## AJAX PROPERTY

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## TONNAGE ESTIMATE

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## TONNAGE ESTIF:ATE

As defined by diamond drilling the $\mathrm{NoS}_{2}$ zone appears to be continuous from section $00 \not \& 00$ to $9 \not+00 \mathrm{~S}$. A total of 13 diamond drill holes have intersected the mineralized zone. No hole has completely cut across the $\mathrm{MoS}_{2}$ zone from hanging wall to foot wall.

The grade and the extent of the $\mathrm{MoS}_{2}$ zone at depth has not been tested.

From present drill results it appears that both the northern and southern portion of the $\mathrm{MoS}_{2}$ zone along $00+00$ and $9 \not \& 00 \mathrm{~S}$ respectively are of a higher grade with a lower grade central core along section $4+00 \mathrm{~S}$. The average of the $\mathrm{MoS}_{2}$ zone as outlined by 6 diamond drill holes along section $00+00$ is $0.122 \% \mathrm{MoS}_{2}$. The average of the center zone along section $4+00 \mathrm{~S}$ as outlined by 3 drill holes is . $098 \% \mathrm{MoS}_{2}$. The average of the southern portion along section $9+00 \mathrm{~S}$ as outlined by 4 drill holes is $0.114 \% \mathrm{MoS}_{2}$.

Assuming the mineralization to be continuous from section $00+00$ to $9+00 \mathrm{~S}$ and to extend at least 200 feet beyond in both directions a total of $160,000,000$ tons of $\mathrm{MoS}_{2}$ bearing rock at an average grade of $0.112 \% \mathrm{MoS}_{2}$ is indicated from diamond drill core assays.

HIGHER GRADE SECTIONS
From the 13 drill holes intersecting the above zone it is apparent that there are at least 2 main zones containing a higher grade of mineralization. These appear as two parallel bands, 500 feet apart, trending in a northeast direction and in places closely controlled by porphyry intrusion. These two bands can be correlated from the 1500 foot elevation to the 2500 foot elevation.

The depth extent of these two higher grade bands is also unknown.

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The east band of higher grade material appears to be a more highly mineralized, tightly folded, anticiinal structure. This is well defined on section $00+00$ and suggested on $9+00 \mathrm{~S}$. There is no drill hole on section $l_{4}+00 \mathrm{~S}$ through this zone. This zone contains an estimated 23,000,000 tons at an average grade of $0.15 \% \mathrm{VoS}_{2}$.

The west band of higher grade material has only been partly outlined by a scant 3 drill holes entering it. None of the holes have cut completely across the zone. Both the western boundary, and the depth extent of this higher grade band are completely unknown. This zone is estimated to contain a total of $12,000,000$ tons of $\mathrm{MoS}_{2}$ bearing rock at an average grade of $0.15 \% \mathrm{MoS}_{2}$.

These two higher grade zones are estimated to contain a total of $35,000,000$ tons at an average grade of $0.15 \% \mathrm{MoS}_{2}$.

SUMIIARY
On the basis of present diamond drill results the Ajax Group of claims are estimated to contain a total of :

| 35,000,000 tons | 상 | . $150 \%$ | $\mathrm{NoS}_{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 125,000,000 tons | @ | . $101 \%$ | $\mathrm{MoS}_{2}$ |
| 160,000,000 tons | @ | . $112 \%$ | $\mathrm{MoS}_{2}$ |

## COMMENTS

l. Diamond drilling has shown continuous mineralization for at least 1500 feet on strike and through 2000 feet vertically.
2. The average background grade of this MoS ${ }_{2}$ zone is indicated to be plus $0.10 \% \mathrm{FoS}_{2}$. There is also substantial tonnage indicated at a higher grade of plus $0.15 \% \mathrm{MoS}_{2}$.
3. There is a distinct indication that the grade of the mineralization will increase with depth. Most of the drill holes indicate a zonal arrangement of values. The drill assay results show a 0.02 多 $\mathrm{MoS}_{2}$ periphery near surface. Deeper this increases to a $0.05 \% \mathrm{MoS}_{2}$ zone. Still deeper the main $\mathrm{Mos}_{2}$ zone has an average grade of plus $0.10 \% \mathrm{MoS}_{2}$ for several hundreds of feet. Beneath this, three of the deepest drill holes just entered the top of a zone averaging plus $0.15 \% \mathrm{MoS}_{2}$. This is all within a scant 1000 feet of surface.

Whet is the grade at even greater depth closer to the genetic porphyry intrusion?

This can only be answered by an underground development program or deeper diamond drill holes.

Respectfully submitted,
mv. mr be
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