REPORT ON

PROSPECTING AND GEOCHEMISTRY

ON THE

FINE I, II, III, IV CLAIMS

OMINECA MINING DIVISION

NTS: 94E/7

LATITUDE: 57°20'N

LONGITUDE: 126°45'E

FOR

TOODOGGONE GOLD INC.

590 - 789 W Pender Street Vancouver, B.C. V6C 1H2

BY

David St. Clair Dunn, F.G.A.C. Tecucomp Geological Inc. # 270 - 11751 Bridgeport Road Richmond, B.C. V6X 1T5

SUMMARY:

Tecucomp Geological Inc., was commissioned by E. Hemingson, President of Toodoggone Gold Inc., to evaluate Toodoggone's six properties in the Toodoggone area of northern British Columbia. Of the six properties, further work was recommended on two of them (Dunn, D. St. C., and Wares, R., 1988). The Fine claims are the more advanced of these two claim blocks and are the subject of this report.

Previous work consisted of regional airborne geophysical surveys (Pezzot, 1987) and follow-up geological mapping, rock and soil sampling (Bekdache, 1987). Ten soil samples and eight rock samples with anomalous values in gold were taken. One soil sample returned a value of 1150 ppb gold. Work in 1988 focussed on the area of this sample.

A soil grid centered on the 1150 ppb 1987 soil sample was laid out. Five 250 metre lines with 50 metre line intervals were sampled at 25 metre sample intervals. This work outlined a 50 m x 250 m zone anomalous in gold, silver, lead, and arsenic in soil with a halo of anomalous barium values in soil. This zone trends at a narrow angle to the slope and is not solely due to downslope dispersion. Gold values were up to 980 ppb. An attempt to trench this zone using explosives and hand tools excavated 30 cubic metres of overburden, but did not reach bedrock.

Regional mapping indicates that the zone of interest is at the junction of two major faults.

A sulphidic silicified shear zone in andesite is exposed on the ridge above the soil anomaly. This shear zone strikes northwesterly and dips vertically or steeply northeast. No values of economic interest were returned from 19 rock samples taken on and near the shear. Surface oxidation in the shear is intense. Precious metals values may have been leached out.

A \$75,430 program of trenching, detailed soil sampling, and mapping is recommended. Contingent upon the results of this program, diamond drilling might be warranted.

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A. INTRODUCTION

Tecucomp Geological Inc. was commissioned by E. Hemingson, President of Toodoggone Gold Inc., to evaluate Toodoggone's six properties in the Toodoggone area of northern B.C. (see Figure 1). The target of this work was epithermal precious metals deposits. There is one producing gold mine, Cheni Gold Corp.'s Lawyer's Mine and one past producer, Dupont's Baker Mine, in the area. Three other gold properties in the area have major ongoing development programs (see Figure 2).

A three person crew was mobilized to the Sturdee strip on the 19th of September, 1988. Work on the **Fine** claims was oarried out from the 22/9/88 to 25/9/88.

B. LOCATION AND ACCESS

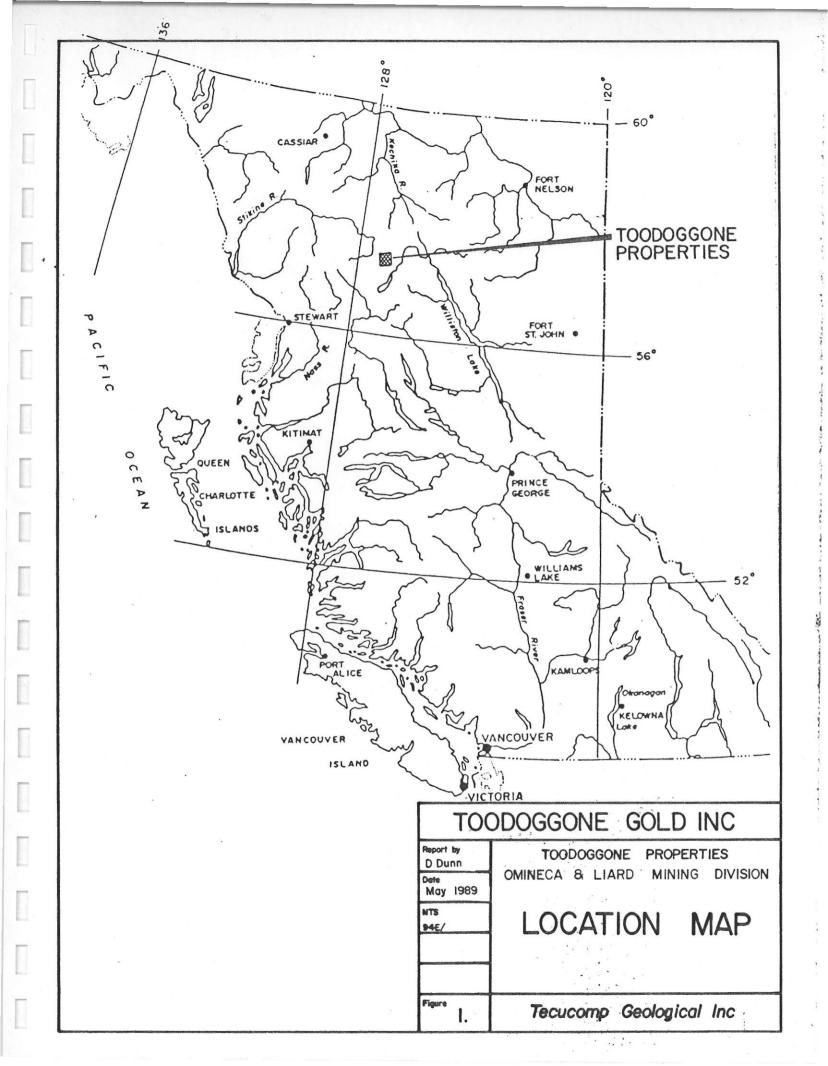
The **Fine** claims are located in the Toodoggone River area of north-central B.C., NTS 94E/7 (see Figures 1 and 2).

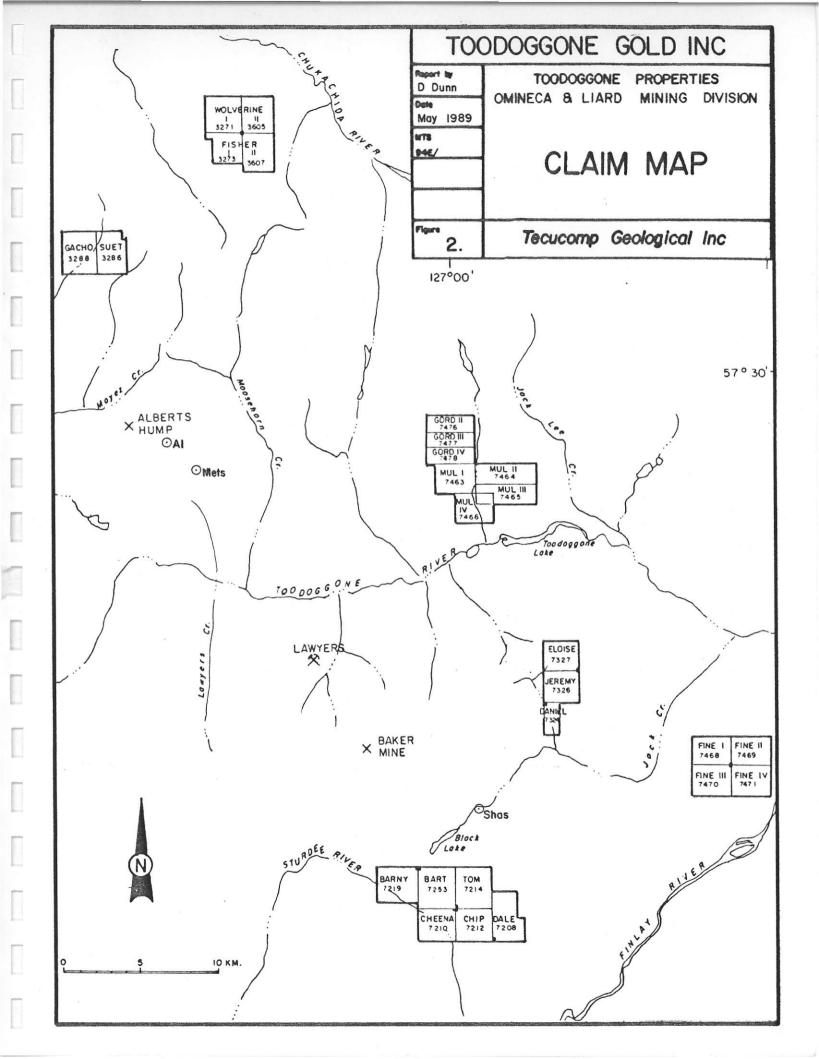
Access is by fixed wing aircraft from Smithers to the Sturdee Strip or, alternatively, by the Omineca mining road from MacKenzie or Ft. St. James to the Sturdee Strip. Access from Strudee Strip to the **Fine** claims is by helicopter. The nearest road access ends at the Shasta property on Jock Creek, approximately 10 km west of the property.

C. HISTORY

The Toodoggone area was prospected and tested for placer gold in the 1920's and 1930's.

Gold-silver mineralization was discovered on the Chappelle (Baker Mine) property by Kennco Explorations (Western) Ltd. in 1969. Numerous other gold-silver discoveries were made in the 1970's and 1980's.





The Fine claims were staked in 1986. Regional airborne VLF-EM and total magnetic field surveys covered the claims in 1986. Follow-up geological mapping, prospecting, and soil geochemical surveys were carried out in 1987. This work is summarized in Figure 3.

The most significant result from the 1987 work was one soil sample with a value of 1150 ppb gold. 1988 work focussed on the area of this sample.

D. CLAIM STATUS

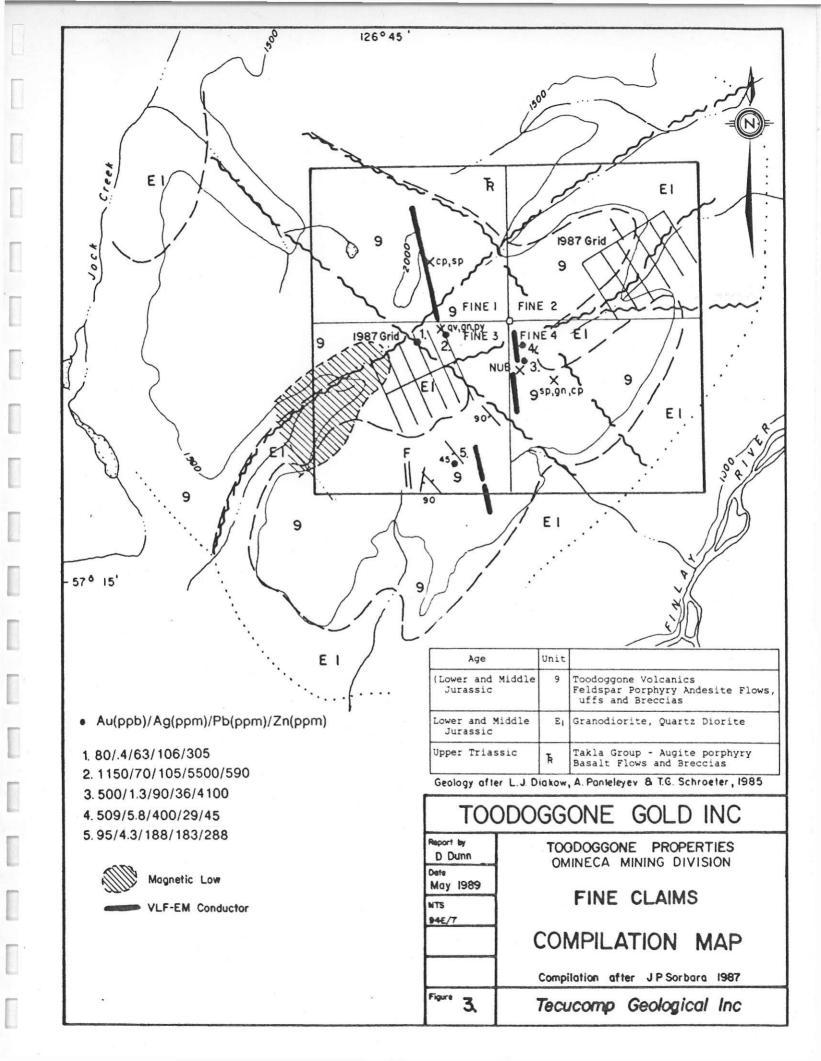
The **Fine** claims consist of four 20 unit claims with a common Legal Corner Post (see Figure 2). The registered owner of the claims is **Toodoggone Gold Inc.** Relevant claims information is listed below:

Claim Name	Record No.	Units	Record Date	Expiry Date
Fine I	7468	20	Feb.12,1986	Feb.12,1990
Fine II	7469	20	Feb.12,1986	Feb.12,1990
Fine III	7470	20	Feb.12,1986	Feb.12,1990
Fine IV	7471	20	Feb.12,1986	Feb.12,1990

E. REGIONAL GEOLOGY

The regional geology of the Toodoggone area has been described in a number of publications. (Diakow, 1984, Diakow, 1985, Gabrielse et al, 1976, Panteleyev, 1985, Schroeter, 1981)

Essentially, the area comprises a volcanic-sedimentary sequence from Permo-Triassic to Cretaceous in age. To the west are flat or gently dipping Sustut Group sediments of Cretaceous age, which overly the Jurassic rocks to the east (Figure 3).



The oldest units are carbonates, argillites and cherts of the Permian Asitka Group, generally in fault contact with andesites of the Triassic Takla Group.

Stratigraphically above the Takla, are Jurassic units, divided into the lower Toodoggone group and the upper Hazelton group. The Toodoggone Group consists essentially of subaerial, dacite to rhyodacite volcanic rocks and pyroclastics which unconformably overlie the Takla Group.

The Hazelton assemblage comprises volcanic conglomerates, breccias and porphyry sills and dykes. Some small intrusive centres are associated with the Hazelton Group.

The suite of intrusive rocks in the area, ranging in composition from granodiorite to quartz monzonite, are considered to be coeval with the Toodoggone volcanic group.

Major NW trending faults are present in the area. These are considered to be regional control structures for precious metals mineralization.

Focus of exploration in the area, initially on low grade copper deposits, shifted in the mid 1970's to exploration for precious metals, especially concentrated from the early 1980's onwards.

Exploration has resulted in discovery of several major and a number of smaller deposits, not all fully explored.

The major deposit is the Cheni, or Lawyers deposit, with drill indicated tonnage of 941,000 tonnes, grading 7.2 g/tonne Au. This deposit is nearing full production.

A former producer is the Baker Mine, initially discovered by Kennco, and put into production in 1980. Limited production occurred from 1980 to 1983, totalling 77,500 tonnes, grading

15 g/tonne Au. Extensions of this deposit are currently being explored. Other deposits of note are the Al property, under investigation by Energex, the Shas deposit, and the Mets deposit.

Precious metal deposits in the area have been shown to be epithermal in origin, accompanied by silicification haloes, carrying barite, breccia zones, and alteration envelopes in peripheral volcanic rocks. These are identifiable by geophysical means.

Regional mapping has shown that precious metal deposits are largely concentrated near a major NW trending fault linear, though not all deposits are located in the structure.

Deposits in the Toodoggone area have been categorized by Clark & Williams-Jones (1988) as covering a range of environments, from 'deep seated precious metal/base metal porphyry systems, stockworks and veins, and epithermal Au-Ag veins and breccias. described surface Also are near replacement type Au mineralization.

Exploration methods used in the area have ranged from airborne geophysical surveys to prospecting. Geochemical investigation has proved effective in the area, with follow up of data from pan concentrate samples, silt and soil surveys and trench sampling. Pan concentrate sampling has been shown to be more effective in focussing exploration effort than conventional silt sampling (Barakso, 1981)

Precious metals mineralization has been shown to carry a barium-arsenic halo peripheral to deposits.

F. 1988 EXPLORATION PROGRAM

The 1988 exploration consisted of a review of past work, a property wide stream sediment survey, ridge top prospecting, a soil geochemical survey, and trenching.

Geological mapping by B.C. Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources personnel was carried out in 1985 (Diakow, L.J., Panteleyev, A. and Schroeter, T.G., 1985). This work shows the Fine claims are largely underlain by Jurassic Toodoggone Volcanics. This unit is the host for most of the known precious metals occurrences in the area. These rocks are in fault contact with Upper Triassic Takla Volcanics in the north-central part of the property. Quartz diorite to granodiorite intrusions outcrop in the southeast, northeast, and west-central parts of the property. These intrusives are Lower to Middle Jurassic and coeval with the Toodoggone Volcanics. Two sets of two major faults each trend northwest and northeast across the property (see Figure 3).

The 1986 airborne geophysics outlined three north-northwest trending conductors and a magnetic low. The conductors are near the Fine III and Fine IV boundary, in southwestern Fine III, and in central Fine I. The conductors all follow ridge tops. The conductor on the Fine I passes through an area of anomalous soils and is, in part, coincident with the sulphidic, silicified shear zone mapped in 1988. The magnetic low underlies a valley bottom and might reflect deep overburden (Pezzot, T. and Cukor, V., 1987).

The 1987 follow-up work returned ten soil samples and eight rock samples anomalous in gold. The highest anomaly was 1150 ppb gold in a soil. This soil sample provided the focus for the 1988 work (Bekdache, M. and Seywerd, M., 1987).

The property wide stream sediment survey in 1988 consisted of taking six paired silt-pan concentrate samples. No values of economic interest were returned from this survey (see Figure 4).

Four ridge top prospecting traverses were carried out in 1988. Twenty rock samples were taken (See Map 1). None returned values of economic interest. Intense surface oxidation was noted. Snow cover inhibited geological mapping.

A small soil geochemical grid was sampled. Five 250 metre lines were run at 105°. Line spacing was 50 metres with 25 metre sample spacing. Samples were taken from 10 cm to 20 cm depth in poorly developed "B" horizon and "C" horizon. The centre of the grid was set at the site of the 1987 soil sample which ran 1150 ppb gold.

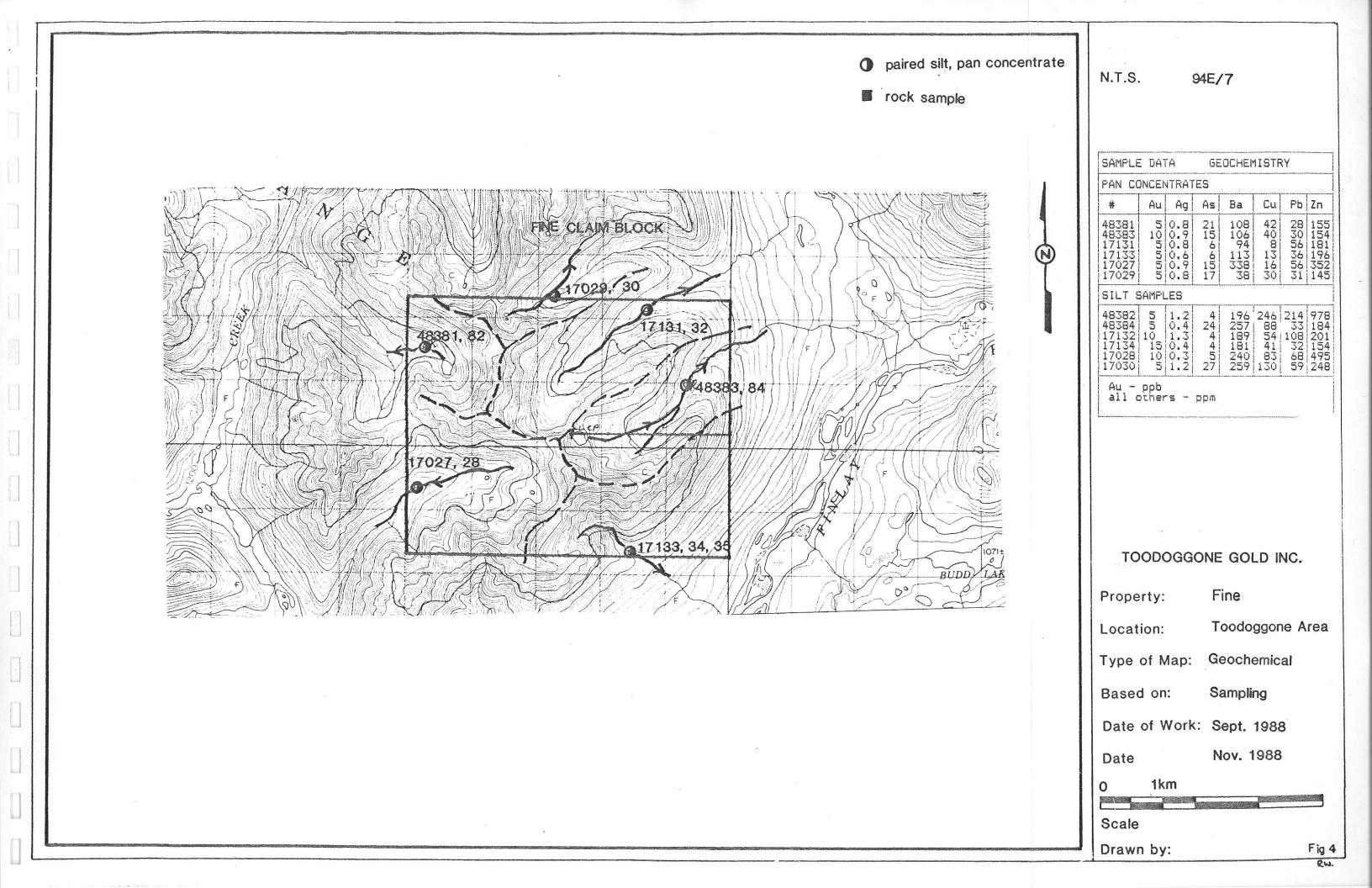
Anomalous values were chosen based on previous geochemical experience in the area and discussions with Min-En Laboratory Ltd. personnel. The limited number of samples precluded a meaningful statistical treatment.

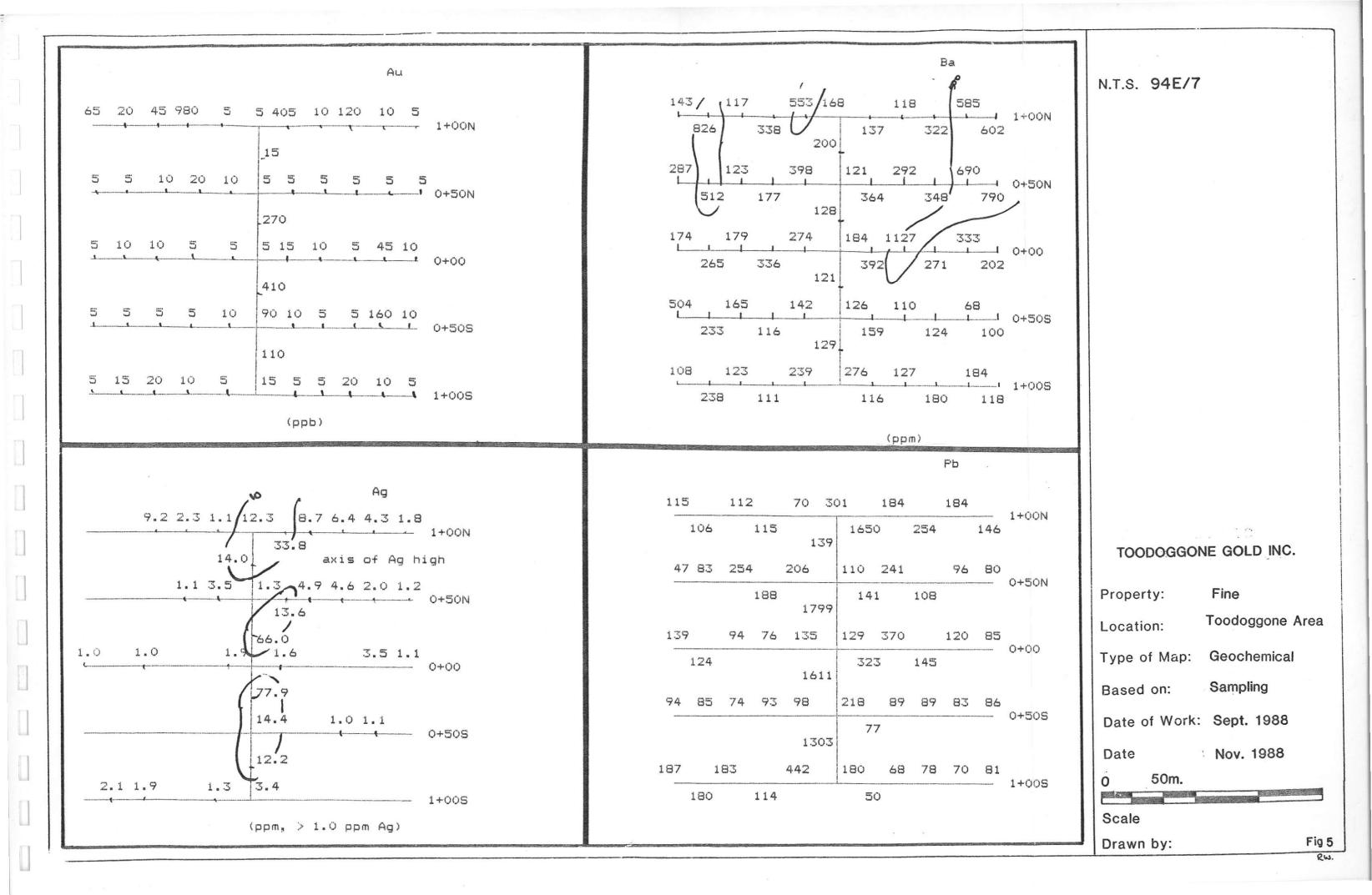
This survey outlined a 50 m by 250 m area of soil anomalous in gold, silver , lead, copper and zinc, trending at a narrow angle to slope (see Figures 5, 6 and Map 1).

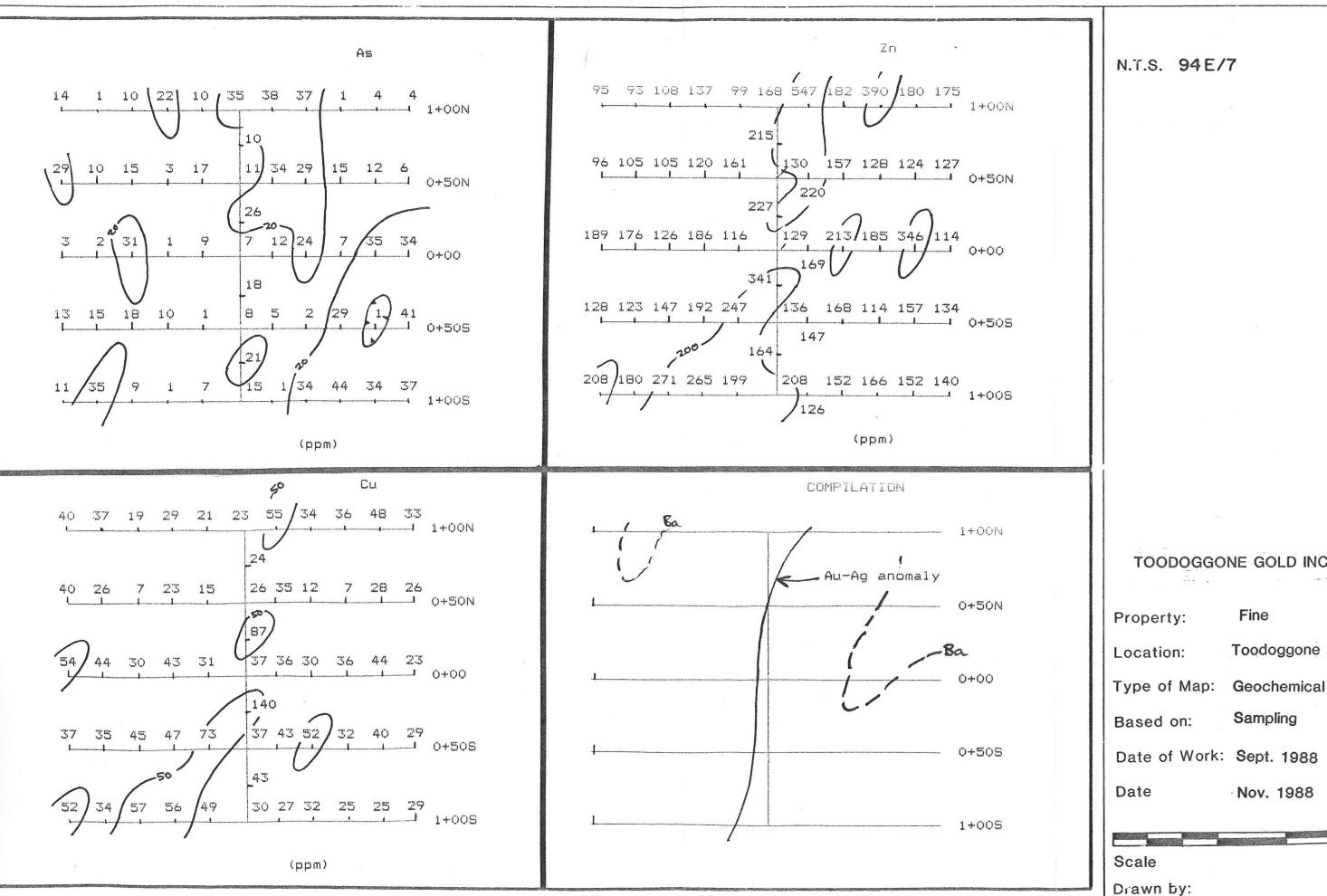
An attempt was made to trench this zone, which forms a one to two metre depression in the hillside. Approximately 30 cubic metres of overburden was removed using explosives and hand tools. Bedrock was not reached. Galena was observed in float in the trench.

G. CONCLUSIONS

An area 50 m by 250 m highly anomalous in gold and silver in soils has been outlined by soil sampling on the **Fine III** claim. This area is underlain by a sulphidic, silicified shear zone in







N.T.S. 94E/7

TOODOGGONE GOLD INC.

Fine

Toodoggone Area

Sampling

Nov. 1988

Fig 6

Toodoggone Volcanics. The shear zone is partly coincident with a strong VLF-EM conductor outlined by an aerial geophysical survey (Pezzot, T. and Cukor, V., 1987).

H. RECOMMENDATIONS

The area of soil anomalous in gold and silver on the **Fine III** claims should be trenched to bedrock in at least three locations and sampled. The silicified, sulphidic shear zone exposed on the ridge above the soil anomaly should be trenched and sampled.

The 1988 soil grid should be expanded in an attempt to outline other zones and better define the zone discovered.

Geological mapping should be carried out at a scale of 1:500 in the area of the soil anomaly and at a scale of 1:5000 on the rest of the property.

Contour talus fine sampling on at least two contour lines should be carried out at 50 metre sample intervals in the four major basins on the Fine claims.

Trenching the soil anomaly will be best accomplished by a helicopter mobilized excavator.

Trenching of the sulphidic, silicified shear zone will be best accomplished by gas drill, explosives, and hand tools.

This program should cost \$75,430. Estimated costs follow.

Fine Claims - 1988 Development Program Estimated Costs

Wages

Geologist - 21 days @ \$380/day	\$ 7,980.00
Geologist's Asst 21 days @ \$250/day	5,250.00

Total	\$75,430.00
15% Management Fee	10,000.00
Sub-total	\$65,430.00
10% Contingency	6,000.00
Sub-total	\$59,430.00
Report Preparation	2,000.00
Expediting	750.00
250 rock samples @ \$20/sample	5,000.00
Assays: 500 soil samples @ \$20/sample	10,000,00
Services	
Fuel	200.00
Food	1,500.00
Explosives	1,000.00
Expendables	
Helicopter - 10 hrs @ \$650/hr	6,500.00
Flights (Vancouver to Smithers)	1,000.00
Fixed wing (Smithers to Sturdee)	2,000.00
Transportation	
telephone, 3 hand helds)	500.00
Radio - 1 month @ \$500/month (1 radio	
Camp - 1 month @ \$3000/month	3,000.00
Gas Drill - 1 month @ \$1500/month	1,500.00
Excavator - 8 days @ \$750/day	6,000.00
Equipment (including operator)	

I. BIBLIOGRAPHY

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Bekdache, M & Seywerd, J (1987)	Geological Report on the Fine I-IV Claims Toodoggone River Area, report for Toodoggone Gold Inc.
	Geological Report on the Eloise, Jeremy & Daniel Claims, Toodoggone Area, report for Toodoggone Gold Inc.
	Geological Report on the Barny, Bart, and Cheena Claims, Toodoggone River Area, report for Toodoggone Gold Inc.
	Geological Report on the Tom, Chip and Dale Claims, Toodoggone River Area, report for Toodoggone Gold Inc.
Clark, J.R. & Williams- Jones (1988)	A Preliminary Appraisal of the Au-Ag Metallogeny of the Toodoggone District, North Central British Columbia, abstract, Smithers Meeting, NW MEG, Oct. 1988
Diakow, L.J. (1983)	A Comparison of Volcanic Stratigraphy, Structure and Hydrothermal Alteration of the Silver Pond (Cloud Creek) and Wrich-Awesome Claim Groups, Toodoggone River(94E), BCEMPR, Geol. Fieldwork, Paper 1983-1
Diakow, L.J. et al.(1985)	Preliminary Map 61, Geology of the Toodoggone Area, NTS 94-E, BCGS, Victoria
Dunn, D. & Wares, R(1988)	Technical Reports, Wolverine, Gacho, Eloise, Gord & Barny Groups, for Toodoggone Gold Inc.
Dunn,D. & Wares,R.(1988)	Report on the Fine I-Fine IV Claims, Toodoggone Area, report for Toodoggone Gold Inc.
Dunn,D. & Wares,R. (1988)	Summary Report Evaluation of the Toodoggone Area Properties Wolverine/Fisher Claims, Gacho/Suet Claims, Gord/Mul Claims, Eloise/Jeremy/Daniel Claims, Fine Claims, Barney Claims, Assessment Report.
Gabrielse, H et al. (1976)	Geology of the Toodoggone River(93E) and Ware west half(94); G.S.C. Open File 483
Pezzot, T & Cukor, V, (1987)	Geophysical Report on an Airborne VLF- Electromagnetometer and Magnetometer Survey, Fine I-IV Claims, report for Toodoggone Gold Inc.

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Schroeter, T (1981)	Toodoggone River, in Geological Fieldwork, 1980, BCMEMPR, paper 1981-1, pl24
Scroeter, T (1982)	Toodoggone River (94E), in Geological Fieldwork, 1981, BCEMPR, paper 1982-1, p122
Scroeter, T et al. (1986)	
Sorbara, P & Grond, (1988)	Report on Toodoggone Gold Inc's Toodoggone River H Properties, report for Toodoggone Gold Inc.

APPENDIX A STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS

- I, David St. Clair Dunn, with a business address at # 270 11751 Bridgeport Road, Richmond, British Columbia, do hereby declare that:
- a) This report is based upon an examination of the Fine Claims for Toodoggone Gold Inc. from September 22 to 25, 1988.
- b) I am a Fellow, in good standing, of the Geological Association of Canada.
- c) I have practiced my profession for eight years in British Columbia, Yukon and the USA.
- d) I hold a degree of B.Sc. from the University of British Columbia.
- e) I have not interest, directly or indirectly, in the property or securities of Toodoggone Gold Inc., or related companies, not do I expect to receive any.
- f) I have not interest, directly or indirectly, in any claims, or any company holding claims, within 20 kms of any of the properties of Toodoggone Gold Inc. described in this report.
- g) Facts in this report are based on examination of existing documents and on field examination of the properties.

David Dunn, F.G.A.C. Vancouver, British Columbia

APPENDIX B SAMPLE RESULTS



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ORTH WANCOUVER, BC CANADA VTM 172
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TELEX VIA J.S.A. 7601067 • FAX 1604 1980-9621

TIMMINS OFFICE: 33 EAST ROCUOIS ROAD PO BOX 367 TIMMINS ONTARIO CANADA P4N 7G7 TELEPHONE (705) 264-9996

Certificate of ASSAY

Company: AGGRESSIVE RESOURCE MANAGEMENT Project: TOODOGONE GOLD INC. Attention: E. HEMMINGSON/D. DUNN

File:8-1692/P1 Date: OCT 7/88 Type: ROCK ASSAY

We hereby certify the following results for samples submitted.

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* 1 ASSAY TON

Certified by

MIN-EN LABORATORIES LTD.



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5 WEST 15TH STREET ORTH VANCOUVER BC DANACA ... TM 172 FELEPHONE 604 1980-5814 OR 604 1986-4504 TELEX VIA U.S.A. 760 1067 • FAX 1604 1980-9621

TIMMINS OFFICE: 33 EAST IROQUOIS ROAD PO BOX 367 TIMMINS ONTARIO CANADA P4N 7G7 TELEPHONE. (705) 264-9996

Certificate of Assay

Company:AGGRESSIVE RESOURCE MANAGEMENT INC. Project:TOODOGONE GOLD INC.

Attention: E. HEMMINGSON/D. DUNN

File:8-1692/F2 Date:OCT 7/88 Type:ROCK ASSAY

He hereby certify the following results for samples submitted.

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ATTENTION: D.DUNN/E.HERMINGSON	(604)980-5814 OR (604)988-4524	DATE: OCTOBER 10, 1988
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ATTENTION: D. DUNN		SON		(604)	980-5814	OR 1604	988-45	
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L0+50S0+00	14.4	8	126	37	218	136	90	
L0+50S0+25W L0+50S0+50W	9	1	142	73	<u>98</u>	247	10	
L0+50S0+75W	.7 .3	10 18	116 165	47 45	93 7 4	192 1 4 7	5 5	
L0+5051+00W	.7	15	233	35	85	123	5	
L0+50S1+25W	.5	13	514	37	94	128	5	
L0+00N1+25E	1.1	34	202	23	85	114	10	
L0+00N1+00E	3.5	35	333	44	1201	346	45	
L0+00N0+75E	.6	7	271	36	145	185	5	
L0+00N0+50E	.7	24	1127	20	370	213	10	
L0+00N0+25E	1.0	12	392	36	323	169	15	
L0+00N0+00	1.9	7	184	37	129	129	10	
L0+00N0+25W	.8	9	274	31	135	116	5	
L0+00N0+50W	.6	1	336	43	76	186	5	
L0+00N0+75W	1.0	31	179	30	94	126	10	
LO+00N1+00W LO+00N1+25W	.9 1.0	2 3	265 17 4	44 54	124	176	10	
LO+50N1+25E	1.2	<u>5</u>	1/9	<u>J4</u> 26	139 80	<u>189</u> 127	<u>5</u> 5	
L0+50N1+00E	2.0	12	490	28	96	124	5	
L0+50N0+75E	4.6	15	348	7	108	128	5	
L0+50N0+50E	4.9	29	292	12	241	157	5	
L0+50N0+25E	15.6	34	364	35	141	220	5	
L0+50N0+00	1.3	11	121	26	110	130	5	
L0+50N0+25W	3.5	17	398	15	206	161	10	
L0+50N0+50N	1.1	3	177	23	188	120	20	
L0+50N0+75N	.7	15	123	7	254	105	10	· ·
L0+50N1+00W	3	10	512	26	83	105	5	***************************************
L0+50N1+25#	.9	29	287	40	47	96	5	
L1+00N1+25E L1+00N1+00E	1.8 4.3	7	602 585	33 48	146 184	175 180	5 10	
L1+00N0+75E	6.4	1	322	36	254	390	120	
L1+00N0+50E	8.7	37	118	34	184	182	10	
L1+00N0+25E	33.8	38	137	55	1650	547	405	
L1+00N0+00	12.3	35	168	23	301	168	5	
L1+00N0+25W	1.1	10	553	21	70	99	5	
L1+00N0+50W	2.3	22	335	29	115	137	980	
L1+00N0+75W	9.2	10	117	19	112	109	45	
L1+00N1+00W	.5	1	826	37	106	93	20	
L1+00N1+25W	.7	14	1143	40	115	95	65	
BL0+75S BL0+25S	12.2 77.9	21 18	129 121	43	1303	164	110	
BL0+258 BL0+25N	66.0	26	121	140 87	3611 1799	3 4 1 227	410 270	
BL0+75N	14.0		200	<u>27</u>	339	<u>227</u>	15	
CLO+00W	.3	1	214	19	29	215	10	
CL0+25W	1.1	6	81	97	68	197	5	
CL0+50W	1.5	1	106	421	167	440	5	
CL0+75W	1.8	10	211	25	93	108	5	*
CL1+00W	.7	8	340	6	55	88	5	
CL1+25W	.3	12	73	20	15	82	5	
CL1+50W	.7	27	257	20	96	103	5	
CL1+75W	1.6	15	290	33	130	107	15	8
CL2+00W CL2+25W	<u>2.3</u>	14	337 51	<u>77</u> 54	35 4	146	<u>5</u>	
CL2+25W	2.8	15	388	94	496	176	5	
CL2+75#	1.3	5	301	60	425	154	10	
CL3+00W	1.0	1	301	50	323	133	5	
CL3+25W	1.7	16	276	41	416	124	5	

COMPANY: ASSRESSIVE PROJECT NO: TOGDOSE ATTENTION: D.DUNN/	SONE BOLD	INC.	7652	ST 15TH 9		TH VANCE	REPORT DUVER. B.C. 04)988-4524		. GEOCHEM \$	(ACHIFIKE) PAGE 1 UF 1 FILE NO: 8-16925/P5 DATE:OCTOBER 10, 1988
(VALUES IN PPM)	A6	AS	BA	CU	PB	ZN	AU-PPB	 		
CL 3+50W	2.6	86	361	83	970	164	5			
CL3+75W	2.4	77	289	8	453	152	5			
CL4+00W	3.9	107	168	216	1068	219	15			

APPENDIX C SAMPLING METHODOLOGY

Stream Sediments

Silts - A standard kraft bag was filled half to two/thirds full of fine material, generally a mixture of silt and sand, dried, and shipped to the lab. Material was collected from the active stream channel, where possible.

Pan Concentrates - Two pans were filled with minus one half inch material sieved through a plastic garden sieve. The gravel this material is sieved from is collected from behind boulders, logs, or the upstream end gravel bars. These pans were then panned to a black sand concentrate of 1 gm to 10 gm. This concentrate was saved and added to concentrate panned from one garden sieve full of moss. The moss is collected from boulders and logs in the active stream channel. The moss is then washed in the sieve, which is submerged over top of the pan. The material collected is then panned to a black sand concentrate of from 4 gm to 20 gm.

The combined concentrate is then shipped to the lab for analysis.

Soil Samples

Soil samples on the Fine claims were collected in 1988 from a 25 m sample spacing, 50 m line spacing grid (see Figure 16). Soil was dug from between 10 cm and 20 cm depth, coarse material removed, and placed in standard kraft soil sample bags, dried, and shipped to the lab.

The soil collected consisted of a poorly developed "B" soil horizon and the top of the "C" soil horizon.

APPENDIX D ANALYTICAL METHODS

MIN-EN Laboratories Ltd.

Specialists in Mineral Environments

Corner 15th Street and Bewicke 705 WEST 15TH STREET NORTH VANCOUVER, B.C. CANADA V7M 1T2

GEOCHEMICAL ANALYSIS PROCEDURE FOR Pb. Zn and Ag:

Samples are dried at 95°C. Soils and stream sediments are screened by 80 mesh sieve to obtain the minus 80 mesh fraction for analysis.

All rock samples are crushed by jaw crusher and pulverized by ceramic plated pulverizer.

- 1. 1.000 gram sample is weighed into 25x200 test tube.
- 2. Add 2 ml of HNO₃ and let it set for 15 minutes and then add 5 ml of HC1O₄.
- 3. Place test tubes on sandbath for 6 hours and elevate temperature to 200°C.
- 4. Take the test tubes off cool and dilute to 25 ml.
- Read samples on Atomic Absorption Spectrophotometer.
- 6. Background correction can be carried out on Pb and Silver if it is requested.
- 7. Standards are digested along with each set of samples and calibrations checked.

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NORTH VANCOUVER, B.C.
CANADA

ANALYTICAL PROCEDURE REPORTS FOR ASSESSMENT WORK

PROCEDURE FOR GOLD GEOCHEMICAL ANALYSIS.

Geochemical samples for Gold processed by Min-En Laboratories Ltd., at 705 W. 15th St., North Vancouver Laboratory employing the following procedures.

After drying the samples at 95°C soil and stream sediment samples are screened by 80 mesh sieve to obtain the minus 80 mesh fraction for analysis. The rock samples are crushed and pulverized by ceramic plated pulverizer.

A suitable sample weight 5.0 or 10.0 grams are pretreated with ${\rm HNO}_3$ and ${\rm HC1O}_4$ mixture.

After pretreatments the samples are digested with Aqua Regia solution, and after digestion the samples are taken up with 25% HCl to suitable volume.

At this stage of the procedure copper, silver and zinc can be analysed from suitable aliquote by Atomic Absorption Spectrophotometrie procedure.

Further oxidation and treatment of at least 75% of the original sample solutions are made suitable for extraction of gold with Methyl Iso-Butyl Ketone.

With a set of suitable standard solution gold is analysed by Atomic Absorption instruments. The obtained detection limit is 5 ppb.

MIN-EN Laboratories Ltd.

Specialists in Mineral Environments

Corner 15th Street and Bewicke 705 WEST 15TH STREET NORTH VANCOUVER, B.C. CANADA V7M 1T2

Analytical Procedure Report for Assessment Work

31 Element ICP

Ag, Al, As, B, Ba, Be, Bi, Ca, Cd, Co, Cu, Fe, K, Li, Mg, Mn, Mo, Na, Ni, P, Pb, Sb, Sr, Th, U, V, Zn, Ga, Sn, W, Cr

Samples are processed by Min-En Laboratories Ltd., at 705 West 15th Street, North Vancouver, employing the following procedures.

After drying the samples at 95°C soil and stream sediment samples are screened by 80 mesh sieve to obtain the minus 80 mesh fraction for analysis. The rock samples are crushed by a jaw crusher and pulverized by ceramic plated pulverizer or ring mill pulverizer.

1.0 gram of the sample is digested for 4 hours with an aqua regia $HClO_A$ mixture.

After cooling samples are diluted to standard volume. The solutions are analysed by computer operated Jarrall Ash 9000 ICAP or Jobin Yvon 70 Type II Inductively Coupled Plasma Spectrometers. Reports are formatted and printed using a dot-matrix printer.

APPENDIX E ROCK SAMPLE DESCRIPTIONS

Property	Sample No.	Description
Fine Claims (See Map 1, back pocket)	17135	Float. Andesite agglomerate minor pyrite, covellite?
11	17035	1 m chip. Andesite with minor pyrite.
	17036	2 m chip. Andesite with minor pyrite.
"	17037	11
	17038	1 m chip. Andesite with minor pyrite.
	17039	Grab. Andesite with minor pyrite.
· n	17041	n
· ·	17138	Float. Silicified andesite with minor pyrite.
"	17139	Grab. Silicified andesite with minor pyrite.
	17140	Grab. Porphyritic andesite tuff. Minor pyrite.
***	17141	5 m chip. Silicified andesite.
. 11	17142	2 m chip. Silicified andesite. 2% pyrite.
***	17143	2 m chip. Silicified andesite Minor pyrite.
. 11	17144	n
11	17145	Grab. Silicified andesite. Minor pyrite.
11	17146	2 m chip. Quartz vein with 2% pyrite and amethyst.
***	48394	<pre>1 m chip. Fault zone in andesite near granodiorite contact. Minor pyrite.</pre>

Property	Sample No.	Description
Fine Claims (See Map 1, back pocket)	48395	1 m chip. Andesite with minor pyrite.
11	48396	11
11	48398	0.5 m chip. Andesite with minor pyrite.

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