

PROPERTY INFORMATION FORM

PRELIMINARY

Reading Based on Examination Done Aug 23/59

827812 Date Aug 25/59

Name of Property Adair OSTERHOE copper ind

Presented by (with address) Company prospecting team Date Aug 6/59

Location Ref Map 94 K-12 E 1/2 P5-34-15: 58-32-30 Elev 6200'

Access via road from Mile 442 ALASKA Highway, Pr.

Claims 4 claims -

Ownership P.A.



Summary of Outstanding Features 10 FT QTZ VEIN WITH MINOR CARBONATE (BROWN WEATHERING) EXPOSED FOR 100 FT AND AT INTERVALS OVER 1000 FT PARALLEL TO DIAPYCNE DYKES WHICH ARE 25 TO 4 FT WIDTH. DISSEMINATED CHALCOPYRITE (MINOR SECONDARY BORNITE) IN QTZ VEIN. VERY MINOR PYRITE IN BASIC DYKE.

Opinions, Suggestions or Recommendations of Present Holder PROSPECT, TRENCH SAMPLES

Option Terms N/A

Information is Based on Examination of 1/2 hr duration Aug 23/59

Nature of Deposit QTZ VEIN

Mineralization CHALCO PYRITE, DARK METALLIC LUTITE UNIDENTIFIED MINERAL. MINOR CARBONATE OF COPPER STAIN. IN 75/25 QTZ / AMP VEIN MATERIAL

Widths and Values VEIN IS 10 FT WIDTH ESTIMATE CU CONTENT LESS THAN ONE PERCENT

Strike and Dip 150/VERT

Country Rock ARGILLITES, SLATES

Present Known Extent and Possible Extensions 100 FT | 2000 FT

Limiting Features Copper content.



Workings, Kind, Amount, Location and/or Diamond Drilling

PROPERTY INFORMATION FORM

NIL

Lengths and Frequency of Exposures 100 FT, 3 EXPOSURES OVER 1000 FT

Known Commercial Sections N/A

Known Non-Commercial Sections N/A

Number, Dimensions and Grade of Ore Shoots Indicated

N/A

Possibilities of Developing Ore FAIR

Past Production, If Any NIL

Dividends, If Any NIL

Other Significant Features in History of Property

Previous Examinations

Reports, Plans or Other Sources of Information

Reasons for Property Lying Idle

Relation to or Comparison with Other Properties in the District ASSOCIATION WITH BASIC DYKES SIMILAR TO FORT RELIANCE & HAS MUCH COPPER SHOWING. RADICAL DIFFERENCE IN: HOST ROCK IS QZ VEIN, NOT BASIC DYKE

New Development (Since Last Examination) N/A

Other Remarks THIS IS A STRONG, HARD QUARTZ CARB VEIN TRENCHING REQUIRED TO TEST VALUES.

Specimen sample shipped ALBERTO / NORRISN Exp

Sample 817 - Au Ag Cu  
Sample 818 - Au Ag Cu

Joderick Macra  
Examining Engineer

Aug 23/59

Date of Examination

*Reading*

*To [unclear] 094K/12*

*PAA 3/12*

# INTER-OFFICE CORRESPONDENCE

FROM Rod Macrae

DATE 31st August 1959

TO E.O. Chisholm

SUBJECT Barite & Copper Mineral Deposits

*Reading  
Ram Creek  
Copper*

A	W.S.R.
	G.A.C.
	G.H.M.
	E.C.C.
	R.D.S.
	B.C.P.
	E.L.D.
	J.I.B.
	E.C.J.

MESSAGE  
(TO BE COMPLETED IN TRIPLICATE)

Dear Ted:

Your instructions regarding the handling of these deposits are, as I see them, as follows:

Ram Creek Copper: Strip and blast the quartz vein on the Collison or No. 2 showing, using powder and bullpricks on as many cross sections as possible and test sample the vein thoroughly.

The Johnson Barite: Have a stab at drilling the barite with packsack drill, paying particular attention to collecting the sludge and any limestone sections encountered in the barite mass. I presume you are assuming that water will be available from the creek - which is a hasty presumption, since in the last 2 years the flow yearly rain was the only one that occurred. There is not any storage basin and even in the spring of 1958 there was no run of on surface through that canyon.

I doubt if we will get any barite core, but if it can be drilled with a pack sack, Collins can drill it.

I figure to use the crews as follows: Copper deposit stripping and sampling until the 12th of September. Barite drilling from the 12th to the end of the month. All three of the crews will be on Ram Creek Copper until the 12th or 13th of September. Erik will go to Vancouver via Whitehorse probably the 20th and John and Larry can handle the drilling. John can do more detailed prospecting around the claims, both ours and Johnson's. I figure by the 5th to 10th of October we will have had what results we can get on the barite showing.

Johnson is on holidays from the 2nd Sept. to the 19th. Please have the formal option agreements sent to me at Whitehorse by the 10th of September, where I'll have them signed and escrowed at Fort St. John the next time I am in the area.

I'll visit Kulan on the 2nd of September and if he has not made an interesting find, will try and close off that prospecting venture. Robertson plans leaving the Yukon around the 5th and I'm not too keen about a search for asbestos on the Pelly near Laper creek at that time of the year. Will see what I can do in that regard.

I figure 15 to 20 days will be required to prospect the two copper molybdenum locations on the Pitt-Lillooet Area and estimate that it can be done in the middle of October.

*PAA 3*

*Ba*

*94/K*



PAA 3  
B2 3/7 3

# INTER-OFFICE CORRESPONDENCE

FROM .....

DATE 25 August 1959

TO .....

SUBJECT Barite & Copper Mineral Deposits

A		N
	W.S.R.	
	G.A.C.	
	G.H.M.	
	H.A.P.	
	R.D.S.	
	B.C.B.	
	E.L.D.	
	J.I.B.	
	E.C.J.	

### MESSAGE

(TO BE COMPLETED IN TRIPLICATE)

- 2 -

Sorry your trip was so rushed, particularly the copper examinations.

Regards.

*GH/K*

"Rod"

094K/12  
mile 442 AK Hwy

~~PA 3~~  
~~3/7~~  
~~B2~~  
94/K.

RAM CREEK

7 October 1959

This answers your letter from bottom to top re the Ram Creek copper showing. I completed a report and attached the assay certificate (which is not impressive) and Erik Ostensoe was making a map locating the assays when I left Vancouver, last Friday. It should be along shortly, but in summary the showing, the L.C., and one with the 24 ft. width, assayed as follows:

0-10.0 ft.	Au. - Tr.	Ag. - 0.25 oz.	Cu. - 0.30%
10-20.0 ft.	0.005	0.10	Tr.
20-24.7 ft.	Tr.	0.40	Tr.

This is the showing above 7,300 feet.

The E.O. showing across its best width exposed assayed:

9 Feet	Tr.	0.35	Tr.
--------	-----	------	-----

Its best assay and width gave:

8.5 Ft.	0.005	0.10	1.10
---------	-------	------	------

and across 3.25 ft. at No. 2 Pit location assayed:

3.5 ft.	Tr.	1.0	1.12
---------	-----	-----	------

No length of exposure was opened up on the L.C. showing. The E.O. showing is exposed intermittently for 300 ft. and can be traced for 1,500 ft. John Graham thinks the No. 2 Pit location is on a shear or vein parallel to the main exposure.

"R. Macrae"