### MINNOVA INC.

DATE:

June 20, 1989

TO:

Ian Pirie.

COPIES TO:

Alex Davidson

FROM:

Dave Heberlein

SUBJECT: BC-Loranger Property Examination.

A property examination of the BC-Loranger claim group was made on Saturday June 17th.

The claims are located on the north side of Birk Creek south slope of Green Mountain. Access to the property is via the Birk Creek logging road that turns off the North Barriere Lake road 8km north of the East Barriere Lake Road junction. The claims occupy a recently clear-cut area that provides good road access to most of the property. The claims lie between 1188 and 2164m in elevation. Slopes are generally gentle at higher elevations, becoming steeper towards the steeply incised Birk Creek valley at the south end of the property. Thick overburden (2 to >10m) covers much of the property. It consists of bouldery lodgement till with an upper layer of stratified fluvio-glacial sediment in places. Outcrop distribution does not exceed 5% and generally averages <1% over most of the area.

### Claimsı

Claim information is as follows:

<u>Claim</u>	Record No.	<u>Units</u>	Due Date
BC 1	4400	20	04/18/1992
BC 2	5953	20	11/07/1990
BC 3	5954	20	11/07/1990

The claims are currently held by:

Mr. Leo Loranger 6546 Beaver Crescent, Kamloops, B.C., V2C 4V2.

### Property History:

The claims were staked by Leo Loranger in 1983 to cover several soil geochemical anomalies defined an earlier Cominco survey. Noranda optioned the ground from Loranger in 1984 and proceeded to explore the property for the following 4 seasons. Work done by Noranda included: linecutting, soil geochemistry, HLEM, Mag and mapping in 1984; 552.6m of diamond drilling in 1985 (10 holes); 484.3m of diamond drilling in 1986 (4 holes); and 605m of trenching accompanied by a southerly soil grid extension in 1987. An Aerodat survey was flown over the BC claim group and adjoining Roberts and Semco options in 1985.

## deelegyı

The claims are underlain by Unit EBP of the Eagle Bay Assemblage; a south to southeast trending belt of argillites, phyllites, sandstones and lesser intermediate to felsic volcaniclastics. On the property the rocks have been thermally metamorphosed to biotite hornfels grade by the Baldy Batholith which outcrops at the north end of the BC 1 claim. Most primary textures have been destroyed by the metamorphism, making identification of the units difficult. In places relict bedding is preserved; particularly in the argillaceous rocks. Geological mapping by Noranda identified several intermediate and felsic volcanic units that include crystal and lapilli tuffs. They apparently did not recognize the hornfelsing and as a result may have mistaken hard, glassy hornfelsed sediment for felsic lithologies.

Most rocks on the property have a distinctive spotted texture caused by porphyroblastic minerals. Pyrrhotite is the most widespread. It occurs as rounded blebs that are often mantled by biotite, that comprise up to 15% of the rock. These appear to be a product of the hornfelsing rather than a mineralization event. Cordierite spotting has also been noted in the more argillaceous units.

Structurally, the area appears to be fairly complicated. Bedding and foliation measurements by Noranda suggest that the stratigraphy is strongly folded about southeast plunging, northeasterly overturned folds. This fold attitude is anomalous for the Eagle Bay and may by caused by local deformation along the contact of the Baldy Batholith.

### Mineralization:

Polymetallic sulphide mineralization has been identified at several localities on the property. In trench NTR 84-1 (30800N, 29980E), a 2m wide meta-argillite unit contains semi-massive to disseminated Cp, Gl, Sl and Py over a 10-30cm width. The mineralization appears to be stratabound. The best assay from this locality was:

Cu% Pb% Zn% Ag opt Au opt Width (m)
0.50 2.22 2.86 0.018 0.018 0.25

At trench 84-2 (30600N, 29910E), a 0.3m wide sulphide stringer

zone in meta-argillite returned:

Cu%	Pb%	Zn%	<b>A</b> g opt	Au opt	Width	(m)
0.02	4.32	33.0	29.2	0.011	0.30	

Trench 84-4 (30950N, 30030E), exposed two well mineralized boulders of meta-argillite that contained 20 to 30% sulphide. Cp, Gl, Sl and Py were noted. The size of the boulders suggests that they came from a source with a width of at least 1m. Grab samples from these returned:

Cu%	Pb%	Zn%	Ag opt	Au opt	Width	(m)
			9.4 4.02			

All of these occurrences were drill tested with poor results. Holes LOR 85-3,4,5 drilled under the boulder occurrence (trench 84-4) did not intersect any mineralization, this suggests that the source is most likely uphill (or up-ice) from the boulder site. Silver values of approximately 1.01 opt were encountered over a 5m interval.

Drillholes LOR 85-1,2 tested the mineralized argillite in trench 84-01. These holes hit a meta-argillite/argillite breccia that contained traces of Gl, Sl and Cp. Values of 3029 ppm Pb, 5813 ppm Zn, 13.8 ppm Ag and 120 ppb Au over 3.35m were obtained from LOR 85-1. LOR 85-2 returned: 4080 ppm Pb, 2820 ppm Zn, 9.8 ppm Ag and 130 ppb Au over 2.0m. Similar geochemically anomalous values were obtained from the same argillite in holes LOR 85-3 and 4 (see Noranda report).

One interesting intersection was produced by hole NDD 86-12. This hole was drilled into a coincident mag and HLEM anomaly at the north end of the grid. It produced quite anomalous silver values (from 12.34 to 149.8 ppm) over approximately 5m (true width). The mineralization was hosted in a fuchsite altered unit described as an andesite. Examination of the core revealed that the host rock is a pyrrhotite bearing feldspar porphyry intrusion; possibly related to the Baldy Batholith.

Our sampling of the mineralization produced sub-economic grades from the best looking material. Results are as follows:

SAMPLE #	Cu%	Pb%	Zn%	Ag g/t	Au g/t	Hg ppm	As ppm
LORNTR84-1A LORNTR84-1B LORNTR84-1C LORNTR84-1D	0.08	0.42 1.10 1.16 0.47	1.18	13.7 34.0 36.2 14.1	0.03 0.02 0.04 0.02	110 255 295 100	129 35 34 44
LORNTR84-4A LORNTR84-4C LORNTR84-1D	0.12	2.15 0.53 3.01	0.40	104.0 22.1 34.5	0.55 0.01 0.01	1250 195 670	4 11 3

Samples labelled 84-1A to D were taken from mineralized float on the dump at trench 84-1. Samples 84-4 A, C and D were from mineralized boulders at trench 84-4.

Conclusions and Recommendations:

Although this property has a what appears to be a mineralized horizon that contains sub-ecomonic grades, the potential for a significant deposit seems to be limited. Noranda thoroughly tested most of the strike length of the zone of interest and showed that the mineralization was low grade and sporadic. The only target that remains untested on the property is a 600 by 500 m Cu-Pb-Zn-Ag soil anomaly that lies on the strike of the mineralized argillite on the BC-2 claim. This target has not been drilled or had EM coverage. It lies in an area of relatively good exposure on the north slope of the Birk Creek valley, at the south end of the claims. Here too, the potential is limited by the relatively short strike length of the target horizon on the property.

I do not recommend any further action of this property.

Synthesis. \_ Mineralization appears to be associated hosted in a 5-10m thick aigstlife of aigstlife breezia unit that has clairs. This unit is hosted in honfelsed, angellacons sediments and pothaps felse truffs. The your Stratabound (Stratiform) " Cu, Pb, En, Ag. Ly plovation I Hential: Although Norunda thomonghly tested a most of the Then state long the of the owneredly dangellike zone, they left two good fargets among planned Me most att ractive and the neith end of the B.C-I grid, where a cartied at 31550 N 30025 E. The most altractive lies of the north end of the 130-1 The most altractive target on the property is a concident mag and Mem reature control at 31550, N, 30025 E on the BC-1 grid. This zone hier approximately ison from the contact with the Baldy Buthelith divection the Surface trace of the inmedalized angelite This zone is has an anounted In anomaly, that is displaced 75m to the IE. Novanda drilled two holes the the area (NOD 86-12, 14) and intersected the stop o what was descrited as an altered ander de or s, sted anderte unit that contained anomalous by values in a zone of Fachicle attention. They failed to test the explain The may or Hiem anomalies. The boulder occurrence in trong 84-4 las directly down hill from the mag high. As mentioned above, the size of the mineralized barlows suggests a service of at least I'm in width. revealed several variable nineralized bouldors, not just 2 as indicated in the Novanda description. The some for there has not been found.

Barnond drillbotting of these courrence failed to produce any significant intersections. Novanda interpletical to the zone to be faulted off or to princh out at depth.

One More NOO 86-12 intersected an 8.1 m wide zone of

fuchite bearing, and site that contained 5% sph+61. This zone

contained up to 149.8 gt f. fg. Tangets. All of the known sulphite occurrences appear to be associated with a NW stating conductive feature that extends from the Intruive contact at the north of the property - south for seen a strike length of over 2:0km. This feature has coincident tocallies may highs and the Pb, In, Af goil genobem. The trand is offset in several locations suggesting a miner degree of fauthing. In Krench exposures (see above) the section conductive unities a hamfelsed, graphitic angillite, that contains of mountain, dinonunated Po spAs (151) and direminated, stringer and stebby cp, si, of of.
The zone appears to be a continuous numeralized horizon. Novanda dritting total the conductor in hotes 85-7, 85-8, 85-9, 85,10, 85-11 To date 13 horse have been dutted into the conductor. Of the

Tanget 2 lies 1.5 km & from the boulder trench, on the BC 2 claim Here a corncident Pb-In-Ag soil geochemical arimaly is indicated by the Novanda data. This zone lies diverty on strike in . The denomaly occupies in a sortherly direction. A mineralized out crop containing 150 ppm Ca 340 ppm Zn, 1500 ppm Pb 7 16.2 ppm Ag is located 100 n to the NNN of this zone, This target has not been dilled at tisted or geophysically surveyed.

DDH LOR 85-9. CONDUCTOR Angillaceon Tuff Box.

Angillaceons Tuff.

A St. Angillaceons Tuff.

A Constant Tuff.

A Constan OVER. Possible Conductor

DOH LOR 85-7. Conductor Aris Oled Rhoboros de latte hall.

PDH LOR 85-8. CONDUCTOR. Of Orest. & Quarts lottle Till. SI to Angillaceons Tuff.

Angillaceons Tuff.

Provide Tuff.

Pacific Tuff.

Possible Missible Server Tuff.



# **LABORATORIES**

SPECIALISTS IN MINERAL ENVIRONMENTS

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TIMMINS OFFICE: 33 EAST IROQUOIS ROAD P.O. BOX 867 TIMMINS, ONTARIO CANADA P4N 7G7 TELEPHONE: (705) 264-9996

# Geochemical Analysis Certificate

9V-0535-RG1

Company: MINNOVA INC.

Date: JUN-21-89

Project: 608

Copy 1. MINNOVA INC., BARRIERE, B.C.

2. MINNOVA INC., VANCOUVER, B.C.

Attn: D. HEBERLEIN/I. PIRIE

We hereby certify the following Geochemical Analysis of 7 ROCK samples submitted JUN-20-89 by A.LOWE.

Samp Numi	)er		AS PPM	SB PPM	HG PPB
		84-1A	129	2	110
LOR	NTR	84-1B	35	38	255
LOR	NTR	84-1C	8	34	295
LDR	NTR	84-1D	44	16	100
LOR	NTR	84-4A	4,	59	1250
LOR	NTR	84-4C	11	11	195
LOR	NTR	84-4D	27	50	670

Certified by

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Date: JUN-21-89

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2. MINNOVA INC., VANCOUVER, B.C.

He hereby certify the following Assay of 7 ROCK samples submitted JUN-20-89 by A.LOWE.

Sample Number	Сп	PB %	ZN %	AG G/TONNE	AG DZ/TON	G/TONNE	AU OZ/TON	
1 Ob NTD DA 1A						0.7		And Hely
LOR NTR 84-1A	.101	1 42	. 60	13.7	. 40	.03)	.001	
LOR NTR 84-15	080	1.10	1.18	34.0	, 99	.02	.001	
LOR NTR 94-10	.082	1.16	1.67	36.2	1.06	.04	.001	
LOR NTR 84-1D	.079	. 47	. 60	14.1	.41	.02	.001	
LOR NTR 89-4A	1.060	2.15	1.93	104.0	3.03	. 55	.016	
LOR NTR 89-4C	. 124	.53	, 40	22.1	.64	.01	.001	
LOR NTR 89-40	, 097	3.01	3,01	34,5	1.01	.01	.001	

Certified by

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