

International Corator R.L.

CIM Dest 6 Komborno Oct 24-27/84

CIM Bul Sept 54 p25-

10:45 — Paper 7.4 Geology of the Seneca Deposit. G.L. GARRATT, Garratt Geoservices, Ltd., and M.D. McINNIS, Curator Resources LTd. The deposit is hosted by the Harrison Lake Formation, a sequence dominated

by andesitic to dacitic volcanic flows and pyroclastics with lesser amounts of intercalated sediments. The formation has been recorded as Lower to Middle Jurassic in age.

The Seneca deposit is a Kuroko-type massive sulphide deposit that displays downslope transport characteristics. The ores are enclosed by a

distinctive pyroclastic sequence that divides flow-dominant sequences. Multiple venting is indicated and the main vent source for the ore sequence is postulated to have been to the northwest of the presently outlined deposit.

1,640,500 t(?). 990,600t including. .032 02/+ Ar ,024 orlt Au 1.62 02/6 Ry 1.2 02/t Ag . 6306 Cu 0.84% Cu 15°6 15 5.17 % Zu 3.57 % Zn (1983 VSE FS 200/65) Cherron