

tungstic oxide (WO_3) per foot of depth over 7 1/2 inches may be expected for the 17-foot length.

Suggested Development.

The writer submits the following suggestions for further work, should any be contemplated on the property, namely that:

- (1) Efforts should be directed towards the exploration of only the scheelite-bearing pyrite lenses. Although it is doubtful if these will carry any large amounts of economically mineable ore, still a small tonnage of scheelite could be obtained from them.
- (2) The pyrite lens in the west end of No. 5 vein on No. 10 level be drifted on to the north-west.
- (3) The cross-cut that extends north-easterly on No. 9 level from a point 220 feet east of raise A, be extended north-easterly to intersect the south-easterly extension of No. 5 vein across the main fault. To pick up a point corresponding to one on the north side of the fault at this level it would be necessary to go down the dip of the fault for 50 feet on the south side of the fault.
- (4) In general, raising and sinking could be done from the drift-sections of the scheelite-bearing pyrite lenses to their extremities.

LARDEAU AREA

Scheelite has been found at two properties in the Lardeau, one at a new prospect, the United Victory, on the Incomappleux (Fish) River and the other on a silver-lead property, the Lucky Boy, near Trout Lake.

82K/13E Lot ~~413~~
 UNITED VICTORY The United Victory group is 17 miles up the Incomappleux (Fish) River between Boyd and Kelly Creeks at an elevation of about 3,000 feet. It is reached from Beaton by road for 12 miles, thence by trail for 5 miles to the property.

The claims were located in 1942 on showings of scheelite by Bert Oakey and Henry Gunterman, both of Beaton. The ground is being prospected and the showings developed by Bralorne Mines Ltd., 555 Burrard Street, Vancouver.

The scheelite is found in a bed of lime-silicate or skarn rock* which is 5 feet wide and is exposed by a few natural outcrops for

* 1,000 feet. A sill of granite rock lies in the foot-wall and limey schist and limestone lie in the hanging-wall.*

In the summer of 1942 scheelite and tin were found by a Department of Mine's Engineer, in Incomappleux River, at the mouth of McDougall Creek and also at the junction of the 3rd creek flowing into McDougall Creek from the west. Bert Oakey accompanied this engineer.