REPORT ON THE
ECONOMIC FEASIBILITY
OF THE

824538

ECHESTAKE PROPERTY

FOR

CANADIAN RESERVE OIL AND GAS LTD. 1600 - 639 FIFTH AVENUE SW CALGARY, ALBERTA

BY

ANGUS G. MacKENZIE MINING CONSULTANTS LTD.
9015 BAYCROFT ROAD SW
CALGARY, ALBERTA

DECEMBER 10, 1978

ANGLIC & MARKENITE MININE CONTOUTANTE LTO

IHDEX

	Page
SUPMARY	1
INTRODUCTION	3
PROPERTY	4
LOCATION AND ACCESS	6
TOPOGRAPHY AND GENERAL CONDITIONS	6
HISTORY	7
GENERAL GEOLOGY	7
OLD WORKING	8
SUMMARY OF GEOLOGY AND ORE CONTROL	10
COMPLETED UNDERGROUND EXPLORATION	12
SURVEYING	14
RAMPLING	14
METALLURGY	154
MILLING EQUIPMENT	151
SUMMARY FUTURE CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	er 15h
CAPITAL COST SUMMARY	16
UNDERGROUND DEVELOPMENT	17
STOPE PREPARATION	17
SERVICE BUILDING	18
POWER	18
MILL	18
TAILINGS DISPOSAL	18

INDEX (CONTINUED)

	Page
PATER BUPPLY	19
OFFICE EQUIPMENT, YARD SERVICES ETC	19
DRE AND WASTE HANDLING	19
MINING EQUIPMENT	20
VENTILATION	20
NET OPERATING VALUE PER TON OF ORE	21
SUMMARY OPERATING COST PER TON OF ORE	22
SUMMARY FUTURE OPERATING EXPENSES	23,24,25
SUMMARY FUTURE CAPITAL EXPENDITURES TOTAL	26
CONCLUSIONS	27,28
ECONOMIC ANALYSIS	er page 28
DECLARATION OF QUALIFICATION	29

LIST OF TABLES

			Page
TABLE	ı	ASSAYS After Page	13
TABLE	II	ORE RESERVE SUMMARY After Page	1.5b
TABLE	III	ORE RESERVE CALCULATION After Page	15b
	IV	ORE RESERVE CALCULATION After Page	15b
	v	ORE RESERVE CALCULATION After Page	15b
TABLE	VI	SUPPLARY ORE RESERVES AND ECONOMICS After Page	1.5b
		LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS	
FIG.	1	CLAIM MAP After Page	3
FIG.	2	INDEX MAP After Page	5
FIG.	3	PLAN UNDERGROUND WORKINGS	
		AND SAMPLING LOCATIONS After Page	13
TTO	4	GENERALIZED CROSS-SECTION After Page	26

SUMMARY

Kamad Silver Co. Ltd. (N.P.L.) hold five Crown Grant claims surrounded by 106 located claims about 54 miles northeast of Kamloops, British Columbia, near Squaam Bay, on the southeast shore of Adams Lake. The old Homestake mine is located near the center of the claims. The principle minerals are silver, lead, mine, barite with some copper and gold.

A diamond drilling and exploration program, both surface and underground, has outlined 877,734 tons of proven ore, 82,000 tons of probable ore and a very conservative 49,000 tons of possible ore. The gross value of the proven and probable ore at metal prices as of March 8, 1973 (Northern Miner) is \$ 47,017,960.

There are other areas of potential ore, especially on the northeast or down-dip side of the presently known ore bodies.

It is estimated that the gross value of the ore reserves before taxes is \$79.57 per ton and that a profit, before taxes of \$37.58 per ton is assured.

Metallurgical testing has been done on several lots of bulk samples from the ore zones and these tests have shown that the ore is amenable to differential flotation and that economic recoveries of various products can be made. Test work is continuing.

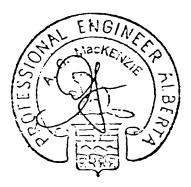
A new adit has been driven from about the 1750 or 1800 foot elevation, underneath the presently known ore bodies and collared in the vicinity of the mill site. A raise has been driven from this level to intersect the ore zones above and connect it to the present workings.

It is recommended that an initial 600 ton mill be erected with provisions built in for expansion.

Based on metallurgical testing, values used, a profit after taxes of \$18,68,161 (approx.) could be realized. Pay out of invested capital could be expected in the third year of an estimated ten year life for present known reserves.

As previously mentioned, the ore bodies are open to the northeast and extension is expected in this direction down-dip beyond the limits of the present Ore Reserve cut-off.

We have no hesitation in recommending an immediate start on bringing this property into production. We believe our estimates to be conservative and justified from the data evolving from the recently completed underground program and from previous data.



INTRODUCTION

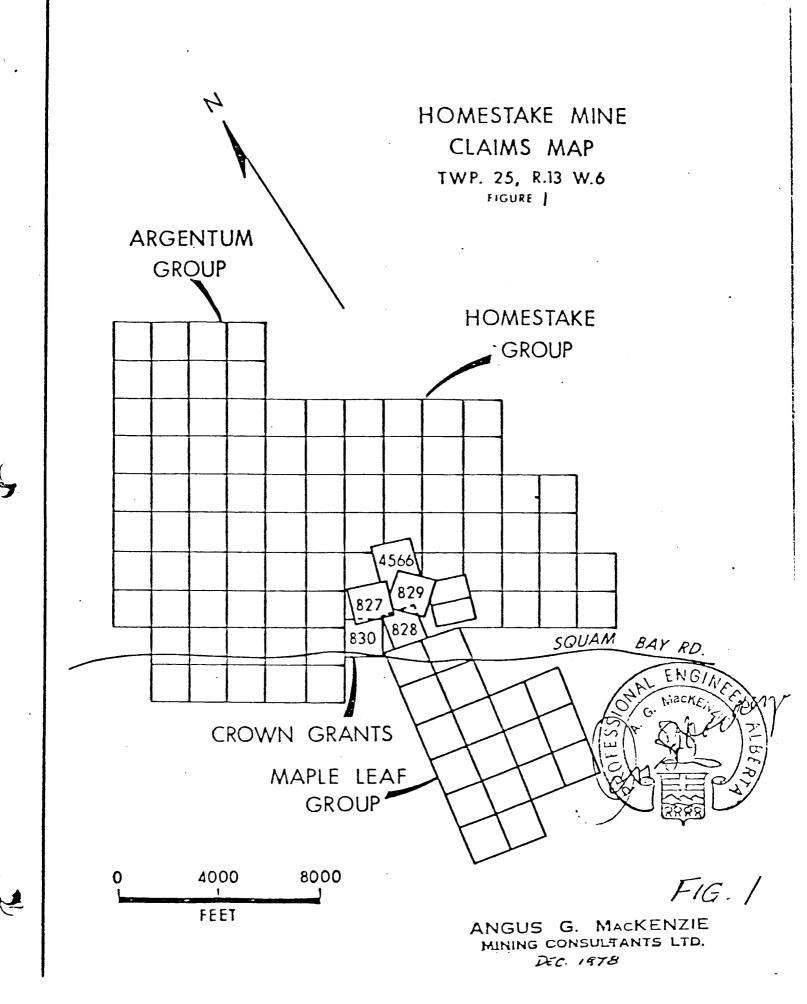
At the request of Mr. R. Bruce Bailey, President of Canadian Reserve Oil and Gas Ltd., Angus G. MacKenxie, P.Eng. and Angus G. MacKenxie Mining Consultants Ltd. revised and updated their Report on the Economic Feasibility of the Homestake Property for Kamad Silver Co. Ltd. (N.F.L.) dated March 28, 1973.

This report was reviewed, and based on new data available, and revised metal prices, the following Report constitutes an updated version of the 1973 Report.

Certain basic data, such as Diamond Drill Hole Data have been omitted as have some other basic data. These have not changed and are available in the 1973 report.

The mineral tax situation in British Columbia has been completely revised from the previous government fiasco and just recently the federal government have made some striking allowances to mining companies in the way of tax reductions and/or exemptions.

Haulage adit an additional 1.0 million tons could be added to the probable reserves (previous Diamond Drilling indicated its possibility) but are not used in this report, as insufficient data such as geologic plans and sections, assay plans, etc., were not available.



PROPERTY

Kamad Silvar Co. Ltd. (N.P.L.) hold one hundred and six contigious located claims, and fractions, plus five crown grant claims, grouped into three groups. The block forms an irregular oblong, ten claims deep (NS) on the west side, by thirteen claims (EW) on the south. The northern boundary forms a series of steps so that on the east side the claim block is only two claims deep. A block of eighteen claims project to the southeast from the middle of the southern boundary. (See Claim Map) The claims are registered in the Hining Recorders Office at Kamloops, British Columbia.

HAPLE LEAF GROUP

Troublesome	1.829	H #26		85806
Maple Leaf	L828	H #27		85807
E # 2	85782	H #28		85808
E # 3	85783	H #29		8580 9
E # 4	85784	H #30 .		85810
H # 5	85785	H #31		85811
H # 6	85786	H #32		85812
E # 7	85787	DELL #1		85777
H # 8	85788	DELL #2		85778
E # 9	85789	DELL #3		85779
H #10	85790	DELL #4	?	85780
H #21	85801	FRED FRACTION		84734
H #22	85802	FRED #1		84735
H #23	8580 3	FRED #2	•	84736
H #24	85804	RAY FRACTION		84737
H #25	85805			

BOHESTAKE CROUP

HOMESTAKE	L827	JOE ₫72	55680
SILVER STAR #1		JOE #75	55683
Fraction	IA566	JOE #78	55705
JOE #30	55646	KAM # 3	76654
JOE #47	55663	KAM # 5	76654
JOE #48	55664	KAH #13	76656
JOE #49	55665	KAM #15	76664
JOE ₹50	55666	KAH #17	7666 6
JOE #51	55667	MAX #12	76668
JOE #52	55668	HAX #13	76896
JOE #52	55669	MAX #14	76897
JOE #54	55670	MAX #15	76898
JOE #55	55671	HAX #24	76899
JOE #56	55672	MAX #25	76903
JOE #57	5567 3	MAX #26	76910
JOE #58	55674	MAX #27	76911
JOE #59	556 75	MAX #38	76921
JOE #60	55676	MAX #39	76922
JOE #61	55677	MAX #40	76923
JOE #62	55678	HAX #41	76924
		E #1 Fraction	85781

ARGENTUM GROUP

		_	
Argentum	L830	KAH 112	. 76663
B #11	85791	KAH #14	76665
H #12	85792	KAH ∮ 16	76667
E #13	85793	KAH #18	76669
H #144	85794	KAH #20	76671
H #15	85795	KAH #21	76672
H #16	85796	KAH #22	76673
H #17	85797	KAH #23	76674
H #18	85798	KAH #24	76675
H #19	85799	JOE #23	55639
H #20	85800	JOE #24	55640
KAM ∮1	76652	JOE ₹25	55641
KAH # 2	76653	JOE #26	55642
KAH # 4	76655	JOE #27	55643
KAM ∮ 6	76657	JOE #28	55644
KAH # 7	76658	JOE #29	55645
kan # 8	76659	JOE #71	55679
Kam # 9	76660	JOE #74	55682
KAM #10	76661	JOE #77	556 85
KAH #11	76662		

LOCATION AND ACCESS

The property is located in the Kamloops Mining District, near Adams Lake, British Columbia. It is reached by automobile along Highway \$5 from Kamloops to Louis Creek, a distance of about 30 miles, thence by gravel road for approximately 17 miles mast towards Squaam Bay. To reach the portal a sinuous road leads 1.5 miles up the steep north wall of the Sinmax Creek Valley, to an elevation of 2250. A small bridge is built across the Homestake Creek at the adit entrance.

TOPOGRAPHY AND GENERAL CONDITIONS

Sinmax Creek flows southeast on the floor of a "U" shaped valley at approximately 1,400 feet A.S.L. The valley floor rises gently to an approximate elevation of 1,700 feet A.S.L., then more steeply (35°) to an elevation of 3,000 feet A.S.L. Steep walls and bluffs rise to approximately 4,000 feet. Numerous freshettes and creeks tumble down the slopes. Overburden is generally minimal on the slopes, increasing to at least 100 feet in places along the toa.

The Sinmax Valley is in a semi-arid area. Farms on the valley floor irrigate fields during the summer months. Winter temperatures are normally 10° to 25° above zero, however, 35° below zero temperatures are not unknown. Summer highs reach 90° plus.

Water is available in Adams Lake, approximately four wiles east, or from a well drilled by CROG on a nearby farm. Power in the valley provides rural electrification which would have to be upgraded if used for a mining operation.

Labour is available within a radius of 20 miles, with the exception of skilled mining trades.

HISTORY

The property has been worked intermittently since 1890, mainly as a cobbing operation. The following tonnages have been reported as production.

- 1. Pre 1892 600 mine cars .04 oz/ton Au. 15 oz/ton Ag.
- 2. 1892 20 tons .79 oz/ton Ag.
- 3. 1926-1927 2,770 tons .09 ox/ton Au. 80 ox/ton Ag. 3% Pb. 8% Zn.

In 1935 a 50 ton par day mill processed an estimated 3,000 tons. Since 1935 numerous people have examined the property and written favourable reports, however, no production has resulted.

Mention is made of the property in numerous editions of the Yearly

Hinister of Mines Reports for the Province of British Columbia.

GENERAL GEOLOGY

The rocks in the area are members of the Adams Lake Series of the Shuswap Terrain. In the vicinity of the mine the main member is a quarts sericite talc schist. Bands of argillites overlay the sericites at higher elevations. Chloritic beds are present in the general ficinity. The general dip is northwest, varying from 15° to 40°.

Three main mones of mineralization occur as "veins" conforming to the dip of the bads. All contain barite, silver, chalcopyrite,

tetrahedrite, galans and sphalarite with some gold. Percentages of individual minerals vary independently.

The lower, barite rich, zone has been referred to by previous writers as the "barite vein". 15 to 20 feet, above and nearly parallel to it, is what has been named the "quartz schist vein" or "Pay Streak". These veins are from 24 inches to eight feet thick. We refer to these veins as the 500 zone. The 300 and 400 veins lie 125 feet above the 500. They contain all minerals found in the 500. Thicknesses very from four feet to 25 feet.

It is believed that all three veins have been cut off on the east by a fault which now forms the channel for Homestake Creek. Minor faulting and bed slippage is noted in the area, both on surface and in the drill core.

Quartz veins cut through the beds. Sulphide mineralization is common in the quartz.

Bands of pyrite mineralization are common throughout the area.

OLD WORKINGS

A plan of the old workings is shown as part of Figure 3 They consist of two parallel drifts leading into the ore bodies from a 150 foot adit cross-cut. The more easterly follows the hanging well quartz vein.

Stoping for some 80 to 90 feet up-dip was carried out from this level.

A 150 foot deep winze was sunk from a point about one half way along. Total length of the quartz drift is some 190 feet. Stoping length at drift level is 120 feet.

The footwall drift, following the barite vein is about 15 feet southwest of the quartz drift. No stoping was carried out from this opening, however, raises penetrate the intervening rock, and chutes were built, apparently to draw stope muck from the quartz vain stope. Total length of the footwall barite drift is 220 feet. A short winze, apparently following the barite vain down-dip, was sunk about 40 feet from the end.

At least two of the raises penetrate to surface.

The main fault which cuts off the ore on the southeast can be seen near the beginning of each drift.

SUMMARY OF GEOLOGY AND ORE CONTROL

Paulting

Mineralization appears to be controlled by drag or cross folding associated with movement along the main 2250 fault zone and centered within favourable stratigraphic contacts. The 2250 fault zone strikes N15°E, dips to the southwest, and is the dominant structural feature within the mine area. Some of the best and thickest one zones occur near the west side of this fault and cut off to the east, with the exception of the 500 zone exposed in the older workings, which is mineralized on both sides at the 2250 fault. It appears that the 2250 fault has had both pre and post one movement and has served as a plumbing system for one replacement. The possibility of finding one on the east side of this fault is excellent.

There are also zones or a zone of low angle (15° to 40°) faults striking N45°E which appear to displace the 300 and 400 ore zone over short distances. This fault zone can be observed in both the 2236 Raise and the 2217 Raise.

A clear structural interpretation is further complicated by movement along the foliation and/or bedding planes. While individual displacements are usually less than a foot, the "shingle effect" over a large area is considerable.

Folding

Folding has been observed throughout the mine workings. The axes for the folding is northwest asymmetrical in section and probably related to

movement along the 2250 fault. The variation in widths within the ore zone are probably related to the axes and troughs of these drag folds.

Mineralization

The principal mineral assemblage is tetrahedrite, proustite, galena, sphalerite, chalcopyrite and pyrite. Mineralization occurs as clots and fine grained network and bands in a barite and silicified some. The ribbon structure and banding occur in the silicified and barite some suggest progressive replacement along planes of weakness.

The most obvious mineral soning is the occurrence of ruby silver (proustite) in both foot and hanging walls of the ore somes.

of interest are the high grade hanging wall vains above the 300 sone. These vains occur as discontinuous lenticular masses, and range from fine grained, dissemination to massive sulphides. These lenses appear to replace a relatively narrow horizon immediately above the 300 zone. It is however, apparently continuous throughout as it appears in the 2240 Raise and can be traced up-dip as far as the 2250 sub-drift and has been reported at the end of the surface 300 adit in older reports.

COMPLETED UNDERGROUND EXPLORATION

The following underground advances have been made since April 1, 1972. The advances cover drifting, slashing, cross-cutting, raising and dismond drilling.

Drifting

2203 Drift	429 feet
2239 East Drift	106 feet
2262 Sub-Drift	90 feet
2240 Drift	330 feet
1750 Haulage Adit	1910 feet
	2,865 feet

Cross-Cutting

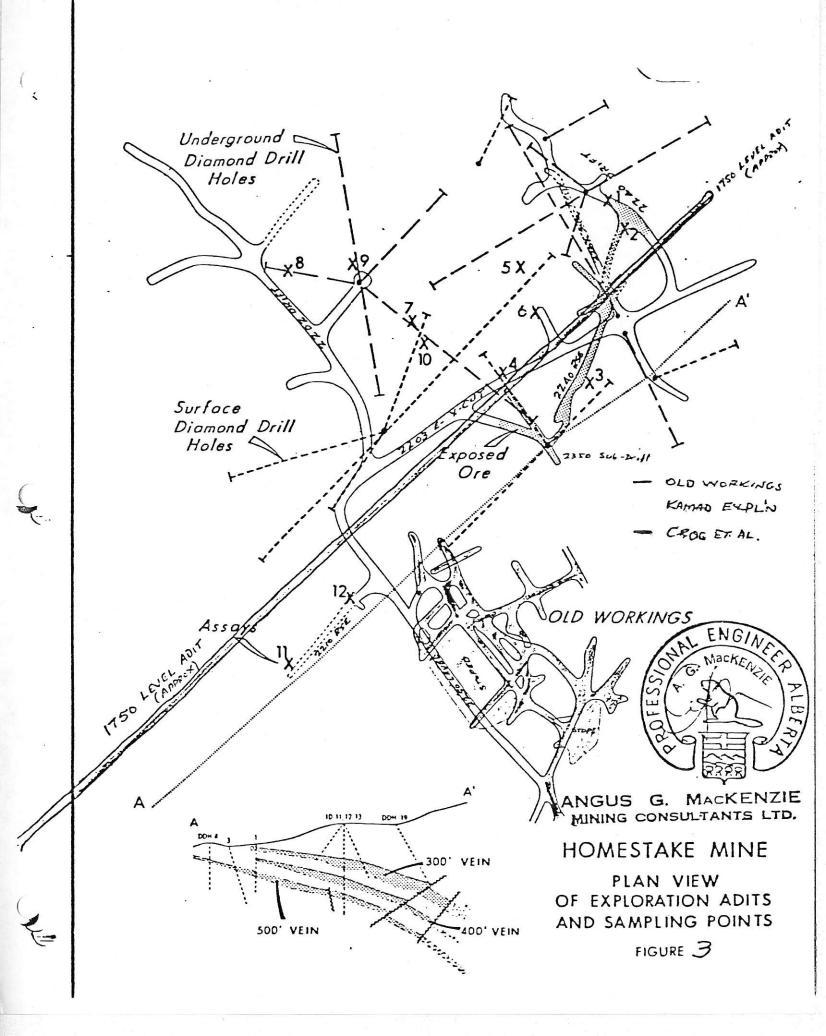
2202 Drift #1 Cross-Cut	50 Iest
2202 Drift #2 Cross-Cut	70 feet
2202 Drift #3 Cross-Cut	108 feet
	228 feet

Slashing

2240 Drift	3,680 cu. ft.
2203 Cross-Cut	2,160 cu. ft.
2203 Drift	2,250 cu. ft.
2202 Drift #3 Cross-Cut	384 cu. ft.
2240 Raise	4,595 cu. ft.
	13.069 cu. ft.

Raising

2240 Raise	325 feet
2217 Raise	57 feat
2210 Raise	200 feat
1750 Raise	450 feet
	1,032 feat
Diamond Drilling (Underground)	
v-1	.205 feat
U-2	135 feet
U-3	253 feet
U-4	246 feet
U-5	186 feat
U-6	152 feet
u-7	103 feet
U-8	170 feet
U-9	300 feet
U-10	135 feet
U-11	139 feet
U-12	163 feat
U-13	130 feet
U-14	365 feet
U-15	203 feet
U-16	100 feet
U-17	200 feet
U-18	250 feet
	3,435 feet



1.	Assay (6 ft	:.)
	BaSO4 24	.33%
	. Ag 3	3.28 oz/ton
	Cu	.09% -
	Pb	.24%
	zn 1	.09%
	•	
2.	Assay (6.5	ft.)
• •	BaSO ₄ 45	.42%
*	Ag 4	.48 oz/ton
•	Cu	.11%
	Pb	.37%
	Zn	.68%
٠.		
	Avg. Assav	(16 ft.) :
	BaSO ₄ 22	.60%
	Ag 3	.0 oz/ton
: .	Cu	.11%
. To	Pb	.99%
	Zn	.87%
4.	.Avg. Assav	(20 ft.)
	BaSO _A 32	.76%

200	Ag	4.48 oz/ton
	Cu	.11%
· . •	Pb	.37%
	Zn	.68%
٠		•
. 3.	Avg. Assav	(16 ft.) .
•		2.60%
		3.0 oz/ton
: .	Cu	.11%
	Pb	.99%
	Zn	.87%
4.	Avg. Assav	(20 ft.)
	BaSO ₄ 3	2.76%
	Ag .	8.53 oz/ton
•	Cu .	.18%
	Pb	.63%
	Zn :	1.19%
		•
5.	Avg. Assav	(46 ft.)
¥		5.15%
	:	3.67 oz/ton
		.58%
	Pb :	3.22%
	Zn .	5.278
	: `	
·6.	Avg. Assay	(50 ft.)
	BaSO ₄ 43	2.0%
	Ag	4.09 oz/ton
		0.14%
	Pb (0.89%
		1.72%

<i>'</i> •	AVG. 7	1550	-	(24	11.
	BaSO4		13	.18	٤
	·Au			.22	oz/ton
	yà	•	16	.51	oz/ton
	Cu		1	.62	8
	Pb		7	.319	
	Zn		15	.629	Ė

8.	Avg.	Assay (3.	5 ft.)
•	Ag	11.9	oz/ton
	Cu	. 38	3%
	Pb	2.09	·- £
•	Zn	2.28	8 .

9.	Avg.	Assav	(19.	7	ft.,	U-8)
•					,.	
	Ag		5.5	oz,	/ton	
-	Cu	1	1.04%	•		
	Pb	•	5.9%			
*	Zn	11	1.0%		•	
					12	

⊥•	Assay	(5.	5 ft.)		
	BaSO4		1.26%		
	Ag		0.15	oz/ton	
	Cu				
	Pb		0.20%		
2	Zn		0.36%		
		•			

2.	Assay	(1.7 ft.)	
	BaSO4	34.8%	
	Ag ·	4.23 oz/ton	
	Cu	0.10%	
	Pb	0.54%	
	Zn	1.06%	
8			

Dinmond Drilling (Surface)

\$24	Vertical	428 feet
1 25	Vertical	512 feet
# 26	Vertical	.498 feet
# 27	Vertical	400 feet
∮ 28	Vertical	. 500 feet
		2,392 feet

SURVEYING

During this period the entire new underground workings were surveyed by G. E. Carraway and tied in to the surface control put in by the Land Surveyors in 1969, so that all underground and surface technical data are now tied in.

Routine surveying for line and grade were done as required by the Consulting Engineer's staff.

SAMPLING

A considerable amount of channel and chip sampling was done to check out mineralization in the various headings. It should be pointed out here that our sampling was done primarily with the idea in mind of checking out gross mineralization rather than pure sampling on the vein. For example, samples taken in the 2202 drift were cut from the back to the floor at five foot intervals and sometimes at ten foot intervals, while the obvious width of the 500 vein some in this area averaged about 3½ to four feet. Several check samples were taken on the width of the vein itself but our prime

objective was to try and find out what had happened to the barite borison on the strike extension of the old workings.

More drilling was required in this area and it was done from the 2202 #2 cross-cut. This drilling and the sampling in the 2203 drift confirmed the western limits of the various ore bodies as they raked down-dip.

This and other structural problems have been discussed in more detail in another part of this report.

MIGHE C MESKENSIE MINING CONCINTANTE I TO

METALLURGY

When we initiated our original Fessibility Study we understood that complete new bulk sample testing results would be made available to us, but on a larger scale than the Bethlehem Copper Bench Tests conducted in 1970.

However, up to the time of compilation of our report of March 27, 1973, we had not received any really usuable data from M & S Contractors Limited, with the exception of an overall estimate of total milling costs and incomplete metallurgical data on several tests.

Therefore, for purposes of evaluation and the compilation of this Feasibility Study, we have utilized the summarized technical data from the Bethlehem Copper reports regarding the products obtained by flotation and the various concentration ratios established by their testing.

Preliminary reports, in the form of a meeting in Timmins and subsequent telephone conversations indicate that better results can be obtained than in the Bethlehem tests. Therefore, we feel quite confident that the values derived by the use of the Bethlehem figures will be on the conservative side. We understand that Canadian Reserve have had subsequent tests done by Britton, the results of which we do not have and believe they would approximate our assumptions.

General!

The Homestake ore contains barite, silver as a sulphide or sulpharsenide, free silver, tetrahedrite, galena, sphalerite, pyrite and alumina. Three different sones of mineralization occur as three separate ore bodies, the 300, 400 and 500 zones. They vary somewhat in mineralogy, especially in the barite-sulphide ratio.

Ore reserve estimates indicate an estimated average mill hand of the following assay:

	BESO	Ag.02	Au.oz.	Cu.I	Pb.I	Zn.Z
500 Zone	43.75	5.00	0.015	0.18	0.90	1.61
400 Zone E	31.49	6.09	0.021	0.15	0.72	1.20
400 Zone W		4.52	0.040	0.29	3.76	6.61
300 Zona	24.5	8.53	0.037	0.46	2.05	3.51

Metallurgical testing indicates that flotation is satisfactory. Concentration ratios of 10:1 and better have been achieved. At the rate of 300 tons per day an economic quantity of sulphide concentrate (bulk) or separate sulphide concentrates as well as a clean, high grade barits concentrate can be produced.

Milling Equipment

A standard type sulphide flotation plant would be used with a possible addition of extra drying and bagging facilities. Since preliminary arrangements have been made by Kanad Silver Co. Ltd. (N.P.L.) with M & S Contractors Limited of Timmins, Ontario, for the supply of a suitable mill, there is no need to detail the mill equipment in this report. Suffice to say that it would cost an estimated \$2,000,000 plus an additional \$50,000 for tailings disposal and an additional \$55,000 for water supply. Power has been estimated at \$276,625, most of which will be utilized by the mill. The major part of the milling capital cost would therefore amount to around \$2,381,625.

SUMMARY OF FUTURE CAPITAL EXPENDITURES BASED ON 600 TONS/DAY AR OF NOVEMBER 30, 1978 ANGUE G, MACKENZIE MINING CONSULTANTS LTD.

1. Tailings and waste Disposel systems:

	(a) Engineering & Gov't. Report \$ 57,900 (b) Installation \$173,700	\$ 231,600
2.	Electrical Power - Lead time (4 months)	92,640
3.	Water supply - pumps, line, etc.	108,852
4.	Mannay Raise	115,800
5.	Extension of adit	92,640
6.	Mining Equipment, incl. ore trammer	231,600
7.	Camp for personnel or alternate	115,800
8.	Cost of mill and reagents	2,315,000
9.	Ore Haulage to R.R.	17,370
10.	Hiring of Mill Superintendent	28,950
11.	Shot-creting rest of adit	11,580
12.	Surfacing haulage adit	11,580
13.	Production permit from B.C. Gov't	11,580
14.	Purchase of small bulldoser and truck	127,380
15.	Buildings, etc.	405,300
16.	Dryer	173,700
		4,092,372
	Contingency, add 15%	613,856
		\$4,706,228
	Canadian Reserve 50%	\$2,353,114

CAPITAL COST SUMMARY .

1.	Underground Development (Adit, Stope Preparation and Raising)	\$	305,403.00
2.	Service Building and Power Supply		276,625.00
3.	м11	2	,011,065.00
4.	Tailings Disposal		33,195.00
5.	Water Supply		49,792.00
6.	Office and Equipment		27,663.00
7.	Yard Services		55,325.00
8.	Inventory (Bits, Tools, Spare Parts, etc.)		31,600.00
9.	Allowance for Mill Modification after Start-Up		38,728.00
10.	Yard and Surface Equipment		22,130.00
11.	Ore and Weste Handling (Conveyor, Bins, Tramming, etc.)	!	139,965.00
12.	Mining Equipment		28,726.00
13.	Air and Ventilation		57,552.00
14.	Hobile Living Facilities		78,106.00
15;	Contingencies - 15%		473,389.00
16.	Sales Tax - 7.5%		236,694.00
17.	Environmental and Pollution Control - 15%		473,389.00
	TOTAL CAPITAL COST	\$4	,394,873.00

^{*} Recalculated using Statistics Canada data, rate of inflation etc.

1. UNDERGROUND DEVELOPMENT

Main Adit Rehabilitate 2100' & estimated \$26 per ft. TOTAL	\$ 53,000.00	\$ 55,000.00
Exising 2 Compartment Service Raise partitioned, slides and ladders 6' x 10' 495' @ \$105 per ft. Estimate 50' Timber Support @ \$56 per ft. TOTAL	\$ 51,975.00 2,800.00	\$ 54,725.00
Ore Pass Rehabilitate € \$50 per ft. 518' x \$50 per ft. TOTAL	\$ 25,900.00	\$ 25,900.00
Access X-cuts between Ore Pass and Service Raise 5' x 7' x 135' @ \$79.60 per ft. TOTAL	\$ 10,746.00	\$ 10,746.00
Access to 2250 Level 5' x 7' 100' @ \$91.40 per ft. TOTAL	\$ 9,140.00	\$ 9,140.00
Contingencies for Rock Bolting and Slashing - Estimate TOTAL	\$ 11,580.00	\$ 11,580.00
Stope Preparation 300 Vein 400 Vein 500 Vein Development Raises and Lateral work plus Escape and Ventilation Raise to surface Estimate TOTAL	\$138,313.00	\$138,313.00
		•
RALL TOTAL		\$305,403.00

2. SERVICE BUILDING

A building 120' x 40' is recommended to house the shops, dry, warehouse, power distribution panels, etc.

Building	\$ 46,473.00
Shop Equipment	13,275.00
Dry Equipment	5,533.00
Standby Power Unit	13,275.00
Warehouse Equipment	4,425.00
Transformers and Electrical	27,663.00

TOTAL \$ 110,653.00

Power

B.C. Hydro has indicated that they will supply power, however, no agreement has been signed. The estimate covers funds to supply a connected lead of 1500 H.P.

Estimate \$ 165,975.00

TOTAL \$ 165,975.00

OVERALL TOTAL \$ 276,649.00

3. MILL

As per Parsons-Jurdem
600 TPD Mill with Assay Office \$2,000,000.00
Freight \$11,065.00

TOTAL \$2,011,065.00

OVERALL TOTAL \$2,011,065.00

4. TAILINGS DISPOSAL

This is an estimated cost for dewatering and stacking equipment for dry tailings storage - Estimate \$ 33,195.00

OVERALL TOTAL \$ 33,195.00

5.	WATER SUPPLY This estimate is based on a 4" pipel	line			
	from Adams Lake and includes				
	pipeline, pumps, storage tank, etc Estimate	•	40 701 00		
	etc Estimate	\$	49,792.00		
OVE	RALL TOTAL			<u></u>	49,792.00
6.	OFFICE AND EQUIPMENT				
	This estimate covers a small office				
	at the mine site for normal business				
	and engineering functions				
	- Estimate	\$	27,663.00		
OVE	RALL TOTAL			\$	27,663.00
7.	YARD SERVICES				
	This item includes power lines,				
	water and sewer, road clearing,				
	etc Estimate	\$	55,325.00		
OVE	RALL TOTAL			\$	55,325.00
10.	YARD AND SURFACE EQUIPMENT				
	Includes 4 Wheel Drive pick-ups,				
	•	\$	22,130.00		
OVE	RALL TOTAL			*	22,130.00
11.	ORE AND WASTE HANDLING				
	Hain Conveyor, 2200' x 24" wide	\$	44,614.00		
	Loading Chute and By-Pass		4,426.00		
	100' Covering (Outside Adit)		554.00		
	Stacking Conveyor, 20° x 24" wide		1,660.00		
	Storage Bins -				
	20' x 20' x 30' - Coarse Ore				
	10' x 10' x 30' - Waste		8,300.00		
	2 Eimco 912 LHD (New)				
	€ \$36,000		79,668.00		
	Freight		449.00		
OVE	RALL TOTAL			\$	139,665.00

12.	MINING EQUIPMENT Listed equipment is for one stope 2 Jacklegs @ \$1,350 3, 7/8" x 8' Steel @ \$.75 per ft. 4 Tapered Bits, Carbide Inserts @ \$5 2 Airline Oilers	\$ 2,988.00 19.92 22.13 66.00	
	 2, 50' lengths Coupled Air Hose @ \$115 per cu. foot 12' lengths 1" Lubricator Hose @ \$20.34 each 50' lengths 1" Water Hose, 	127.25 45.01	
	Coupled @ \$75 per cu. foot 1 Rock Bolt Adapter for JackLeg 2, 8" Blocks @ \$30 each 1 Double Drum Slusher, Used 1, 36" Scraper Used	83.00 22.13 66.00 1,660.00 221.00	·
	200 ¹ 7/16" Wire Rope @ \$31.14 per cu. foot	\$ 69.00 5,389.44	
	Plus 7% Sales Tax	\$ 377.28 5,766.72	
ove	RALL TOTAL - 4 Stopes and 1 Development Crew		\$ 28,726.00
13.	AIR AND VENTILATION		
	Air 1 2500 CFM Compressor 2 Receivers @ \$2,000 800' 6" Pipe @ \$1.30 per foot 1000' 2" Pipe @ \$.35 per foot Valves, Couplings, etc. Site Preparation and Housing	\$ 44,260.00 4,426.00 1,459.00 387.28 1,020.75 2,213.00	·
	TOTAL		\$ 53,458.03
	Ventilation 1 24" Fan @ \$350 each, Used 4 12" Fans @ \$250 each, Used 600' 12" Neoprene Vent Pipe @ \$150 per cu. foot 500' 24" Neoprene Vent Pipe @ \$2.60 per cu. foot Accessories	\$ 387.28 1,106.50 995.85 1,438.45 165.98	
	TOTAL		\$ 4,094.05
OVE	TALL TOTAL		\$ 57,552.09

NET OPERATING VALUE PER TON OF ORE

FOR 600 TPD OPERATION

1. Gross Value per ton of ore at 90% Recovery

		907 Assay	Unit Price	Value Per Ton of Ore
	Ba SO	24.52	\$24.01/ton	\$ 5.88
	Ag	5.38	6.86/oz.	36.91
	Au	0.022	217.00/oz.	4.77
	Cu	0.25	0.84/1Ъ.	4.20
	Pb	1.32	0.38/1b.	10.03
	Zn	2.28	0.39/1b.	17.78
			TOTAL:	\$79.57
2.	Operation	ng Cost per Ton	•	
	s: W K	e Operating Cost pupervision and Admorking Crews sterials, Equipments	inistration \$ 1.37 6.55 at, Services 5.30	
			TOTAL	\$ 16.82 per ton
		1 Operating Cost p		\$ 6.75 per ton
	c. Sme	lter and Transport	cation Charges \$10.57	
			TOTAL	\$ 10.57 per ton
	d. Bar	ite Bagging and Fr	reight \$ 5.16	
			TOTAL	\$ 5.16 per ton
	e. Har	kating Sulphide Co	oncentrate \$ 1.10	
			TOTAL	\$ 1.10 per ton
	f. Dry	ing Concentrate	\$.36	
			TOTAL	\$.36 per ton
	g. Ove	rhead \$9,500 per :	month \$ 1.23	
		-	TOTAL	\$ 1.23 per ton
			TOTAL OPERATING COS	\$ 41.90 per ton

Gross Operating Profit (Before Taxes) per Ton of Ore

\$ 37.58

TABLE VI

SUMMARY OF RESERVES AND ECONOMICS

PROVEN AND PROBABLE AND TOTAL POTENTIAL ORE RESERVES

HOMESTAKE PROPERTY, B.C.

CANADIAN RESERVE OIL AND GAS LTD.

DECEMBER, 1978

	GROSS RESERVES				W.I. CASH FLOW		
	Gross Tons	Net (1) Tons	NET INCOME	CAPITAL EXPENDITURES	UNDISCOUNTED	DISCOUNTED @ 10%/ann.	
Proved and Probable	1,056,000	528,000	18,681,161	4,706,228	18,681,161	16,233,9	
Total Potential	2,056,000	1,056,000	37,362,322	4,706,228	37,362,322	22,689,017	

NOTES: (1) Working Interest Reserves

(2) Assumed Injection of Additional Capital if Reserves Double

Tan. 11.

SUMMARY

OPERATING COST PER TON OF ORE

ESTIMATE AS OF NOVEMBER 30, 1978

BY

ANGUS G. MACKENZIE MINING CONSULTANTS LTD.

			Per Ton
Mina Ope			
(a)	Supervision and Administration	\$1.37	
(P)	Working Crews	6.55	
(c)	Materials, equipment services	5.30	
(b)	Exploration and development	3.60	
	TOTAL		\$16.82
H111 Ope	rating Cost		6.75
Smelter	and Transportation Charges		10.57
Barite -	bagging costs		5.16
Marketin	g Sulphides		0.36
Drying			1.10
Overhead			1.23
	TOTAL OPERATING COST		\$41.99

SUPPART OF FUTURE OPERATING EXPENSES BASED ON 600 TONS/DAY

AS OF NOVEMBER 30, 1978

M

ANCUS G. HackEMZIZ MINING CONSULTANTS LTD.

1. MINE OPERATING COST

a.	Supervision and Administration	
	1 Mine Manager & \$98 per day 3 Shift Foremen & \$81 per day 1 Engineer/Geologist & \$90 per day 1 Surveyor & \$58 per day 1 Surveyor's Helper & \$41 per day 1 Accountant & \$58 per day 1 Warehouseman & \$46 per day	\$ 98.00 243.00 90.00 58.00 41.00 58.00 46.00
	Plus 30% Payroll cost	\$ 634.00 190.00
	Total cost per day	\$ 824.00
	Cost per ton	\$ 1.37
ъ.	Working Crews	
	Mining: Four 2-man crews, 3 shifts & \$70/man shift	\$1680.00
	Bonus @ \$1.00/ton	600.00
	Development: One 2-man crew, 2 shifts @ \$70/man shift Transing: 1 man, 2 shifts @ \$70	280.00
	per man shift	140.00
	Haintenance: 2 mechanics @ \$70 per man shift 2 labourers @ \$46/man	140.00
	shift (2 shifts)	184.00
		\$3024.00
	Plus 30% payroll cost	907.00
	Total cost per day	\$3931.00
	Cost per ton	\$ 6.55

TABLE II

ORE RESERVE SUHMARY

PROVEN ORE

ZONE	TORS	INDICATED VALUE	GROSS VALUE
300, 400 East, 400 Wast, 500	877,734	\$ 79.57	\$69,841,294
	PROBABL	X ORK	
300, 400 East, 400 West, 500	82,000	\$ 79.57	\$ 6,524,740
TOTAL PROVEH AND PROBABLE ORE	959,734	\$ 79.57	\$76,366,034
	POSSIBL	E ORE	
300, 400, 500*	1,049,000	\$ 79.57 (discou \$ 63.66 (usa)	\$66,779,340

NOTES:

- 1. 500* additional estimated ore cut in 1750 ore pass raise estimated by R. Goring
- 2. Values are in Canadian Funds from Northern Miner Nov., 1978
- 3. Barita value taken from X & MJ October, 1978 issue
- 4. Tonnage factor from S.G. = 9.5 cm. foot per ton
- 5. It is assumed the 3,000 tons of old mill tailings have been lost and are here discounted
- 6. All previous back-up data, plans, sections, etc. are available in Harch, 1973 ore reserve estimate and are not reproduced here

	c. Materials	, Equipment and Services					
	Explosiv	ves, 1.516 per ton = 910 1b	£.				
		6 \$47 per CWT	\$	428.00			
	Blasting	caps, 300 @ \$38/hundred		114.00			
	Steel,	15' per day € \$1.10/foot		16.50			
	Bits, av	verage life 500', \$5.00 per					
	-	bit, 4,000 ft. day		40.00			
	Rock bo	lts, timbers, straps		156.00			
	Repairs			42.00			
	Puel - 1	120 gals. diesel @ \$0.52		63.00			
		100 gals. gasolina @ \$0.83		83.00			
		Lubrication		21.00			
	Power Te	equirements - 1,500 H.P. =					
		1120 KW; KWH = 1120×24	x .75				
		= 20,170 KW @ \$0.11 KWH	_				
		(estimated)	2	2215.00	_		
	Total co	ost per day.	\$3	3181.50	_		
	Cost per	r ton	\$	5.30	_		
	d. Exploration	on and Development					
	Diamond	Drilling (per ton)	\$	1.50			
		ment (per ton)	•	2.10			
	•						
	Cost per	ton	\$	3.60			
2.	MILL OPERATING	C COSTS					
	Cost per		\$	6.75			
	oode per		¥	0.75			
3.	SMELTER AND TI	RANSPORTATION CHARGES					
	Silver	10% + 5 cz/ton	\$	39.04			
	Go1d	5 %	•	1.78			
	Copper	1.3 units		17.41			
	Lead	3 units		10.04			
	Zinc	8 units		34.82			
	,		\$	103.09	_		
		Basic Charge		50.40			
		Freight and Dock		16.60			
		As/Sb Allowable		3.87			
		Sulphur Allowable		2.21			
			\$	176.17	per	ton of	Concentrate

At 36 tons of Concentrate per day = \$6,342.65 or \$10.57 per ton of ore.

4. BARITE BAGGING AND FREIGHT

Barite Concentrate Production

24.52% x 600 TPD = \$ 147.12 tons per day

2960 Baga @ \$30 = 888.00

Freight @ \$15 per ton = 2206.80

Total \$3094.80

Cost per ton of ore \$ 5.16

5. MARKETING BULPHIDE CONCENTRATE

Figure based on fee of \$2 per ton of Concentrate at 36 tons per day.

6. OVERHEAD (Per Month)

1.	Beating	\$1050.00
2.	Building, repair, roads, anow	
	removal, etc.	2075.00
3.	Communication	470.00
4.	Travel	1050,00
5.	Head Office and Management	10370.00
6.	Miscellaneous	2075.00
Cos	t per sonth	\$17,090.00
Cos	t par ton of Ore	\$ 1.71

SUMMARY OF FUTURE CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

BASED ON 600 TONS/DAY

AS OF HOVENBER 30, 1978

BY

ANGUS G. MACKENZIE HINING CONSULTANTS LTD.

1. Tailings and Waste Disposal systems:

	(a) Engineering and Government Report	\$ 57,900			
	(b) Installation	173,700	\$ 231,600		
2.	Electrical Power - Lead time (4 months)		92,640		
3.	Water Supply - pumps, line, etc.		108,852		
4.	Hanvay Raise		115,800		
5.	Extension of adit		92,640		
6.	Mining Equipment, incl. ore traxmer		231,600		
7.	Camp for personnel or alternate		115,800		
8.	Cost of mill and reagents		2,316,000		
9.	Ore Haulage to R.R.		17,370		
10.	Eiring of Hill Superintendent		28,950		
11.	Shot-creting rest of adit		11,580		
12.	Surfacing haulage adit		11,580		
13.	Production permit from B.C. Government		11,580		
14.	Purchase of small bulldozer and truck		127,380		
15.	Buildings, etc.		405,300		
16.	Dryer		173,700		
		84,092,372			
	Contingency, add 15%				
			\$4,706,228		

COECLUSIONS

The Homestake property of Komad Silver Co. Ltd. (H.P.L.) contains 877,734 tons of proven ore and 82,000 tons of probable ore, containing barita, silver, copper, lead, sinc and possibly alumina, which can be economically mined by underground methods and treated in a standard flotation mill.

Additional sones of mineralization could almost double the presently estimated reserves with further underground work.

\$4.71 million will be required to put the property into production and provide sufficient working capital to operate until revenue is obtained from the sale of products.

Revenue, after deducting direct operating costs, freight, overhead, cost of sales, most taxes, and depreciation is estimated at \$11.5 million.

It will require about 11 or 12 months to complete the underground development and plant construction.

Since the ore dips an average of around 30°, a simple modification of breast and pillar stoping looks like the best mining method for this type of ore body. Some support will be required in all stopes.

Metallurgical tests, past and current, indicate that a clean bulk sulphide concentrate can be produced by flotation. They also indicate that separate sulphide concentrates of Pb., Zn., and Cu. can be produced as well as a premium grade of barite.

The recently completed underground program of diamond drilling, development and exploration drifting, raising, etc. have clearly outlined the lateral limits of the one mones as far down-dip as the collar of the

HOMESTAKE MINE CROSS SECTIONAL VIEW OF MAIN ADIT AND VERTICAL PASSES FIGURE 4 30° SLOPE ADIT +3% SLOPE PORTAL LEVEL - 1900'-APPR PRESENT FACE 1750 HAULAGE ADIT. MILL SITE Nev. 1978

ANGUS G. MACKENZIE MINING CONSULTANTS LTD.

2240 raise. The ore zones, 300, 400 and 500 were cut in several diamond drill boles on the down-dip side and further extension of these zones down-dip to the northeast is practically assured.

We are satisfied that we have produced a realistic and conservative ore Reserve Estimate and feel that our Economic Feasibility Study produces factual figures generally regarding the Homestake Property of Kamad Silver Co. (H.P.L.).

We have no hisitation in recommending that an immediate start be made to bring this property into production, at a proposed 600 ton per day rate of production.

Angus G. Harkenzie, Fingo

Calgary, Alberta

TABLE V/

SUMMARY OF RESERVES AND ECONOMICS

PROVEN AND PROBABLE AND TOTAL POTENTIAL ORE RESERVES

HOMESTAKE PROPERTY, B.C.

CANADIAN RESERVE OIL AND GAS LTD.

DECEMBER, 1978

	GROSS R	ESERVES			W.I CASH FL	
	Gross Tons	Net (1) Tons	NET INCOME	CAPITAL EXPENDITURES	UNDISCOUNTED	DISCOUNTED @ 10%/ann.
Proved and Probable	1,056,000	528,000	18,681,161	4,706,228	18,681,161	16, 233,9.
Total Potential	2,056,000	1,056,000	37,362,322	4,706,228	37,362,322	22,689,017

NOTES: (1) Working Interest Reserves

(2) Assumed Injection of Additional Capital if Reserves Double

Tan. 1. 1/1

	GROSS PRODUCTION		NET (2)	GROSS (3) OPERATING	OPERATING .	NET D	
YEAR	TONS/YEAR	CUMULATIVE	NET (2) PRODUCTION TONS/YEAR	INCOME \$	COST (4)	NET INCOME \$	F
1980	192,000	192,000	96,000	7,639,720	3,016,320	4,623,400	
1981	192,000	384,000	96,000	7,639,720	3,016,320	4,623,400	,
1982	192,000	576,000	96,000	7,639,720	3,016,320	4,623,400	
1983	192,000	768,000	96,000	7,639,720	3,016,320 Taxable Inc.	4,623,400 3,083,808	. 1
1984	192,000	960,000	96,000	7,639,720	3,016,320 Taxable Inc.	4,623,400 3,083,808	. 1
1985	96,000	1,056,000	48,000	3,819,360	1,508,160 Taxable Inc.	2,311,700 1,541,904	
	1,056,000	2	528,000	42,017,960	16,589,760	21,519,720	-

NOTES:

- (1) 600 Tons per day
- (2) Canadian Reserve working interest 50%
- (3) Gross value of ore \$79.577 ton 169.2.9
- (4) Operating cost \$31.42/ton .V
- (5) B.C. Taxes estimated as follows:
 - (a) according to mining association B.C. first 3 years are
 - (b) after 3 years 57% on gross as taxable income = appro
- (6) Metal prices Northern Miner Nov., 78.

Copper \$0.84/1b.

Gold \$217.00/oz.

Silver \$ 6.86/oz.

Lead \$ 0.38/1b.

Zinc \$ 0.39/1b.

Barite \$ 0.012/1b.

- (7) Capital expenditure does not include previous expenditures
- (8) Discounted Using
 Hoskold Formula, Tables
 From Peele Mining Engineers Handbook 1
 Parks Examination and Evaluation

Y, B. C. AND GAS LTD. ORE RESERVES

NOVEMBER 30, 1978 BY ANGUS G. MACKENZIE MINING CONSULTANTS LTD. CALGARY, ALBERTA

3.c. (5)	NET INCOME	CAPITAL	CROG W.I.	CUMULATIVE		T RATES OF
ed. TAX	AFTER TAX	INVESTMENT	NET INCOME	NET INCOME	10%	15%
\$	\$ (2)	\$		\$	\$.	\$
51						
Nil	4,623,400	2,353,114	2,270,286	2,270,286	1,972,878	1,821,709
N. I	/ (22 //00	8.	4,623,400	6 002 606	/ 017 72/	3,781,941
Nil	4,623,400		4,623,400	0,893,000	4,017,734	3,781,941
Nil	4,623,400		4,623,400	11,511,086	4,017,734	3,781,941
		•				-,,-
1,757,770	2,865,630		2,865,630	14,382,116	2,490,232	2,344,085
		*				
1,757,770	2,865,630		2,865,630	17,248,346	2,490,232	2,344,085
			×		•	
878,885	1,432,815		1,432,815	18,681,161	1,245,116	1,172,042
. 20% /25	21 03/ 275	2 252 11/	10 601 161	×	16 222 026	15 2/5 002
4,394,425	21,034,275	2,353,114	18,681,161	٦,	16,233,926	15,245,803

e essentially tax free ox 15-17.5%



of approx \$1,010,000

DECLARATION OF QUALIFICATIONS

OF

ANGUS C. MacKENZIE, P. Eng., HCIM

- 1. I, Angus G. Hackenzie, hereby certify that I am a Consulting Mining Engineer-Mining Geologist. I am a graduate (B.E.) in Mining and Metallurgy of Hova Scotia Technical College, Halifax, Nova Scotia and I have taken post-graduate economic geology at Dalhousie University.
- 2. I have spent the past thirty years in the Mineral Industries as a Mining Engineer and/or Mining Geologist and have maintained responsible positions in these fields at mining properties in Newfoundland, Hova Scotia, Quebec, Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, British Columbia, the Yukon and Northwest Territories. I have also had considerable experience in the United States and Mexico.
- 3. I am a Registered Professional Engineer in the Province of Alberta and Manitoba and have been licensed to practise in Saskatchewan and British Columbia. I have been registered in Nova Scotia, Quebec and in the State of Colorado, U. S. A.
- 4. I have no personal interest directly or indirectly in the properties herein reported on, nor in the securities of Kanad Silver Co. Ltd. (H.P.L.) or any of its associated companies, nor do I expect to receive any such interest.

- 5. This report is the direct result of an examination by our firm over a period of years of the underground workings of the Homestake Property, a reassessment of all available Engineering Reports, Assay Plans, Diamond Drilling, Tranching, etc. by others, and the results of a program of 18 underground diamond drill holes, four surface diamond drill holes, raising, cross-cutting and sub-drifting on the projected 300 and 500 level sones and on-strike projection of the 500 level sone.
- 6. We have made this revised report at the request of Mr. R. Bruce Bailey,
 President of Canadian Reserve Oil and Gas Ltd. of Calgary, Alberta.

Angus G. Macienzie, P. Eng. Cologist

Calgary, Alberta