

CON

KAZA COPPER PROJECT

N.T.S. 93-M-16

By:

Peter Dean

DYNASTY EXPLORATIONS LIMITED

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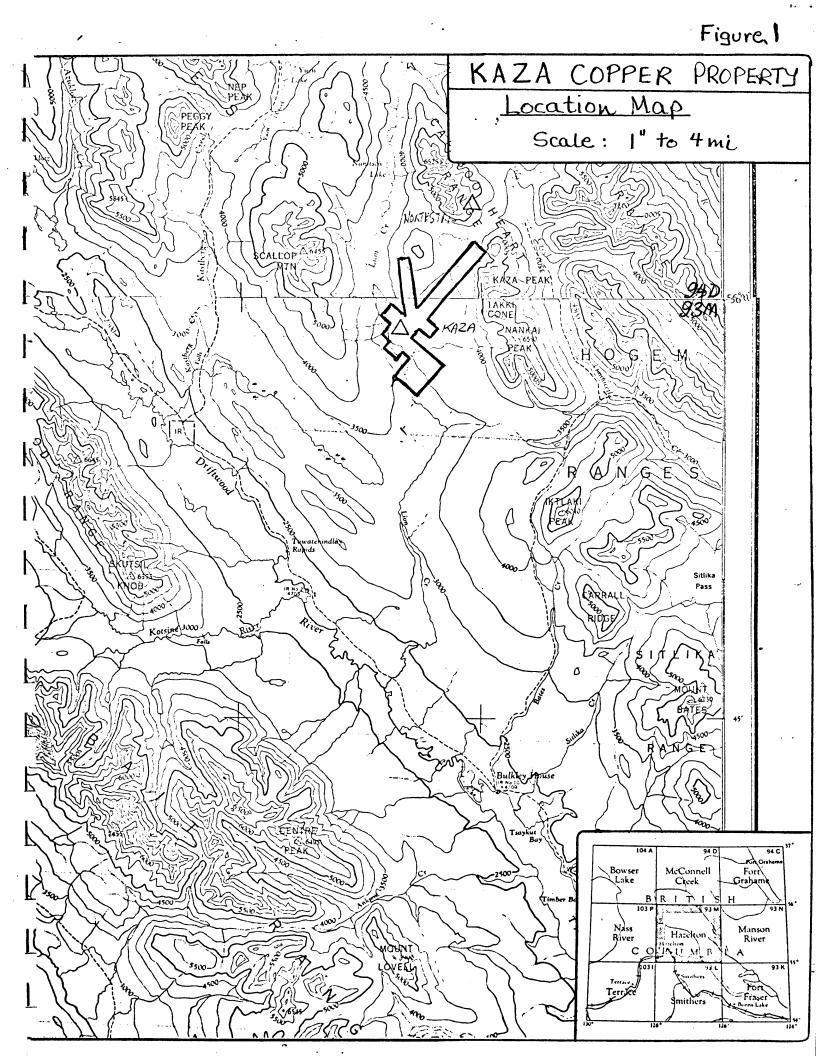
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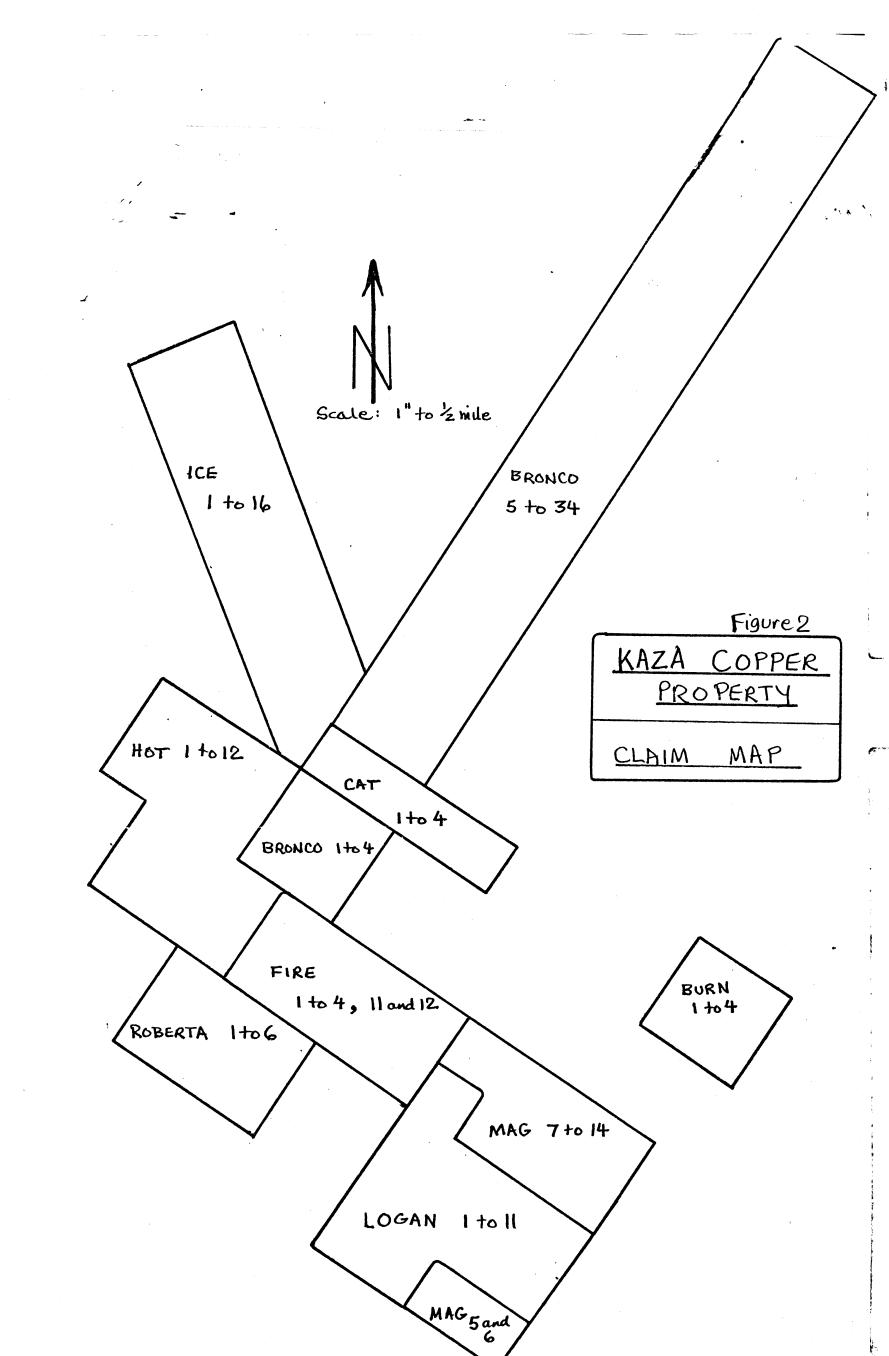
330 MARINE BUILDING 355 BURRARD STREET VANCOUVER I, B.C.

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INTRODUCTION

The Kaza Copper Prospect, consisting of 102 contiguous claims, lies 4 miles S-SW of Kaza Lake and about 100 air miles northeast of Smithers (Figure 1). Access to the property is by float plane to Kaza Lake and then by tote road to the main showing area, or by helicopter direct from Smithers. The claims were staked to cover strong linear gossan zones developed on Takla Group volcanics of Jurassic age. Copper, silver and gold mineralization occurs sporadically throughout the gossan zones, The Takla volcanics elsewhere in along with abundant pyrite. northern British Columbia have proven to be very fertile prospecting ground and several other copper showings of merit occur in the belt of volcanics that includes the Kaza claims. The Sustat Peak copper property of Falconbridge, which may contain up to 60,000,000 tons of 1.5% copper ore (George Cross Newsletter No. 59, March 23, 1973) lies 35 miles to the northwest of Kaza Lake and occurs in similar rocks to those underlying the Kaza claims. The Kaza property, with its sulphide showings, widespread alteration and favourable geology, appears to have good prospecting potential.





LIST OF CLAIMS

<u>Claim Name</u>		Record Number	Expiry Date
Bronco	1-34	116241-116276	September 22, 1973
Burn	1-4	50983-50986	June 26, 1973
Cat	1-4	60735-60738	July 12, 1974
	1-4 11-12	50987-50990 50997-50998	July 26, 1978
Hot	1-6 7-12	111768-111773 116235-116240	June 20, 1973 September 22, 1973
Ice	1-16	117742-117757	October 23, 1973
Logan	1-9 10-11	115911-115919 116241-116242	August 31, 1973 September 22, 1973
Mag	5-12,14	111774-111782	June 20, 1973
Roberta	1-6	112977-11282	July 28, 1973

The claim groups are outlined in Figure 2.

PREVIOUS EXPLORATION

Exploration work done on the property to date consists of cat trenching, diamond drilling and plane table mapping of an area 1000 feet wide and 2000 feet long in the immediate vicinity of the showings. The plane table mapping and trenching were done during 1968 and were followed by drilling of 7 shallow diamond drill holes in 1969.

The geologic mapping, which was done by A. Reinsbakken under the supervision of Dr. A. J. Sinclair, showed that the main showing area is underlain by two phases of andesite porphyry, both of which are intruded by numerous dikes of various compositions (Figure 3). Small elongate bodies of impure limestone and "metamorphic skarn material" occur within the volcanics and were the only type of sedimentary rock that occurs near the main showing. The mineralization, which consists of chalcopyrite, pyrite, magnetite, bornite and sphalerite, occurs as blebs and veinlets disseminated through several of the rock types. Weak epidote alteration occurs throughout the area mapped and was noted in all rock types. The main mineralized sections are related to linear fracture zones revealed by distinct topographic depressions.

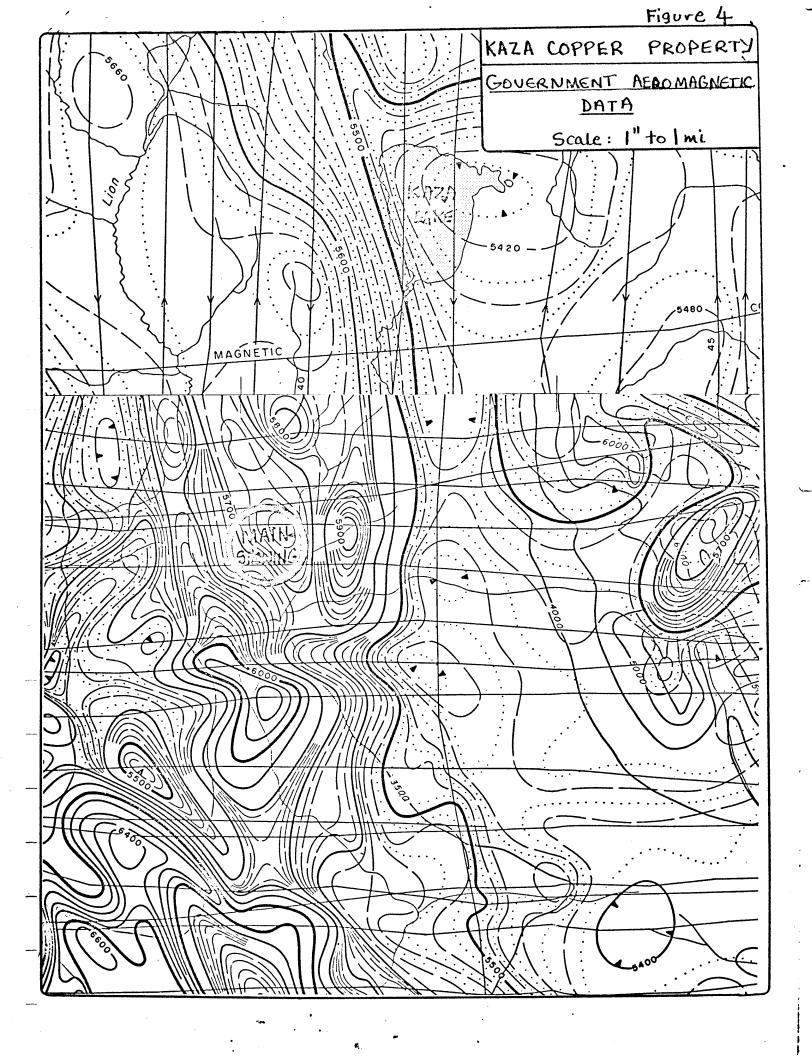
The diamond drilling intersected several zones weakly mineralized with copper, silver and gold. The best intersections are summarized in Table 1. The presence of 0.42 oz/ton gold and 3.5 oz/ton silver over a short interval in hole No. 9 may be significant. In general, the grades discovered in this preliminary drilling are much too low and to sporadic to have economic possibilities.

TABLE I

Hole	Depth	<u>Gold</u> (oz/ton)	<u>Silver</u> (oz/ton)	Copper (%)
7	0-21'	.01	.34	.468
8	4-21' 28-37'	.02 .04	.4 .4	.31 .26
9	0-20' 47-51' 51-59'	.02 .42 .01	.3 3.5 .4	.11 1.17 .14
10	96-130'	.01	.1	.078

PROPOSED EXPLORATION

The work that has been done on the Kaza claims up to now appears to have been done in a haphazard and very preliminary manner and has not adequately explored the potential of the claims. There are no drill logs or trench maps available and, other than the immediate area of the main showings, the claim group as a whole has never been mapped or otherwise explored by any surface means.



The first phase of exploration to be done by Dynasty, therefore, will consist of soil sampling, geologic mapping, a magnetometer survey and prospecting over as large an area of the claims as possible. The main showings will be re-examined briefly but the major emphasis will be to explore the "unknown ground" on the property by soil sampling. An orientation magnetic survey will be done over the main showing area and, if the results seem to warrant it, the magnetic survey may be extended over the rest of the claim group. The government aeromagnetic pattern over the claims is complex, as would be expected over a volcanic terrain (Figure 4). Geologic mapping will be done at a scale of 1000 feet to the inch and will emphasize a "prospecting" approach, with careful note being made of any sulphide alteration or favourable rock types. Control for the mapping and surveys will be obtained by flagging in a chain and compass grid with lines spaced at 1000 ft. intervals. This initial phase of exploration will take approximately 2 weeks to complete with a crew of 4 men.

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PROPOSED BUDGET

1.		ogy s - 2 months @ \$1200/mo. lies - estimate	2,400 100	\$ 2, 500
2.	Geoc	hemistry		Υ 2, 500
	Supp	s - ½ month @ \$700/mo. for 2 samplers lies ysis - 1000 samples @\$2/sample	700 200 2,000	\$ 2,900
3.	Geop	hysics		
	-	s - ½ month @ \$700/mo. for geophysical operator lies	350 50	\$ 400
4.	Camp	Support		
		n x 15 days x \$10/day pment	600 200	\$ 800
5.	Tran	sportation		
	(a)	Transport for crew and field equipment from Vancouver, Est.	1,000	
	(b)	Helicopter 10 hrs. jet ranger time for mob. & demob. plus 2 hrs. for one supply trip.		
		12 hrs. x \$250/hr.	3,000	<u>\$ 4,000</u>
			\$10,600	
	Admi		\$ 1,000	
			\$ <u>11,600</u>	

Respectfully submitted,

P.M. Dean

Figure **3** - Geology of Main Showing

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