

Aug 14 1952

Camp Freddie.

After a visit by geologists of the GSC who have recently been in the Skelly Lake area we would like to change your proposed camp move from the lower Tutshi Lake area to the area south or south east of Skelly Lake.

The enclosed sketch map indicates a proposed camp area south east of Skelly Lake - very high country. The rocks to the east of this camp are Laberge sediments which are generally of little interest unless cut by intrusive dykes etc.

The volcanics between Racine Creek and the proposed camp are thought to be favourable due to strong faulting, rusty zones, felsite dykes. The north trending and photo linears indicated as faults on the sketch may be of interest as controlling structures for intrusion of feldspar porphyries and for large silicified zones as occurs in the Yukon northwest of Carmacks.

If this camp area looks to be impractical - consider a camp south of Skelly Lake. This would be in the rugged country the photos for which we had examined with Manny in the base. Since we do not seem to have any of these photos we assume you have them.

The area is underlain by unit 1 schists and several intrusives. The GSC reports a large, quite young, acid intrusive, in part following regional structure, north of Skelly Lake. Numerous acid dykes are reported.

Rusty areas in this region are reported not to be entirely due to rusty argillites. No precise information.

Air photos BC 5686 - 142; 234;

BC 5625 - 256 258 260 are supplied.

We assume you have:

BC 5686 - 236; 138, 140. plus those
nearer Teepee Wttn.

We are uncertain which of Duponts and Kennecots
claims will be kept in good standing. It is
likely a lot of Dupont claims will come open and
the Kennecot office was practically shut down earlier
this year so don't avoid those areas completely.

Your next, and last?, camp will probably
be in the Graham Inlet area.

Please send in all FF data - report drafted as
far as I can go without it.

Came