

Dead File

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March 18, 1985

Mr. James H. Foreman
President
Canada Tungsten Mining Corp. Ltd.
P.O. Box 12525 Oceanic Plaza
Suite 1600
1066 W. Hastings Street
Vancouver, B.C.
V6E 3X1

Dear Jim:

Re: Pacific Eastern Property, Bralorne, B.C.

Thank you very much for your telephone call of March 8 in which you indicated that Canada Tungsten was proposing work on the Pacific Eastern property.

Subsequent to our conversation, I received a package of back-up data from Normine Resources Limited. I have looked at this carefully and, in view of our relatively tight exploration budget, I am unable to recommend that the Dome Group participates with you in this particular venture.

Despite this, I greatly appreciate having had an opportunity to consider this situation and I will return the data package to Normine Resources Limited.

With thanks and kindest personal regards, I remain,

Yours sincerely,

DOMINE MINES LIMITED

G. S. W. Bruce
Vice-President, Exploration

GSWB:rb

VIA COURIER

March 18, 1985

Mr. G. D. Nordin
Vice President Minerals
Normine Resources Ltd.
#510 - 475 Howe Street
Vancouver, B.C.
V6C 2B3

Dear Mr. Nordin:

Re: Pacific Eastern Property,
Bralorne, B. C.

Thank you very much for your letter of March 13th, along with the comprehensive data package on the above property. I assume that you sent this to me at the request of Canada Tungsten.

I have now had an opportunity to examine this information in detail and have written Mr. Foreman today in this connection.

I now return all the data, herewith, and wish to convey my sincere thanks to you for making it available to me.

Yours very truly,

DOMINE MINES LIMITED

G. S. W. Bruce
Vice-President, Exploration

GSWB:rb
c.c.: J.H. Foreman

MEMO TO: File (#2219)

DATE: March 18, 1985

FROM: G. S. W. Bruce

SUBJECT: Pacific Eastern Property (Bralorne Pioneer)
Lillooet Mining Division, B.C. N.T.S.: 92-J-15

On March 8, Jim Foreman and Doug Thompson of Canada Tungsten phoned me to say that their company is looking, with interest, at the Pacific Eastern property with a view to undertaking a programme of deep drilling on it. They asked me for my opinion and they also asked if Dome would be interested in participating with them in such a venture. Subsequently, I received from Normine Resources Ltd., a package of data pertaining to the property. In these data, the most useful piece of information was a report written by Dr. W. R. Bacon on November 9, 1979.

Apparently the property is held by either Normine Resources Ltd. or Beama Industries Ltd., and it may be that whichever of these companies now has the property has obligations to the underlying owner. Should CanTung proceed with the proposed work, they presumably would have to make an appropriate agreement with some or all of the above parties.

The Pacific Eastern property lies immediately adjacent and to the southeast of the Bralorne Pioneer claim holdings which are currently being explored by E & B Explorations Ltd. (Mascot Mines?).

I have looked at the geologic setting of the property. The part of it with the most apparent merit would lie between the Fergusson Fault and the Cadwallader Fault, as

in the Bralorne and Pioneer. These two faults, which appear to bound the mineralization on the Bralorne and the Pioneer, are much closer together on the Pacific Eastern. Some underground work was done on the Pacific Eastern between 1935 and 1937. This involved an adit, a shaft, a long cross cut and drifting on the 500-foot level along the area of Pioneer greenstones between the Fergusson and Cadwallader Faults. In a nutshell, this work revealed some small gold-bearing quartz veins.

It is suggested by the present owners that the Bralorne-Pioneer ore environment would be considerably deeper on the Pacific Eastern property. Pacific Eastern are therefore recommending three deep drill holes with some wedging to test between the present workings at a depth of approximately 600 metres from surface, i.e. roughly equivalent to the 14th level of the Pioneer Mine.

Although the contention that the Pacific Eastern should be explored at greater depth could be valid, no real evidence is present to show why this is so. Therefore the proposal is simply to drill deep holes in a structural and lithological setting similar to Bralorne and Pioneer but beneath workings which yield very little encouragement.

I cannot recommend that Dome consider entering a joint venture on this. I do not propose to give CanTung any advice as to what they should do.



G. S. W. Bruce

NORMINE RESOURCES LTD.

GSWB	LBH	DRS	EAP
PROJECT _____			
FI	MAR 15 1985		LE
<input type="checkbox"/> PROPERTY	<input type="checkbox"/> DRILLING		
<input type="checkbox"/> L. CUTTING	<input type="checkbox"/> LEGAL		
<input type="checkbox"/> TECHNICAL	<input type="checkbox"/> FINANCIAL		
<input type="checkbox"/> OTHER _____			

March 13, 1985

Mr. W. Bruce
Mr. J. Crowhurst
Canada Tungsten Mining Corporation
1066 West Hastings Street
Vancouver, B.C.

Dear Mr. Crowhurst, Mr. W. Bruce

I have enclosed a comprehensive data package on the Pacific Eastern property and Bralorne Gold Camp, Bralorne, British Columbia and a brief summary of the proposed exploration program on the Pacific Eastern Property. The data package is as follows:

Memoir, Papers

Mascot Gold Prospectus report (1984) summary of data and proposed 1984 program
Mascot Gold News Release, March, 1985
Pioneer Mine Jovalemon, I. B. (1931) Pioneer Gold B.C. Bonanza

Pacific Eastern Reports

Bacon, W.R. (1979) Report of Pacific Eastern Property for Monitor Resources
Stevenson, W.G. (1983) Geology of Pacific Eastern Property, Prospectus Report for Normine Resources Ltd.
Nordin, G.D. (1983), Geology of Pacific Eastern Property report for Normine Resources Ltd.

Pacific Eastern Correspondence

Stevenson, J.S. (1984) letter to Normine Resources Ltd. concerning recommended program on Pacific Eastern Property.
Osborne, W. (1972) Internal Correspondence of Noranda Mines regarding Pacific Eastern Crown Grant Claims.
Joubin, J. S. (1985) letter in the Northern Miner with reference to extension of mineralization on Pioneer onto Pacific Eastern at depth.

Pacific Eastern Maps

Isometric Block Diagram Bralorne-Pioneer-Pacific Eastern properties (1985) by G. D. Nordin
Plan Geology Map 500 level Bralorne-Pioneer-Pacific Eastern properties
Vertical Cross Section Pacific Eastern 520 Xcut of proposed Normine Resources Drilling
Plan topographic map 1:2500 of Pacific Eastern property with geology of 520 level and proposed surface drill holes.
Plan map 1"=60feet of 520 X cut and 1595 drift by J.S. Stevenson

Bralorne Gold Camp General Data

Barr, D.A., 1980 Geology and Mineralization Bridge River Camp Bralorne-Pioneer from CIM article, Gold in the Cordillera

Bellamy, T. and Saliken, L.W. (1983) Bralorne Gold Mines from GAC Field Trip summary 1983.

Joubin, F.R. (1948) Structural Geology of Bralorne and Pioneer Mines from CIM Jubilee Volume of Canadian Ore Deposits

Summary Data on Pacific Eastern Property

The geological memoirs of Cairnes and Stevenson interpret the Pioneer geological structure to strike on to the Pacific Eastern property from detailed underground mapping on the 520 cross cut and surface and underground drilling. The anticline/syncline structure which hosts mineralization on the Bralorne/Pioneer properties is shown to plunge to the south east on the Pacific Eastern property and to be at 300 metres higher structurally. The mineralization at the Pioneer mine was erratic and ore shoots 100-200 feet on surface and did not blossom out into economic 1,000 foot ore shoots until the 5-6th levels, where they continued to the 29th level (3500' vertically)

Underground geology at the Pacific Eastern property is seen in the report by G.D. Nordin and plotted by J.S. Stevenson in 1953. A series of narrow erratic quartz veins with free gold were encountered by the underground work in 1935 and 1947. The best mineralized zone being traced over 500 feet with a 100-200 foot section grading 0.58 ounces per ton gold over a width of 1-1.5' in the west drift area. The mineralization is present within the same geological structure and environment as the Pioneer Mine and is at a considerably higher structural level. (300 metres).

Deep drilling or underground exploration programs have been recommended by F.R. Joubin (1955), W.R. Bacon (1979), W.G. Stevenson (1983) and J.S. Stevenson (1984) to test the mineralization seen on the 520 cross cut level at a structural level similar to the Pioneer. No deep drilling or exploration was done by Pacific Eastern Gold Mines and Quebec Cartier (Noranda Mines) in 1935 or 1947. F.R. Joubin in 1955 was President of Bralorne and Pioneer Gold Mines at which time he attempted to negotiate an agreement with Noranda on the Pacific Eastern which he considered had the best potential for extending ore reserves at the Pioneer. He wished to explore the Pacific Eastern, the 520 level gold mineralization from the 14th level of the Pioneer Mine, (target of present Normine drilling). His failure to arrange an option or joint venture agreement led to his departure from the Bralorne organization shortly thereafter.

Conclusions

The deep drilling program on the Pacific Eastern property has been recommended by two of the more prominent geologists who have worked

in the Pioneer/Bralorne camp, F.R. Joubin and J.S. Stevenson, and by several other eminent B.C. geological consultants, W.G. Stevenson and W.R. Bacon. I concur with their conclusions that gold mineralization seen on the 520 level cross cut should be tested at depth in a geological environment identical with the Pioneer Mine which has produced 1.3 million ounces of gold from 2.5 million tons of ore during the period 1928 to 1962. A series of three panels of holes consisting of one hole and one wedge off is recommended to test the best mineralization in a shoot on the 520 foot level (the West Drift Vein) to a depth of approximately 600 metres equivalent to the 14th level of the Pioneer Mine.

Yours truly,

Normine Resources Ltd.



G. D. Nordin
Vice President Minerals