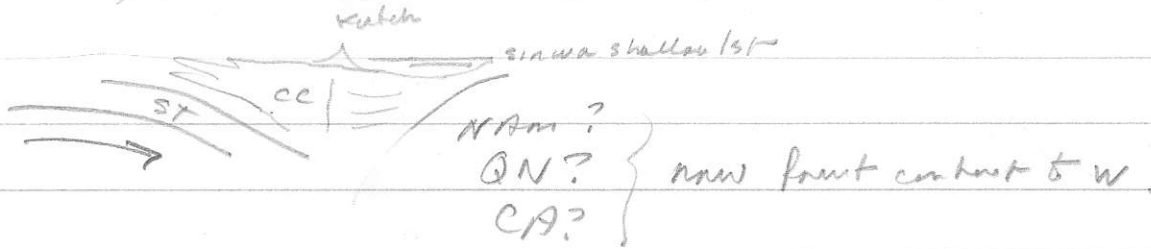


Kuteho - calc alk arc which signals first collision
with NAM. Stekinca starts to subduct,
Cocher Creek starts to slide back to SW



- Kuteho has alkalic components
- Takla is alkaline - oblique subduction? maybe 77
- T are volcanism in TBC has equal alk + subalk rocks, maybe because of rapid subduction + rifting along plate margins (Sawther 1977)
- small shows of pyrite and Kuteho volcs in district - E. No other VK calc-alk deposits.
- Nicola does not sit on Cocher Ck - OK subst. etc.
- Takla also alk-subalk like Nicola.
- No vms in either Why oblique subd + rift rather than orthogonal subd, diff'n to CA bas-phy + sulfide rocks fluid.

{ Kuteho-type, magmatic source CuZn
 } From subduction of arc zone.
Franklin Syncline & hydrom.

Sato & Sasaki 1973 : magm. source Kuteho deposits
 uniform Pb ore = uniform Pb host rock
 calc alk host rock part of II sub complex (holuh) → C-A →
 high Al₂O₃ → alkali alumina ss.
 outboard more radiogenic, inboard less radiogenic

T & G Combined From Andre P 1988

27.0 M tonnes	1.4% Cu	1.9% Zn	29g/t Ag
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