826928

INTER-OFFICE CORRESPONDENCE

Chataway Lake Group

FROM Rod Macrae

921

DATE August 6th, 1959.

TO E. O. Chisholm

subject General

MESSAGE

(TO BE COMPLETED IN TRIPLICATE)

Dear Ted,

Last week I visited the Chataway Lake Group of 50 mineral claims located five miles west of Mammitt Lake in Highland Valley which are owned by Sid Wright & Associates of Kamloops.

The mineral occurences are interesting. Since my last visit Sid has completed some 3 - 4,000 soil samples and recently has had a D-6 Bulldozer stripping selected locations where he had secured "High" Geo-Chemical readings.

You have a copy of the map of the soil sampling. You wrote to him during June you opinion of the value of the readings.

Now the interesting thing about the recent work is that wherever he secured a class 5 reading, he stripped the overburden and almost invariably finds copper stain and in most cases chalcocite. The stain is widespread. The primary mineral occurs in narrow fractures from a up to (rarely) 1".

I examined five or six locations where he has stripped the overburden and exposed the bedrock. In no case did belsee any concentration of the primary mineral chalcocite.

I ran an E.M. survey over the most promising exposure and have enclosed with this letter the map of the E.M. readings.

I discussed a possible option on the north Group of 50 claims with Wright; he suggested that the most practical way to secure an option would be to buy units in the Chataway Lake Syndicate, at the same time securing an option to purchase controlling interest.

Enclosed is a P.I.F. report on this property.

ROD MACRAE

RM/rjm

1927.1

H.A.P. R.D.S. B.C.B. E.L.D. J.I.B. E.C.J.

W.S.R.

G.A.C.

G.H.M. E.O.C.

E.C.J.

Hal.

PROPERTY INFORMATION FORM Name of Property CHATAWAY L SYNDICATE Presented by (with address) 56 WRIGHT. Clo PARITIC WESTERN AIRLINES KAM LIOPS BC Location HIGHLAND VAMEY, 12 mules WEST GUICHON CK Access I VIA CHARTER AIRCRAFT to CHATAWAY LAKE, USA TRUCK RO FROM LIVER NICOLA BC. Claims 54 CLAM NORTH Gp. CHATAWAY L SYNDICATE Ownership SID WRIGHT AND ASSOC. Summary of Outstanding Features CHALCOCITE MINERALIZATION IN FRACTURECAND JOINTS IN GLANTE INTRUSINE, LOCATLY NAMED GUICHON BASTHOLITH. MINERALIZATION IS ERRAMC. CONCENTRATED LOCALLY OVER EXPOSED WIDTHS UP TO 15 FT. APPEARS TO BE ASSOCIATED WITH A NNW TRENDING SHEARING IN Opinions, Suggestions or Recommendations of Present Holder EXTEND PRESENT STRUBBURG PROGRAMMED OF OVERBURDEN, POSSIBLY FOLLOWED BY DRIVING IF WARRING IN Option Terms Pulledase OF SYNDIEATE UNITS AT PRICE TOBE DETERMINED BYNEGOTIATION, WITH OPTION TO PURCHASE CONTROL OF SHARES Information is Based on Examination July 27, 28/1959 Nature of Deposit PRINTRY (?) CHALCOUTE MINERAL DEPOSITION IN JANTS AND FRACTURES IN FENDSPINE -RICH CRANTE Mineralization Copper os chalcoerte. Silver turnerel (undentified)
Grove with lens of block carbonate in our location sto
Corner claim block Widths and Values Fractures unueralized up to Buch width, orerage & buch widths to Fit to Port (AV Exact 12 FIZET) Strike and Dip SHEARING 345 - 360 AZ FRACTURE ST VARIA RIF DIP NEAR VERT Country Rock ORTHOCHASE GRANNE GRANETTE PORPHYRY Present Known Extent and Possible Extensions As Express to DATE Copper Mineral-Water Oxtends the NS length of 5 claims AND WIDTH OF WEST SIDE OF NORTH 54 Chair Shock

Limiting Features Eppara NATURE TUNERALIZATION. Low to theme

DD - SERIES OF SHORT AX DOWS 92. Workings, Kind, Amount, Location and/or Diamond Drilling SWEAR ZONE CORE RECOVERY POTE TO PATE 6 LONG DEED NE STRIKING BULLDOZER TRENCHES Lengths and Frequency of Exposures has cen timenty of Exposure in 2 TRENEWS 15th Exposed CHAMOERE DEMOSITION ERRATE IN FRACTURES ther winty Known Commercial Sections NOT BETERNINED Known Non-Commercial Sections Number, Dimensions and Grade of Ore Shoots Indicated NOT KUNUN Possibilities of Developing Ore | F FEASTURE MITTERN CAN BE FOUND PRESENT EXPOSURES DONOT GOOD Past Production, If Any NUL Dividends, If Any SOIL SAMPLINE WSED Other Significant Features in History of Property Extension CLUDE TO HEATE AREAS FAVORABLE FOR STREPPING DEFINITE BETWEEN GEOCHEMICAN HIGH (Chass 5) PEADINGS COR-RELIATION DEPOSITION 80 Cu AS CHALLOUTE DD pero parme Previous Examinations OF ABORTED TIME FUDED HO. MAY 1959. Reports, Plans or Other Sources of Information ASHCRIET SOIL SAMPLING MAD Reasons for Property Lying Idle HNDER DEVENIONENT Relation to or Comparison with Other Properties in the District By Compacinon No HOSZ, Ywo C PARNITE W CONTRAST TO BETWEETEN. TO PRETIME THEM. TO PERENTER THAN VEW SYSTEM IN CONTRAST TO ARECDEEN LICENSES SE New Development (Since Last Examination) AND TRENCHING COMPLETED EXTENNUE Son SAMPLING Other Remarks Posulton Stripping to date do not inqueste ne gradity or arcention a Joens Ulal has Examining Engineer Date of Examination

G.A.C

G.H.M. E.O.C.

H.A.P.

File #175445/450

J. R. WILLIAMS & SON LTD.

PROVINCIAL ASSAYERS AND CHEMISTS

Office and Laboratory:

580 Nelson Street, Vancouver 2, B. C.

I Hereby Certify that the following are the results of assays made by me upon samples of ORE.

herein described and received from Messrs. Prospectors Airways August 6th 19 59

R.D.S.

MARKED	GOLD		SILVER		Copper		Nickel		GROSS TOTAL VALUED.	
	Ounces Per Ton	Value Per Ton	Ounces Per Ton	Value Per Ton	Per Cent.	Value Per Ton	Per Cent.	Value Per Ton	(2000 lbs) J.i.B. Per Ton E.C.J.	
		\$		\$		\$		\$	*KEMMEKS	
24751-B Charaway L Syndicary 24752-B Cay Au els					0.05			11.0-11	PIT: - CHATOLONY &	
24752-BCay Au els	Trace		0.10					-Specin	or Her bearing	
24753-B ATMSGp.Coy	, 6, 58				0.08		Trace	-chip	Egypse ATLAS Lule EAS: Elwar NORTH ENSZINE	
24754-B ATLAS-Cp-Ca	1				0.12		Trace	SANI	NORTH ENSZINE	
24755-B ATLAS Gp-Cay		grico.			0.12			- GREGO	ey CK Risi CONG & ATLAS CLS ZINE - CHRITINAY	
24756-BCHATOWAY	Trace		0.05		0.10			- CARIS L. GRA	ZINE -CHRITAINY	
						The Hard	Section 1	A. C.		
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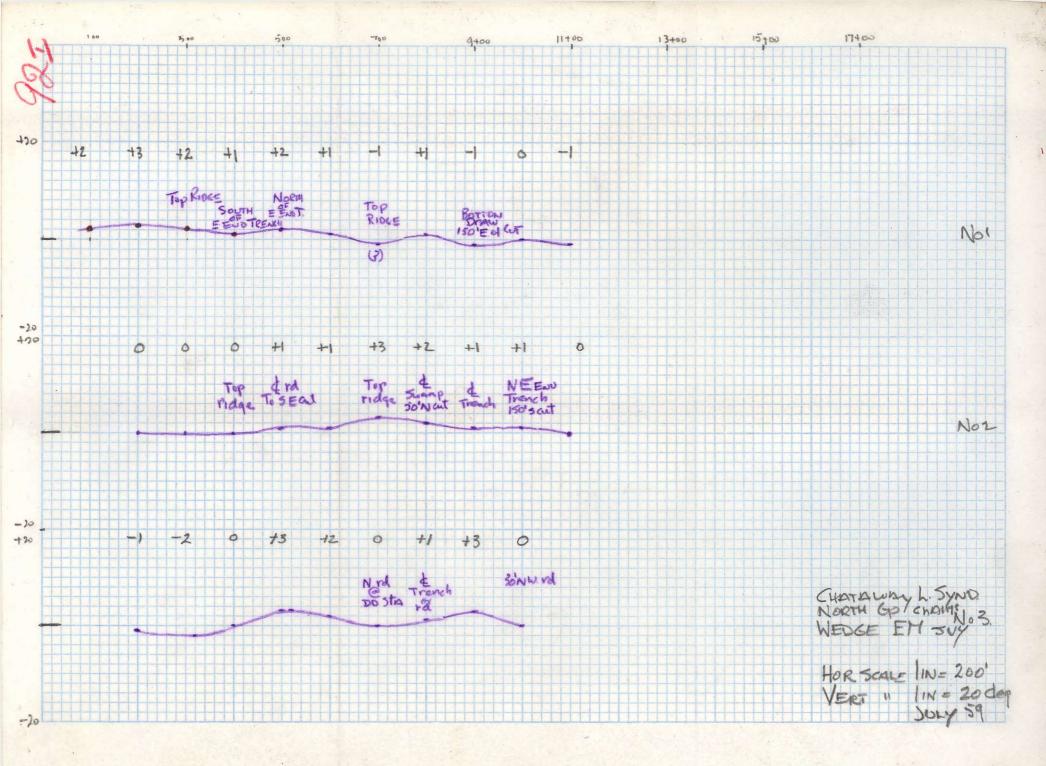
Gold calculated at \$_____per ounce. Silver calculated at cents per ounce.

NOTE-Pulps of Samples retained 2 months from date of Receipt. Rejects 1 week unless otherwise instructed.

Calculated at _____cents per lb. Calculated at _____cents per lb.

Calculated at cents per lb.

Provincial Assayer.



- months in the second

PROSPECTORS AIRWAYS COMPANY, LIMITED SUITE 1616, 44 KING STREET WEST TORONTO 1, ONTARIO

995 W.S.R. G.A.C. G.H.M. E.O.C. H.A.P. R.D.S. B.C.B. E.L.D. J.I.B. E.C.J.

21 July 1959

G

P

W

Mr. S.W. Wright c/o P.W.A. Kamloops, British Columbia

Dear Mr. Wright

I have written Rod Macrae to make an examination of your property as soon as possible, and you will hear from him soon.

Yours very truly

EOC-dp

E.O. Chisholm Chief Geologist

LELAND HOTEL

DINING ROOM

SAMPLE ROOM

ROOM SERVICE

TELEPHONE 920



301 VICTORIA STREET, KAMLOOPS, B.C.

c/o PWA Kemloops

July 16/59

Dear Mr Chisholm, -

Thank you for your letter of June 25th. I would be glad if you would have a look at the property.

The bulldozer opened over 800 feet in width which shows altered, blocky and rusty ground alternating with zones of soft alteration. The east side, where Bethlehem Q-D makes up the footwall, appears to be the best. We have not reached a depth in bulldozing where primary copper minerals can be found or expected for the zone is severdy leached. There is more than one fault with much gouge on the western side and much hematite with carbonates throughout.

Cec Coveney of Bethlehem will be in to see it, -he says that my description sounds much like the Bethlehem early results. He explained however, that due to present committments, they do not have finances for an outside property.

A Norands crew headed by Walter Nelson Jnr looked at it in the early stages of bulldozing and tried E.M. across #1 anomaly only. They did not get significant results. The bulldozer is now working on the anomalies along the strike to the north and theere maybe something more to see there when I get back.

Apparently we have a shearing which is more than 800 feet wide and probably 2 miles long at least. This is the first time it has seenthe light of day. I do not expect from what I have seen that it will be highgrade but from various signs expedimprovement to the north. From the few outcrops plus the bulldozing it appears that we could have a similar geological set-up to Bethlehem.

Yours very truly,

PROSPECTORS AIRWAYS COMPANY, LIMITED SUITE 1616, 44 KING STREET WEST TORONTO 1, ONTARIO

W.S.R. V
G.A.C.
G.H.M.
E.O.C.
H.A.P.
R.D.S.
B.C.B.
E.L.D.
J.I.B.
E.C.J.

25 June 1959

Mr. S.W. Wright, P. Eng. c/o PWA Kamloops, British Columbia

Dear Mr. Wright:

Thank you for your letter of June 17th. It looks like your numerical values of 1 to 5 for the copper anomalies don't do justice to the geochemical picture. If I read you right, the 5 is a minimum value and the copper in the soil at this spot may be many times this, as compared with a value of 1 taken as background. It only points out the danger of using a relative notation system like yours, as it afford no standard of comparison with other field surveys of this nature that show the absolute concentration of heavy metals.

I, of course, was not aware of the method you used, as I only received the geochemical map from Rod Macrae. He had no additional information on the meaning of the spot notations.

We would be glad to arrange an examination of your ground, in the light of the new results, and I would appreciate hearing from you again.

Yours very truly

EOC-dp

E.O. Chisholm Chief Geologist MINING ENGINEER

c/O PWA, Kamloops June 17th, 1959

Prospectors Airways Co Ltd 1616-44King Street West TORONTO, Ontario

Attn Mr E.O. Chisholm, Chief Geologist

Dear Mr Chisholm:

W.S.R.

G.A.C.

G.H.M.

E.O.C.

H.A.P. R.D.S.

B.C.B.

E.L.D.

LI.B.

E.C.J.

Thank you for your letter of June 3rd last, which I received on my return from the property to-day.

I am sorry that you turned down the property without some investigation and am puzzled as to why the numerals used to designate the degree of soil saturation were taken as X background. In using the numerals 1 to 5 we employ the standard designation used in Dr Warren's Rubianic Acid Method. It is also used by New Jersey Zinc and others.

The high or #5 spot of the standard scale is established from the results of samples taken in areas where extremely high soil saturation with copper is assured. In our case we took samples three feet down slope from a 30" highgrade vein of malachite and chalcocite. The resulting spots on the test paper were so intense that they appeared black rather than blue. Our #3 spot is more than 5 X background, -this was established by simple dilution.

Certainly the first impression is that the anomalies appear to be much too much. During the soil testing program this thought led to a 3-day investigation of sampling methods, tools, and lab materials.

It is very encouraging to be able to say now, that during the short period since the snow left the area, one man and myself dug and blasted out a 200-foot width of well altered and copper-mineralized shearing with both ends of the width open. It was found on the banks of the creek on Anomaly #1, M.C.BOB#4 and covered by two feet of clay which had sloughed down the high bank. It strikes N20E(astro) and dips steeply eastward. One 16-foot section with intense sericitic alteration looks particularly good. The trenches are only 12" below the rock or gossan surface and I am now trying to arrange for a bulldozer. The chances of proving that our #3 spot is strong enough for threshold look excellent at this point in the work.

Yours very truly,

P. Eng.

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PROSPECTORS AIRWAYS COMPANY, LIMITED SUITE 1616, 44 KING STREET WEST TORONTO 1, ONTARIO

3 June 1959

ENSEMBLE

Mr. Syd Wright, Manager Chataway Lake Syndicate c/o Pacific Western Airlines, Ltd. Kamloops, B.C.

Dear Mr. Wright:

Rod Macrae asked me to write you regarding the results of the geochemical survey kindly provided to him over the Chataway Lake ground.

I have studied the geochemical data and I do not consider the results too important. The geochemical anomalies should be at least 5 times background or threshhold value ("threshhold" being semetimes higher than background and usually meaning the general significant ore indicating value for the particular area). The area where the 5X values are found should be uniform and not spotty highs, as in the Chataway survey. The soils in this end of the Highland Valley give many broad geochemical patterns which are meaningless alone, but may be significant when compared with other geophysical results.

I would advise doing detailed work around your spot highs of 5X background to see if they hold up, or if they represent erratics - like noise in a radio signal.

Yours very truly

EOC-dp

E.O. Chisholm Chief Geologist

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NORTHWEST GROUP - Chataway Mining Syndicate.

The area of the Northwest Group is almost entirely covered with overburden. It is underlain by at least three types of granitic rocks which show in very small outcrops in a few places, -an older and regionally altered granodicrite, a younger granodicrite, and the Guichon quartz dicrite. It is also underlain in part by a very light-coloured quartz dicrite fresh and friable in appearance; and a deeply rusted wide zone (#2), in which the rock is altered and rusted beyond recognition. The last two types were exposed by trenching.

ZONE #1

Up to 1957 the only known zone on the property was Zone 1 which is followed by Roscoe Creek. It is shown on the accomepnying map starting from below MC MOON 1 and running through the group to the northwest. Old mine workings on this zone consist of a 40-foot adit ending at a winze and which followed a small (10" to 30") but highgrade vein of malachite and chalcocite. Numerous other smaller chalcocite veins and malachite-filled fractures can be found along the banks of Roscoe Creekmfor over a mile. Outcrops along the banks of the creek are widely spaced shoulders of crushed granodiorite over which the overburden rises for a much as 40 feet. In 1957 the present owners drove a 7-foot edit by hand into one of the shoulders of shattered granodiorite. At 6 feet the adit entered sericitic alteration, green throughout, and carrying values in copper. This was the first good alteration found on this zone. The recently finished soil testing program has shown the edit to be on the thin point of a strong copper anomaly and with the reason for the anomaly showing, in part, ore can be expected in the better parts of the anomaly.

ZONE #2

Zone #2 was first located on MC JAY 1 during late 1957. Trenching on the banks of Creek #2 immediately south of the bridge located a small area of shallow overburden, -about 1/2 acre in extent. Altered

and deeply rust and sheared granitic rocks are exposed in the trenches. The rocks are deeply leached but wide-spread fractures of varying strike and dip are filled with malachite in which cores and remnants of chalcocite and bornite are found. There are also many smaller rusty seams and fractures which probably carried copper minerals before weathering. From the cores and remants it appears to have been a filling of all smallable fractures by massive sulphides.

Some 800 feet across the strike from this point and on the banks of Creek #3, attempts to reach bedrock by trenching found gossen. Apparently the zone is very wide.

In following the topographical trends northward along what was first thought to be the strike, a small area of shallow over-burden was found on MC BOB 5, Deeply rusted and altered structure was found in trenches. Afurther 3000 feet northward the same structure was found again on MC SMY 3 and RUSS 1, malachite appears in the fractures. This long area of rusted structure was named Zone 2.

In 1958, blasting trenches in a swamp on RUSS 2 blew out a great deal of a Bethlehem type quartz diorite with coarse poikilitic crystals of hornblende, further wegstward on the banks of the same swamp a very light coloured fresh quartz diorite with green accessory minerals was found in place. Westward in the same area trenching on the edge of the swamp exposed deep red gossan containing pieces of ore. The trenching was stopped by water. Attempts to follow this younger quartz diorite were not successful except that a great deal of this rock was blown out of trenches blasted in the big swamp on BOB 5. It seems possible then, that the younger intrusive, -the light-coloured quartz diorite, may underlie the area from RUSS 2 through BOB 5 and thus be parallel to the area which was named Zone 1.

The 1959 PROGRAM TO DATE

The above situation existed at the end of 1958. Two promising zones existed and sveral changes of rock were found. Some of the rocks appear to be the flavourable rocks of the Highland Valley area. Much float ore was found throughout the area but the overburden is everywhere so deep that little more could be done with the means at our disposal.

In January 1959 a soil-testing survey was started. It was carried out through the winter months, pipe-sampling the soil to a depth of 7 to 8" and through the snow.

The results of the survey are shown on Map #3 and #4 (which last is a consolidated field map). Five large anomalies were found and several smaller ones. Anomalies #1 and #2 are oriented in the direction of the well-known structural strike of the area and lie en echelon to the westward of Zone 2 and along what may prove to be the hanging wall of the younger intrusive. Anomalies # 3,4 and 5 have straightened up somewhat in an area where there are signs that the dip is changing from westward to vertical.

It is encouraging to note that while the area of shellow overburden and early traching on JAY 1 shows interesting amount of copper mineralization, it did not give an anomaly above the spotstrength which we took as threshold. It is reasonable to assume that the anomalies as shown are due to a much stronger coppermineralization and therefore should indicate the presence of ore.

During the course of the soil-testing program which included other areas, some 6000 samples were taken and tested. It was found that clayey and calcareous soils in the area carry high saturations in copper which mean little for this fine-grained material may be carried far by water and apparently has an affinity for copper. It was learned that a shallow sampling horizon, such as just below the vegetal layer, will give samples that check when taken in flat or or comparatively flat ground. In coarse sandy or gravely soils the samples must be taken at a damp horizon or at 7 to 8" below the

surface. It was found that almost all swemps in the copper area are saturated and all drainage channels, whether active throughout the year or not carry high saturations fo copper in the low levels and on flood plains.

The anomalies which lie to the westward of Zone 2 lie along or near the crest of Roscoe Ridge. The soil is well drained and generally coarse in nature, being glacial debris filled with nigger-head boulders.

The area of the group apparently has a favourable structural and geological set-up for ore-making. The results of the soiltesting survey strengthen this conclusion. The area can be highly recommended for intensive exploration.

May 19th, 1959

The Chataway Mining Syndicate c/o Pacific Western Airlines, Kamloops, B.C.

- Swarght Mgr

W.S.R.

G.A.C.

G.H.M.

E.O.C. H.A.P.

R.D.S.

B.C.B.

E.L.D.

J.I.B.

E.C.J.

INTER-OFFICE CORRESPONDENCE

FROM Rod Macrae

TO E. O. Chishola Company

DATE May 27th, 1959

SUBJECT Chataway Lake
Synd. Siol-sampling
survey

MESSAGE

(TO BE COMPLETED IN TRIPLICATE)

Dear Ted:

Attached is a description of the Chataway Mining Syndicate's Northwest Group of 45 mineral claims together with a location map, claim outline, and a copy of the field map survey results, following two years of soil sampling.

Sid Wright, Mike Boyle, both formerly of Red Lake, , Jim Marshall, and a few others are the syndicate. Wright is responsible for the soil survey and the block of claims outlined are part of a 100 claim block that is held by location in the Chataway Lake area.

If you have the time to do so, Wright would like an opinion from you and any interpretation of the results of the survey. The sampling was done by Wright and Andyy Horne, and the Rubianic acid method for copper testing was used.

From questioning Sid, I understand the scale of figures one to five are arbitrarily chosen by him from experience in the area. He says that the figure one is the background or the value that any sample will give in the eastern side of the Guichon Batholith. The other figures, two to five are sample reults are that representative of increasing concentrations of copper ions. Wright cannot convert the scale to ppm so possibly not much can be done with this survey.

This block of claims is for sale. When I talked to Boyle 18 months ago, he was asking 15,000 dollars for the 100 odd claims plus an interest; but I do not think the property should be given any consideration until mineralization in place has been located.

The country is generally flat, with rolling ridges between the drainage system indicated on the consol. field map.

If you can do anything with this information, please pass it direct to:Syd Wright, Mgr

Chataway Lake Syndicate
Care Pacific Western Airlines, Ltd
Kamlopps B.C., marked personal

Geol ly. 262.

Roderick Macrae

