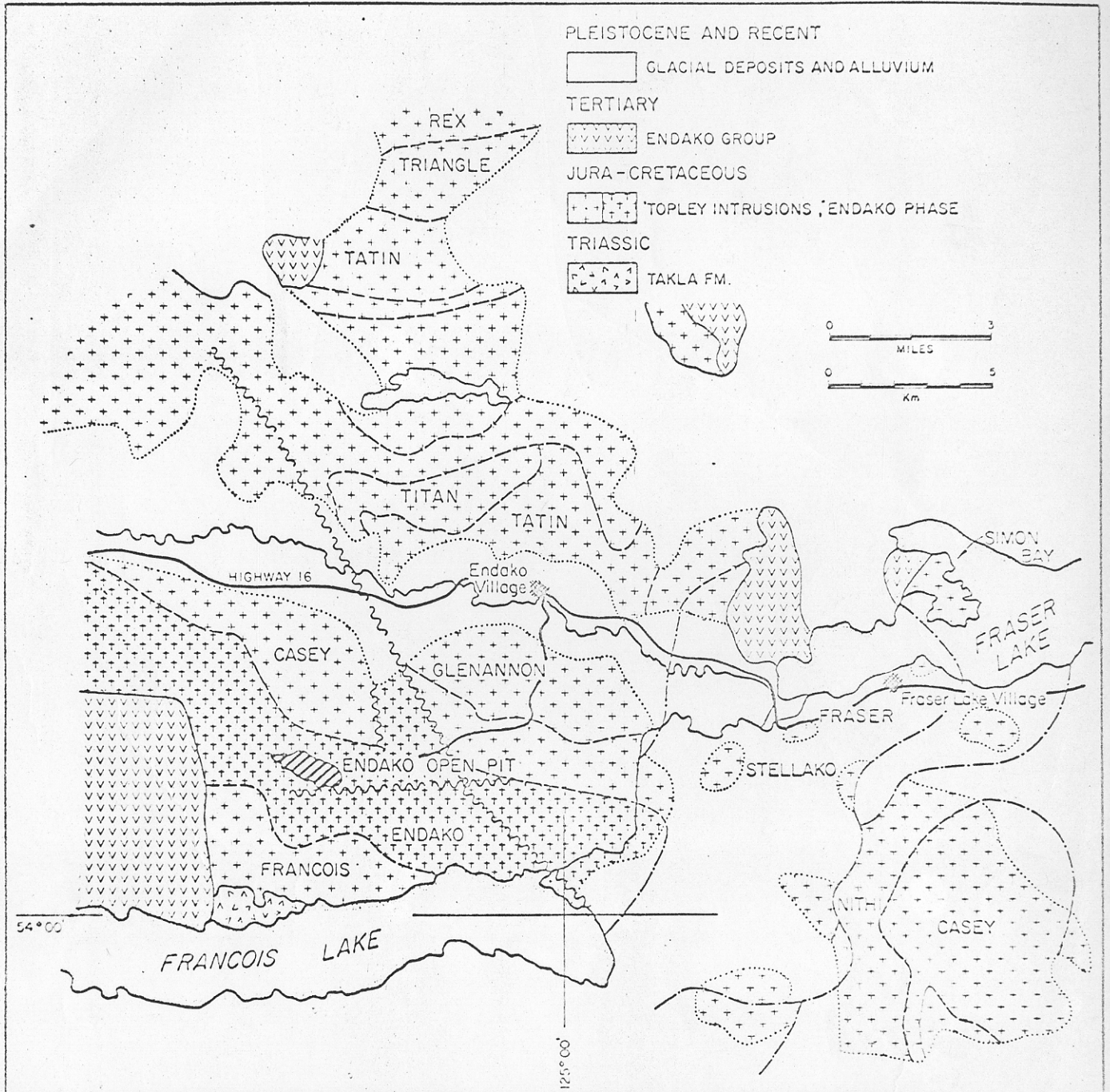
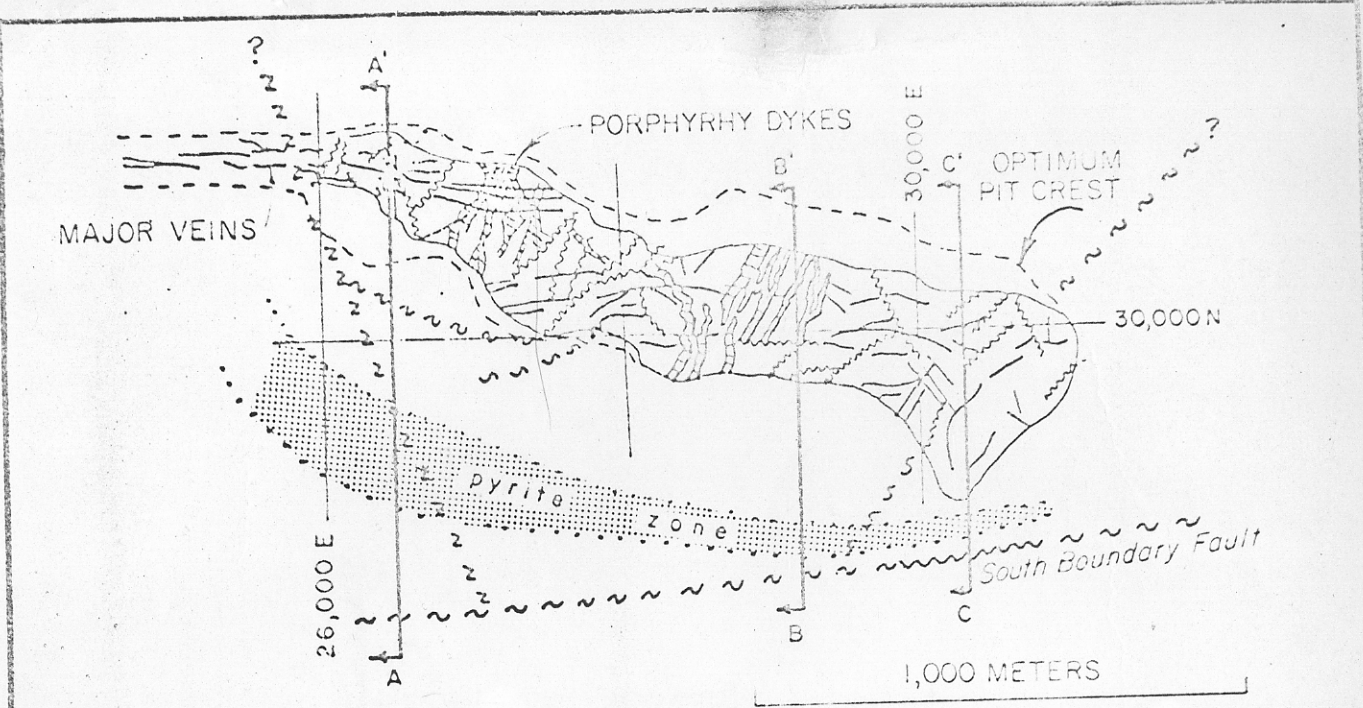


Figure 14. Generalized Geology of the Endako Area



SECTION AA' : West Pit

The orebody is a narrow zone of large, mainly south-dipping veins. A few flat and shallow northerly-dipping veins occur. The stockwork is very limited in extent. Post-ore NE fractures are abundant. Orebody is at the maximum distance from S. Boundary fault.

SECTION BB' : Central Pit

A combination of vein trends occur. Large EW/45S veins are predominant. Flat to moderate northerly-dipping veins occur. Stockwork is well-developed. A large NNE zone of dykes occupies the central orebody.

SECTION CC' : Southeast Pit

Strongest vein trend is NE/O-30°NW. Flat veins are the largest. EW/50S veins are of secondary importance. Stockwork is most intensely developed here. Apparent shallow south dip of orebody is due to flat veins. South Boundary fault passes close by.

Figure 15. Diagrammatic plan and sections of the Endako Orebody.