

Drill Results, 1981, Windy - Craggy
& Budget Proposal #1, 1982

PM 135
MIS 114P/12

January 21, 1982 J. J. McFougall
Vancouver, B. C.

FOLIO CONTENTS

CONTENTS

- 1) NTS Map 114P 1:250,000
- 2) Map 034-81-A - Geology and Drill Hole
Locations 1:2,500
- 3) Section A-A' 1:2,500
Section B-B' (& overlay) 1:2,500
Section C-C' 1:2,500
Section c+40 (& overlay) 1:2,500
Section D-D' (& overlay) 1:2,500
Section E-E' (& overlay) 1:2,500
Section F-F' (& overlay) 1:2,500
Section G-G' 1:2,500
Section H-H' 1:2,500
Section I-I' 1:2,500
Section J-J' 1:2,500
Section K-K' 1:2,500
Section L-L' 1:2,500
Section M-M' (& Legend) 1:2,500
- 4) Map 034-81-18 1:2,500

DRILL RESULTS, 1981

WINDY-CRAGGY

&

BUDGET PROPOSAL #1, 1982

PN 135

January 21, 1982

J.J. McDougall

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
FORWARD.....	1
ABSTRACT, DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSIONS.....	3
I Abstract.....	3
II Discussion of Results.....	3
A) Drilling.....	3
1) Historical and Chronological.....	3
2) Drill Holes.....	3
3) Core Logging and Sampling Procedures..	4
4) Assay Procedures.....	4
B) Assays.....	5
1) Value Distribution.....	5
2) Geological Interpretation.....	9
III Conclusions.....	13
IV Property Situation.....	15
V Recommendations.....	15
1982 BUDGET.....	17
A) Current.....	17
B) Drilling Plans 1982.....	18
C) Budget Summary.....	21
D) Timing and Distribution.....	21
E) Third Stage Program 1982.....	21
a) Moderate Expenditures.....	22
b) Heavier Expenditures.....	22
F) Comment on Second Stage Program.....	22
G) Comment on Third Stage.....	26

FIGURES AND TABLES

		<u>PAGE</u>
Figure W.C. 9/81	Preliminary Geological Map.....	2
Figure 11-81	Location of major element analyses.....	7
Table 12-81	Water geochemical analyses - Red Creek..	8
Table 13-81	Copper, cobalt & sulphur assays- Frobisher Glacier.....	12
Figure 15-81	Windy-Craggy Claim map.....	16
Table 16-81	1982 Grid drilling programme (proposed)....	19
Figure 17-81	EM DIGHEM Traverse Map.....	20
Figure 19 a&b/81	Projection to Horizontal of Mean average copper and sulphide values including suggested trends	14

MAPS

034-81-A	1981 Diamond Drill Locations.....	pocket
----------	-----------------------------------	--------

<u>APPENDICES</u>		<u>PAGE</u>
<u>Appendix I</u>	<u>Photos</u>	28
Photo 1-81	W. C. Zone looking north, July/81	29
Photo 2-81	W. C. Zone looking north, showing 1982 drill locations.	30
Photo 3-81	D. D. H. #9, looking north from approx. location of.... D. D. H. #5	31
Photo 4-81	Preliminary sketch model & inferred projections, W. C.. zone looking west	32
Photo 5-81	As 4-81 showing proposed location 1982 drilling (N)	33
Photo 6-81	Location of D. D. H. #10, illustrating relationship.... with ore zone	34
Photo 7-81	Longitudinal view, illustrating projected depths of ... sulphide encountered	35
Photo 8-81	W. C. in winter, looking from S. W.	36
<u>Appendix II</u>	<u>Diamond Drill Logs</u>	37
D. D. H. 1-81	.....	38
D. D. H. 2-81	.....	40
D. D. H. 3-81	.....	41
D. D. H. 4-81	.....	43
D. D. H. 5a-81	.....	45
D. D. H. 5b-81	.....	46
D. D. H. 6-81	.....	49
D. D. H. 7-81	.....	50
D. D. H. 8-81	.....	53
D. D. H. 9-81	.....	55
D. D. H. 10-81	.....	56

<u>Appendix III</u>	<u>Drill & Assay Sections</u>	<u>Page</u>
1/81	Section B-B'	60
2/81	Section C-C'	62
3/81	Section D-D'	64
4/81	Section E-E'	66
5/81	Section F-F'	68
6/81	Section G-G'	70

DRILL RESULTS, 1981 WINDY - CRAGGY

PN 135

FORWARD

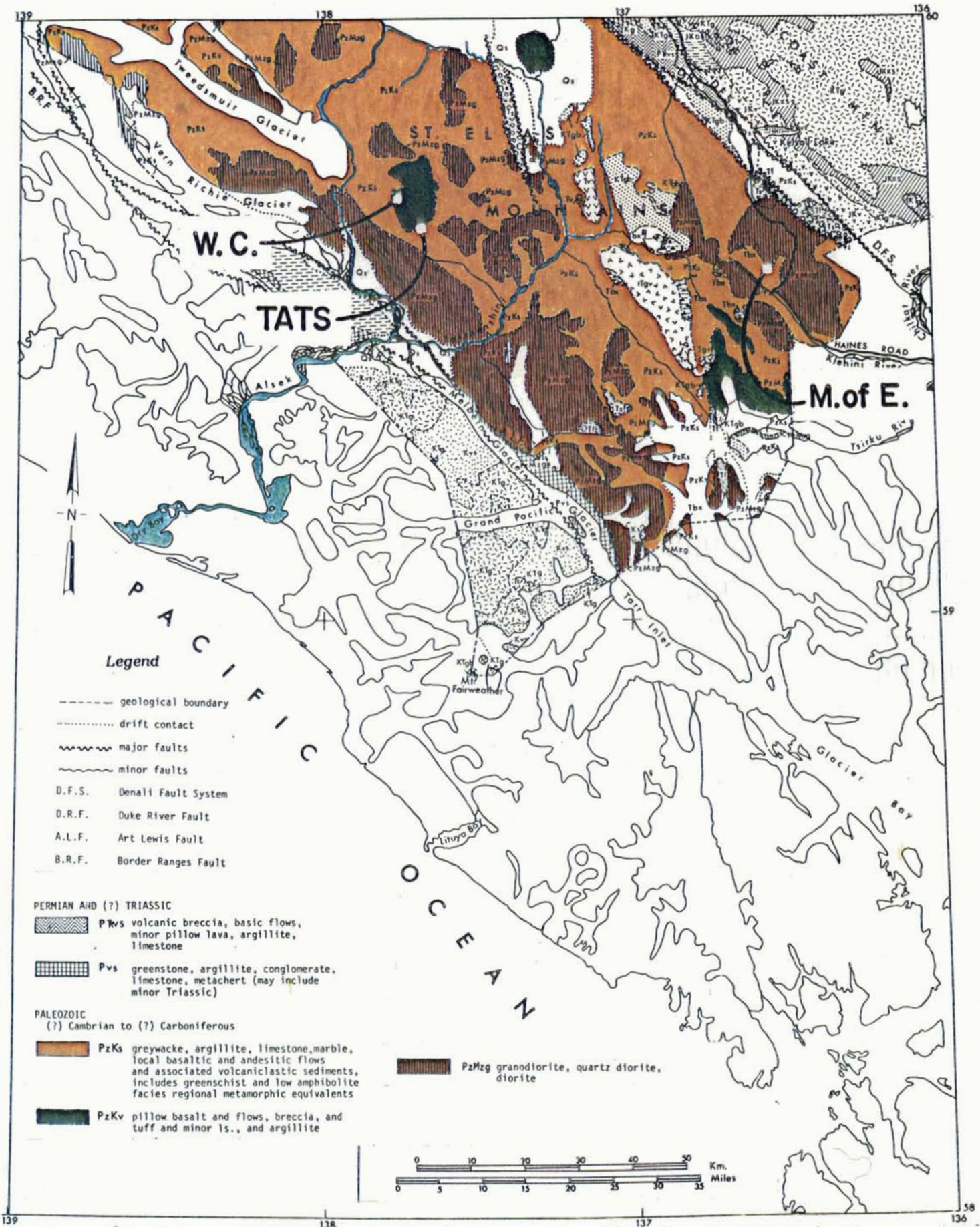
During the short 1981 field season the first stage of a proposed two stage drilling programme on the Windy - Craggy massive sulphide deposit in northwestern B. C. was completed.* Basic assay data is finally available and is presented in this report, accompanied by a map folio.

Data required for a complete assessment of the 1981 work has not been received as of this date (Jan. 21) although reportedly shipped from the Whitehorse assay labs in mid December. Many delays were expected considering the late date at which authority to proceed with the programme was received.

An inclusive summary report will be prepared within the next couple months. Included will be 1) Petrographic study of select specimens so that rock units can be correctly labelled. (2) Check assays including fire assay reruns of presently AA - determined gold and silver (i.e. the size of sample used may be critical). A shipment of rejects from the Whitehorse assayers is awaited. (3) A study of trends (zoning, alteration, etc) within the deposit, including more accurate locational plotting of geophysical data. (4) More detailed plans for property exploration, dependant on any escalation of scope.

The physical and historical aspects of Windy - Craggy were adequately described in the February, 1981 Report and will not be repeated here.

* Figure - W.C. 9/81 Preliminary Geological Map



PRELIMINARY GEOLOGICAL MAP

ABSTRACT, DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSIONS

I ABSTRACT

First and second stage programmes were designed to test-drill the largely unexposed deposit for continuity, including depth, along a relatively accessible 3000 feet of minimal strike length. The first stage, 10 drill holes totalling 2540.96 metres (8336.48 feet), successfully outlined the southern portion of the deposit within broad parameters along a strike length of 400 metres (1312.3 feet), and indicated mineralization to extend to depths of at least 492 metres (1614 feet).

II DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

A Drilling

1) Historical and Chronological

Two new Longyear Drills (FLY 38's) were utilized by Longyear Canada on the job. Due to the lateness of the season, there was no chance to properly appraise the job before hand, and our 1965 experience (BBS1 - AQ drill holes) was used as the sole guide. A John Deere 450 tractor was flown to the property for drill moves, etc. Crews were based at Tats Lake and flown to the property daily using a Bell 206B chartered from Pacific Helicopters. Heavier helicopter hauls were made by Shirley Helicopters of Whitehorse.

2) Drill Holes

Drill holes were located as close to section as possible. Locations are shown on Map 034-81-A (in pocket). It is to be noted that this is an updated version of earlier map Figure 2, 034/80 which should now be discarded. Co-ordinates were assigned to a 500 m. grid oriented True North.

As drill equipment is still not in metric, core was logged in 'feet and inches'. All ground measurements not affecting the drill directly are in metric. In most cases any significant numbers are shown in both systems.

Holes were dip-tested using etch tubes. Such tests were not carried out on occasion due holes blocked at depth. Tropari tests for bearing proved unreliable due magnetics.

3) Core Logging and Sampling Procedures

Although the writer did most of the organizing of the Windy - Craggy project, geological help was required and geologist Don Hoy was obtained thru G. A. Noel, Consultants.

All core showing more than 5% sulphides was split and assayed. After being preliminarily logged on the property and flown to Tats Lake for detailed logging, drill core was split by a power splitter at the Maid of Erin camp where it is now stored.

Attempts were made to sample at 10 foot intervals except where obvious changes in character were noticed. As several tons of sample was involved, and we had experienced problems with CPA to Vancouver in the past, it was decided to utilize Bondar - Clegg in Whitehorse following confirmation of their ability by known Bondar - Clegg officials in Vancouver. However, as shown on the logs, we are still missing a few samples.

4) Assay Procedures

To date check assays have not been made but we have little reason to suspect number problems with Bondar - Clegg, Whitehorse. Normal waiting time for assays in Vancouver increased from 5 to 6 weeks in 1981 due to heavy geochemical demands. All assaying was done in Whitehorse except for sulphur which was done by Bondar - Clegg in Vancouver.

Gold, silver, lead and zinc were done geochemically (AA). Some gold-silvers will be checked by fire assay methods. Sulphur is shown in the logs as "sulphide (S₂)" - a close approximation being that pyrrhotite, the dominant sulphide, contains about 40% sulphur and the only other sulphides, pyrite and chalcopyrite, would not significantly change this generalization more than a percent or two, which is unimportant at this stage.

Assays are presented in the drill logs enclosed and are plotted on accompanying assay sections. Cobalt, copper, sulphur, and any anomalous value in pm's or zinc, are included in individual or composite form. Transparent overlays (folios only) contain the copper-cobalt sulphide values and the underlays contain the general geology. Summaries and averages are presented at the end of each drill log.

B Assays

1) Value Distribution

Copper distribution within the deposit is such that copper-rich segregations may occur, especially to the north where the closest drill hole encountered the best continuous copper section to date, 66 ft of 2.6% Cu within a 107 foot core length in which 40 feet of similarly logged material is still to be reported on by the assayer. This was part of a sulphide bearing zone whose core length of 967 ft. (238 m) represents a true width exceeding 700 feet which averages 0.78% copper. Copper vs sulphide plots diverge considerably from straight lines. Fig. 19-81 (a&b) represents an attempt to contour average copper and sulphide values projected to surface, the purpose being to suggest trends, etc.

Assay summaries, including averages, are included with the drill logs.

All sulphides encountered, with the possible exception of pyrite in shale, and the probable exception of chalcopyrite, are cobaltiferous with approximate uniform or straight line Co/S ratios. The highest cobalt assays of 0.23% occurs in 83% sulphide material (0.5 % copper) suggesting a maximum of 0.28% Co in pure pyrrhotite. This number is slightly lower than that suggested by earlier microprobe work. The distribution of cobalt in pyrite vs that in pyrrhotite in the drill core is not known at this time. A cobalt vs sulphide plot will be available for study at a later date.

Gold-silver content is minimal but assayable. The best average of 355 ppb Au occurs in the better copper sections of hole #5b. Checks will be made as earlier sampled material, tested by fire assay, suggested an erratic but higher pm content, especially of silver. Pm values in this range would be more accurately determined in a chalcopyrite concentrate.

Zinc content in the main zone is so low (maximum 900 ppm over 35 feet in hole 5(b)), that copper-zinc ratios utilized in any zoning studies would be hardly valid. Zinc in adjoining shales (DDH #3) reached 1275 ppm across 100 feet. Sphalerite associated with a siliceous breccia is present in one section and perhaps a detailed but very local examination (planned) may suggest an orderly rather than haphazard arrangement not recognized during logging. Siliceous volcanic float containing sphalerite and galena is known elsewhere, including the Tats - Kowall area (Map WC9/81).

The value of rock geochemistry is in doubt as the area sampled (1000 feet across the deposit) is within the central aureole of the deposit itself, (Fig. 11/81). Sampling should be carried out across several thousand feet, but this is difficult due to topography. Erratic values (i.e. Na) appear across the deposit as sampled such as to suggest lack of recognizable orderly depletion or enrichment, but a detailed study may shed more light on this.

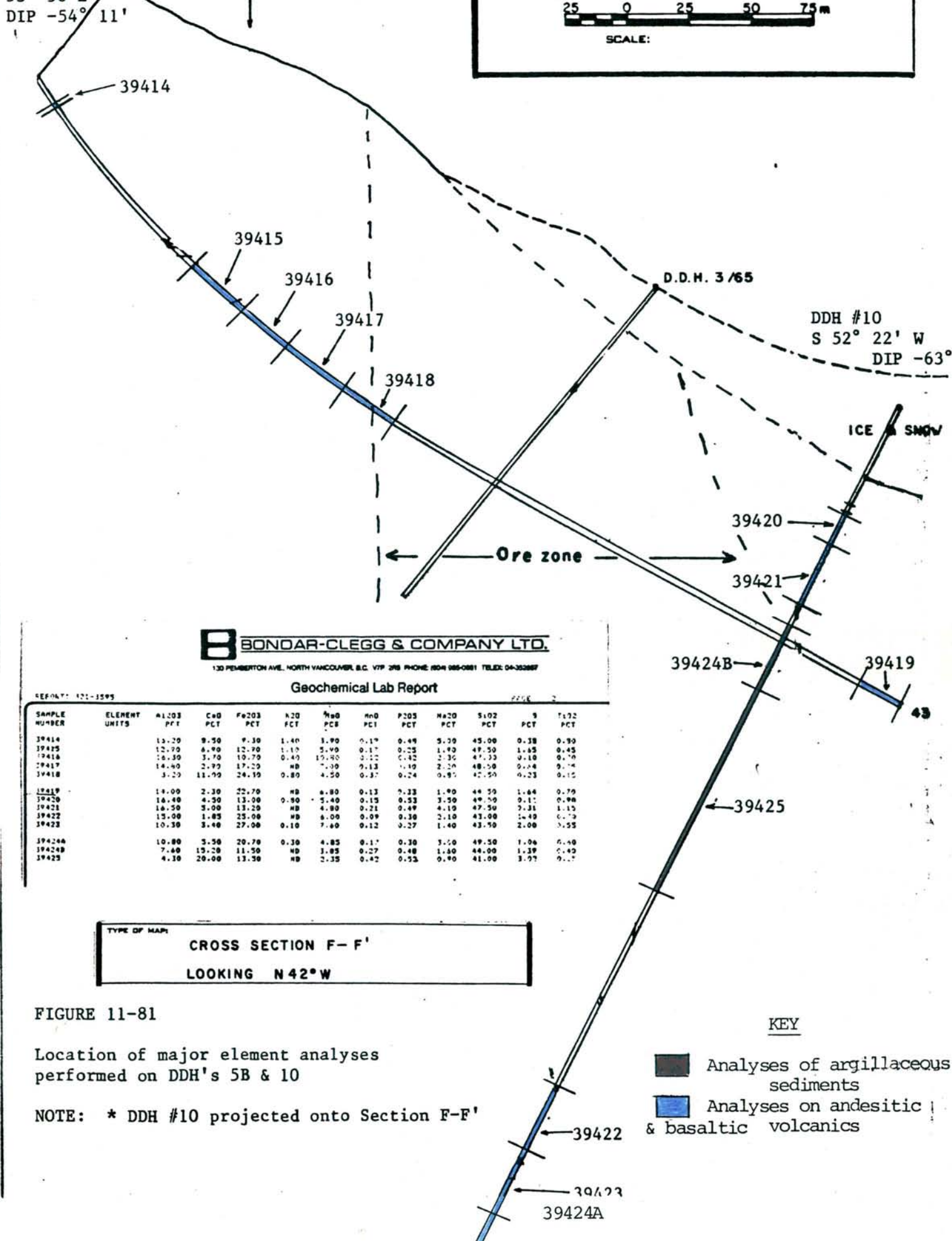
DDH #5B
53° 50' E
DIP -54°

BASELINE

-7-

25 0 25 50 75 m

SCALE:



BONDAR-CLEGG & COMPANY LTD.

130 PEMBERTON AVE. NORTH VANCOUVER B.C. V7P 2R8 PHONE (604) 985-0881 TELEX 04-352887

Geochemical Lab Report

REPORT: 121-1595

PAGE 2

SAMPLE NUMBER	ELEMENT UNITS	Al2O3 PPT	CaO PCT	Fe2O3 PCT	K2O FCT	MgO PCB	MnO PCT	P2O5 PCT	Na2O PCT	SiO2 PCT	S PCT	TiO2 PCT
39414		13.20	9.50	7.30	1.40	3.90	0.17	0.49	5.20	45.00	0.38	0.90
39415		12.70	8.90	12.70	1.15	5.90	0.17	0.23	1.90	49.50	1.65	0.45
39416		18.50	3.70	19.70	0.40	15.80	0.22	0.42	2.30	47.30	0.10	0.70
39417		14.40	2.70	17.20	ND	7.30	0.13	1.10	2.20	48.50	0.24	0.75
39418		3.20	11.70	24.10	0.80	4.50	0.37	0.24	0.90	47.50	0.23	0.10
39419		14.00	2.30	22.70	ND	8.80	0.13	0.33	1.90	44.50	1.64	0.70
39420		16.40	4.30	13.90	0.90	5.40	0.15	0.53	3.50	49.50	0.11	0.98
39421		18.50	3.00	13.20	ND	4.80	0.21	0.49	4.10	47.50	0.31	1.15
39422		13.00	1.85	23.00	ND	6.00	0.09	0.30	2.10	43.00	1.40	0.70
39423		10.30	3.40	27.00	0.10	7.40	0.12	0.27	1.40	43.50	2.00	0.55
39424A		10.80	3.50	20.70	0.30	4.85	0.17	0.30	3.50	49.50	1.06	0.60
39424B		7.40	15.20	11.50	ND	3.85	0.27	0.48	1.80	44.00	1.39	0.40
39425		4.30	20.00	13.50	ND	2.35	0.42	0.53	0.90	41.00	3.97	0.17

TYPE OF MAP:
CROSS SECTION F-F'
LOOKING N42°W

FIGURE 11-81

Location of major element analyses performed on DDH's 5B & 10

NOTE: * DDH #10 projected onto Section F-F'

KEY

- Analyses of argillaceous sediments
- Analyses on andesitic & basaltic volcanics

TABLE 12-81

GEOCHEMICAL WATER ANALYSES - RED CREEK

<u>SAMPLE NO.</u>	<u>Cu</u>	<u>Zn</u>	<u>Ag</u>	<u>Co</u>	<u>Fe</u>	<u>As</u>	<u>pH</u>	<u>SO₄</u>
1	9.91	.12	.001	1.16	45.50	.01	4.0	175
2	9.25	.11	.001	1.05	42.00	.01	4.0	170
3	9.40	.11	.001	1.10	43.50	.01	4.0	172
4	9.35	.11	.001	1.10	43.10	.01	4.0	180
5	** 21.40	.34	.001	2.60	192.00	.01	4.0	420
6	9.50	.11	.001	1.10	44.00	.01	4.0	174

* All elements in ppm 6 Samples taken Sept 13/81 along 100 feet of Creek

** Some sediment included??

Water analyses (Red Creek) are interesting, (Table 12/81) confirming that it should not be drunk by humans. Metal content is highly anomalous save for silver which is below detectable levels.

2) Geological Interpretation

a) Orientation

The Geological Sections will be further defined at a later date; to this point no trouble has been experienced in locating the sulphide zone utilizing more than a simple interpretation of geology. The western contact of the sulphide zone was accurately predicted in all holes to within a few feet of it's intersected location. The totally unexposed eastern contact is more of an unknown. Attitudes suggest that, although the western contact (fault controlled in part) is near vertical, some of the massive sulphides (+70% S₂) occur as easterly dipping lenses (?) within the zone. Due to lack of holes and penetration, plus faulting, the attitude of the Eastern Contact is uncertain. Thus we do not know at this time what is "hangingwall" and what is "footwall". Regional observations on the Windy Claims suggest a steep easterly dip while those on the Craggy suggest a vertical to steep westerly dip. The writer is unprepared to be committed at this stage. It appears that plunging sulphide shoots are likely but evidence is again too skimpy for support.

b) Rock Types

Cross sections suggest, as earlier described, that rocks to the west of the sulphide zone consist of felsitic to slightly basic volcanics (andesites) interbedded with shales (some are prominently calcareous and may serve as marker horizons). The southern sulphide zone consists of at least three steeply dipping, paralleling bands. These may merge into a single unit to the north. Rocks to the east of the sulphides are dark chloritized volcanics (andesite-basalts) succeeded by a dense black shale and/or argillite unit at least several hundred feet thick. Alternating bands of volcanics and shales (argillite?) are evident at the first exposures beyond the ice cap 1000 feet to the east.

Utilizing the Anyox Model (see earlier discussions) either contact would qualify as "footwall" at this stage. Alteration appears to be Lower Greenschist.

c) Sulphide Zone

The sulphide zone consists of the often described massive sulphides (+50% pyrrhotite, minor pyrite and chalcopyrite) flanked by "stringer-zone" mineralization ($\pm 30\% S_2$). 1981 drilling showed extensive "crackle" or weakly brecciated zones containing higher than usual chalcopyrite/pyrrhotite ratios. Sulphide persists through depths of at least 1500 feet (Photo 8/71).

d) Anomalous Geological Features

Based on west (footwall??) geology, and observation of the sections (i.e. model photographs enclosed, Sect. C-C' + 40N & Photo 6) it appears that DDH #10 did not penetrate the main zone as intended (it was hoped that hole would flatten) before being abandoned due to freeze-up. Faulting present may have caused complications. This hole collared in ice and can not be re-entered, one problem with ice cap drilling.

Some problems were encountered with cavities of large dimensions and no surface representation - i.e. DDH's 2/81 and #1(65). Pyrrhotite present prior to encountering the cavity oxidized rapidly, some visually within one hour of pulling, and the writer interprets the cause of the large cavity to be due to "burning", (rapid oxidization), of similar material. Deeper holes showed no sign of this phenomena (see sections).

A breccia-like rock encountered under the snow cap (DDH #8 & #10) is suggestive of some form of laharcic breccia. Fragments are unlike those composing rocks exposed on surface, and the matrix seems more tuffaceous than would be expected on a normal mudslide or in a derived calcrete. The breccia is deeply weathered in part but is

unmineralized save for secondary oxides. In the two best exposures, the breccia overlies unmineralized volcanics but at a low dip angle. The origin is in doubt at this time.

e) Shape of Deposit

In general it would appear that the Windy - Craggy deposit has the shape of a crater with tangents or offshoots to the north and south. 1982 drilling should clarify this.

f) North Extensions

No sampling was done on the north extension, in fact it was not even visited during 1981. Float from the north cliffs, where a steep sulphide body is exposed, (see Model, Photo 5/81) was sampled along a two mile moraine. Copper assays (Table 13/81) are erratic as in previous sampling but the cobalt content, also erratic, must be compared to total sulphides, assays (the material is decidedly more pyritic) for which are awaited. When sulphur assays are completed on other mineralized material, ratios may suggest regional trends.

g) Geophysical Surveys

Airborne DIGHEM traverses have proven very difficult to plot due to the lack of ground control, the "ground" in the area of most interest being essentially impassable. Unfortunately the only airphotos available and used for plotting suffer from distortions and severe shadow effects in the area of interest, (Fig. 17/81). Also the snow was much further melted when the photos were taken than when DIGHEM photographed during their traverses. Detailed studies by the writer, after constructing a 35mm viewer, suggested that only minor changes in the DIGHEM plot are necessary. In order to utilize all the data, we should make a few airborne obliques about the same time of the year that DIGHEM flew. Ice fracture patterns identified at low level on the DIGHEM photos could be useful as these change little from year to year.

TABLE 13 - 81

FLOAT SPECIMENS FROM THE WEST FROBISHER GLACIER

<u>SAMPLE NO</u>	<u>% Cu</u>	<u>% Co</u>	<u>% Sulphides</u>
46027	2.40	0.074	
46028	0.14	0.012	
46029	0.30	0.048	
46030	0.15	0.046	
46031	2.14	0.046	
46032	1.14	0.071	
46033	0.45	0.042	
46034	0.07	0.042	
46035	0.87	0.067	

* Analyses for Sulphides not yet received.

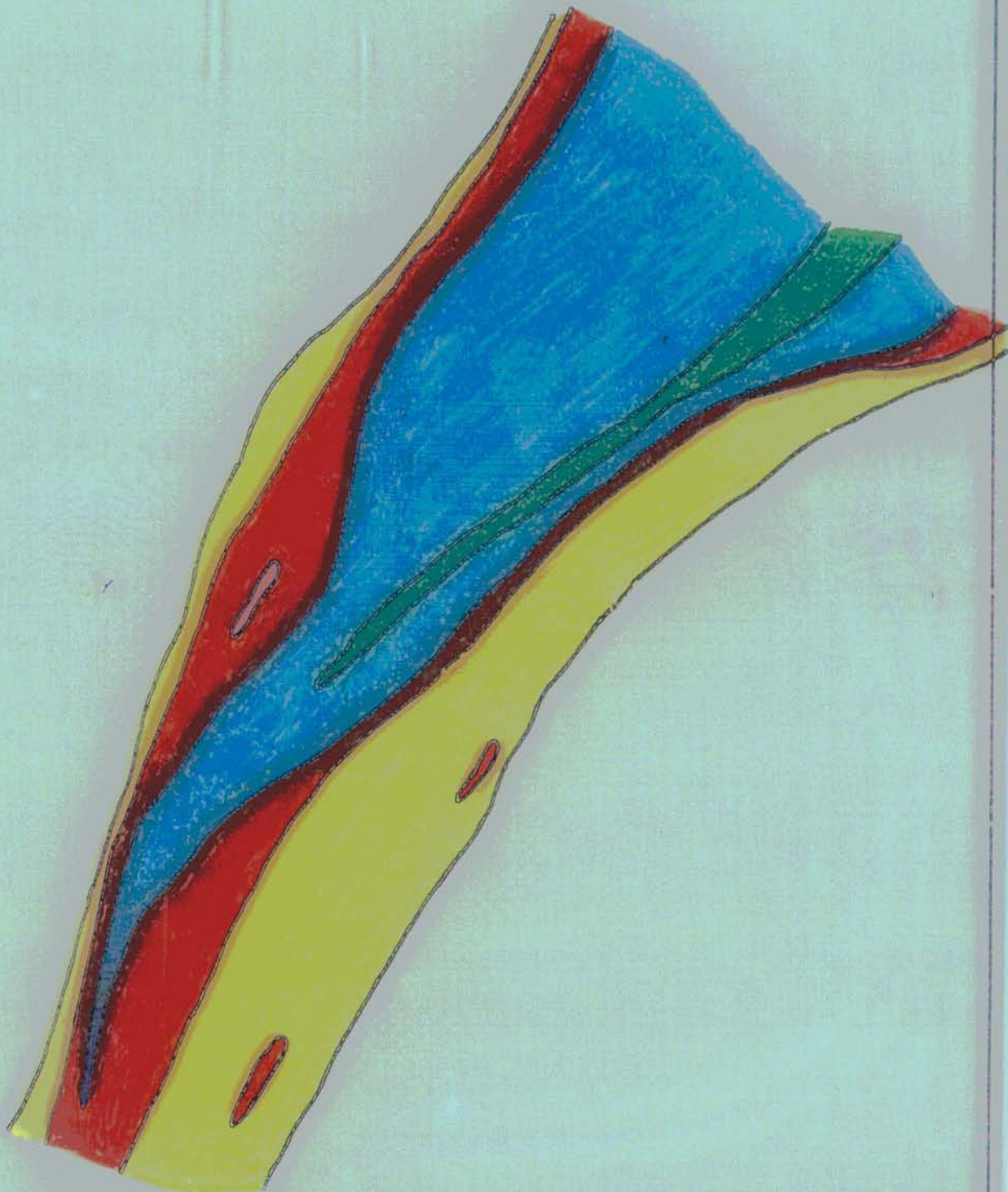
There is also a possible plotting problem due to the varying and non-linear number of frames between fiducial marks, apparently an effect caused by the helicopter slowing down in precipitous situations, but cameras continuing at the same speed.

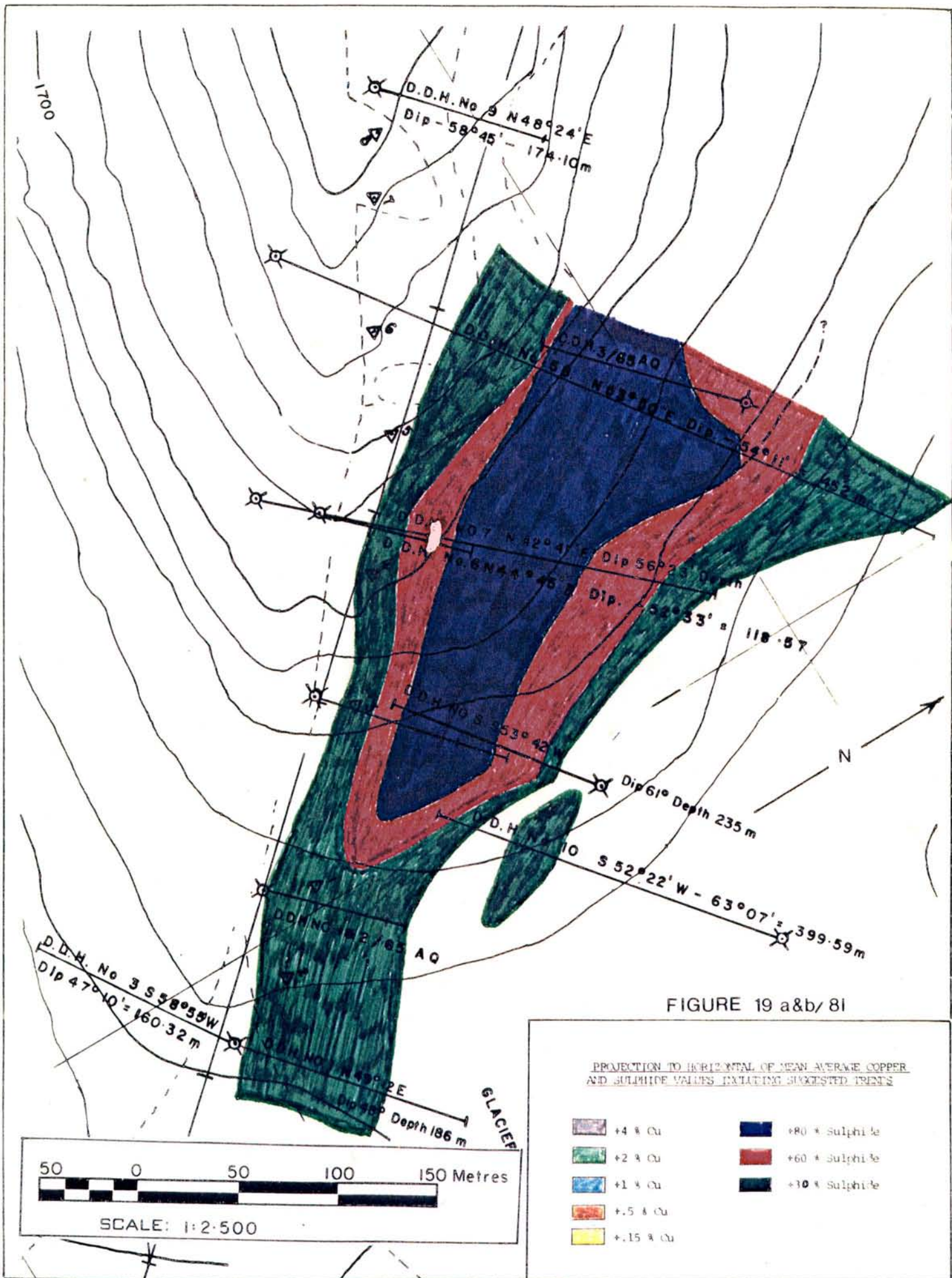
Several sets of prints of anomalous locations will be made off the DIGHEM film roll, and the results discussed in more detail. Dighem Reports and Maps (5) have been forwarded to Toronto.

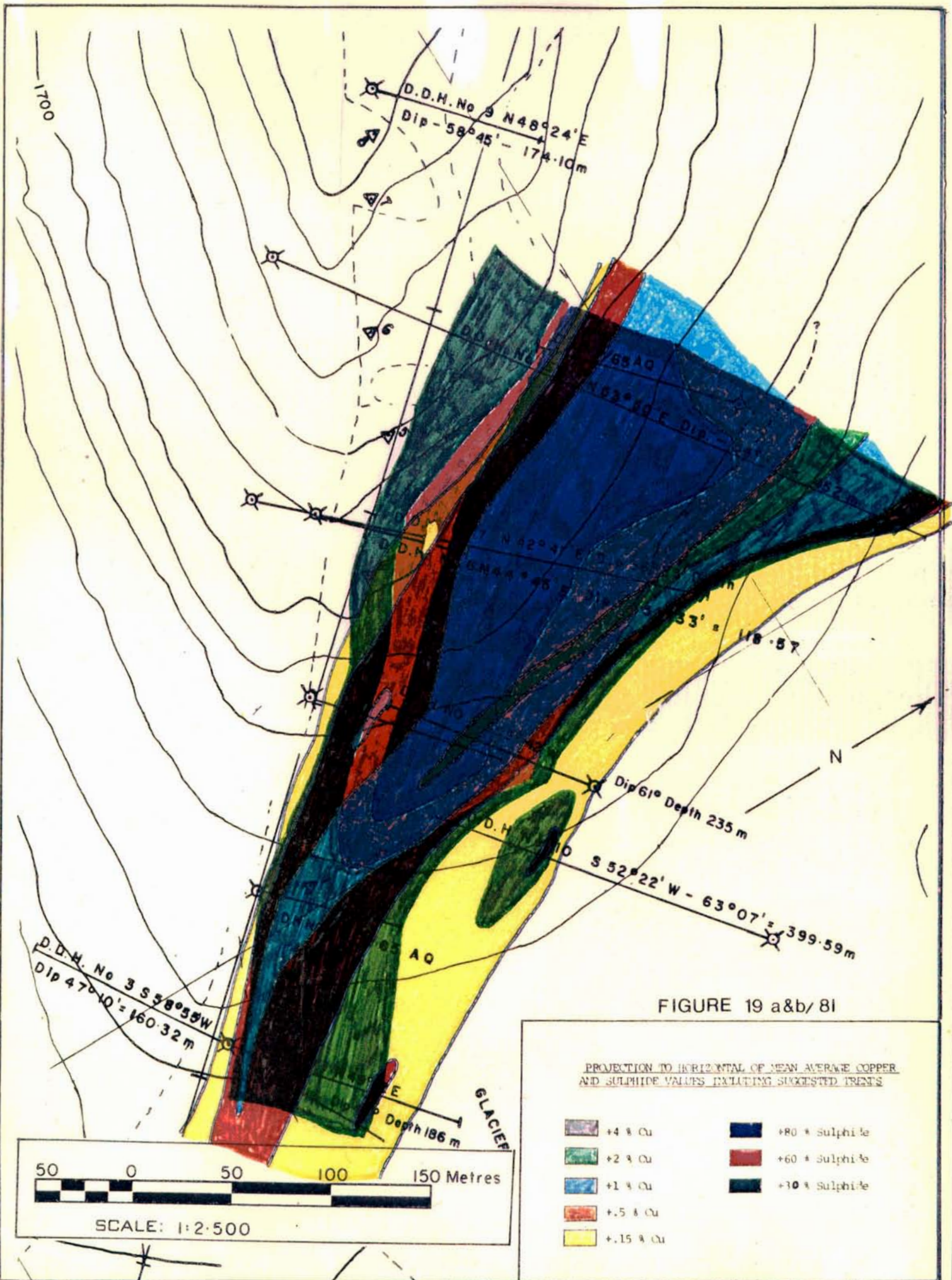
Assuming DIGHEM plots correct, the centre of the Windy - Craggy EM anomaly on Line 105 is 1000 feet east of the only usable drill set-up, thus the footage allowance to guarantee complete penetration of the zone (DDH #9 or #9+100m N?) would be at least 1400 feet. A shallow hole (less than -45°) would run the likelihood of encountering huge cavities (such as DDH #2 and #1/65) and a steep one would never reach the zone within the capability of the drill without wedging.

III CONCLUSIONS

Despite many problems due to the pioneering aspect of the project, first stage drilling was successful in outlining the southern portion (1/3?) of the massive sulphide deposit. The main north center of the large body, its presence now better confirmed by airborne geophysics, remains to be tested in 1982 as per earlier recommendations. Initial plans were to work outwards from this more northern location in 1981, but circumstances forced most early work southerly. Snow drilling was only moderately successful due to crevasses and appears doubtful for 1982. Thus the longer, more expensive alternative holes from the ridge top are required unless intermediate set-ups can be constructed (given low snowfall).







IV PROPERTY SITUATION

The Windy - Craggy claims have 5 years additional assessment applied to them (Figure 15/81).

V RECOMMENDATIONS

It is recommended that drilling proceed as initially planned, with modifications as dictated by circumstances yet unforeseen. Details are discussed under the 1982 Budget Section which follows.

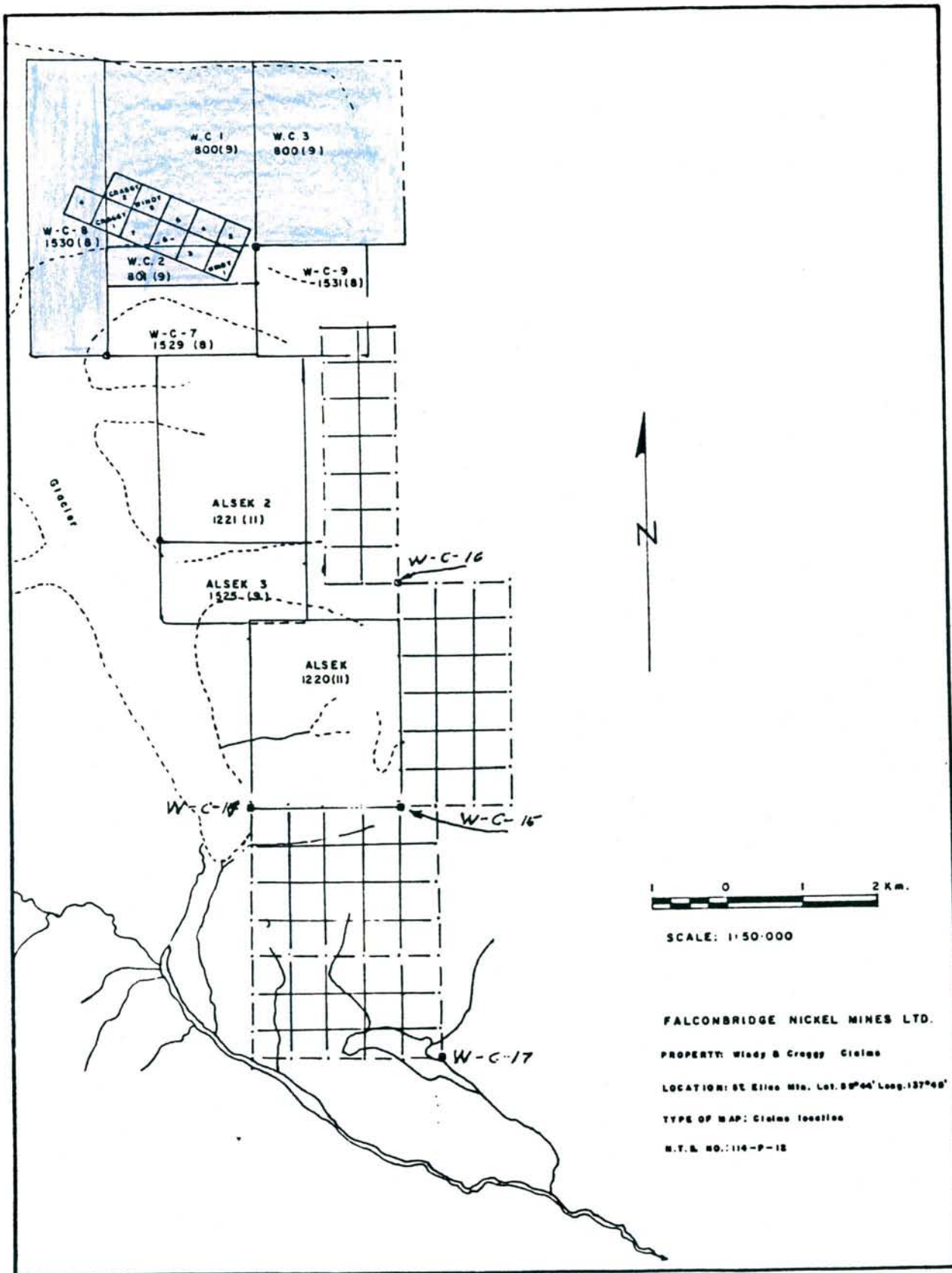


Figure 15-81: Windy & Craggy Claims
January (82)

1982 BUDGET

Budget proposals are presented under two headings,
a) Current and b) Additional.

a) Current

Approximately \$ 600,000.00 remains of the 1,500,000.00 budget originally planned. The best possible cost estimating can be done by simple reference to 1981 costs. Certain cost items will not occur again but others, such as mobilization on completion of the program must be considered. Costs of some items involved in any expanded program are also presented.

Overall project costs in 1981 worked out to about \$100/foot. The only items which will be reduced significantly in 1982 will be infrastructure (camp, etc.) and excessive fuel hauls by helicopter. During the past season these items totalled about \$150,000.00. Deducting them, 1982 costs should then be about \$83/ft. With inflation increase, a \$90/foot figure should be used. Implimentation of new drilling techniques - drilling mud, water heaters, NQ rod for initial drilling, and fewer set-ups but longer holes - should reduce costs to about \$80/ft, but a larger helicopter will be required for moves in a more difficult terrain. The safest estimate then works out to about \$85/ft overall, allowing about 7000 feet of drilling for the \$600,000.00 available.

Items in addition to those required in 1981 should include:

- 1) Larger project helicopter - a Long Ranger will cost more but this will be offset by more efficient crew moves and better lifting capability at altitude - Cost Diff. - 0.
- 2) A better communication set-up between crews, helicopter and Northern Telephone. This is a safety requirement which should add considerable efficiency as well. A VHF system, totally recoverable, has been designed similar to others in use in the St. Elias - Cost \$12,000.00.

- 3) Expanded mapping of the Windy - Craggy Deposit and legal but minimal claim surveying (i.e. W. C. #1, 2, 3 and 9) - Preliminary estimate (McElhanney - \$10,000).
- 4) Expanded DIGHEM Survey including better definition of the Windy-Craggy Deposit \$20,000 (should be done along with the Tats Deposit). The job and price depend on the availability of DIGHEM in the area - i.e. they may be working nearby in Alaska. The remainder left in the fund applicable against comparative drilling costs would then be 558,000, which would allow 6550 feet of drilling.

b) Drilling Plans - 1982

No changes are anticipated in the grid drilling program set up in 1981 which includes drilling on sections G to L, (Table 16/81). Snow drilling from the east would increase efficiency but we can not rely on such at this time, thus drilling will have to be done from the ridge top.

As outlined on Map 034/81 (a) (pocket), a short 500 ft. drill hole should be put in from a convenient set-up on Section A, which can be occupied earlier. This hole, #11, would test any plunge of the sulphide body to the south and may help explain the sudden termination evident on surface, or the weak DIGHEM response (Figure 17/81). Priority would be lower than that of the other holes, however.

The length of Hole #9 (Section G-C') must be doubled (600 feet remaining). Some consideration will be given to induced flattening by wedging on all subsequent steep holes.

Drill Hole #12 will be on Section H (1300 ft), #13 on Section I-I' (1400 ft), and #14 on Section J-J' (1500 ft). Footage remaining (1250 ft) to arrive at a total of 6550 ft (1996.4 m) should be allocated to Section K-K', L-L' or M-M' (if feasible). These lengths would be minimal and unless holes flatten may have to be extended.

The above program will minimally test what the writer has always believed to be the largest part of the W. C. deposit, a concept enhanced in 1981 by the extremely high E.M. and accompanying magnetics

TABLE 16 - 81

DRILLING PLANS - 1982

<u>DDH#</u>	<u>SECTION</u>	<u>BASELINE</u>	<u>CO-ORDINATES</u>		<u>ELEVATION</u> metres	<u>BEARING</u>	<u>INCLINATION</u>	<u>MINIMUM DEPTH</u> metres	<u>COLLAR</u>	<u>PURPOSE</u>
			N	E						
11	A-A'		10,020	10,070	1560	N 48 E	-50°	152.4	creek near camp	test plunge to south & EM anomaly
9	G-G'		10,435	9,610	1812	N 48 E	-58°	182.9	ridge	partly drilled
12	H-H'		10,515	9,580	1840	N 48 E	-50°	396.2	ridge	on section test
13	I-I'		10,565	9,985	1845	N 48 E	-50°	426.7	ridge	on section test
14	J-J'		10,612	9,385	1870	N 48 E	-50°	457.2	ridge	on section test
15	K-K'		10655	9,285	1880	N 48 E	-60°	381.0	bluff	on section test
	<u>or</u>									
15	L-L'		10,985	9,450	1845	S 48 W	-45°	381.0	Ridge OC	test holes to sample diss. min. & to test at medium depth for massive S ₂
	<u>or</u>									
15	M-M'		11,056	9,375	1840	W	-60°	381.0	Ridge snow & talus	exploration hole to test cliff exposed mineralization.
TOTAL			1996.44 m. (6550 ft)							

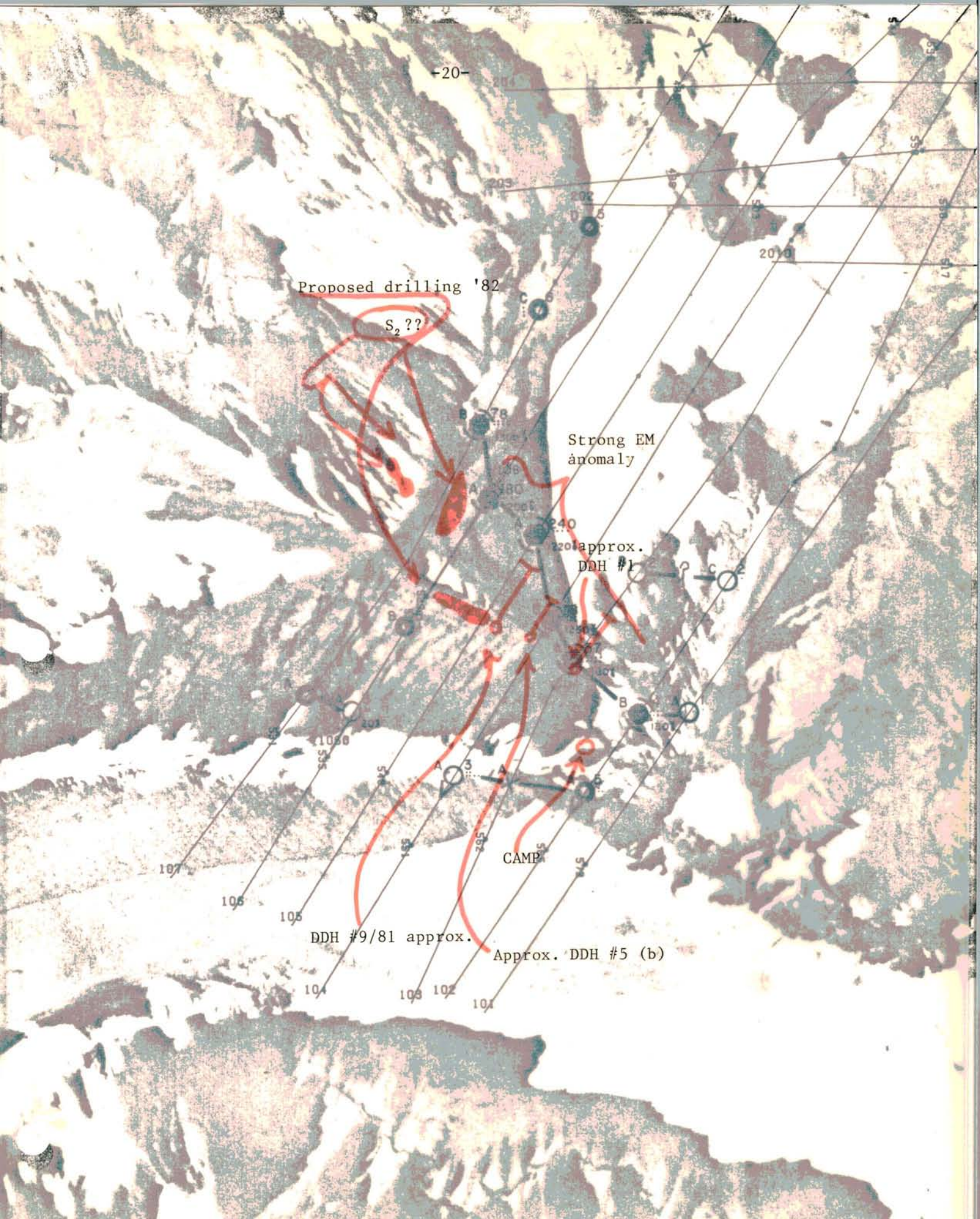


FIG 17/81 DIGHEM EM SURVEY, TATS AREA (SCALE DISTORTED)

encountered by airborne work. We can not afford gambles on such as deep surface (?) cavities encountered in DDH #4, thus the holes should be steep enough to miss these problems. Each set-up will be rationed to only one hole. Unless other financing arrangements can be made, it being more important to prove continuity along strike that at depth. Continuity of the sulphide body will be proven by intersections but little will be gained as to continuation or configuration at depth. The most northerly hole envisioned (on Section L-L' or M-M') will air in the direction of the massive sulphide evident on the inaccessible north (Craggy) cliffs. The outcrop will be geographically positioned by helicopter-controlled transit surveys. The intervening ground, although devoid of massive sulphides, is mineralized to some degree over impressive widths (1958 observations).

c) Budget Summary - Second Stage (minimal requirements to mount worthwhile program). This is presented on form #4.

d) Timing and Distribution

Jan.	Supervision, Communications System and Warehouse overhauls and preparation	\$ 10,000.00
Feb.	As above, plus fuel haul	100,000.00
March, April & May (as Jan.)		30,000.00
June	As Jan., plus mobilization	30,000.00
July	Drilling - as 1981	100,000.00
August	Drilling - as 1981	150,000.00
Sept.	Drilling, Demobilization	100,000.00
Oct.-Dec.	Supervision, Assays, Report	<u>80,000.00</u>
	TOTAL	<u>\$600,000.00</u>

e) Third Stage Program - 1982 (for reference only - not budgeted for at this time).

A) Moderate Expenditures

1) Extra drilling - deepening of 1982 holes (1000 foot total) plus two extra holes from established set-ups (3000 ft) = 4000 feet @ \$50/ft (estimate overall average \$70/ft*)	\$200,000
2) Geological Survey - extra, 15,000	15,000
3) Local Exploration and Sampling, W. C. type deposits	15,000
4) Regional Exploration and Sampling, W. C. type deposits	20,000
TOTAL	<u>\$250,000</u>

e) B) Heavier Expenditures (1981 Range - for reference only)

1) As (A) on previous page	250,000
2) Additional drilling, north end. Would include oblique (off-section) holes for a flatter intersection, or crevass bridging (metal mesh) from ice cap: 2000 ft @ \$90/ft (see map 034/81(a)) if larger helicopter available.	180,000
3) Cat road access to establish winter road route to Tats Lake. 42 miles @ \$15,000/mi. Haulage road costs (to Tats Lake only) estimated at \$40,000/mi, plus \$150,000 for bridges, culverts, etc. Bridge Costs including pile driving are about \$1000/ft	630,000
TOTAL	<u>\$1,060,000</u>

f) Comment on Second Stage Program

This program is essentially set up and only modifications are required for it's implementation.

Some early commitments are required, however. These include:

- 1) A commitment to Longyear so they can 1) begin construction during the off-season of special design water heaters and 2) decide on drill deployment - i.e. if we're not proceeding, they want their drills back. The same holds for D. J. Drilling's J. D. Tractor.
- 2) A commitment to construct the VHF mobile terminal - lead time 5 months due to uncertainty of part procurement.
- 3) Arrangement for 1982 field help.

EXPLORATION FORECAST

FORM 4

1982

Project Name Windy - Craggy

Project Number 135

\$ Estimate

SURVEYS

Salaries	<u>5,000</u>	
Transportation	<u>7,000</u>	
Contract Payments (Legal Land)	<u>10,000</u>	
(Other)	<u>20,000</u>	
Field Expenses	<u>12,000</u>	
Assays	<u>3,000</u>	<u>57,000</u>

DIAMOND DRILLING

Salaries	<u>15,000</u>	
Transportation	<u>7,000</u>	
Contract Payments	<u>233,000</u>	
Field Expenses *	<u>245,000</u>	
Assays	<u>5,000</u>	<u>505,000</u>

CAMP OPERATION

Salaries	<u>8,000</u>	
Camp Supplies	<u>21,000</u>	
Hotels & Meals	<u>2,000</u>	<u>31,000</u>

METALLURGY AND MINERALOGY

5,000

OPTION PAYMENTS AND PARTICIPATIONS

2,000

PROPERTY MAINTENANCE

TOTAL FOR PROJECT 600,000

Notes - * (includes fuel & haulage - 65 Deisel, 20 Stove Oil, 200 bbls JP4
Totallying \$62,000) JP4 based on 400 hr helicopter contract .

SUMMARYEXPLORATION FORECAST 1982

o.	PROJECT Name	MEMO ONLY FIXED COSTS	Surveys	Diamond Drilling	Camp Operation	Metallurgy Mineralogy	Option Payments etc	Property Maint.	TOTAL
		Salaries incl. in details →							
135	Windy-Craggy	28,000.00	57,000.00	505,000.00	31,000.00	5,000.00		2,000.00	600,000.00
TOTALS									600,000.00
Nickel									
Non-Nickel									

EXPLORATION SUMMARY

FORECAST OF EXPENDITURE FLOW 1982

Project No.	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	TOTAL
135	10,000	100,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	30,000	100,000	150,000	100,000	30,000	30,000	20,000	600,000.00
TOTALS													600,000.00
skel													
1-Ni.													

- 4) Fuel haul arrangements while snow conditions are suitable (Feb.)
- 5) Helicopter Arrangements (there were no established company machines left available as of March, 1981). We will look hard at Pacific again, providing the correct pilot and machine are available. A 206 L₂ model (latest with larger engine) would be the most suitable.
- g) Comment on Third Stage

This would involve more extensive work on the Windy Craggy deposit.

Examination in December, 1981, of routes to Tats Lake (J. J. McDougall, Grant Stewart, J. Hugi) suggested that the best winter access would be from the Carmine (Red Mtn) airstrip across the lower O'Connor and up the south side of Tat Creek (see Map 114P in Folio). Work involved can only be properly estimated in the summer when overburden, etc. can be examined. A cat could probably walk thru in about 2 weeks, preparing a later winter cat train route. This would anticipate an expanded project in 1983. Other routes - i.e. Henshi Creek (E. Arm) seem a distant second choice at this time due to the roughness of the glacier, although the base of the East Arm glacier could be reached easier than could Tats Lake.

Tats Glacier would present about a mile of tough going for a large cat before it smoothens out, but there is more room to manoeuvre than on the East Arm. Ultimate access to the deposit (i.e. possible adit) appears much better off Tats Glacier unless a roadway can be blasted in solid rock to the camp on a bench 200 feet above. An adit would be collared off the edge of the glacier below the Red Creek camp but snow accumulations would have to be allowed for at the portal - i.e. a 50 foot(?) shed elevated by fill on the glacier would be a minimal requirement. Waste rock would conceivably supplement the natural and extensive gravel moraines forming a solid and elevated roadbed which should

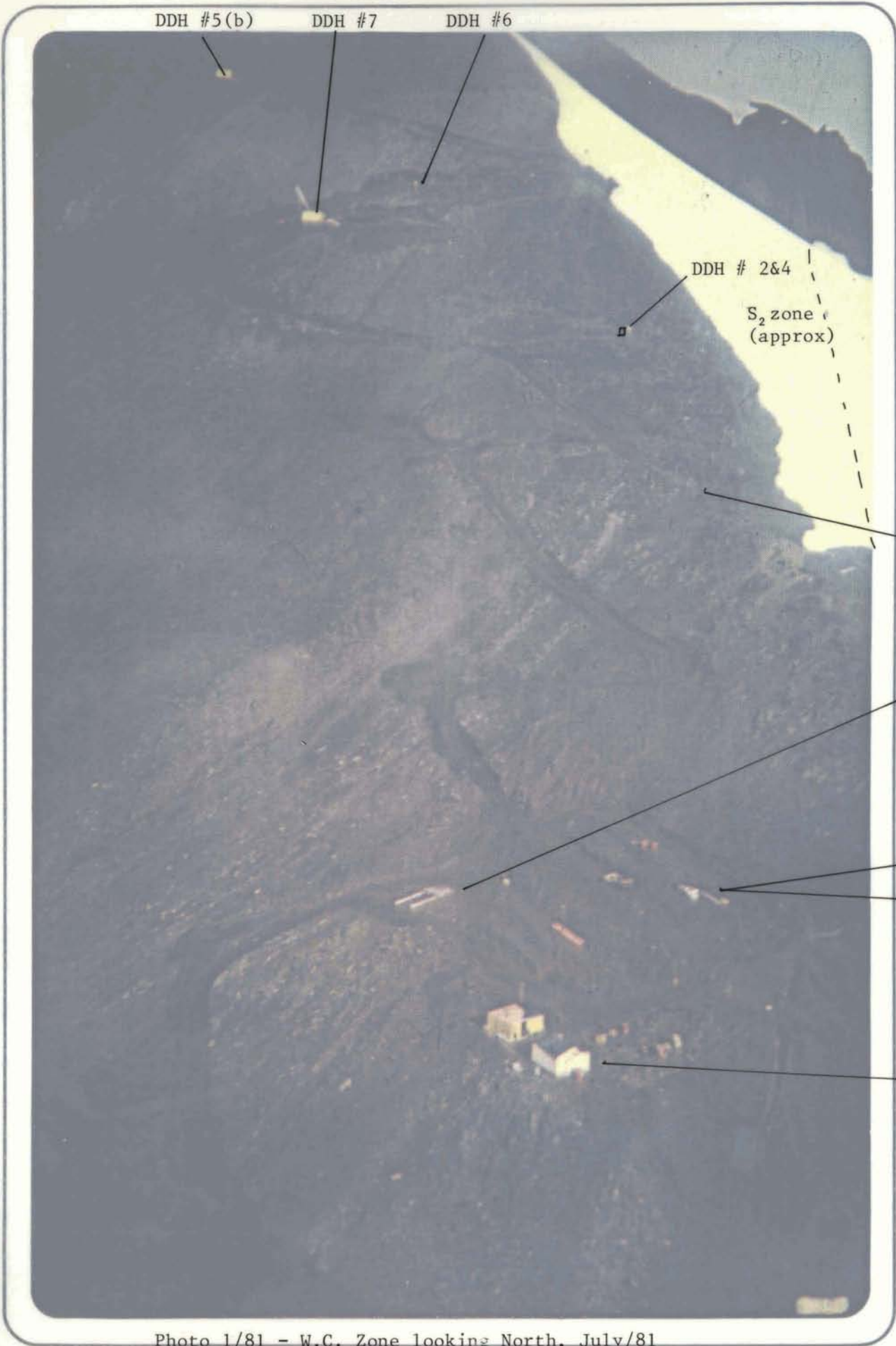
move so slowly as to be hardly troublesome. The one mile above the base of the Glacier would be most difficult, requiring heavy equipment and gravel to fill numerous ice depressions . However, once in, this route would be free of dangerous crevasses or avalanches. Contractors will not estimate beyond Tats Lake until the area is ground examined.

Further comment on possible additional stages is not practical at this time.

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "James H. Royce". The signature is written in black ink and is located in the lower right quadrant of the page.

APPENDIX 1

Photos



DDH #5(b)

DDH #7

DDH #6

DDH # 2&4

S₂ zone
(approx)

DDH #1,
2/65

Helicopter
Pad

DDH #1

DDH #3

Longyear
Camp

proposed
DDH #11/82

Photo 1/81 - W.C. Zone looking North, July/81





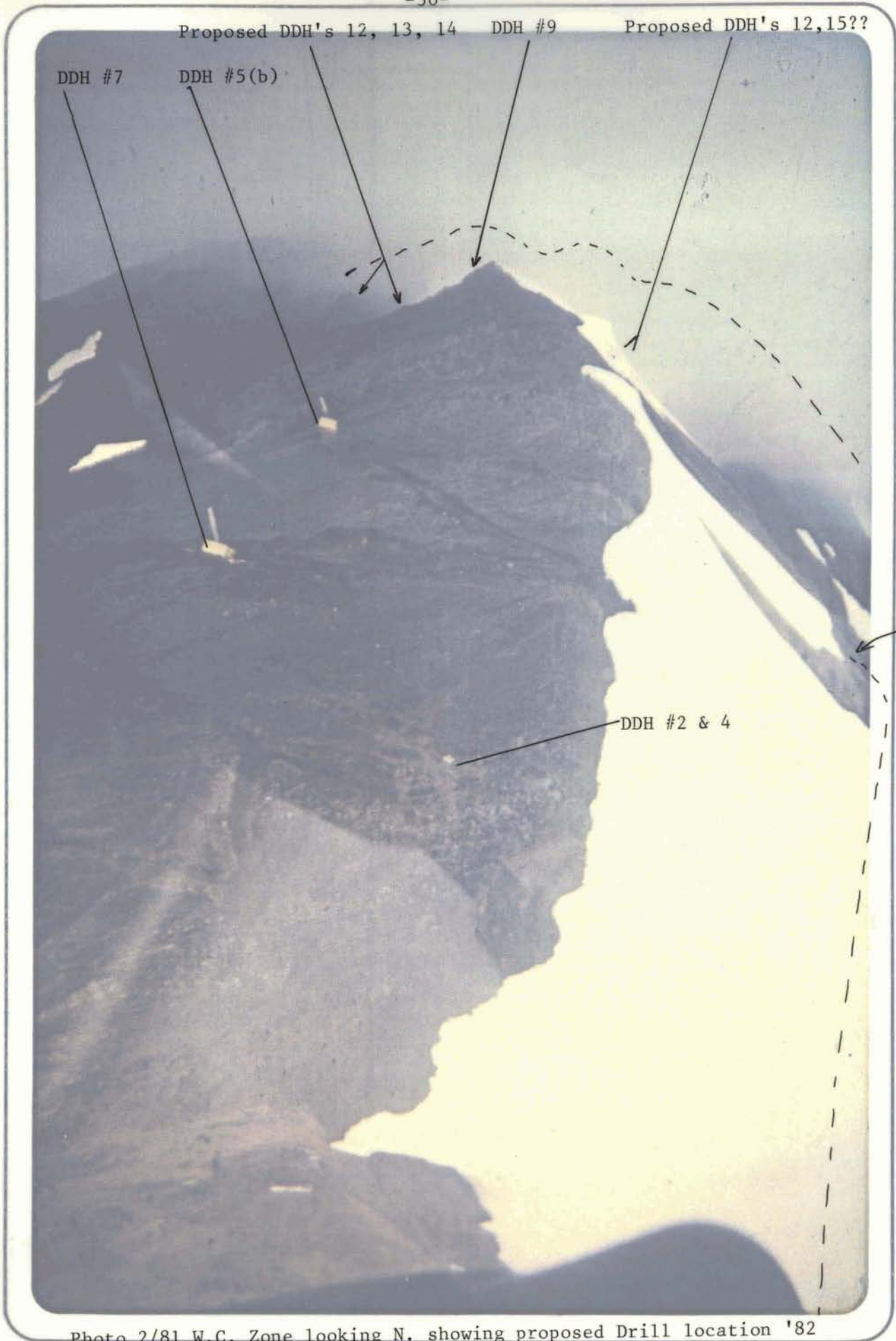


Photo 2/81 W.C. Zone looking N. showing proposed Drill location '82



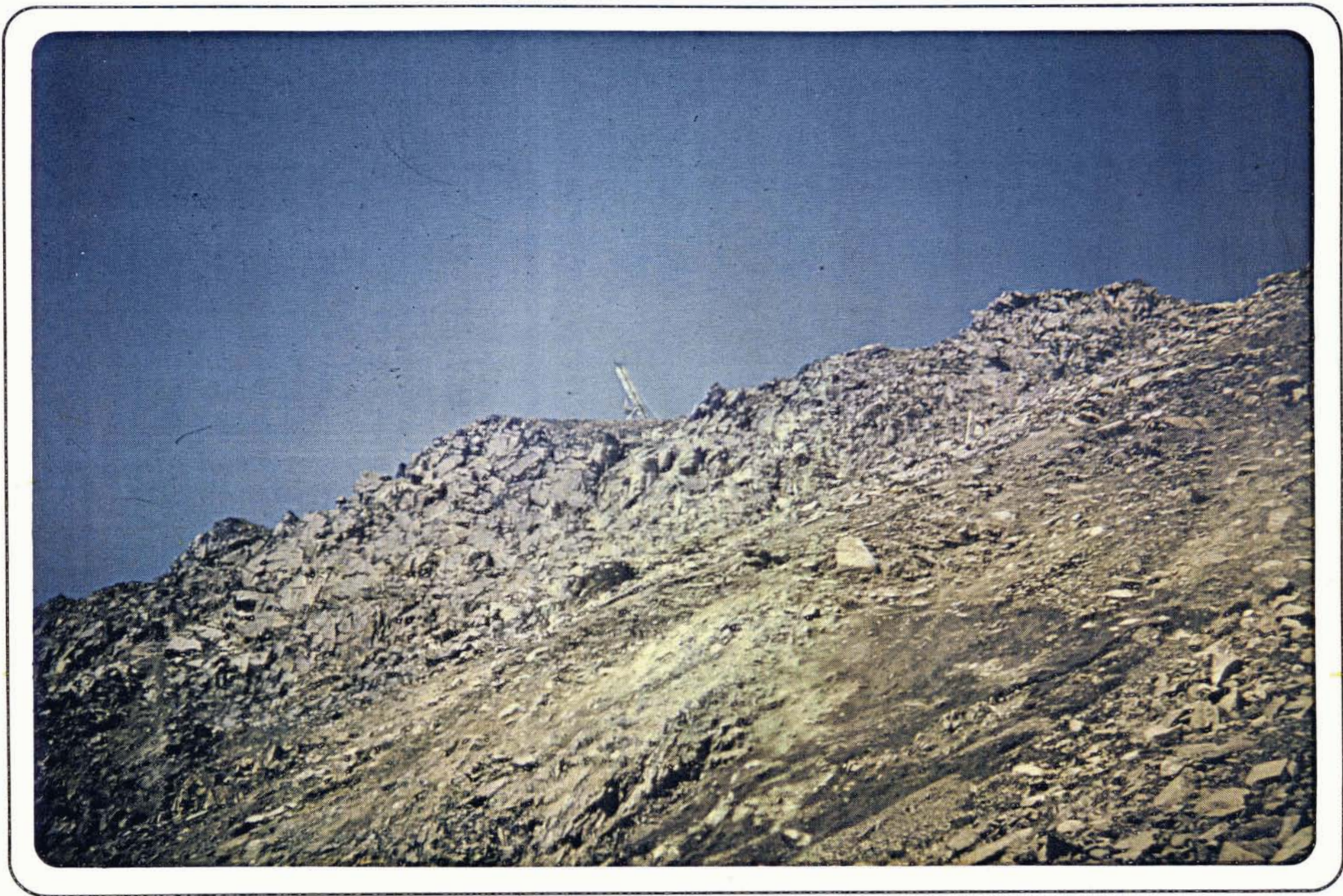
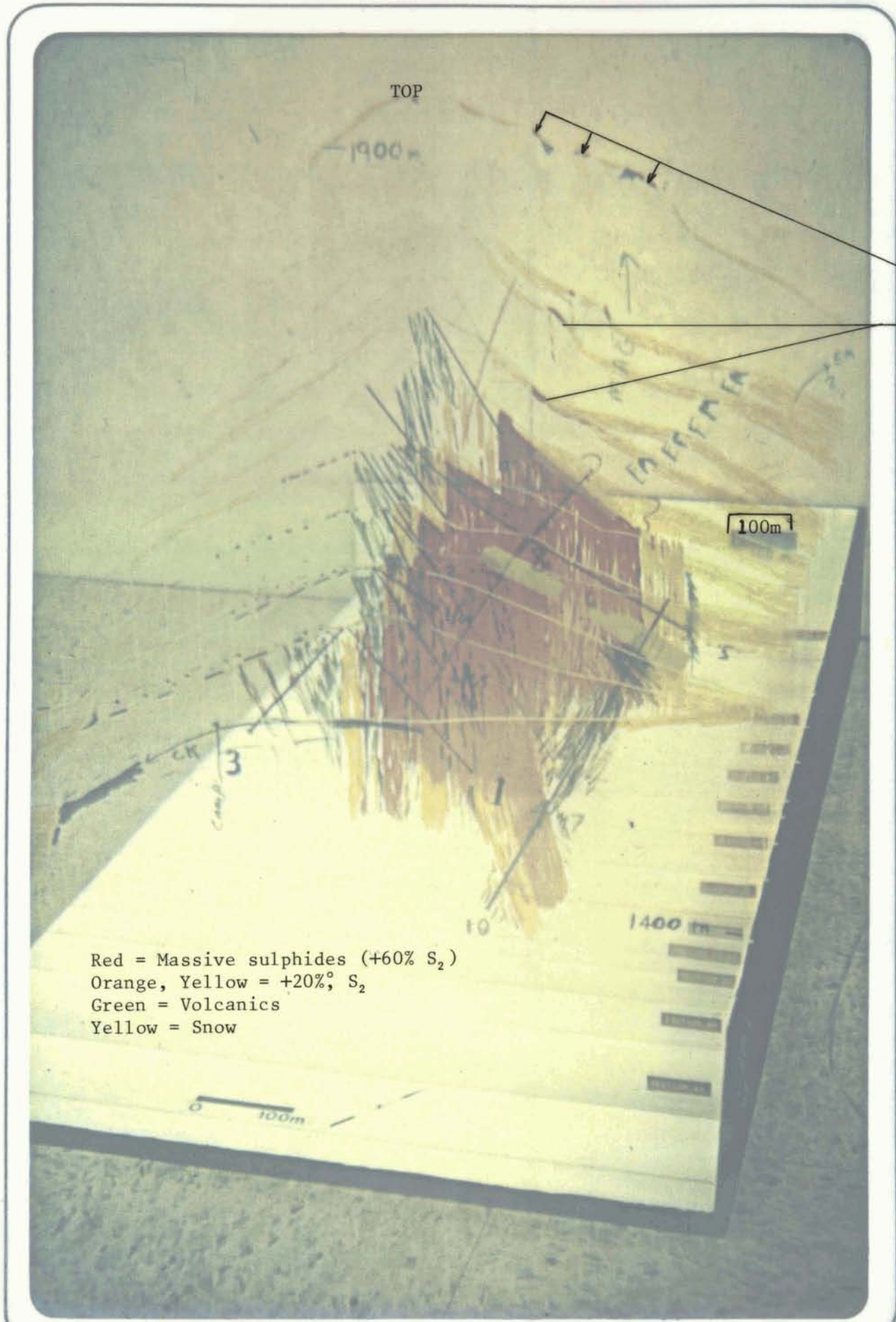
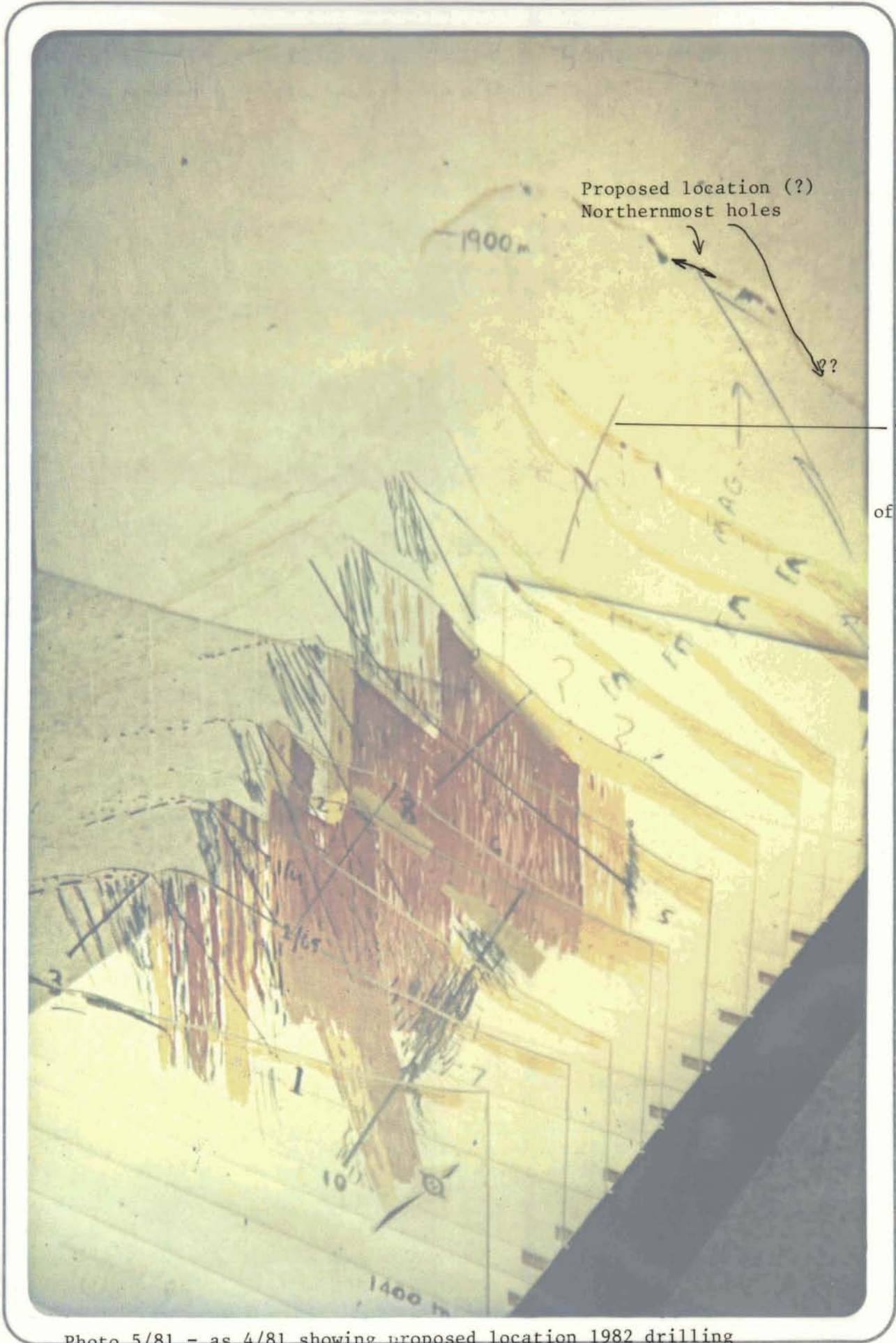


Photo 3/81 DDH #9 looking N. from approx. location DDH #5, Aug 81



Red = Massive sulphides (+60% S₂)
Orange, Yellow = +20% S₂
Green = Volcanics
Yellow = Snow

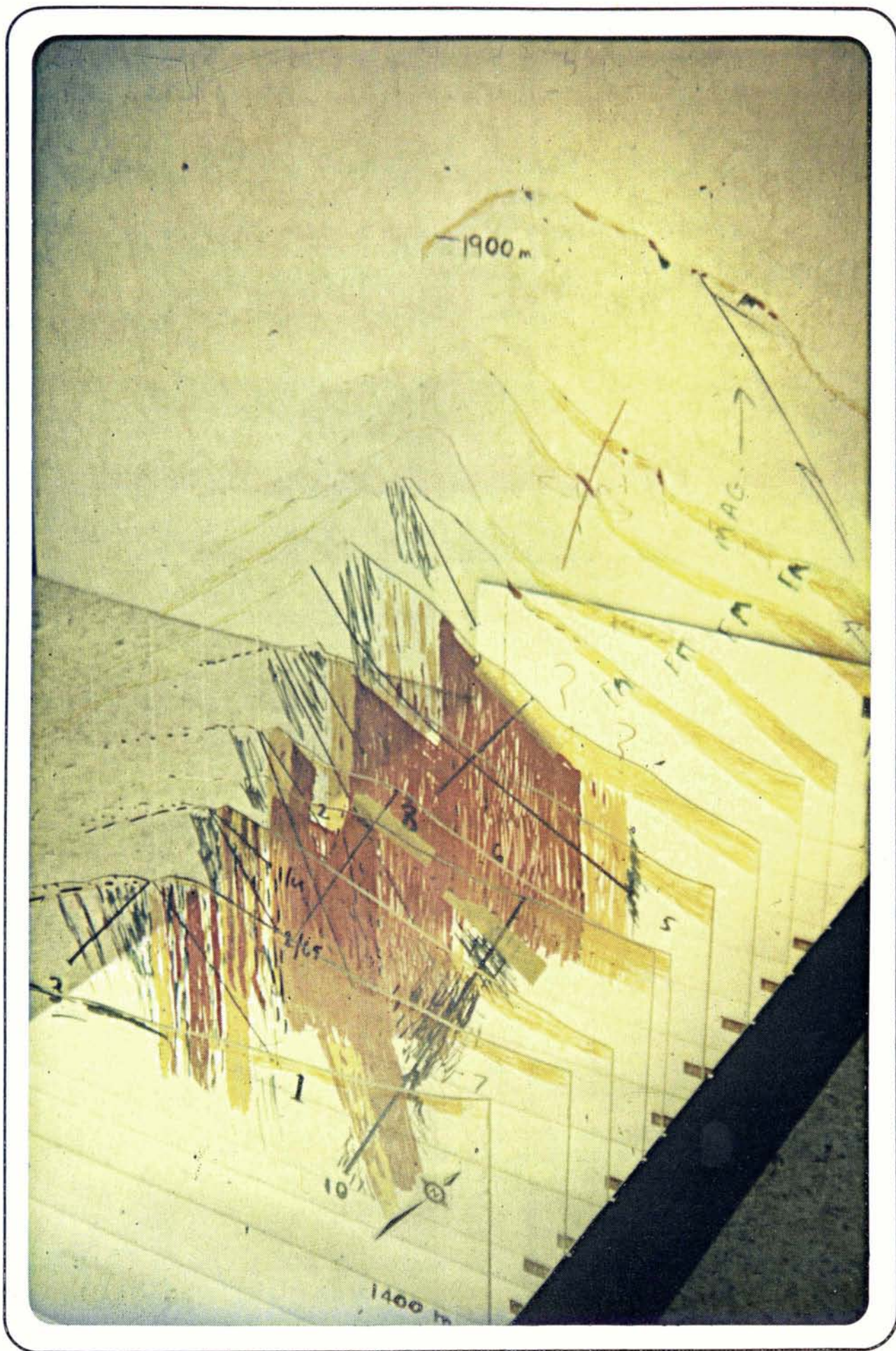
4/81 - preliminary sketch model and inferred projections W.C. zone looking NW



Proposed location (?)
Northernmost holes

approx.
2000' (?)
projected
location
of proposed
S₂ zone on
North
Cliffs,
NOT
SURVEYED

Photo 5/81 - as 4/81 showing proposed location 1982 drilling



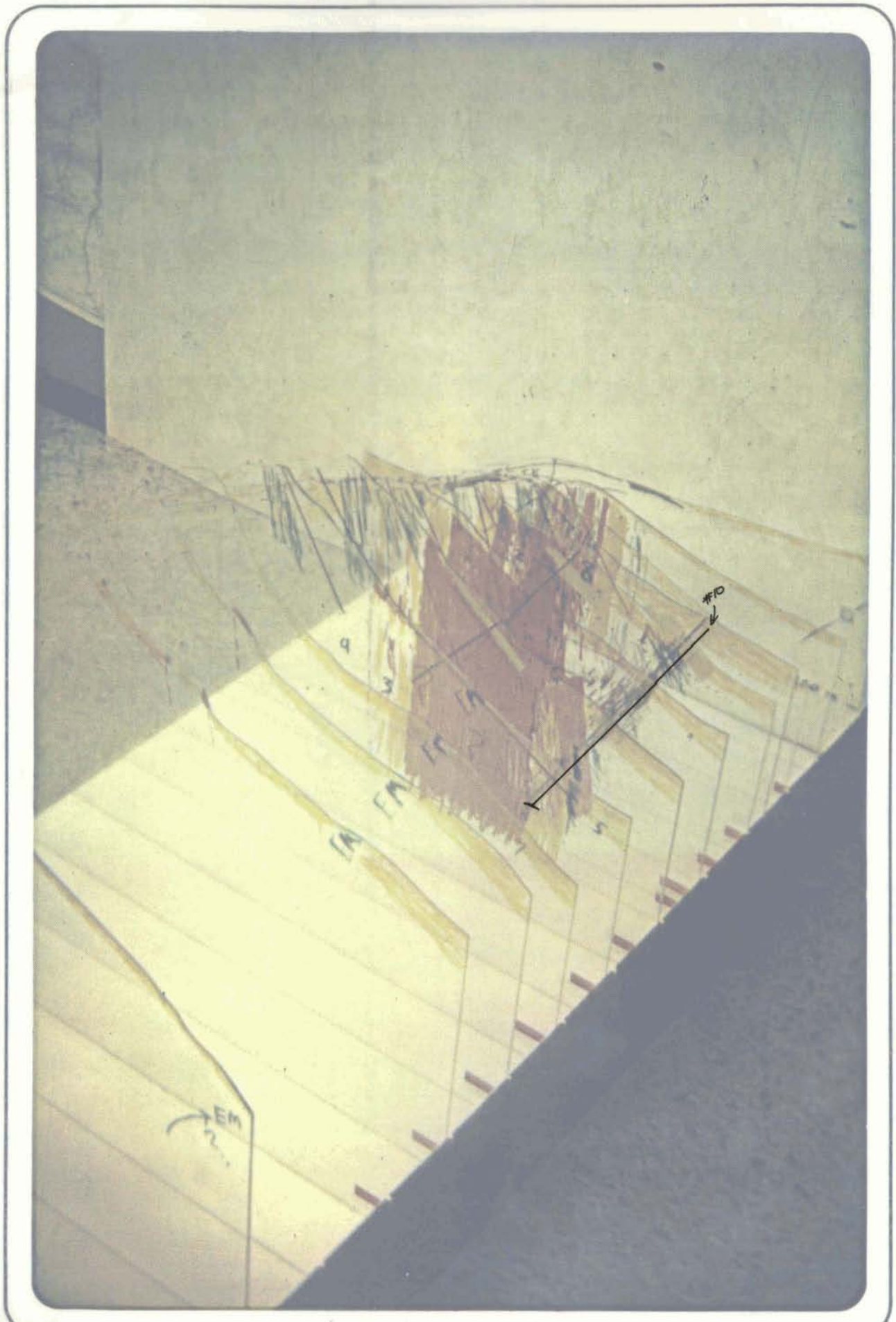
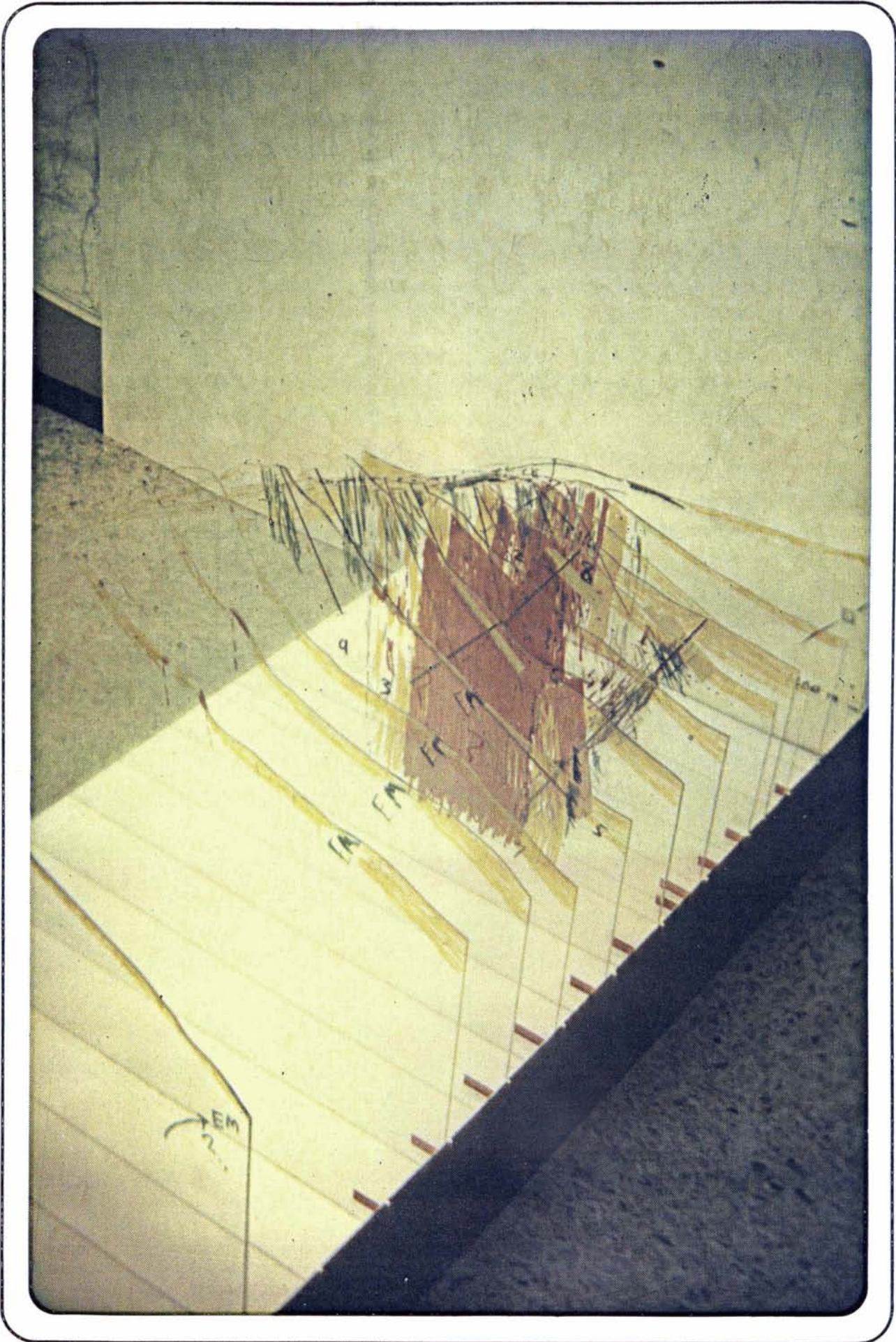


Photo #6 as #4 but looking south. Photo is reversed but shows best the location of DDH #10 which may not have penetrated the main zone unless fault displacement has occurred.



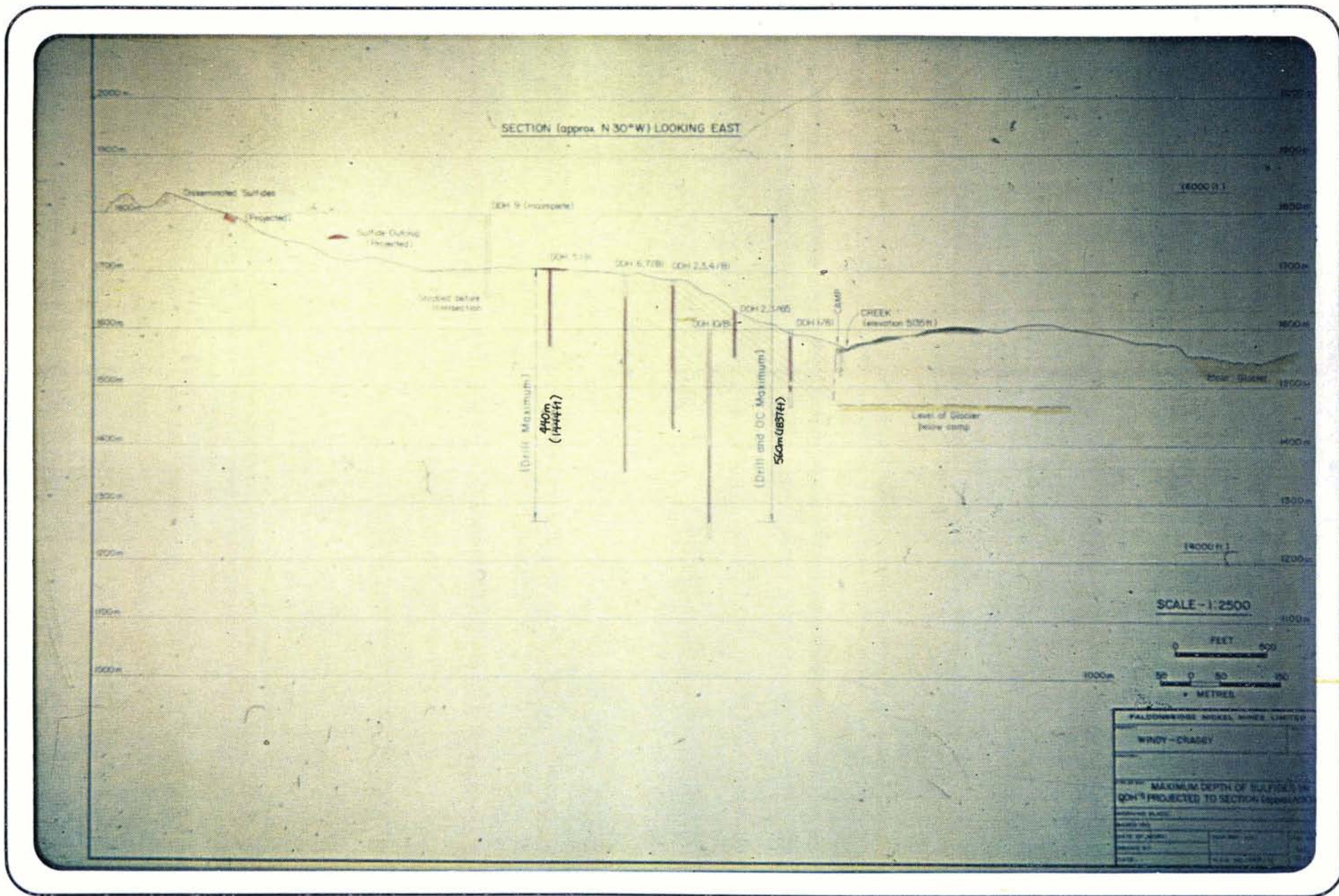
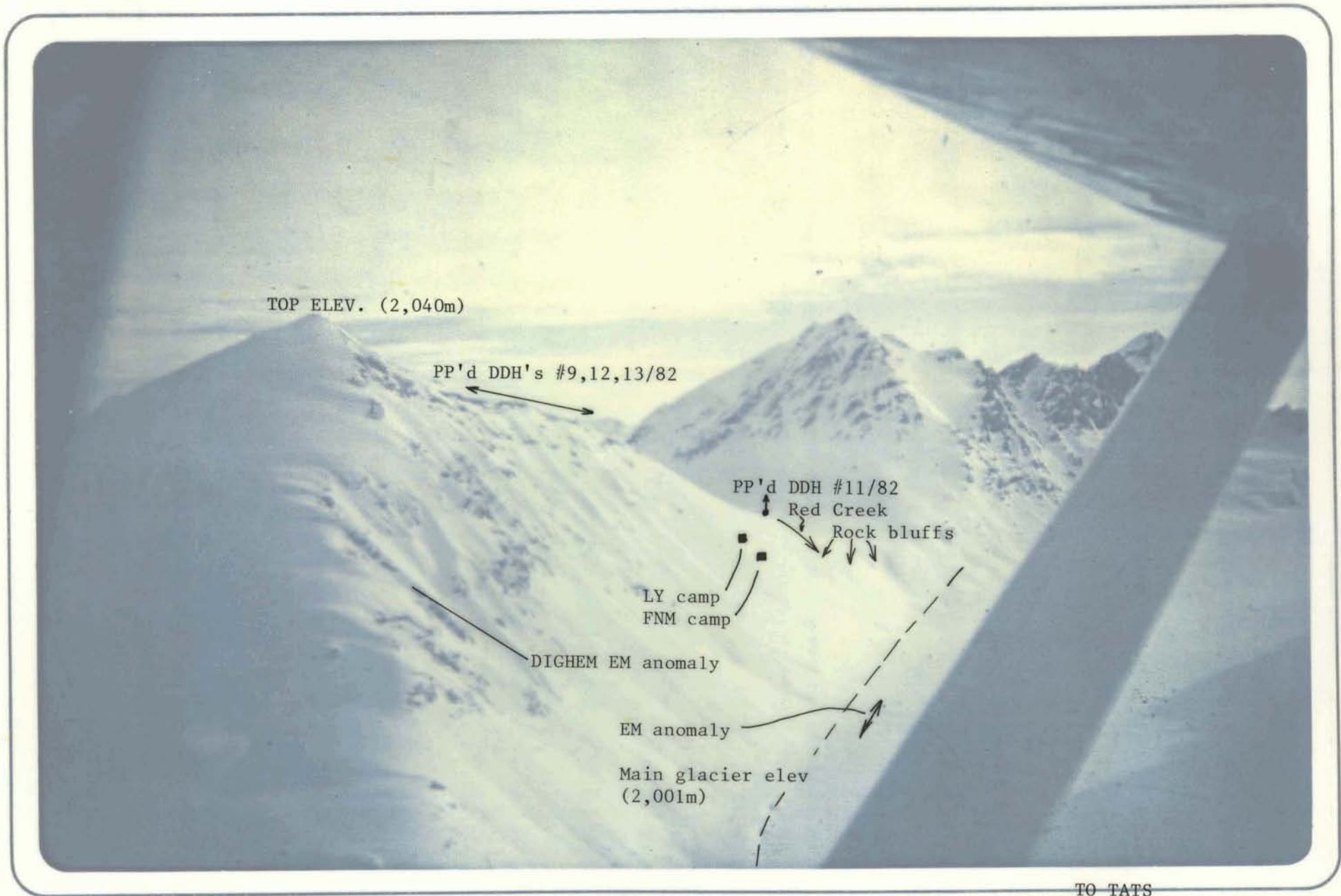


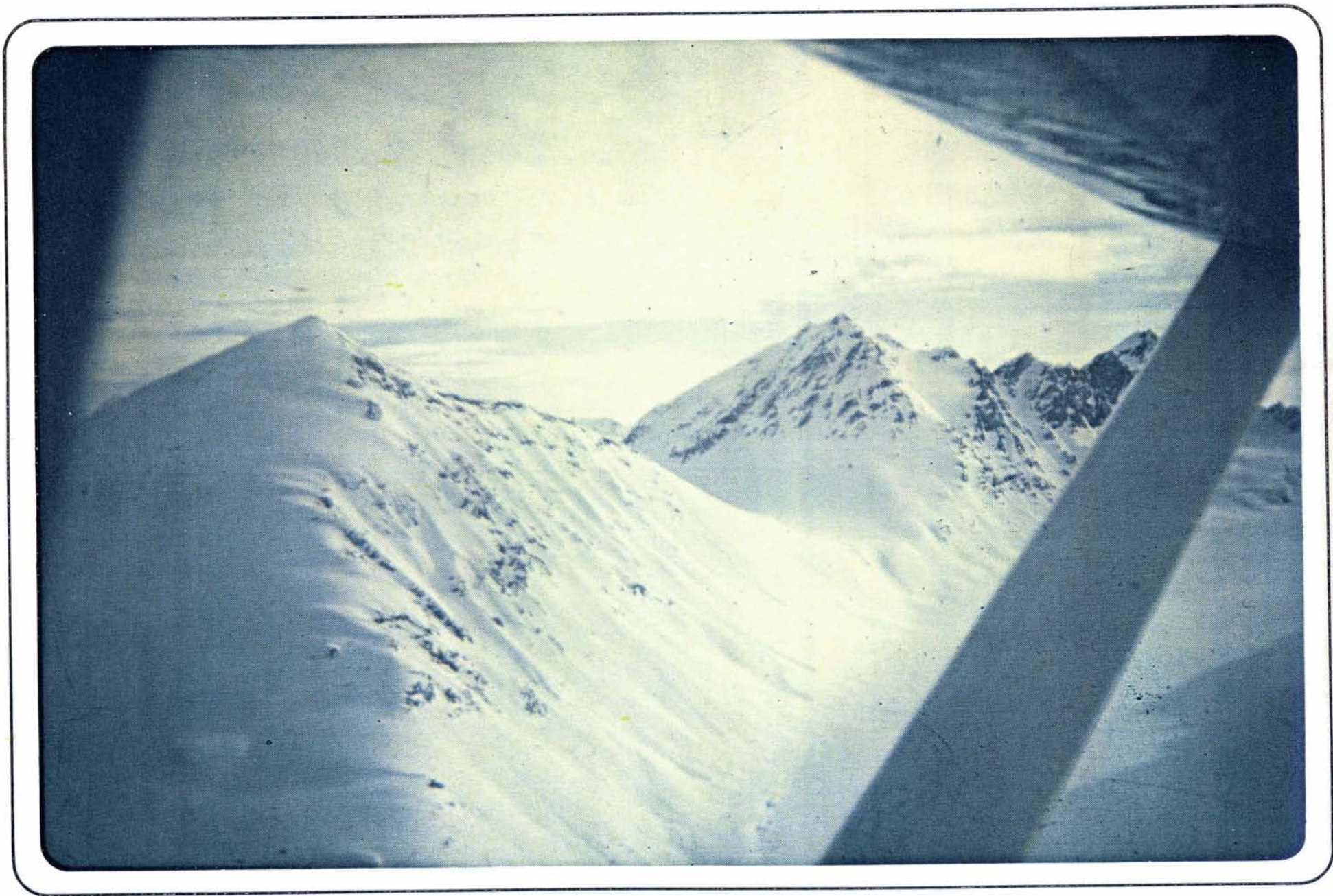
Photo 7/81 - Longitudinal view looking east of drill holes projected showing depths at which sulphide was encountered. NOTE: LEVEL OF GLACIER



TO TATS

Photo #8/81 - W.C. in winter, looking from S.W.





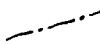
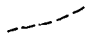


APPENDIX 2

Diamond Drill Logs

LEGEND

- A Massive sulphides (50-100%), pyrrhotite, pyrite, chalcopyrite.
B Sulphides (10-50%), pyrrhotite, pyrite, chalcopyrite largely as stringers, bands & patchy mineralization.
C Sulphides (0-10%), pyrrhotite, pyrite, chalcopyrite as disseminations, vein & fracture fillings.
D Rusty gossan-highly oxidized.
- 1 Relatively unaltered basic-intermediate flows, sills & dykes (andesitic)
2 Schistose fine grained basic volcanics, pillow lavas, chlorite & epidote alteration (spilitic basalts?) commonly interbedded with chert & argillite.
3 Relatively unaltered medium to coarse grained basic-ultrabasic intrusives (dioritic - gabbroic?).
4 Felsic dykes, light grey, medium grained.
5 Black shale, laminated, often argillaceous & calcareous.
6 Argillite, black, thinly bedded & massive, commonly calcareous & pyritic.
7 Undivided minor metasediments & metavolcanics, thinly bedded.
8 Light grey to black limestone, argillaceous.
9 Dark green to grey chert, commonly chloritic, resembles fine grained rhyolitic volcanics in places.
10 Volcanic breccia-conglomerate, subangular foreign clastics, tuffaceous matrix (laharic breccia).

ABBREVIATIONS

po	pyrrhotite	volc	volcanics	fg	fine grained
py	pyrite	arg	argillite	mg	medium grained
cpy	chalcopyrite	calc	calcareous	cg	coarse grained
n cu	native copper	qtz vng	quartz veining	diss	disseminated
mal	malachite	cte vng	calcite veining	amyg	amygdaloidal
az	azurite	oxid	oxidized	bx	brecciated
chal	chalcantinite	sulph	sulphides	frac	fractured
cup	cuprite	vnls	veinlets	str	stringers
chl	chlorite		Ore Zone Margin		
epte	epidote		Massive Sulphide Zone		
sph	sphalerite		Geological Contacts		
cte	calcite		Possible Fault		
qtz	quartz				

DRILL HOLE RECORD

FALCONBRIDGE NICKEL MINES LIMITED

Inclination	Bearing	PROPERTY W.C. (WINDY-CRAGGY)	Length 185.93m (610 ft)	HOLE No. 1-81	PAGE # 1
Call Log 600 FT	-48° -48°	Location South end W, Section B-B'	Hor. Comp. / Vert. Comp.	Sheet of	
		Elevation 1608.42m	Bearing N 49°12' E	Logged by Don Hoy	
		Coordinates 10,147.29 N 10,036.28 E	Begun July 19 / Completed 7/22/8	Sampled by "	
			Core size BQ / Recovery ±95 %	DRILLERS Longyear (FLY # 38)	RIG# 2

FOOTAGE From To	RECOVY Run Core	DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC	SAMPLES				ASSAYS			COMPOSITES			
				No	From	To	Ft	Cu%	Co%	Au PPM	Ag ppm	S ₂ %	Zn ppm	Co%
0	6	50%		15301	21	27	6	.71	.044					
6	10	60%		302	27	36	9	2.11	.140					
10	21	40%		303	36	41	5	2.23	.110	40	.3	40	40	.074
21	27	95%		304	41	51	10	.52	.038					
27	36	100		305	51	59	8	.36	.028					
				306	59	69	10	.81	.065					
				307	69	79	10	.62	.059	25	.3	52	20	.097
36	41	100		308	79	93	14	.13	.056					
				309	93	96	3	.83	.140					
41	59	90%		310	96	105	9	.52	.140					
				311	105	116	11	.24	.086					
				312	116	126	10	.25	.230					
				313	126	140	14	.20	.110	5	.2	40	200	.100
59	93	90%		314	140	150	10	.14	.094					
93	96	100		315	150	158	8	.11	.100					
96	105	100		316	158	168	10	.24	.064					
				317	168	178	10	.08	.032					
105	116	"		318	178	188	10	.24	.042	15	.6	21	440	.037
				319	188	202	14	.23	.056					
116	126	"		320	202	210	8	.09	.029					
				321	210	220	10	.26	.056					
126	140	100		322	220	230	10	.31	.052					
				323	230	246	16	.83	.057	210	.3	31	305	.050
140	153	100		324	246	256	10	.96	.064					
				325	256	266	10	.22	.065					
153	158	60%		326	266	281	15	.20	.037					
158	202	90%		327	281	291	10	.24	.022					
				328	291	301	10	.02	.008	60	.3	15	100	.022
				329	301	312	11	.04	.014					
				330	312	322	10	.25	.046					
202	210	100		331	302	328	6	1.36	.085					
210	246	100		332	328	340	12	.03	.010					
				333	340	350	10	.14	.021	105	.2	22	130	.029
				334	350	360	10	.19	.047					
246	266	95%		335	360	370	10	.09	.025					
				336	370	380	10	.02	.014					
266	281	95%		337	380	390	10	.08	.008					
				338	390	405	15	.32	.029	50	.4	11	470	.017
281	312	90%		339	464	474	10	.48	.028					
				** 405 TO 464 FT LOST IN TRANSIT AFTER LOGGING										
				Assayed Section 21-405', 464-474= 394 ft. lost 59 ft. 2.11%										
				total 453 ft (138m) a) Sulphide range 11-52%, average 2.9%										
				including 245ft@37% b) Copper range 0.02 to 2.23%										
				c) Average 0.38% (369 ft) including 14 ft @ 2.15%										

-38-

DRILL HOLE RECORD

FALCONBRIDGE NICKEL MINES LIMITED

Gallar	Inclination	Bearing	PROPERTY	Length	HOLE No.	PAGE #
	Location	Hor. Comp.	Elevation	/Vert. Comp.	Sheet	of
	Coordinates	Bearing	Coordinates	/Completed	Logged by	
	N	Begin	E	/Recovery	Sampled by	
		Core size		%	DRILLERS	RIG#

FOOTAGE			RECOV'Y	DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC	SAMPLES				ASSAYS				COMPOSITES				
From	To	Run	Core			No.	From	To	Ft	Cu%	Co%	Au	Pb	Ag	ppm	S ₂ %	Zn	ppm	Co%
312	328		100	Appreciable sulphides (~30-40%) hosted in lightly-moderately brecciated basic volcanic, abundant po assoc. with minor py & cpy, prominent chlorite film on fracture surfaces.														
328	486		98%	Basic fine grained volcanic containing disseminated sulphide with small local massive bands, prominent quartz and calcite veining, suggestion of epigenetic stockwork mode of mineralization.														
				350-351' - small massive po band, minor py														
				352' - small massive po band assoc. with qtz veining														
				363-365' - po and py assoc. with quartz and calcite														
				368' - patchy po assoc. with quartz - carbonate veining														
				387' - quartz-calcite vein (3") containing patchy po														
				390-392 - large quartz vein with massive po, interstitial quartz														
				394-399' - intensely fractured zone, chloritic														
				404' - massive po unit (6")														
				447' - massive po band (3")														
				464-466' - massive sulfide, po & py														
				468-469' - po band, massive, accessory py & cpy														
				480-481' - shear zone, quartz veining containing po and minor py, chloritic														
486	598		100	Fine to medium grained basic hypabyssal rock, (gabbroic - diorite?) coarser grained than preceding volcanic units, lightly fractured, minor disseminated sulfides.														
598	610		95%	Black laminated shaly-argillite, heavily fractured, chlorite on fracture surfaces.														

DRILL HOLE RECORD

FALCONBRIDGE NICKEL MINES LIMITED

PROPERTY WINDY - CRAGGY	Length 111.86m (367 ft)	HOLE No. 2-81	PAGE # 1
Location Location D-0' (south end)	Hor. Comp. /Vert Comp.	Sheet of	
Elevation 1666.69m	Bearing N 48° 29'E	Logged by Don Hoy	
Coordinates 10,276.75 N 9,905.79 E	Begun 7/22/81 / Completed 7/25/81	Sampled by " "	
	Core size BQ / Rec ±90% to 317'	DRILLERS Longyear FLY #38	RIG# 1

FOOTAGE	RECOV'Y	DESCRIPTION
From To	Run Core	
0 10	50%	Drill Casing
10 36	70%	Highly oxidized fine to medium grained volcanic, intense high angle fracturing (80-90°) minor quartz veinlets, limonitic staining
36 44	90%	Banded fine grained basic volcanic, highly sheared & fractured (45°) some light oxidation
44 67	100%	Grey, medium grained, intermediate to basic volcanic (dyke rock?) moderate to heavy fracturing
67 145	95%	Relatively unaltered fine-medium grained basic-intermediate volcanic (andesite?) light to moderate fracturing, light sulfide mineralization (10%), quartz, calcite
		86' - small band po, assoc. py & cpy
		87-104' - heavily fractured, oxidized locally
		109' - banded po and py
		117' - 8" band of massive po, associated py
145 158	95%	Sheared fine grained basic volcanic interbedded with black argillite, minor sulphide banding (@45°), pyrrhotite, quartz veining
158 183	90%	Highly oxidized zone, gossan, limonitic, highly porous, intensely fractured.
		178-179' - fault gouge, alteration to clay minerals
		179' - copper sulphate, chalcantite
183 219	98%	Massive sulphide zone, (70-90% sulphides), appears to be syngenetic with black argillaceous shale & intercalated black fine grained volcanic, lightly oxidized, dominantly po with associated gobs & disseminated py & cpy
		204 - 206' - fractured zone, shaly unit
		207 - 209' - fractured zone, increasing oxidation of massive sulphides
		219' - fractured zone, chalcantite
219 317	70%	Highly oxidized gossan zone, crumbly core, extremely porous, residual Fe hydroxides, limonitic some minor azurite and malachite
		242' - chalcantite
317 367	0%	no core recovery, surface breakthrough?
HOLE LOST IN LARGE CAVITY (POSSIBLE OXIDIZED (BURN) ZONE) BEFORE PENETRATING S ₂ ZONE. PYRRHOTITE IN THIS HOLE BEGAN VISIBLE OXIDATION WITHIN ONE HOUR OF EXPOSURE.		

GRAPHIC	SAMPLES			ASSAYS		COMPOSITES				
	No.	From To	Ft	Cu%	Co%	Au Ppb	Ag Ppb	S ₂ %	Zn Ppm	Co%
	15340	67 77	10	.06	.008					
	41	77 87	10	.07	.007					
	42	87 97	10	.06	.008	25	L 1	2	60	.008
	43	97 107	10	.03	.008					
	44	107 117	10	.07	.010					
	45	117 127	10	.11	.015					
	46	127 137	10	.17	.019					
	47	137 145	8	.22	.024	25	L 1	10	145	.016
	48	145 158	13	.09	.026					
	49	158 168	10	.09	.011					
	50	168 178	10	.04	.009					
	51	178 183	5	.07	.008					
	52	183 193	10	.93	.130	55	0.6	58	110	.073
	53	193 203	10	1.19	.110					
	54	203 213	10	1.27	.160					
	55	213 219	6	4.26	.110					
	56	219 229	10	.39	.019					
	57	229 239	10	.14	.015	240	7.5	30	40	.032
	58	300 310	10	.10	.010					
Assayed Section 67 - 310', = 243 ft (74m)										
a) Sulphide Range 10 - 58%										
1) Average in S ₂ Zone 45% (81 ft)										
b) Copper										
1) Average in S ₂ Zone (81 ft) = 0.82% including										
2) 36 ft @ 1.65% Cu										
HOLE ABANDONED!! NOT REPRESENTATIVE										

-40-

DRILL HOLE RECORD

FALCONBRIDGE NICKEL MINES LIMITED

Inclination	Bearing	PROPERTY WINDY-CRAGGY	Length 160.32m (526 Ft)	HOLE No. 3-81	PAGE # 1
Callar 776 Ft	-47° 30'	Location Section B-B'	Hor. Comp: / Vert Comp:	Sheet of	
	-47'	Elevation 1606.06m	Bearing S 58° 55' W	Logged by Don Hoy	
		Coordinates 10,145.11	Begun 7/23/81	Sampled by "	
			Core size BQ	/Recovery + 70 %	DRILLERS Lv 38,
					RIG# 2

FOOTAGE From To	RECOV'Y Run Core	DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC	SAMPLES				ASSAYS				COMPOSITES					
				No.	From	To	Fr	Cu%	Co%	Au Ppb	Ag ppb	S ₂ %	Zn ppm	Co%			
0	20	50%		1535	20	32	12	.14									
20	32	80%		59	32	47	15	.09	.006	40	L.1	4	65	.008			
32	47	70%		60	47	56	9	.04	.005								
47	56	90%		61	56	66	10	.17	.005								
56	96	50%		62	66	76	10	.15	.012								
				63	76	86	10	.17	.011	5	.1	.5	385	.014			
96	105	90%		64	86	96	10	.23	.009								
				65	96	105	9	.01	.016								
				66	105	111	6	.61	.014								
				67	111	123	12	.51	.010								
105	124	95%		68	123	137	14	.01	.005								
				69	137	147	10	.06	.008	5	0.5	1	860	.010			
				70	147	162	15	.10	.015								
				71	162	176	14	.10	.009								
				72	176	186	10	.10	.012								
124	127	40%		73	186	196	10	.45	.011								
127	171	95%		74	196	211	15	.09	.018	5	0.2	2	1300	.014			
				75	211	232	21	.12	.010								
171	175	90%		76	232	242	10	.19	.010								
175	242	90%		77	242	247	5	.76	.031								
				78	247	252	5	.83	.035								
				79	252	262	10	.19	.025	5	L.1	2	1250	.026			
				80	262	272	10	.37	.014								
				81	272	282	10	.12	.020								
				82	282	292	10	.03	.025								
				83	292	302	10	.05	.009								
				84	302	312	10	.19	.014	5	L.1	2	220	.016			
				85	312	322	10	.35	.023								
242	270	80%		86	322	332	10	.07	.015								
				87	347	352	5	.08	.020								
270	281	80%															
281	303	90%															
303	328	100															
328	393	95%															
393	418	40%															

** 352 to 450 ft lost from helicopter after logging. 450-526' mineralization as logged but not assayed.

Assayed Section 20 - 352 = 332 ft (101.2m)
 a) Sulphide Range 0.5 to 4%
 b) Copper 1) Range 0.01 - 1.83% Including
 2) 1.29% West (Shale) Zone only

-41-

DRILL HOLE RECORD

FALCONBRIDGE NICKEL MINES LIMITED

<i>Inclination</i>		<i>Bearing</i>	PROPERTY	Length	HOLE No. 3		PAGE # 2
<i>collar</i>			Location	Hor. Comp.	/Vert Comp.	Sheet	of
			Elevation	Bearing		Logged by	
			Coordinates	Begin	/Completed	Sampled by	
				N		DRILLERS	RIG#
				E	Core size	/Recovery %	

FOOTAGE		RECOVY	DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC	SAMPLES			ASSAYS		COMPOSITES				
From	To	Run Core			No	From	To	FA	Cu%	Co%	Au Ppb	Ag ppb	S ₂ %	Zn ppm	Co%
418	476	100	Unaltered fine grained andesite, moderate to heavy fracturing (@ 70°), disseminated po. 426' - minor native copper on fracture surfaces 431 - 433' - light brecciation 461 - 462' - small fault gouge											
476	526	95%	Intensely fractured andesite, fault zone? Minor cuprite & disseminated po. py. 490 - 496' - fracture zone, minor cuprite & native copper 502' - fault zone 502' - minor cuprite											
HOLE WAS DRILLED WESTERLY TO TEST OXIDIZED CUPRIFEROUS SHALE BANDS INDICATED BY SURFACE RUBBLE. DUE TO GEOMETRY, THE HOLE DID NOT PENETRATE FAR ENOUGH BELOW THE OXIDIZED ZONE TO INDICATE PRIMARY MINERALIZATION WITH ANY CERTAINTY. SOME CORE DROPPED AND/OR MISPLACED DURING HELICOPTER TRANSIT.														

-42-

DRILL HOLE RECORD

FALCONBRIDGE NICKEL MINES LIMITED

Inclination	Bearing	PROPERTY WINDY CRAGGY	Length 267.3m (877Et)	HOLE No. 4-81
Callar =70°	Southe =71°	N 48° 21' E	Location Section D-D'	PAGE # 1
		Elevation 1666.69m	Hor. Comp: / Vert Comp:	Sheet of
		Coordinates 10,276.75 9,905.79	Bearing N 48° 21' E	Logged by Don Hoy
		E	Began 7/27/81 / Completed 7/30/81	Sampled by "
		Core size BQ	/Recovery +90 %	DRILLERS LY FLY #38

FOOTAGE From To	RECovy Run Core	DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC	SAMPLES			ASSAYS		COMPOSITES				
				No	From To	FA	Cu%	Co%	Au Ppb	Ag ppb	S ₂ %	Zn ppm	Co%
0 54	80%	Rusty oxidized andesitic volcanics		2835	244 254	10	6.70		20	0.2	3.42	290	M
54 58	85%	As above, rusty oxidized volcanics		352	254 265	11							
58 79	90%	Pyrrhotite stringers hosted in black shale, some quartz-carbonate rich sections with assoc po&py		353	265 275	10		L					
79 80	80%	Shear zone, quartz vein rich		354	275 285	10							
80 82	70%	Oxidized zone, gossan		355	285 295	10	1.34		760	1.2	30.3	80	M
82- 93	100	Porphyritic andesitic volcanics		356	295 305	10	1.15						
93 99	90%	Partially altered andesite, about 50% alteration to gossan		357	305 315	10	1.37						
99 150	100	Grey, fine to medium grained andesitic volcanics, amygdaloidal, calcareous		358	315 325	10	1.85						
150 215	100	Porphyritic, basic-intermediate volcanic as above, slight oxidation		359	325 335	10	2.23						
215 217	80%	Fault gouge zone, brecciated shale, quartz-carbonate veinlets prominent		360	335 345	10	1.22		745	0.7	80	160	.14
217 228	90%	Volcanic breccia, highly fractured, quartz & calcite veinlets, moderately oxidized, highly porous		361	345 355	10	.74						
228 244	100	Relatively unaltered fine grained basic volcanic, basaltic, locally oxidized, disseminated & stringer po, py and minor cpy, 236-237' - quartz veining		362	355 365	10	1.11						
244 265	70%	Fault zone, sheared, brecciated interbedded black shale and basaltic volcanics, quartz-calcite fragments, secondary coppers evident as malachite & azurite, 244-245'-strongly oxidized zone		363	365 375	10	1.00						
				364	375 385	10	.87						
				365	385 395	10	1.02		735	0.1	41	165	.13
				366	395 405	10	.57	.150					
				367	405 415	10	.45	.150					
265 598	98%	Massive sulphide zone, (80% sulphides) largely fine grained po, with accessory py & minor cpy pyrrhotite 85%, pyrite 10-13%, chalcopyrite 2-5%. Light to moderate fracturing, lightly brecciated locally minor quartz & calcite veining, chalcopyrite occurs as stringers - sulphides appear to be syngenetic with fine grained basic volcanics (pillow basalts?)		368	415 425	10	.86	.140					
				369	425 435	10	.58	.140					
				370	435 445	10	.57	.140	10	L.1	82	80	.13
				371	445 455	10	.38	.130					
				372	455 465	10	.48	.120					
598 657	100	Massive sulfide zone as above, (70-80% sulphides) light to moderate fracturing, dominantly fine grained pyrrhotite, minor pyrite and chalcopyrite contained therein, quartz, carbonate gangue - relict rock type appears to be fine grained chloritized basalt 637' - small fracture zone		373	465 475	10	.69	.120					
				374	475 485	10	.51	.110					
				375	485 495	10	.44	.120	L5	L.1	79	50	.12
				376	495 505	10	.60	.130					
				377	505 515	10	.62	.150					
657 700	100	Massive sulphide zone, not quite as massive as above (50-70% sulphides), patchy & massive fine grained po with cupriferous pyrite & chalcopyrite stringers, locally brecciated. Sulphides hosted in a dark green chloritized fine grained volcanic.		378	515 525	10	.95	.130					
				379	525 535	10	1.02	.130					
				380	535 545	10	.63	.130	40	L.1	27.6	120	M
				381	545 555	10	.73	.130					
				382	555 565	10	.56	.190					
700 853	100	Massive sulphide zone (approx. 80-90% sulphides), mostly fine grained pyrrhotite, pyrite cubes, stringers and exsolved chalcopyrite, hosted in chloritized fine grained volcanics and intercalated black shaley argillite, minor talc seams 766-769' - fracture zone 820-824' - non mineralized, fractured chloritized volcanic 823-824' - as above, chloritic films on fracture surfaces 825' - 3" wide quartz-carbonate vein.		383	565 575	10	.88	.120					
				384	575 585	10	.88	.110					
				385	585 598	13	1.38	.110	35	L.1	74	100	.12
				386	598 608	10	.49	.120					
				387	608 618	10	.51	.150					
				388	618 628	10	.41	.180					
				389	628 638	10	1.28	.160					
853 877	100	Massive sulphide zone (50-60% sulphides), textures somewhat different than above, coarser grained host, framboidal and brecciated nature to mineralization in places, dominantly patchy massive, framboidal & brecciated po, with copper rich sections. 858-859' -chalcopyrite rich 861-864' - finely disseminated po in chloritic epidote volcanic 851-856' - sulfide deficient zone, 5% disseminated po		390	638 648	10	2.55	.130	40	L.1	82	50	.15
				391	648 657	9	.70	.160					
				392	657 667	10	.36	.180					
				393	667 677	10	.92	.160					
				394	677 687	10	.74	.160					

DRILL HOLE RECORD

FALCONBRIDGE NICKEL MINES LIMITED

Inclination		Bearing	PROPERTY	Length	HOLE No.	4	PAGE #	2
Collar			Location	Hor. Comp.	/Vert Comp.	Sheet	of	
			Elevation	Bearing		Logged by		
			Coordinates	N	Begun	/Completed	Sampled by	
				E	Core size	/Recovery	%	DRILLERS
								RIG#

FOOTAGE From To	RECOV'Y Run Core	DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC	SAMPLES			ASSAYS			COMPOSITES				
				No.	From	To	Ft	Cu%	Co%	Au Ppb	Ag ppm	S ₂ %	Zn ppm	Co%
				28395	687	700	13	1.03	.14					
				396	700	710	10	1.09	.140	} 45	L.1	77	35	.14
				397	710	720	10	1.62	.150					
				398	720	730	10	1.23	.160					
				399	730	740	10	.56	.180					
				400	740	750	10	.56	.170	} 30	L.1	86	20	.15
				401	750	760	10	1.34	.150					
				402	760	770	10	.77	.160					
				403	770	780	10	.52	.180					
				404	780	790	10	.79	.170					
				405	790	800	10	.52	.170	} 10	L.1	87	10	.17
				406	800	810	10	.47	.190					
				407	810	820	10	.48	.200					
				408	820	830	10	.34	.190					
				409	830	840	10	.43	.180					
				410	840	853	13			} 15	L.1	29.3	15	M
				411	853	863	10							
				412	863	877	14							
				* 840 - 877										
				MISSING (TEMPORARILY ?) AT ASSAYERS.										
				Assayed Section 244 - 840 ft = 596 ft (181.6m)										
				True width = 596 cos 47° = 406 ft (123m)										
				a) Sulphide Range 3% to 87%										
				1) Average 60% including										
				2) 505 ft @ 71% containing 385 feet in 3 sections										
				averaging 80% Sulphides										
				Copper										
				1) Range 0.34 to 6.70%										
				2) Average 0.918% (596 ft) when 31 ft of core is assigned 0 value. Log indicated grade is in excess of 1.6% in which case										
				3) Average grade for hole (596 ft) is 1.0% including										
				4) 10 ft @ 6.7% and										
				5) 20 ft @ 2.04%										

-4-

DRILL HOLE RECORD

FALCONBRIDGE NICKEL MINES LIMITED

Callor	Inclination	Bearing	PROPERTY WINDY-CRAGGY	Length 452m (1483 Ft)	HOLE No. 5(B) - 81	PAGE # 1
310Ft	-54°W	N 53° 50' E	Location Section F-F'	Hor. Comp. / Vert. Comp.	Sheet of	
504	-43°		Elevation 1741.06m	Bearing N 53° 50' E	Logged by Don Hoy	
750	-39°		Coordinates 10,376.60	Begun 8/3/81	Completed 8/20/81	Sampled by "
916	-36°		9,702.45	N E	/Recovery + 90%	DRILLERS LY (FLY #38)
	-33°			Core size BQ		RIG# 2

DESCRIPTION

GRAPHIC

No.	SAMPLES			ASSAYS			COMPOSITES			
	From	To	Ft	Cu%	Co%	Au Ppb	Ag ppb	S ₂ %	Zn ppm	Co%
28433	515	530	15	.19	.010					
34	530	540	10	.13	.015	250	0.9	24	230	.010
35	540	550	10	.37	.020					
36	550	560	10	.11	.010					
37	560	576.5	16.5	.13	.008					
38	576.5	590	13.5	.01	.008	30	L.1	8	20	.008
39	590	600	10	.01	.007					
40	600	610	10	.05	.027					
41	610	620	10	.01	.010					
42	620	630	10	.05	.006					
43	630	645	15	.01	.008	20	L.1	1	20	.007
44	645	650	5	.04	.006					
45	650	660	10	.01	.008					
46	660	670	10	.08	.038	25	L.1	12	50	.028
47	670	680	10	.04	.017					
48	680	688	8	.09	.030					
49	688	700	12	.43	.150					
50	700	710	10	.56	.170					
51	710	720	10	.59	.180	35	L.1	84	75	.17
52	720	730	10	.37	.170					
53	730	740	10	.47	.200					
54	740	750	10	.51	.200					
55	750	760	10	.61	.160	15	L.1	88	285	.19
56	760	770	10	.38	.200					
57	770	780	10	.45	.180					
58	780	790	10	.46	.170					
59	790	800	10	.80	.130					
60	800	810	10	2.15	.093	50	1.7	86	105	.11
61	810	820	10	1.80	.078					
62	820	830	10	1.93	.066					
63	830	840	10	1.75	.077					
64	840	850	10	1.37	.090					
65	850	860	10	.93	.094	65	1.0	78	285	.089
66	860	870	10	.85	.077					
67	870	880	10	1.09	.100					
68	880	890	10	1.40	.110	15	0.1	84	40	.13
69	890	900	10	1.08	.120					
70	900	910	10	.77	.130					
71	910	920	10	1.23	.130					
72	920	930	10	.88	.120					
73	930	940	10	.87	.150					
74	940	950	10	1.15	.140					
75	950	960	10	1.28	.130	20	L.1	81	20	.13
76	960	970	10	.78	.120					

FOOTAGE	RECOVY	DESCRIPTION	
From	To		Run	Core
0	40	80%	Drill casing
40	78	70%	Highly fractured andesitic volcanics, oxidized, Fe staining prominently on fracture surfaces
78	93	90%	Sheared andesitic volcanics, fine grained, Fe staining
93	246	98%	Black, massive calcareous argillite - argillaceous limestone, locally oxidized, crosscut by quartz & calcite veinlets, pyrrhotite stringers, pyrite cubes, locally sheared
			136 - 138' - small intermediate felsic dyke, carbonate veining
			169 - 173' - as above
			174 - 180' - fine grained intermediate dyke, pyrrhotite occurrences as fracture fillings
			185 - 191' - as above
			208' - 6" wide quartz-carbonate vein
			212 - 225' - argillite, prominent pyrite cubes, calcite veinlets
			225 - 246' - interbedded argillite & intermediate andesite, brecciated in places, disseminated po & py cubes, prominent carbonate veining
246	339	95%	Dark grey to black limestone - argillaceous limestone, numerous crosscutting quartz & carbonate veinlets, disseminated po and py, pyrite cubes
339	433	95%	Interbedded argillaceous limestone and andesitic sills?, quartz-carbonate veining, sheared & brecciated locally, po & py stringers intimately associated with quartz-carbonate veining
			351 - 376' - sheared brecciated andesite, po, py & minor cpy assoc. with quartz veining
			376 - 398' - argillaceous zone, stringer po
			404 - 406' - massive pyrrhotite, assoc. quartz & carbonate
			407 - 433' - sheared, quartz, calcite rich zone, po & cpy related to shearing and fractures in argillaceous host.
433	504	100	Highly fractured, fine to medium grained andesite, quartz & carbonate (ankerite?) veining, trace to minor sulphides.
504	515	100	As above,
			510 - 513' - massive carbonate vein
515	576.5	98%	Fine grained basic volcanic, interbedded with metavolcanics & some metasediments, appreciable sulphides (up to 50%), stringers, gobs & disseminated po, chalcopyrite rich zones, local brecciation, chloritic
576.5	645	98%	Fine to medium grained basic volcanic, (basaltic?) chloritic, local heavy fracturing, minor disseminated & stringer sulfides
			609 - 612' - pyrrhotite gobs, assoc. chalcopyrite, prominent calcite veining, sulphides associated with quartz & carbonate veining
645	688	98%	Sheared fine grained basic volcanic, light brecciation, prominent quartz & carbonate (ankerite) veining (30-45°), banded & interstitial pyrrhotite (~30% sulphide) with minor assoc. cpy&py
			664 - 668' - sulphides more dominant approaching massive zone below, stringer & patchy po&cpy
688	1070	95%	Massive sulphide zone, moderate to heavy fracturing (80% sulphides), dominantly fine to medium grained pyrrhotite with minor assoc. exsolved py & cpy.
			Modal percentages: pyrrhotite- 90%, pyrite- 5%, chalcopyrite- 2-5%
			734 - 796' - heavily fractured
			796 - 811' - no core pulled ??
			814 - 1065' - ore textures differ, medium to coarse grained po, pyrite is framboidal, conglomeratic nature to ore in places, sulphide blocks with sandy friable sulfide matrix, probable product of electrolyte leaching, hosted in altered

DRILL HOLE RECORD

FALCONBRIDGE NICKEL MINES LIMITED

Inclination		Bearing	PROPERTY	Length	HOLE No. 5(B)		PAGE # 2
Collar			Location	Hor. Comp.	Vert. Comp.	Sheet	of
			Elevation	Bearing		Logged by	
			Coordinates	Begin	/Completed	Sampled by	
				Core size	/Recovery	DRILLERS	RIG#

FOOTAGE From To	RECOV'Y Run Core	DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC	SAMPLES				ASSAYS		COMPOSITES								
				No.	From	To	FA	Cu%	Co%	Au Ppb	Ag ppm	S ₂ %	Zn ppm	Co%				
		chloritic basalts & black shale - colloform banding seen in places		28477	970	980	10	.52	.120									
		- chloritic fracture surfaces		78	980	990	10	.83	.110									
		1065 - 1069' - fault gouge in black shales		79	990	1000	10	1.92	.083									
		1069 - 1074' - brecciated, sheared shale, conglomeratic nature to pyrrhotite		80	1000	1010	10	2.63	.093	265	L.1	79	25	.10				
1070	1105	70% Brecciated massive sulphide, hosted in argillaceous rock, dominantly coarse grained & blocky po with minor py & cpy within a sandy friable sulfide matrix		81	1010	1020	10	1.45	.120									
		1077 - intense fracturing		82	1020	1030	10	1.18	.100									
		1100 - 1105' - prominent chalcopyrite banding		83	1030	1040	10	1.21	.090									
1105	1113	60% Faulted zone, sheared zone in interbedded green altered sericitic - chloritic volcanics and black argillite, friable, crumbly core, fault gouging, hydrothermal alteration probable		84	1040	1050	10	.74	.110									
		1113 - 1122' - slightly brecciated massive sulfide, coarse grained pyrrhotite, heavy fracturing		85	1050	1060	10	.93	.087	60	0.5	77	50	.078				
1122	1136	50% Alteration zone, prominent fault gouging, sericitic volcanics, disseminated po		86	1060	1070	10	.92	.090									
1136	1144	90% Sheared, altered basic metavolcanic, chloritic, sericite, contains 50% sulphide, as coarse po, slight brecciation, friable sulphide matrix.		87	1070	1080	10	.99	.057									
1144	1148	70% Alteration zone, friable, soft green volcanic, chlorite & sericite, appears to be result of hydrothermal alteration		88	1080	1090	10	1.25	.057									
1148	1158	100 Brecciated massive sulfide, angular sulfide blocks within a gritty sulfide matrix (po & py) pyrrhotite most abundant sulphide, although zone is quite pyritic		89	1090	1100	10	2.03	.066	40	0.9	81	900	.063				
1158	1174	0% No core pulled		90	1100	1105	5	1.18	.066									
1174	1255	100 Sulfide zone, (~70% sulfides) textures variable from massive, patchy, framboidal and stringer like, mineralization - predominantly po, cpy rich zones sulphides deposited syngenetically with green chloritic chert host, prominent carbonate gobs		91	1105	1113	8	1.12	0.071									
		1246 - 1247' - large disseminations & patchy cpy		92	1113	1122	9	1.43	.077									
		1220 - 1236' - pyritic zone, some cpy		93	1122	1136	14	.27	.043	60	L.1	64	140	.064				
1255	1285	100 Mineralized (~30% sulphides), intercalated fine grained chloritic volcanic, black calcareous argillite and grey chert, quartz veining - dominantly stringers, wispy bands, and disseminated po - heavily fractured, chloritic coating on surfaces		94	1136	1144	8	.82	.083									
		1262 - 1274' - black calcareous argillite, patches & gobs of quartz & buff coloured carbonate		95	1144	1148	4	.67	.052									
1285	1300	100 Mineralized (20-25% sulphides) black argillaceous limestone, banded & stringer po, transitional to underlying unit		96	1148	1158	10	2.68	.058									
1300	1307	100 Green to grey chert, (50% sulphides) banded stringer and gobby pyrrhotite with appreciable chalcopyrite			1158	1174	LOST	LOST										
1307	1325	100 Banded sulfides (30%) hosted in chlorite-epidote rich altered volcanic, stringer and gobby pyrrhotite with appreciable chalcopyrite-cupreous pyrite, quartz gobs & veinlets		97	1174	1180	6	1.78	.073									
		1324 - 1325' - massive po band, assoc cpy & py		98	1180	1190	10	2.95	.083	355	1.4	75	40	.069				
1325	1333	100 Light grey to green (chloritic) cherty sediment, stringer & gobby po with appreciable cpy		99	1190	1200	10	3.38	.063									
		1326 - 1328' - chalcopyrite rich		500	1200	1210	10	2.63	.060									
1333	1361	100 Mineralized fine to medium grained chloritic volcanic (gabbroic) disseminated and stringer po & cpy 1347 - 1349' - small chalcopyrite bands		501	1210	1220	10	2.78	.076									
1361	1410	100 Mineralized light grey to green chert and silicified fine grained volcanic (20% sulphide) - prominent stringer po and cpy - quartz & carbonate (ankerite?) veining - some sulfide intimately assoc. with quartz veining (epigenetic?)		502	1220	1230	10	1.78	.087									
				503	1230	1240	10			165	1.3	29.3	55					
				504	1240	1250	10											
				505	1250	1255	5											
				506	1255	1265	10											
				507	1265	1275	10	.34	.028									
				508	1275	1285	10	.21	.030	100	L.1	10.2	30					
				509	1285	1300	15	.14	.007									
				510	1300	1307	7	.44	.028									
				511	1307	1320	13	.05	.008	15	L.1	21	15	.019				
				512	1320	1325	5	.45	.013									
				513	1325	1333	8	.98	.023									
				514	1333	1340	7	.31	.018									
				515	1340	1350	10	.19	.046	275	L.1	29	15	.049				
				516	1350	1361	11	.69	.076									
				517	1361	1370	9	.28	.027									
				518	1370	1380	10	.23	.013									
				519	1380	1390	10	.16	.010	10	0.2	22	15	.017				

-47-

DRILL HOLE RECORD

FALCONBRIDGE NICKEL MINES LIMITED

Inclination		Bearing	PROPERTY	Length	HOLE No. 5 (B)		PAGE # 3
Callar			Location	Hor. Comp.	/Vert Comp.	Sheet	of
			Elevation	Bearing		Logged by	
			Coordinates	Begin	/Completed	Sampled by	
				Core size	/Recovery	%	DRILLERS
							RIG#

FOOTAGE	RECOV'Y	DESCRIPTION
From To	Run Core	
		- locally sheared
		@ 1400' - sulphide concretions, po
1410	1442	100 Fine-medium grained chlorite -epidote rich volcanic, disseminated & minor stringer po (10% sulphide)
1442	1460	98% Medium grained, moderately fractured, basic volcanic, diabasic-dioritic? plagioclase lathes visible, disseminated po & py
1460	1482	85% Medium grained basic-ultrabasic volcanic as above containing patchy & banded (50% sulphide)
		pyrrhotite & minor pyrite
		- quartz & buff coloured carbonate gobs prominent
		- calc coating fracture surfaces
		1467 - 1482' - sheared & lightly brecciated volcanic as above interbedded with limey argillaceous units,
		- stringer & patchy po still persists
		- quartz veining
DRILL SUMMARY FOR DIAMOND DRILL HOLE 5 B		
		40-93' - highly fractured & sheared andesitic volcanics
		29-339' - dominantly black calcareous shaly argillite, interbedded with minor limestone beds, intruded by andesitic sills, pyrite cubes, stringer pyrrhotite
		339-433 - interbedded black calcareous argillite & andesitic sills
		433-504 - andesitic volcanics, relatively unaltered
		504-688 - fine grained dark green chloritic-epidote altered volcanics (pillow lavas?) interbedded units of chert, appreciable stringer, diss. & patchy sulfides, dominantly po but some cpy rich zones, mineralization up to 30%.
		688-1105 - Massive sulfides, replacement of dominantly volcanics but some shaly units replaced
		688-814 - fine to medium grained po exsolved py and cpy
		814-1065 - brecciated-conglomeratic, coarser grained po, framboidal textures, colloform banding, 90% po, 5% py & 5% cpy, sandy friable sulfide matrix interstitial to sulfide blocks
		1105-1285 - Zone of pillow lavas, sheared and altered volcanics containing massive sulfide units brecciation and fault gouging, banded and stringer sulfides prominent up to 50%
		1285-1410 - Dominantly grey to green chert, a few interbedded chloritic volcanics & limey sediments, prominent banded & stringer sulfides, chalcovpyrite rich zones
		1410 - 1482 - Altered f.g. basic volcanic chloritic, still persistent patchy & stringer sulfides
		* HOLE LOST AT A DEPTH OF 1482', CUTTINGS IN THE HOLE JAMMED DRILL RODS, ALSO CIRCULATION LOST IN HOLE AT MUD SEAMS AND FRACTURE ZONES. S, ZONE ENCOUNTERED @ 504' CONT. TO END OF HOLE NO DIP TESTS AT BOTTOM DUE TO LOSS OF HOLE.
		HOLE FLATTENED CONSIDERABLY ALLOWING A BETTER CROSS SECTION THAN OTHERS.

GRAPHIC	SAMPLES				ASSAYS			COMPOSITES			
	No.	From	To	Ft	Cu%	Co%	Au Ppb	Ag Ppb	S ₂ %	Zn ppm	Co%
	28520	1390	1400	10	.17	.008					
	521	1400	1410	10	.27	.048					
	522	1410	1420	10	.12	.019					
	523	1420	1430	10	.03	.006					
	524	1430	1442	12	.02	.005	L 5	L.1	8	30	.019
	525	1442	1450	8	.04	.012					
	526	1450	1460	10	.08	.031					
	527	1460	1470	10	.31	.083	10	L.1	40	15	.052
	528	1470	1482	12	.12	.036					

Intersection Summary

Assayed Section
 515 ft to 1482 feet (core length) = 967 ft (294.7m)
 true width = 783 ft (238m)

a) 1) Sulphide Range 1% to 86%
 2) Average 50% sulphide (967 ft)

b) including 522 ft @ 80% S,
 Copper
 1) Range 0.01 to 3.38%
 2) Average (967 ft) = 0.78% Cu contiguous Sections include:
 3) 622 ft @ 1.07% Cu
 4) including 348 ft @ 1.18%
 5) plus 66 ft @ 2.61% *NOTE recovery and missing assays 1158 ft - 1265 ft. Visual estimates from core logging plus averaging of adjacent samples suggest 82 feet of 2.53% copper instead of 5) above. Similarly the same section would contain an additional 25 ft (1230 - 1255) of similar grade material for a total core length of 107 feet in this higher grade section.

c) Gold Average 800 ft - 1300 ft (500 feet) = 109 Ppb
 Best section = 1174 - 1210 (36 ft) = 355 Ppb = 0.35g/T

-48-

DRILL HOLE RECORD

FALCONBRIDGE NICKEL MINES LIMITED

<i>Inclination</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	PROPERTY	WINDY - CRAGGY	Length	118.57m (389ft)	HOLE No.	6-81	PAGE #	1
<i>Collar</i>	-52° 33'	N 44° 45' E	Location	Section E-E'	Hor. Comp.	/Vert Comp.	Sheet	of	
207 ft	-49°		Elevation	1706/20m	Bearing	N 44° 45' E	Logged by	Don Hoy	
			Coordinates	10,324.40	N	Begun	8/1/81 /Completed	8/5/81	Sampled by
				9,828.80	E	Core size	B.Q. /Recovery	+90 %	DRILLERS
							Ly (FLY #38)	RIG#	1

FOOTAGE From To	RECOV'Y Run Core	DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC	SAMPLES				ASSAYS		COMPOSITES				
				No.	From	To	Ft	Cu%	Co%	Au Ppb	Ag ppm	S ₂ %	Zn ppm	Co%
0	17	50% Drill Casing		2841	158	168	10	.05	.014					
17	25	70% Heavily fractured andesite, fault gouging, oxidized, Fe staining, limonite		14	168	178	10	.05	.017					
25	32	80% Fractured black shale, argillaceous & calcareous, fault gouging		15	178	188	10	.09	.016	5	L.1	11	110	.015
32	38	90% Laminated black shale, calcareous quartz & carbonate veinlets		16	188	198	10	.20	.016					
38	104	100% Relatively unaltered andesite, moderately fractured amygdaloidal (calcareous amygdules, locally oxidized.		17	198	208	10	.13	.034					
104	158	95% Basic fine grained chloritic volcanic, dark green moderate-heavy fracturing, minor disseminated sulphides, minor quartz & carbonate veining.		18	208	218	10	.01	.007					
		112 - 129' - heavily fractured (10°-80°), light oxidation		19	218	228	10	.07	.014	5	L.1	7	60	.019
		140 - 158' - as above		20	228	238	10	.07	.016					
158	238	100% Beginning of ore zone, 10% pyrrhotite as large disseminations, fracture fillings and stringers hosted in fine grained basic volcanic, chlorite		21	238	248	10	.07	.019					
		171 - 173' - quartz-carbonate breccia zone, po & py fragments, disseminated cpy within		22	248	252	4	.06	.013	10	L.1	11	45	.013
		193 - 194' - band of massive po (@ 70°) minor py		23	272	288	16	.03	.003					
		202 - 204' - banded massive po, assoc. with quartz & carbonate		24	288	298	10	.14	.016					
		221 - 223' - gobs of po, assoc with quartz and buff carbonate		25	298	308	10	.79	.023	20	1.3	17	305	.025
238	252	95% Argillaceous shale, lightly brecciated, sheared, quartz & carbonate veining, locally oxidized		26	308	315	7	.38	.051					
		fine grained po, py, & cpy		27	315	329	14	.23	.048					
252	267	100% Medium grained andesite (dyke rock?) amygdaloidal, quartz-calcite veining, void of sulphides		28	329	339	10	.24	.087					
267	272	95% Chloritic fine grained volcanic intercalated with black argillite.		29	339	349	10	.24	.029	40	.6	35	560	.066
		267 - 269' - oxidized volcanic breccia, volcanic and argillaceous clastics, porous		30	349	358	9	.21	.100					
		270 - 272' - intensely fractured, quartz veining		31	358	366	8	.18	.018					
272	288	100% Black argillite, containing stringer & fracture filling po (20% sulphide). stringers@ 45-50'		32	366	371	5	1.70	.021	20	2.0	11	70	.019
288	315	95% Fine grained, dark green volcanic, po stringers, (20-50% sulphide)		INTERSECTION SUMMARY										
315	329	80% Gossan, highly oxidized, fractured.		a) Assayed Section: 158 - 371 = 213 ft (65m)										
329	358	100% Basic fine grained volcanics, containing appreciable to heavy sulfides (30-50%), large stringers of po, some chalcopyrite, prominent calcite veining, moderate fracturing, chloritic		HOLE LOST PRIOR TO MEANINGFUL INTERSECTIONS										
		344-346' - carbonate breccia, po clasts												
		350-353' - massive po zone, minor py												
358	366	98% Black argillite, prominent po stringers and dissemination, minor pyrite												
		365-366' - fractured zone												
366	389	95% Oxidized fine grained basic volcanic, chloritic, sheared, porous												
		HOLE LOST DUE TO STUCK RODS BEFORE ENTERING S ₂ ZONE.												

DRILL HOLE RECORD

FALCONBRIDGE NICKEL MINES LIMITED

PROPERTY WINDY - CRAGGY	Length 396.5m (1300ft)	HOLE No. 7-81	PAGE # 1
Location Section E-E'	Hor. Comp. / Vert. Comp.	Sheet of	
Elevation 1695.23m	Bearing N 42° 41' E	Logged by Don Hoy	
Coordinates 10,301.78 N	Begun 8/8/81 / Completed 8/20/81	Sampled by " "	
Inclination -53°	Core size BQ	Recovery + 95 %	DRILLERS LY (FLY #38) RIG# 1
Callar -56° 27'	Bearing N 42° 41' E		
525 ft -52° 30'			
746 ft -52° 30'			

FOOTAGE From To	RECOVY Run Core	DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC	SAMPLES			ASSAYS		COMPOSITES					
				No.	From	To	Ft	Cu%	Co%	Au Ppb	Ag ppm	S ₂ %	Zn ppm	Co%
0	29	50%		2852	360	370	10	.08	.014	5	L.1	10	130	.011
29	51	95%		530	370	375	5	.04	.006					
		43 - 48' - Fracture zone, Fe staining		531	375	385	10	.04	.005					
51	82	80%		532	385	395	10	.04	.005					
62	64	50%		533	395	405	10	.12	.005	5	L.1	3	35	.005
64	85	70%		534	405	415	10	.01	.005					
85	129	20%		535	415	420	5	.09	.014					
		85' - fault gouge		536	420	430	10	1.21	.035					
129	161	90%		537	430	439	9	.05	.006	20	0.4	15	1450	.011
161	235	95%		538	439	445	6	.20	.010					
		to moderate fracturing, minor disseminated sulphide.		539	445	453	8	.07	.007					
235	244	100%		540	453	460	7	.38	.009					
		Fine grained basic volcanic, relatively unaltered, light to moderate brecciation, sheared po rich zones		541	460	470	10	.35	.030					
		236.5' - band of coarse grained py		542	470	480	10	.41	.036	15	0.3	40	150	.022
		239 - 244' - brecciated sulphide, with Fe carbonate matrix po&py, slight oxidation		543	480	490	10	.38	.031					
244	282	90%		544	490	500	10	.26	.014					
		253' - small po band		545	500	510	10	.22	.020					
		269' - po band, containing py and cpy		546	510	520	10	.24	.018					
		271 - 272' - large quartz carbonate vein, with associated py, po & cpy		547	520	530	10	.19	.029	5	L.1	39	60	.025
		- sulphides have close spatial & genetic? relationship to veining		548	530	540	10	.32	.043					
282	287	95%		549	540	550	10	.57	.065					
287	360	100%		550	550	560	10	1.96	.092	60	0.3	84	300	.076
		Fine to medium grained andesite, locally amygdaloidal calcareous, minor po stringers closely associated with quartz-carbonate veining, also minor disseminated sulfide		551	560	570	10	.55	.042					
		297' - po, py band assoc. with quartz-Fe carbonate		552	570	580	10	.27	.030	10	0.2	33	200	.036
		299' - as above, py with interstitial quartz & Fe carbonate		553	580	590	10	.51	.042					
		302' - sulfides associated with quartz-carbonate veining		554	590	600	10	.87	.120					
		306' - as above		555	600	610	10	1.27	.110					
		315 - 316' - as above		556	610	620	10	1.04	.140	25	0.1	79	520	.110
		330 - 360' - heavily fractured, quartz & calcite vein rich with associated patchy po & py		557	620	630	10	1.61	.120					
360	375	95%		558	630	640	10	1.07	.100					
		Sheared black argillaceous shale, slaty cleavage, appreciable stringer sulphides (10-20% sulfide) mainly po & py, minor cpy, crosscut by numerous quartz & calcite veinlets, heavy fracturing (-45°)		559	640	650	10	1.57	.100					
375	415	85%		560	650	660	10	1.91	.095					
		Large quartz body (large vein ?) relatively impure, Fe carbonate inclusions, stringer & patchy sulphides.		561	660	670	10	1.03	.120	50	L.1	81	130	.120
		375 - 397' - impure quartz, country rock inclusions, carbonate (buff) patches, blebs & stringers of po & cpy		562	670	680	10	.98	.130					
		397 - 415' - pure quartz, little mineralization		563	680	690	10	.58	.150					
		412 - 415' - brecciated, country rock inclusions, patchy po, sheared		564	690	700	10	.56	.160					
415	439	95%		565	700	710	10	.50	.150					
		Highly fractured, black argillaceous shale, slaty cleavage, banded & stringer po, Fe carbonates		566	710	720	10	.29	.160	5	L.1	77	140	.160
		433' = carbonate breccia, argillite fragments, po patches		567	720	730	10	.35	.170					
439	445	95%		568	730	740	10	.46	.180					
445	453	95%		569	740	750	10	.33	.210					
		Fine grained chloritic-epidote volcanic & green chert, sheared, stringer po		570	750	760	10	.45	.230					
		Black argillite, disseminated & stringer po, minor py & cpy		571	760	770	10	.39	.190	10	L.1	83	210	.190
				572	770	780	10	.72	.190					

(CONT ON NEXT SHEET)

-50-

DRILL HOLE RECORD

FALCONBRIDGE NICKEL MINES LIMITED

Collar	Inclination	Bearing	PROPERTY		Length		HOLE No. 7		PAGE # 2
			Location	Elevation	Hor. Comp.	Vert. Comp.	Sheet	of	
			Coordinates	N	Begun	/Completed	Logged by		
				E	Core size	/Recovery	Sampled by		
							DRILLERS		RIG#

FOOTAGE	RECOVY	DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC	SAMPLES				ASSAYS		COMPOSITES				
				No.	From	To	Ft	Cu%	Co%	Au PPb	Ag ppm	S ₂ %	Znppm	Co%
453	540	95%		573	780	790	10	.52	.180					
		Largely fine grained grey to green chert, intercalated metasediments (phyllites) & minor chlorite-epidote altered volcanics - Prominent sulphide mineralization (50%), po, patches, stringers gobs, & fracture fillings, chalcopyrite rich zones		574	790	800	10	.09	.160					
		465 - 467' - large quartz-carbonate vein, patchy coarse grained po & py		575	800	810	10	1.00	.150					
		468 - 470' - fine grained massive po		576	810	820	10	.71	.140	10	0.3	81	150	.150
		474 - 477' - massive po with appreciable cpy		577	820	830	10	.60	.140					
		484' - chalcopyrite rich zone		578	830	840	10	.56	.150					
		489' - as above		579	840	850	10	.52	.160					
		516 - 518' - fine grained felsic-intermediate dyke, dacitic?		580	850	860	10	.56	.150					
		529 - 534' - fine grained massive po, assoc cpy		581	860	870	10	.66	.130	20	0.1	83	70	.150
540	560	100		582	870	880	10	.69	.140					
		Massive sulphide, fine grained po, disseminated & exsolved py & cpy, cherty host.		583	880	890	10	.47	.150					
		546 - 547' - appreciable chalcopyrite		584	890	900	10	.72	.160					
560	590	100		585	900	910	10	.52	.150					
		Largely green chloritic chert, interbedded argillite, moderate to strong sulphide mineralization as colloform, oobicular and stringer po, and cpy (30% sulphides)		586	910	920	10	.42	.170	20	L.1	80	90	.170
590	947			587	920	930	10	.50	.190					
		Beginning of main massive sulphide zone, (~70-90% sulphide) hosted in dominantly green chloritic altered volcanics, largely fine grained massive po, also colloform & stringer textures		588	930	940	10	.50	.200					
		- lightly brecciated locally		589	940	947	7	.56	.190					
		pyrrhotite 90%, pyrite 7-8%, chalcopyrite 1-2%		590	947	960	13	.47	.140					
		615 - 656' - largely fine grained massive po, appreciable cpy (5%) some magnetite with sulphides @ 656'		591	960	971	10	.48	.180	5	L.1	75	25	.180
		667' - appreciable cupreous pyrite-chalcopyrite		592	971	980	9	.37	.190					
		710' - quartz-Fe carbonate veining		593	980	990	10	.75	.170					
		785 - 787' - unmineralized chlorite=epidote altered basalt		594	990	1000	10	.37	.017	5	L.1	30	20	.053
		880 - 947' - sulphide content drops off slightly, light brecciation, host rock is chloritic basalt, minor interbedded argillaceous units, po most abundant sulphide		595	1000	1014	14	.36	.055					
		massive & patchy mineralization		596	1014	1020	6	.31	.160					
		947 - 971' - massive sulphides (50-70% sulphides), green siliceous host rock, dominantly po, chalcopyrite stringers, lightly brecciated		597	1020	1030	10	.17	.110					
		971 - 990' - massive sulphide as above, fine to medium grained po (80%) cpy blebs & stringers (1-2%), magnetite prominent locally, green siliceous host rock		598	1030	1040	10	.27	.130	140	L.1	52	15	.110
		990 - 1014' - fine grained chlorite-epidote basalt? schistose, disseminated stringer sulphides (30%), po & cpy segregated by banding - minor intercalated argillite.		599	1040	1050	10	.22	.093					
		1014 - 1086' - massive sulphide zone, (50-70% sulphide), massive & large patches of po, & minor chalcopyrite and magnetite, siliceous, cherty groundmass		600	1050	1060	10	.18	.098					
		1062 - 1075' - prominent calcite veinlets		601	1060	1070	10	.18	.057					
		1080' - appreciable chalcopyrite		602	1070	1080	10	.33	.094	730	L.1	51	10	.092
1086	1124	100		603	1080	1086	6	1.22	.091					
		Massive sulfide as above, relatively rich in chalcopyrite (5-6%) occurs as stringers and gobs dominantly medium to coarse grained po, siliceous-cherty matrix - sheared, slickensided fracture surfaces, chloritic		604	1086	1100	14	2.11	.087					
		1088' - zone of enriched cpy		605	1100	1110	10	2.43	.120	60	L.1	74	70	.120
		1106 - 1109' - as above		606	1110	1124	14	.69	.120					
		1114 - 1115' - chalcopyrite stringers, gobs		607	1124	1130	6	.20	.050					
		1123' - chalcopyrite		608	1130	1140	10	.28	.063					
1124	1148	100		609	1140	1148	8	.32	.059	15	L.1	46	20	.061
		Heavily mineralized (30-40%) chlorite-epidote basalt, coarse grained po, minor cpy (1%) heavily fractured locally		610	1148	1153	5	.79	.075					
				611	1153	1160	7	.54	.046					
				612	1160	1170	10	.27	.024	35	L.1	21	30	.029
				613	1170	1180	10	.06	.010					
				614	1180	1190	10	.47	.017					
				615	1190	1202	12	.20	.035					
				616	1202	1210	8	.39	.140					

CONT ON NEXT SHEET

-51-

Elevation		Bearing		HOLE NO. 7	PAGE # 3
Coordinates		N	Begun	/Completed	Sampled by
		E	Core size	/Recovery	%
					DRILLERS
					RIG#

FOOTAGE From To	RECOV'Y Run Core	DESCRIPTION
		1132 - 1145' - fractured zone
		1142' - chalcopryite enriched
1148	1153	100 Heavily mineralized (30-40%) chlorite epidote basalt, coarse grained po, minor cpy (1%) heavily fractured locally
		1132 - 1145' - fractured zone
		1142' - chalcopryite enriched
1148	1153	100 Massive sulphide breccia, angular po & minor py clasts in gritty sulphide matrix, talc & Fe carbonate present
1153	1202	98% Sheared, mineralized fine grained chloritic volcanic, po bands, stringers & dissemination, cpy rich zones, quartz-carbonate veinlets
		1163' - chalcopryite stringers
		1185' - chalcopryite, pyrite gobs assoc. with buff carbonate
		1192' - chalcopryite gobs
		1202' - carbonate veining (ankerite)
1202	1230	98% Sulphide zone (50-60%), hosted in limey argillite, dominantly medium-coarse grained po, minor py and cpy, calcareous matrix, ankerite and quartz patches
1230	1300	98% Patchy & massive py & po hosted in light to dark grey limey argillite, mottled look to sulphides carbonate crosscutting veins & veinlets.
HOLE LOST STILL WITHIN SULPHIDE ZONE AT 1300 FEET BUT APPEARS TO HAVE PENETRATED THROUGH TO ARGILLITE HANGING WALL???		

GRAPHIC			SAMPLES			ASSAYS		COMPOSITES			
No.	From	To	Fr	Cu%	Co%	Au Ppb	Ag ppm	S ₂ %	Zn ppm	Co%	
617	1210	1220	10	.29	.120						
618	1220	1230	10	.26	.110						
619	1230	1240	10	.17	.021	4.5	L.1	38	50	.080	
620	1240	1250	10	.02	.012						
621	1250	1260	10	.15	.070						
622	1260	1270	10	.14	.064						
623	1270	1280	10	.17	.013	4.5	L.1	28	185	.054	
624	1280	1290	10	.36	.063						
625	1290	1300	10	.31	.050						
INTERSECTION SUMMARY											
Assayed Section:											
360 ft - 1300' = 940 ft (286m)											
True Width = 940 cos 52° = 578ft (176m)											
a) 1) Sulphide Range 3 - 84%											
2) Average 55.5% (940 ft) including 400 ft @ 80% S.											
b) Copper											
1) Range .01 - 2.43%											
2) Average 0.52% (940ft) including 160ft @ 1.02% and 30ft @ 2.03%											

-52-

DRILL HOLE RECORD

FALCONBRIDGE NICKEL MINES LIMITED

<i>Callgr</i>	<i>Inclination</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	PROPERTY Windy-Craggy	Length 234.7m (770Et)	HOLE No. 8-81	PAGE # 1
	-61°	S53°42'W	Location Section D-D'	Hor Comp / Vert Comp	Sheet of	
251 ft	-61°		Elevation 1653.89m	Bearing S 53° 42' W	Logged by Don Hoy	
500 ft	-61°		Coordinates 10,376.33	Begun 8/23/81 / Completed 8/28/81	Sampled by " "	
			10,020.01	Core size BQ-410, / Recovery +95 %	DRILLERS LY (FLY #38)	RIG# 1

FOOTAGE From To	RECOV'Y Run Core	DESCRIPTION	NO. to bottom GRAPHIC				SAMPLES		ASSAYS		COMPOSITES				
			No	From	To	Ft	Cu%	Co%	Au Ppb	Ag ppb	S ₂	Zn ppm	Co%	Zn%	
		NOTE**: NQ RODS DRILLED DOWN TO A DEPTH OF 440', AFTER WHICH BQ RODS WERE UTILIZED WITH THE NQ RODS ACTING AS CASING	28626	137	159	.21	.065							L.01	L.01
0	127	Glacier hole, interbedded hard packed snow and ice	627	160	169	9	.16	.014						L.01	L.01
127	160	95% Strongly oxidized volcanic? breccia, clasts dominantly subangular to angular, fine grained glassy matrix, clasts become larger towards bottom of interval, extremely porous in places.	628	169	180	11	.17	.019						L.01	L.01
		137 - 157' - gossan, extreme oxidation, clay minerals evident	629	180	190	10	.31	.034	10	L.1	12	30	.024	L.01	L.01
160	169	95% Fine to medium grained, chlorite-epidote altered volcanic, moderate fracturing, minor disseminated py, trace cpy.	630	190	203	13	.46	.025						L.01	L.01
169	203	100 As above, chloritized fine grained volcanic, stringer and banded cpy&po at regular intervals (perhaps interstitial sulphides between pillow lavas) disseminated po	631	203	210	7	.47	.092						L.01	L.01
		177' - banded po & cpy (3" wide) @ 45° associated with quartz veining	632	210	217	7	.73	.120	20	L.1	56	18	.100	L.01	L.01
		182 - 183' - enriched zone in cpy	633	217	220	3	.47	.048						L.01	L.01
		198' - po banding	634	220	230	10	.84	.043						L.01	L.01
		199 - 200' - fine grained massive po band	635	230	240	10	1.00	.040	15	.6	47	20	.051	L.01	L.01
203	217	85% Zone of appreciable sulphides, (50% sulphides) hosted in interbedded green chloritic chert, chlorite altered basalts & minor argillites, minor slumping of sulphides in metasediments (syngenic sulphides) - sulphides dominantly fine grained po, associated cpy as massive zones, colloform po seen locally, locally sheared, chloritic	636	240	250	10	2.63	.057						L.01	L.01
		209' - colloform banding of po and gangue	637	250	260	10	1.66	.056						L.01	L.01
		217' - highly chloritic zone, fractured	638	260	270	10	1.25	.040						L.01	L.01
217	287	98% Grey to dark green chert, contains significant massive, patchy & stringer po, appreciable cpy (2-4%)	639	270	280	10	.97	.029						L.01	L.01
		224' - band of chalcopyrite (1") 45° to core	640	280	287	7	.70	.048			.2	M	65	L.01	L.01
		233' - chalcopyrite banding @ 35-40°	641	287	290	3	1.69	.061						L.01	L.01
		242 - 244' - considerable cpy in massive po & py	642	290	300	10	2.97	.062						L.01	L.01
		250 - 255' - massive f.g. po, minor cpy	643	300	310	10	.63	.055	15	.8	42	30	.076	L.01	L.01
		259' - appreciable gobby cpy	644	310	320	10	.43	.150						L.01	L.01
		261 - 262' - Cu rich, cupreous py, colloform banding	645	320	330	10	.37	.070						L.01	L.01
		277' - fracture zone	646	330	340	10	.40	.160	65	L.1	54	25	.13	L.01	L.01
		283' - banded chalcopyrite	647	340	350	10	.48	.180						L.01	L.01
287	320	100 Extremely fine grained grey to black volcanic, moderate to heavy (30-50% sulphides) banded, stringer & patchy po, cpy, rich zones, carbonate stringers	648	350	357	7	.60	.160						L.01	L.01
		289 - 295' - chalcopyrite rich zone	649	357	360	3	2.33	.130						L.01	L.01
		307 - 357' - sheared, chloritic, carbonate veins, po stringers	650	360	370	10	1.15	.120						L.01	L.01
320	357	100 Banded sulfides, almost massive (60-70%) sulphides, dominantly po, minor cpy, banding at 30° carbonate veining, basic volcanic host, minor cherty horizons	651	370	380	10	.87	.038	25	.4	66	125	.064	L.01	L.01
357	442	100 Patchy banded pyrrhotite hosted in green chert & chloritic basalts carbonate veining, copper rich sections	652	380	390	10	.58	.018						L.01	L.01
		368 - 370' - fracture filling mineralization associated with carbonate & quartz veining	653	390	400	10	.92	.024						L.01	L.01
		394 - 395' - chalcopyrite stringers	654	400	410	10	.16	.013						L.01	L.01
		413 - 422' - massive sulphide, fine grained po with occasional gobs of cpy	655	410	420	10	1.85	.047						L.01	L.01
		422 - 434' - chert & chloritic volcanics, sheared, stringer po	656	420	430	10	.38	.031	10	.5	46	45	.027	L.01	L.01
442	447	0% Lost core - no return	657	430	441	11	.38	.025						L.01	L.01
447	598	98% Massive sulphide zone (approx 70% sulphide) grained pyrrhotite, streaks & blebs of cupreous pyrite-chalcopyrite, pyrrhotite 80-90%, pyrite & chalcopyrite 10-20%	658	447	450	3	2.26	.092						L.01	L.01
			659	450	460	10	3.64	.098						.03	L.01
			660	460	470	10	1.61	.100	30	.5	37	110	.10	L.01	L.01
			661	470	480	10	1.38	.120						L.01	L.01
			662	480	490	10	1.50	.130						L.01	L.01
			663	490	500	10	.74	.150						END	END
			664	500	510	10	.75	.140							
			665	510	520	10	.59	.130	75	.3	83	160	.13		
			666	520	530	10	.70	.130							
			667	530	540	10	1.69	.130							
			668	540	550	10	1.65	.130							
			669	550	560	10	2.13	.150							

CONT ON NEXT PAGE

RILL HOLE RECORD

ALCONBRIDGE NICKEL MINES LIMITED

Inclination		Bearing	PROPERTY	Length	HOLE No. 8-81		PAGE # 2
Collar			Location	Hor. Comp. /Vert. Comp.	Sheet of		
			Elevation	Bearing	Logged by		
			Coordinates	N E	Sampled by		
				Core size	% DRILLERS		RIG#

FOOTAGE From To	RECOV'Y Run Core	DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC	SAMPLES			ASSAYS		COMPOSITES										
				No.	From To	Ft.	Cu%	Co%	Au Ppb	Ag ppm	S ₂ %	Zn ppm	Co%						
447	598	cont		670	560	570	10	.65	.160										
		- light to moderate fracturing, chloritic altered basaltic host		671	570	580	10	.49	.180	20	.3	87	122	.14					
		447 - 457' - chalcopryite streaks, coarse grained po		672	580	590	10	.40	.140										
		464 - 465' - unmineralized chloritic basalt, quartz, Fe carbonate		673	590	598	8	.38	.130										
		531' - chalcopryite rich		674	598	609	11	.26	.110										
		537 - 539' - chalcopryite rich, minor magnetite		675	609	612	3	.36	.040										
598	609	98%		676	612	620	8	.23	.130	50	.2	84	45	.077					
		Banded, wispy sulphide zone (50-70% sulphide) dominantly pyrrhotite, associated minor chalcopryite		677	620	630	10	.35	.081										
		dark green chloritic basalt host, carbonate, quartz gangue		678	630	641	11	.22	.040										
609	612	100		679	641	651	10	.37	.071										
		Carbonate-quartz vein rich zone, trending 0° to core, cutting chloritic basalt as above		680	651	661	10	.52	.083										
		611' - chalcopryite gobs		681	661	677	10	.51	.059	10	.2	48	70	.060					
612	641	100		682	671	677	6	.25	.035										
		Banded wispy po & cpy (@ 135°) in chloritic-epidote rich basalts, flow-like texture to sulphides and host		683	677	687	10	.78	.017										
		624 - 627' - copper rich, chalcopryite-cupreous pyrite		684	687	695	8	.48	.019	30	1.2	47	1770	.038					
641	677	100		685	695	705	10	.52	.075										
		Dark green chloritic chert, containing moderate to heavy po & cpy (50-70% combined sulphides)		686	705	713	8	.39	.050										
		variable textures, banding, patches, and disseminatives		687	713	720	7	.10	.019										
677	695			688	720	730	10	.22	.012	L5	.1	30	60	.013					
		Chlorite-epidote rich basalt, containing stringer sulphides, chalcopryite rich sections, po stringers @ 120-140°		689	730	740	10	.05	.006										
		682 - 683' - fine grained massive po, appreciable cpy		690	740	747	7	2.10	.015										
		687' - cpy rich zone		691	747	750	3	.02	.006										
		692' - as above		692	750	760	10	.16	.010	L5	.01	16	60	.008					
695	713	85%		693	760	770	10	.18	.009										
		Pyrrhotite minor pyrite and chalcopryite (30% combined sulphides) hosted in silicified volcanic quartz, weak sphalerite and/or ankerite?		Assayed Section 137 - 770 = 633 ft (192.9m)															
		705 - 707' - heavily fractured black fine grained volcanic stringer sulfides @ 45°		True width = 633 cos 61 = 306 ft (93.2 m)															
713	747	95%		a) Sulphide Range 12 - 87%															
		Dark green, fine grained volcanic, chloritic, interbedded grey chert horizons, disseminated & stringer po with minor associated cpy & py, locally very heavily fractured.		1) Average - 50% (633 ft)															
		746' - chert horizon, heavy po mineralization, some cpy		2) includes 150 ft @ 84%															
747	770	98%		b) Copper															
		Fine to medium grained basic volcanics, disseminated sulfides 1-5% po light fracturing		1) Range 0.02 - 3.64%															
		769' - small quartz vein, minor cpy		2) Average 0.80% (633 ft) includes a) 350ft continuous @ 1.14% or 401 ft. @ 1.05% and b) 43 ft @ 2.04%															
		ICE HOLE, APPEARS TO HAVE PENETRATED MOST BUT NOT ALL OF THE S ₂ ZONE. HOLE WAS MEANT TO BE 200m NORTH BUT CREVASSES WORRIED DRILLERS																	

-54-

DRILL HOLE RECORD

FALCONBRIDGE NICKEL MINES LIMITED

Inclination		Bearing	PROPERTY	WINDY-CRAGGY	Length	(-1981) 174.9 in (574 ft)	HOLE No.	9-81	PAGE #	1
Callar	-58° 45'	N 48° 24' E	Location	Section G-G'	Hor. Comp.	/Vert Comp.	Sheet	of		
492 ft	-58°		Elevation	1812.00m	Bearing	N 48° 24' E	Logged by	Don Hoy		
542 ft	-58°		Coordinates	10,466.70	Begin	8/26/81/Completed *****	Sampled by	"		
				9,656.01	Core size	BQ, NQ /Recovery ±80 %	DRILLERS	LY 38		RIG# 2

FOOTAGE From To	RECOV'Y Run Core	DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC	SAMPLES			ASSAYS		COMPOSITES						
				No	From To	Ft	Cu%	Co%	Au PPb	Ag ppm	S ₂ %	Zn ppm	Co%		
		NOTE: NQ rods drilled to a depth of 546', BQ to 577' with NQ rods acting as casing. Hole to be completed in 1982.													
0	27	20%													
27	95	60%													
95	120.5	80%													
120.5	174	50%													
174	217	60%													
217	237	50%													
237	258	95%													
258	276	90%													
276	373	100%													
373	574	98%													
		present, quartz-carbonate veins & veinlets, isolated stringer & disseminated sulphides associated with carbonates.													
		466 - 469' - sheared, fractured alteration zone, chlorite rich volcanic, shearing @ 70° cataclastic pyrite													
		493 - 528' - Quartz-carbonate veining, 2-3" width													
		528 - 546' - zone of prominent quartz & carbonate veining, primary direction @ 90°, secondary veinlets @ 40', minor associated po & cpy													
		BQ EQUIPMENT LOST DOWN HOLE. THEN RE-DRILLED WITH NQ TO RECOVER HOLE AND EQUIPMENT.													
		SUBSEQUENT BQ DRILLING CEASED FINALLY DUE LACK OF WATER. SULPHIDE ZONE NOT REACHED. DRILL STILL SET UP ON HOLE FOR 1982 COMPLETION.													
		RECOVERY***** Not completed. Drilling suspended September 20, 1981													

DRILL HOLE RECORD

FALCONBRIDGE NICKEL MINES LIMITED

		Inclination	Bearing	PROPERTY WINDY - CRAGGY	Length 399.57m (1311 ft)	HOLE No. 10-81	PAGE # 1
Collar	-63° 01'	S 52° 22' W	Location Section C-C' 40m North	Hor. Comp.	Vert. Comp.	Sheet of	
516 ft	-63°		Elevation 1612.00m	Bearing S 52° 22' W		Logged by Don Hoy	
780 ft	-62°		Coordinates 10,415.71	N	Begun 11/9/81	Completed 9/20/81	Sampled by Don Hoy
1228 ft	-61°		10,133.50	E	Core size NQ + BQ	/Recovery 90 %	DRILLERS LY (FLY # 38)
							RIG# 1

FOOTAGE From To	RECOV'Y Run Core	DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC	SAMPLES			ASSAYS		COMPOSITES								
				No.	From To	Ft	Cu%	Co%	Au Ppb	Ag ppb	S ₂ %	Zn ppm	Co%				
0	116	0%		28694	116	126	10	.17	.005								
		Snow & ice															
116	150	30%		95	126	136	10	.16	.005								
		Highly oxidized conglomerate-breccia, small subrounded-subangular clasts. (volcanic?) porous & vuggy in nature, reddish-brown to chocolate brown in colour, poor core recovery		96	136	150	14	.09	.005								
150	164	80%		97	150	160	10	.06	.005	5	1.0	7	10	.005			
		Oxidized conglomerate-breccia, subangular clasts include prominent ivory coloured material volcanics, shale & chert.		98	160	166	6	.12	.005								
		153 - 156' - clasts much smaller than in remainder of interval, subangular		99	166	176	10	.45	.007								
		clasts embedded in oxidized fine grained matrix		700	176	186	10	.11	.008								
		151 - 152' - ivory coloured vein material, highly altered		01	186	196	10	.65	.008	155	0.1	2	48	.007			
164	166			02	196	206	10	.01	.008								
		Volcanic breccia, slightly oxidized, grey fine grained matrix traces of cuprite		03	294	305	11	.22	.005								
166	216	30%		04	305	315	10	.16	.010	5	0.5	1	55	.007			
		Highly fractured basic volcanic fine to medium grained, (andesitic?), locally fault gouged, disseminated sulphides, poor core recovery.		05	403	413	10	.01	.005								
		191 - 193' - Fe stained pitted volcanic, native copper & cuprite in fracture surfaces		06	413	424	11	.01	.005	20	0.3	10	28	.005			
216	302	95%		07	724	734	10	.03	.005								
		Grey fine to medium grained andesitic? volcanics, locally amygdaloidal calcareous, minor disseminated sulphide, stringer po & py trending generally @ 020°-050°		08	734	744	10	.06	.005	7.4	7.4	10.2	11.2				
		232.5' - stringer po & cpy @ 020° assoc. with carbonate veining		09	744	754	10	.02	.005								
		255 - 295' - stringer & banded po & minor cpy trending @ 020° to 035°		10	754	764	10	.03	.005	5	0.2	4	20	.005			
302	795	100		11	764	774	10	.08	.005								
		Black thanly bedded, calcareous argillite, extremely fine grained, bedding @ 0-20°, disseminated & patchy po up to 10%		12	774	784	10	.08	.005								
		302 - 315' - stringer po & py @ 30-45°, calcite veinlets		13	784	795	11	.07	.05	5	0.3	7	20	.005			
		346 - 358' - pyrite cubes lineated with bedding		14	795	805	10	.19	.011								
		367 - 369' - pyrite cubes		15	805	815	10	.07	.005								
		387 - 389' - framboidal py & py cubes aligned with bedding		16	815	825	10	.06	.005	5	0.1	8	24	.007			
		411 - 416' - abundant pyrite cubes, sediment bedding @ 010°		17	825	835	10	.05	.005								
		443 - 445' - small slivers of po		18	835	845	10	.17	.009								
		724 - 726' - large relatively pure quartz vein, sediment bedding @ 155°		19	845	855	10	.49	.015	5	0.2	17	32	.016			
		756 - 782' - small intervals of banded & stringer po trending @ 135°-150°, also finely disseminated po		20	855	865	10	.48	.018								
		781 - 782' - Chloritic chert horizon, CO ₂ veining & stringer po @ 135°		21	865	875	10	.07									
795	875	80%		22	875	885	10	.13	.026								
		Dark green to black metavolcanic, interbedded argillaceous horizons, locally sheared, 5-10% sulphides		23	885	895	10	.14	.014								
		800 - 804' - patchy po, minor cpy, extremely chloritic		24	895	905	10	.28	.021								
		826 - 870' - heavily sheared & fractured, chloritic, po banding @ 135°		25	905	915	10	.28	.025	5	0.3	25	15	.032			
		853 - 855' - po rich zone, appreciable cpy, patchy mineralization		26	915	922	7	.61	.060								
		869 - 870' - small massive po zone, appreciable cpy		27	922	930	8	.29	.090								
875	922	95%		28	930	940	10	.22	.110								
		Interbedded chlorite-epidote fine grained volcanic and black fine grained volcanic-metavolcanic		29	940	950	10	.42	.140	10	0.4	46	20	.11			
		10% sulphide as stringer, gobby & disseminated po		30	950	960	10	.26	.100	9.2	7.2	11.2	11.2				
		897' - beginning of ore zone, 30-50% sulphide banded & stringer po, with appreciable cpy banding @ 30-50°		31	960	970	10	.27	.081								
		918 - 919' - cpy banding @ 45°		32	970	980	10	.12	.081								
		920 - 922' - banded & stringer po & cpy @ 135°		33	980	990	10	.25	.120								
922	1026	100		34	990	1000	10	.39	.150	5	0.4	41	15	.095			
		Heavy sulphide mineralization hosted in dark green chlorite-epidote basalts and interbedded		35	1000	1010	10	.21	.091								
		green cherty volcanics dominantly patchy & gobby po, minor to appreciable cpy & py prominent quartz-carbonate veining		36	1010	1020	10	.38	.055								
		994' - chalcopyrite banding in massive po		37	1020	1026	6	.16	.028								
		998' - appreciable cpy assoc. with quartz & po		38	1026	1036	10	.68	.026								
		1015-1025' - cpy stringers assoc. with po @ 30°		39	1036	1046	10	.09	.013	5	0.3	13	25	.020			

DRILL HOLE RECORD

FALCONBRIDGE NICKEL MINES LIMITED

Inclination		Bearing	PROPERTY	Length	HOLE No.	10-21	PAGE #	2
Collar			Location	Hor. Comp.	Sheet	of		
			Elevation	Bearing	Logged by			
			Coordinates	Begin	Sampled by			
				Core size	DRILLERS			RIG#

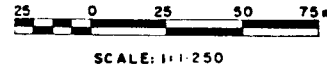
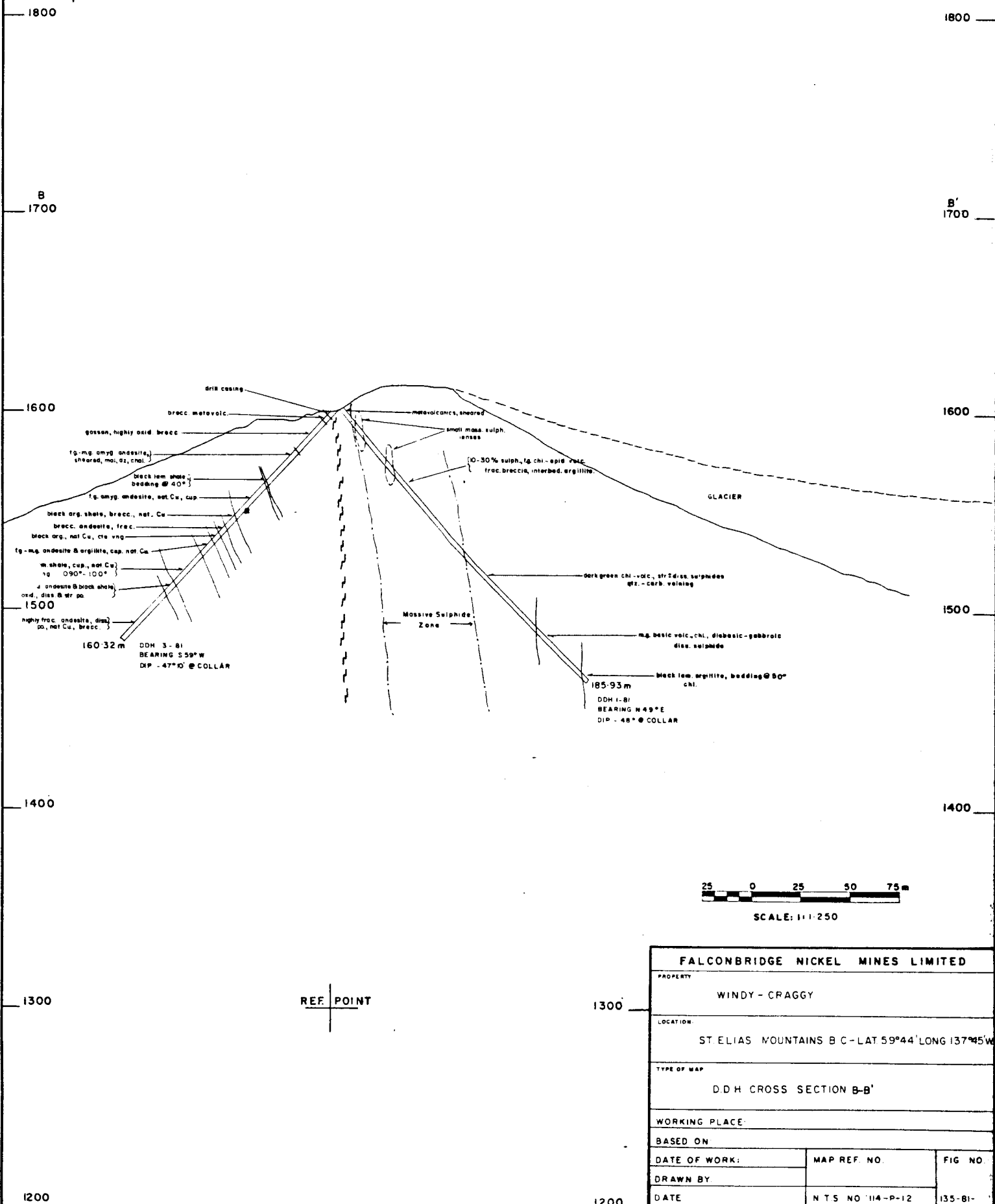
FOOTAGE From To	RECOV'Y Run Core	DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC	SAMPLES				ASSAYS			COMPOSITES					
				No.	From	To	Ft	Cu%	Co%	Au Ppb	Ag ppm	S ₂ %	Zn ppm	Co%		
1026	1311	100		28740	1046	1056	10	.66	.017							
				41	1056	1066	10	.07	.013	5	0.3	13	25	.029		
		1043' - banded po @ 90°		42	1066	1076	10	.13	.016							
		1053 - 1054' - cpy gobs & stringers assoc. with quartz & po		43	1076	1086	10	.14	.015							
		1072 - cpy assoc with patchy quartz & po		44	1086	1096	10	.28	.015	5	0.4	11	20	.018		
		1082 - 1084' - host rock coarser grained, more siliceous		45	1096	1106	10	.09	.012							
		1101 - 1120' - banded and stringer po & assoc. cpy trending @ 125°		46	1106	1116	10	.21	.034							
		1139 - 1142' - fault gouge, highly sheared, chlorite		47	1116	1126	10	.10	.020							
		1144 - 1183' - host rock coarser grained equivalent, diorite-gabbro?		48	1126	1136	10	.05	.017							
		1183 - 1197' - cherty subunit, appreciable po & minor cpy @ 90°		49	1136	1146	10	.12	.016	5	0.4	7	20	.016		
		1197 - 1269' - fine grained, chlorite-epidote rich volcanic, interbedded chert horizons appreciable patchy & gobby po 10-20%		50	1146	1156	10	.16	.018							
		1248 - 1252' - appreciable patchy po in sheared, altered chloritic volcanic		51	1156	1166	10	.02	.013							
		1269 - 1311' - coarser grained equivalent, chloritic, contains disseminated po		52	1166	1176	10	.04	.024							
		1309 - 1311' - stringer po		53	1176	1186	10	.25	.072	5	0.2	15	20	.032		
		HOLE MAY NOT HAVE PENETRATED MAIN SULPHIDE ZONE AS ROCKS STILL MORE CHLORITIC THAN FOUND TO THE WEST. POSSIBLE FAULT OFFSET? HOLE FAILED TO FLATTEN AS ANTICIPATED AND WAS ABANDONED DUE LACK OF WATER.		54	1186	1196	10	.15	.043							
				55	1196	1206	10	.05	.023							
				56	1206	1216	10	.04	.016							
				57	1216	1226	10	.06	.045							
				58	1226	1236	10	.17	.050							
				59	1236	1246	10	.12	.022	5	.03	14	115	.029		
				60	1246	1256	10	.23	.027							
				61	1256	1266	10	.03	.008							
				62	1266	1276	10	.04	.009							
				63	1276	1286	10	.05	.014							
				64	1286	1296	10	.02	.015	5	0.1	6	20	.014		
				65	1296	1306	10	.03	.014							
				66	1306	1311	5	.08	.025							

Assayed Section
 116 - 724 (122 ft sampled), 724 - 1311 (587 ft)
 Total 709 ft (216m)
 a) Sulphide Range 1% to 46%
 1) Average (in main volcanic section (+845 ft) = 32.2% (165 ft)
 b) Copper
 1) Range - .01 to 1.13%
 2) Average (845 - 1311) = 0.23% (466 ft) including
 3) 10 ft @ 1.13%

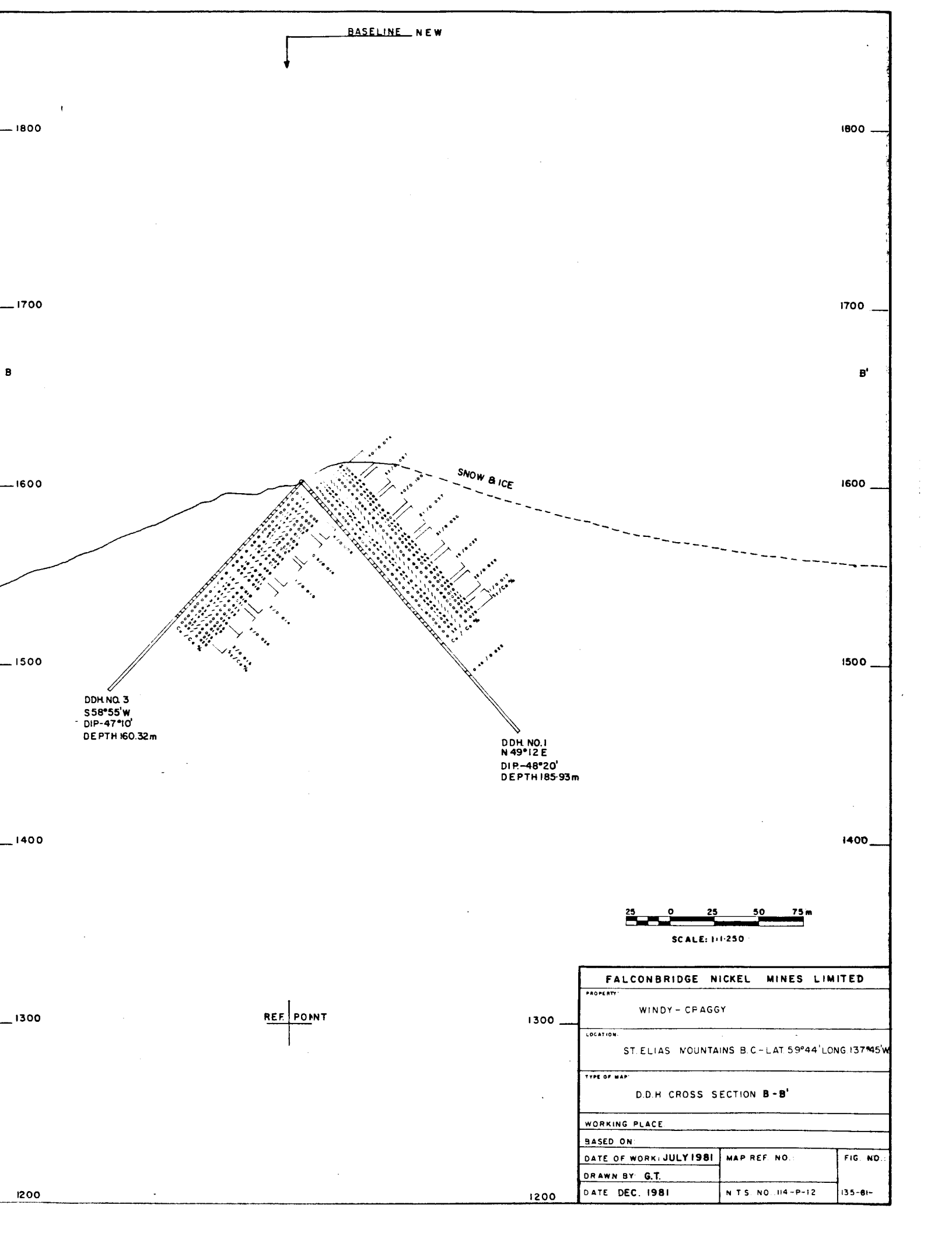
APPENDIX 3

Drill and Assay Sections

BASELINE NEW



FALCONBRIDGE NICKEL MINES LIMITED		
PROPERTY		
WINDY - CRAGGY		
LOCATION		
ST. ELIAS MOUNTAINS B C - LAT 59°44' LONG 137°45' W		
TYPE OF MAP		
D.D.H. CROSS SECTION B-B'		
WORKING PLACE		
BASED ON		
DATE OF WORK:	MAP REF. NO.	FIG. NO.
DRAWN BY		
DATE	N.T.S. NO. 114-P-12	135-81-



BASELINE NEW

1800

1800

1700

1700

1600

1600

1500

1500

1400

1400

1300

1300

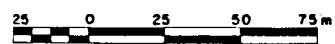
1200

1200

DDH NO. 3
S 58° 55' W
DIP - 47° 10'
DEPTH 160.32m

DDH NO. 1
N 49° 12' E
DIP - 48° 20'
DEPTH 185.93m

SNOW & ICE

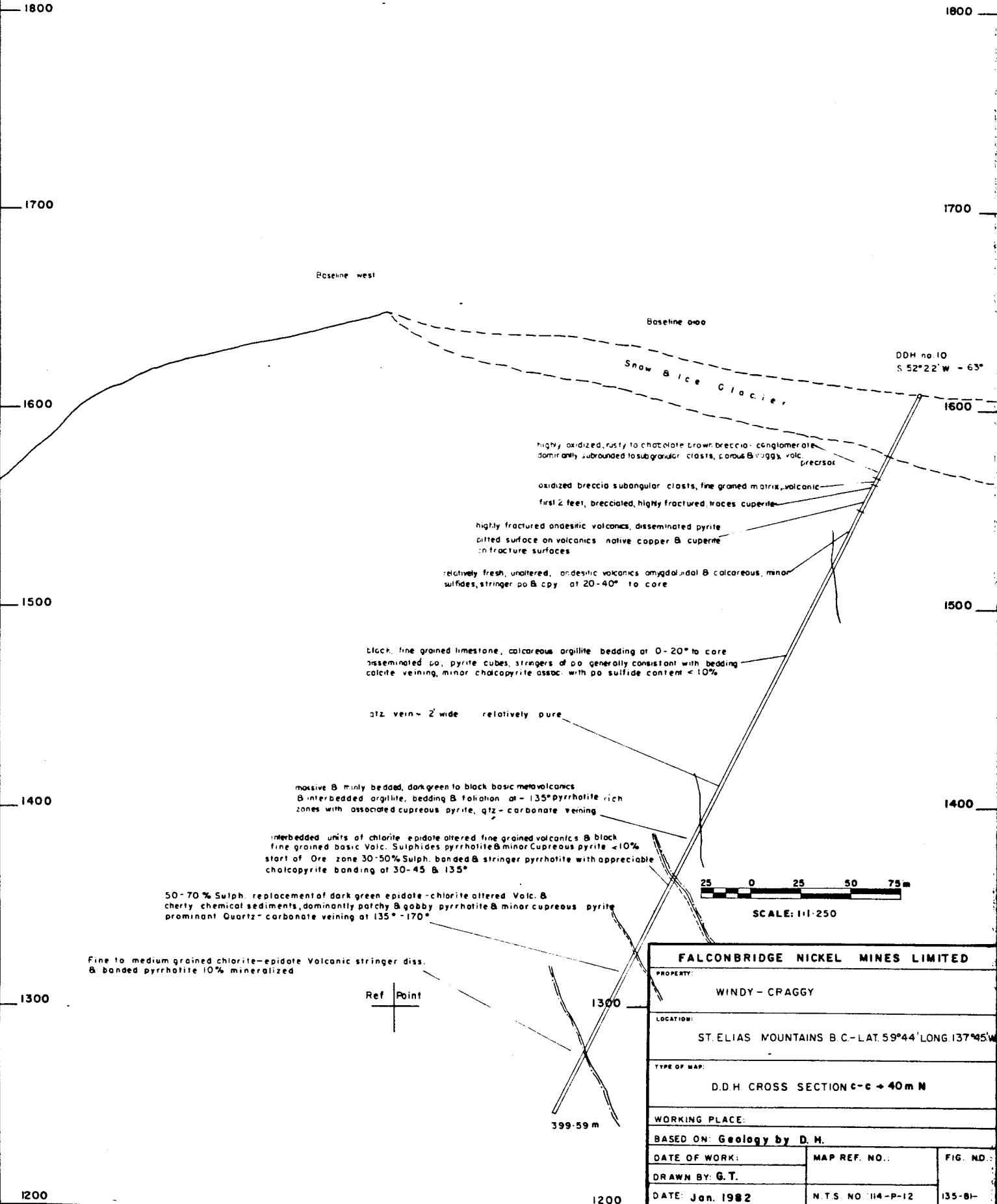


SCALE: 1:1250

REF. POINT

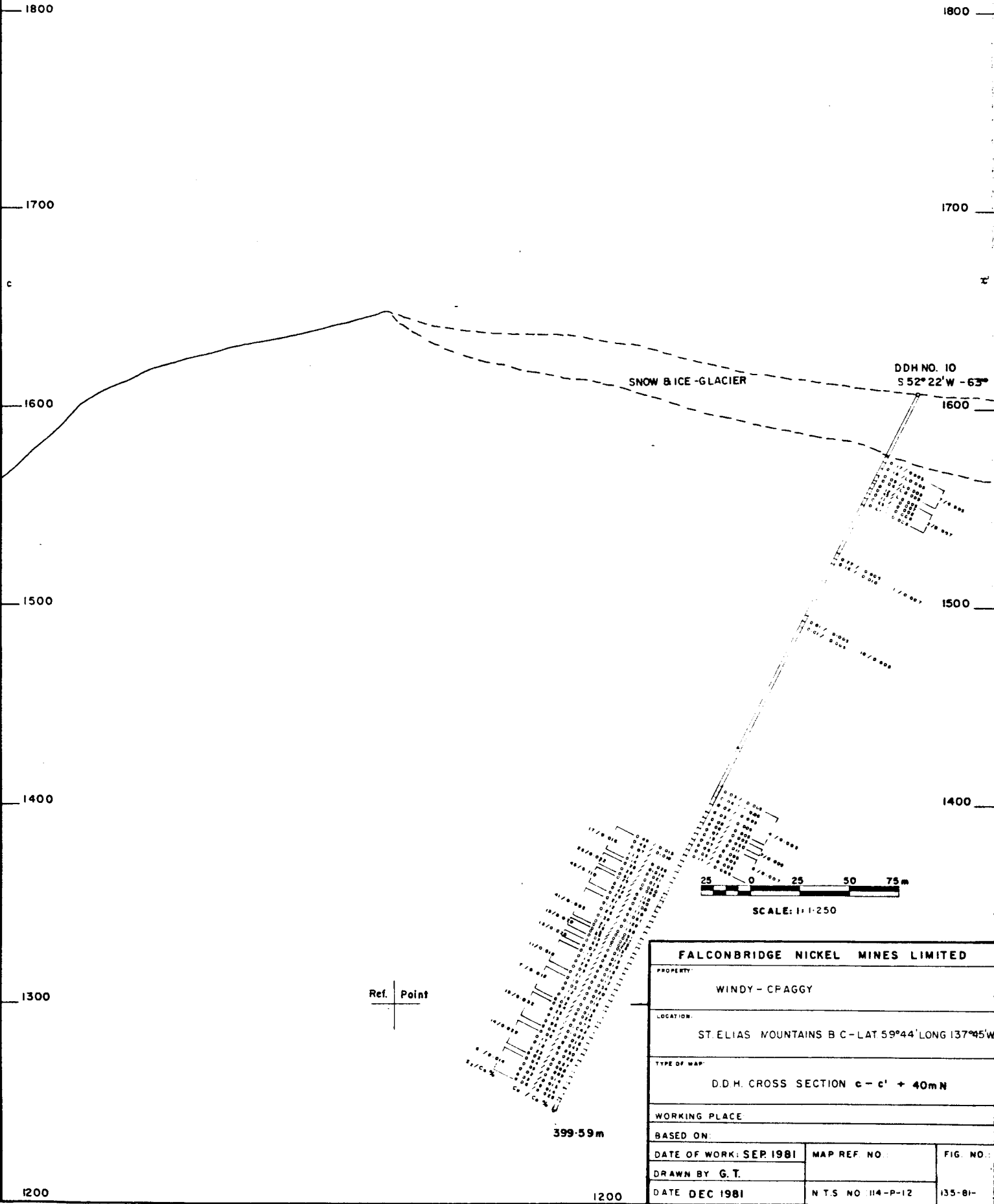
FALCONBRIDGE NICKEL MINES LIMITED		
PROPERTY: WINDY - CRAGGY		
LOCATION: ST ELIAS MOUNTAINS B.C. - LAT 59° 44' LONG 137° 45' W		
TYPE OF MAP: D.D.H. CROSS SECTION B-B'		
WORKING PLACE		
BASED ON		
DATE OF WORK: JULY 1981	MAP REF. NO.:	FIG. NO.:
DRAWN BY: G.T.		
DATE DEC. 1981	N.T.S. NO. 114-P-12	135-81-

BASELINE NEW



FALCONBRIDGE NICKEL MINES LIMITED		
PROPERTY:		
WINDY - CRAGGY		
LOCATION:		
ST. ELIAS MOUNTAINS B.C. - LAT. 59° 44' LONG. 137° 45' W		
TYPE OF MAP:		
D.D.H. CROSS SECTION c-c → 40 m N		
WORKING PLACE:		
BASED ON: Geology by D.H.		
DATE OF WORK:	MAP REF. NO.:	FIG. NO.:
DRAWN BY: G.T.	N.T.S. NO. 114-P-12	135-81-
DATE: Jan. 1982		

BASELINE NEW



SNOW & ICE - GLACIER

DDH NO. 10
S 52° 22' W - 63°



SCALE: 1:1250

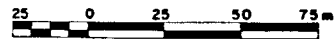
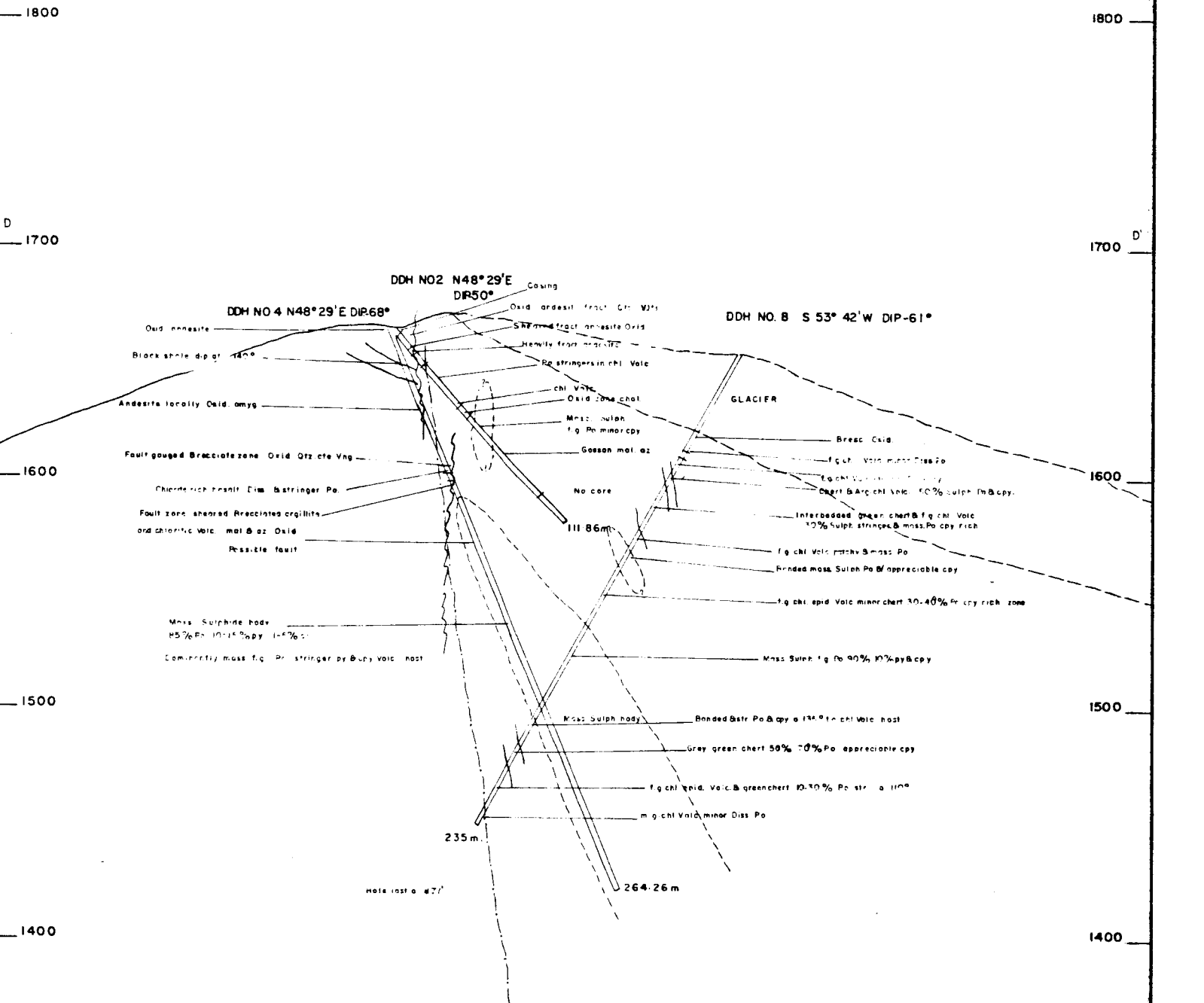
Ref. Point

399.59m

FALCONBRIDGE NICKEL MINES LIMITED

PROPERTY		
WINDY - CPAGGY		
LOCATION		
ST. ELIAS MOUNTAINS B C - LAT 59°44' LONG 137°45' W		
TYPE OF MAP		
D.D.H. CROSS SECTION c - c' + 40m N		
WORKING PLACE		
BASED ON:		
DATE OF WORK: SEP. 1981	MAP REF. NO.:	FIG. NO.:
DRAWN BY G. T.		
DATE DEC 1981	N.T.S. NO. 114-P-12	135-81-

BASELINE NEW



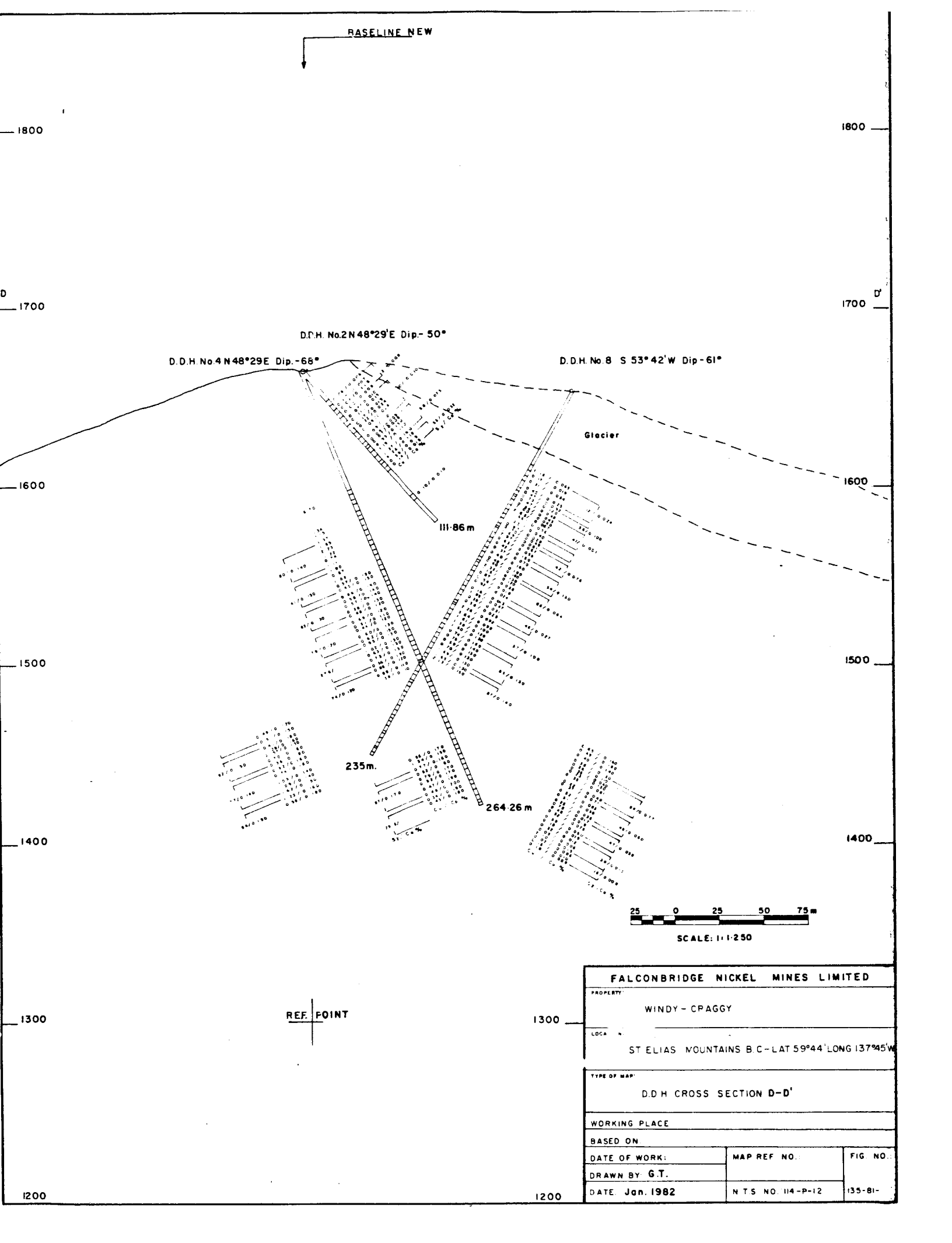
SCALE: 1:1250

REF. POINT

FALCONBRIDGE NICKEL MINES LIMITED		
PROPERTY:		
WINDY - CRAGGY		
LOCATION:		
ST ELIAS MOUNTAINS B C - LAT 59°44' LONG 137°45'W		
TYPE OF MAP:		
D.D.H. CROSS SECTION D-D'		
WORKING PLACE:		
BASED ON:		
DATE OF WORK:	MAP REF. NO.:	FIG NO
DRAWN BY:		
DATE:	N.T.S. NO. 114-P-12	135-B1-

1200

1200



FALCONBRIDGE NICKEL MINES LIMITED		
PROPERTY:		
WINDY - CRAGGY		
LOCALITY:		
ST ELIAS MOUNTAINS B C - LAT 59°44' LONG 137°45' W		
TYPE OF MAP:		
D.D.H. CROSS SECTION D-D'		
WORKING PLACE:		
BASED ON:		
DATE OF WORK:	MAP REF. NO.:	FIG. NO.:
DRAWN BY: G.T.		
DATE: Jan. 1982	N T S NO. 114-P-12	135-81-

BASELINE NEW

1800

1800

E
1700

E
1700

1600

1600

1500

1500

1400

1400

1300

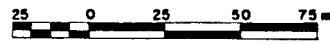
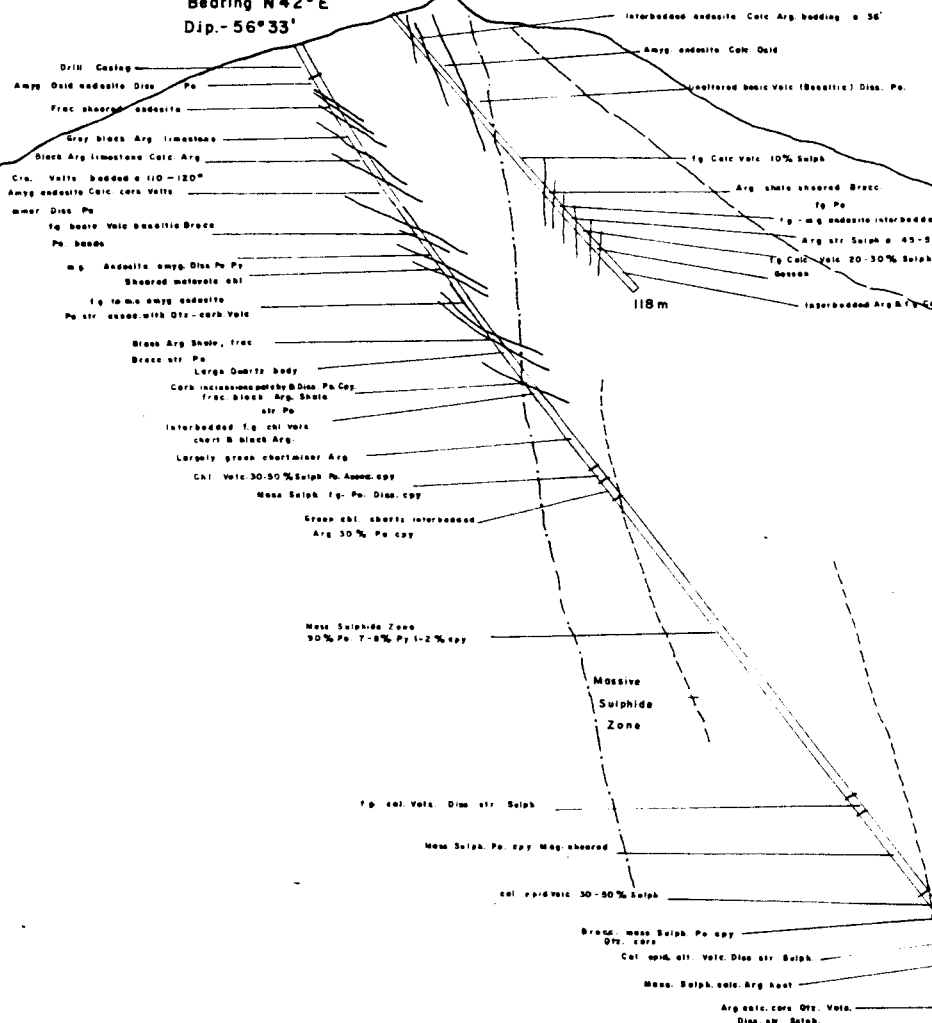
1300

1200

1200

D.D.H. No.6 Bearing N49°E
Dip- 52°33'

D.D.H. No.7
Bearing N42°E
Dip- 56°33'



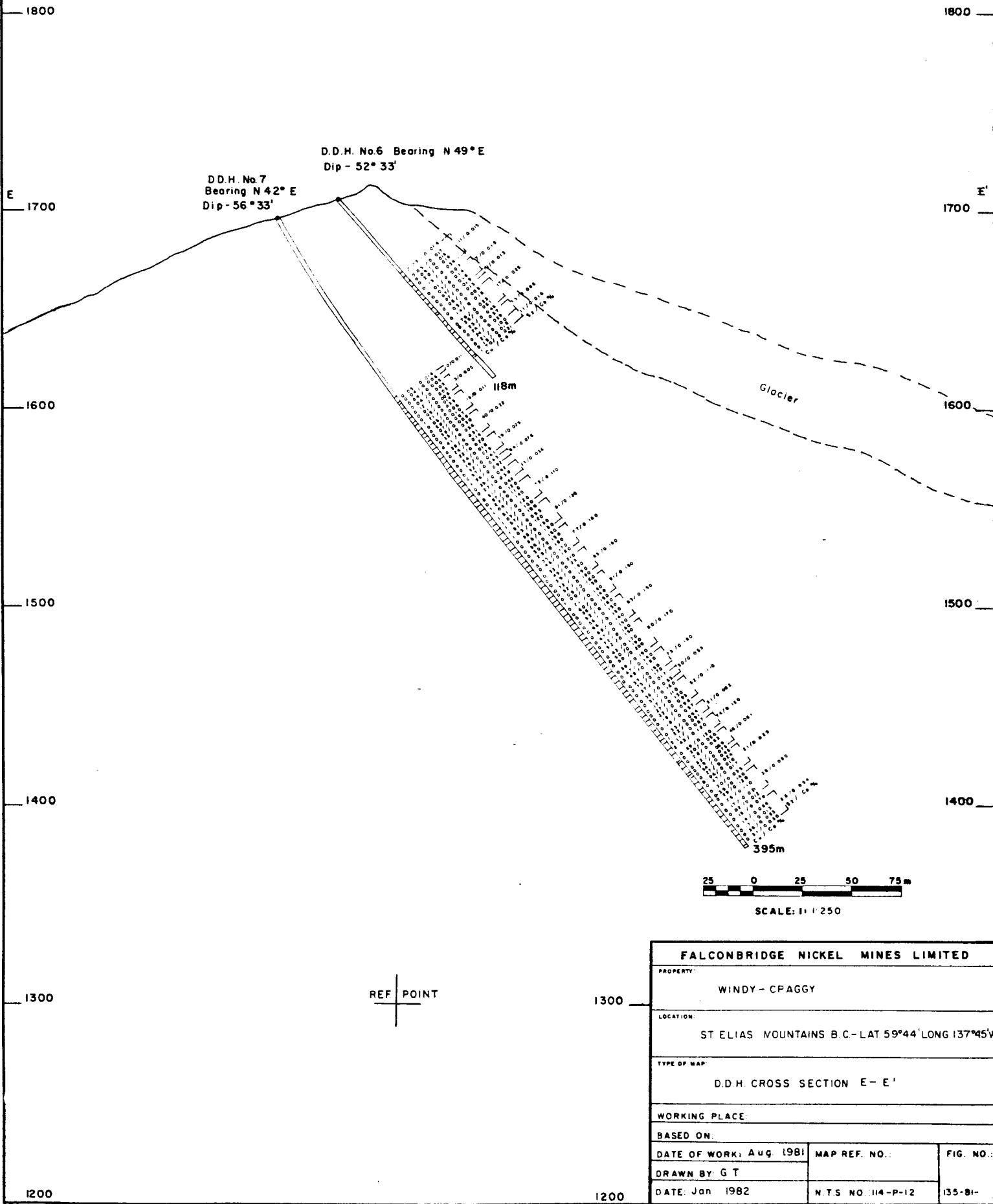
SCALE: 1:1250

Ref Point

FALCONBRIDGE NICKEL MINES LIMITED

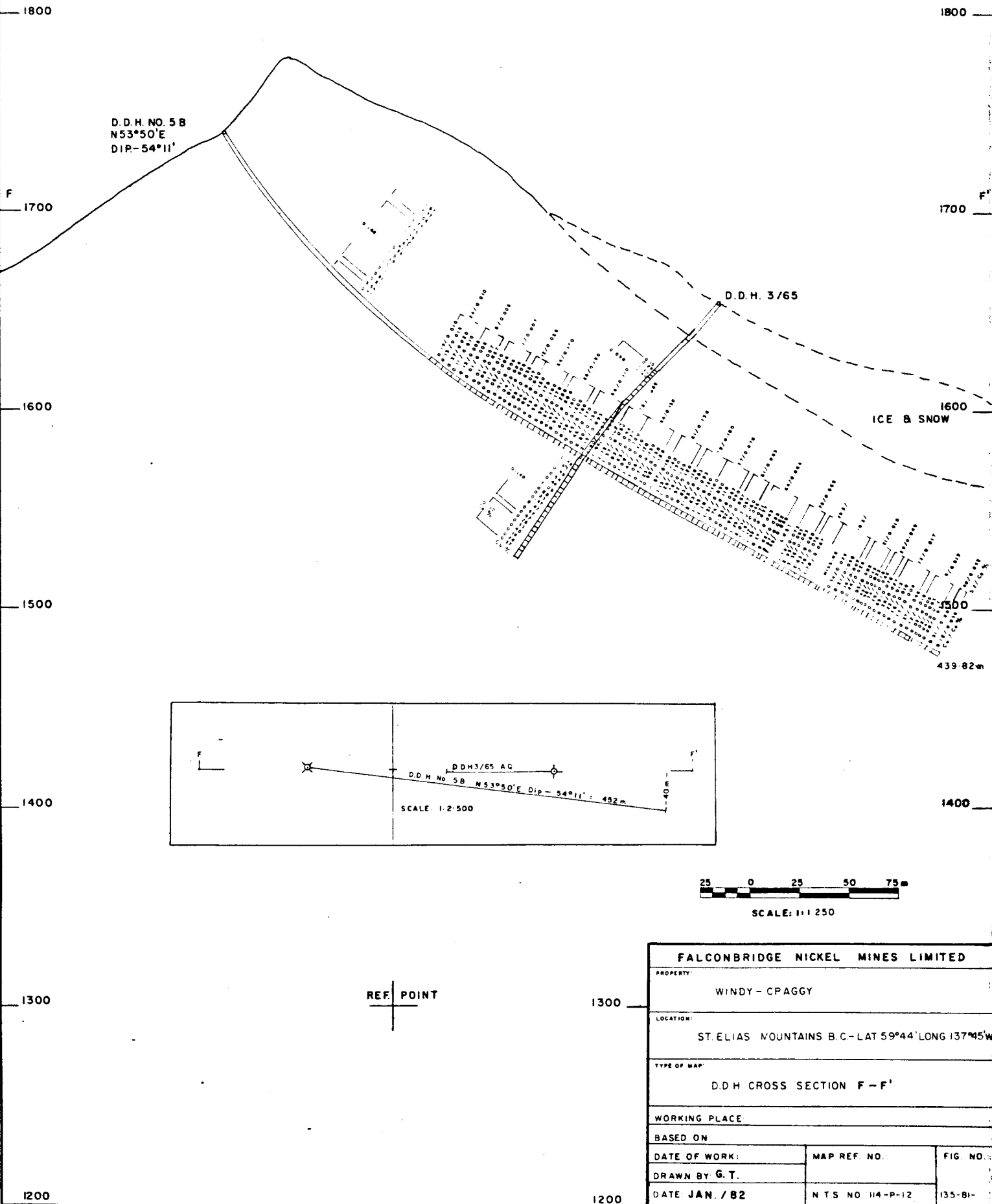
PROPERTY:		
WINDY-CRAGGY		
LOCATION:		
ST. ELIAS MOUNTAINS B.C.-LAT. 59°44' LONG 137°45' W		
TYPE OF MAP:		
D.D.H. CROSS SECTION E-E'		
WORKING PLACE:		
BASED ON:		
DATE OF WORK: Aug. 1981	MAP REF. NO.:	FIG. NO.:
DRAWN BY: G. T.		
DATE: Jan. 1982	N.T.S. NO. 114-P-12	135-81-

BASELINE NEW



FALCONBRIDGE NICKEL MINES LIMITED		
PROPERTY: WINDY - CPAGGY		
LOCATION: ST ELIAS MOUNTAINS B.C. - LAT 59°44' LONG 137°45' W		
TYPE OF MAP: D.D.H. CROSS SECTION E - E'		
WORKING PLACE:		
BASED ON:		
DATE OF WORK: Aug 1981	MAP REF. NO.:	FIG. NO.:
DRAWN BY: G T		
DATE: Jan 1982	N.T.S. NO. 114-P-12	135-81-

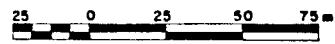
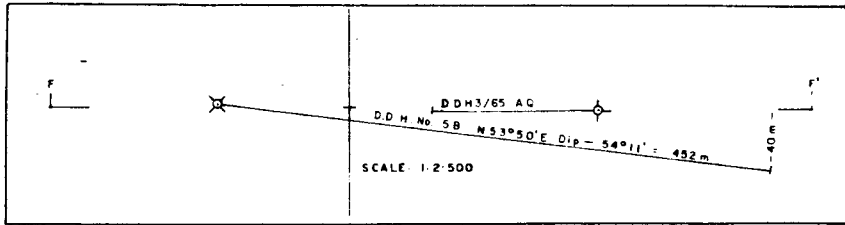
BASELINE NEW



D.D.H. NO. 5B
 N53°50'E
 DIP-54°11'

D.D.H. 3/65

ICE & SNOW



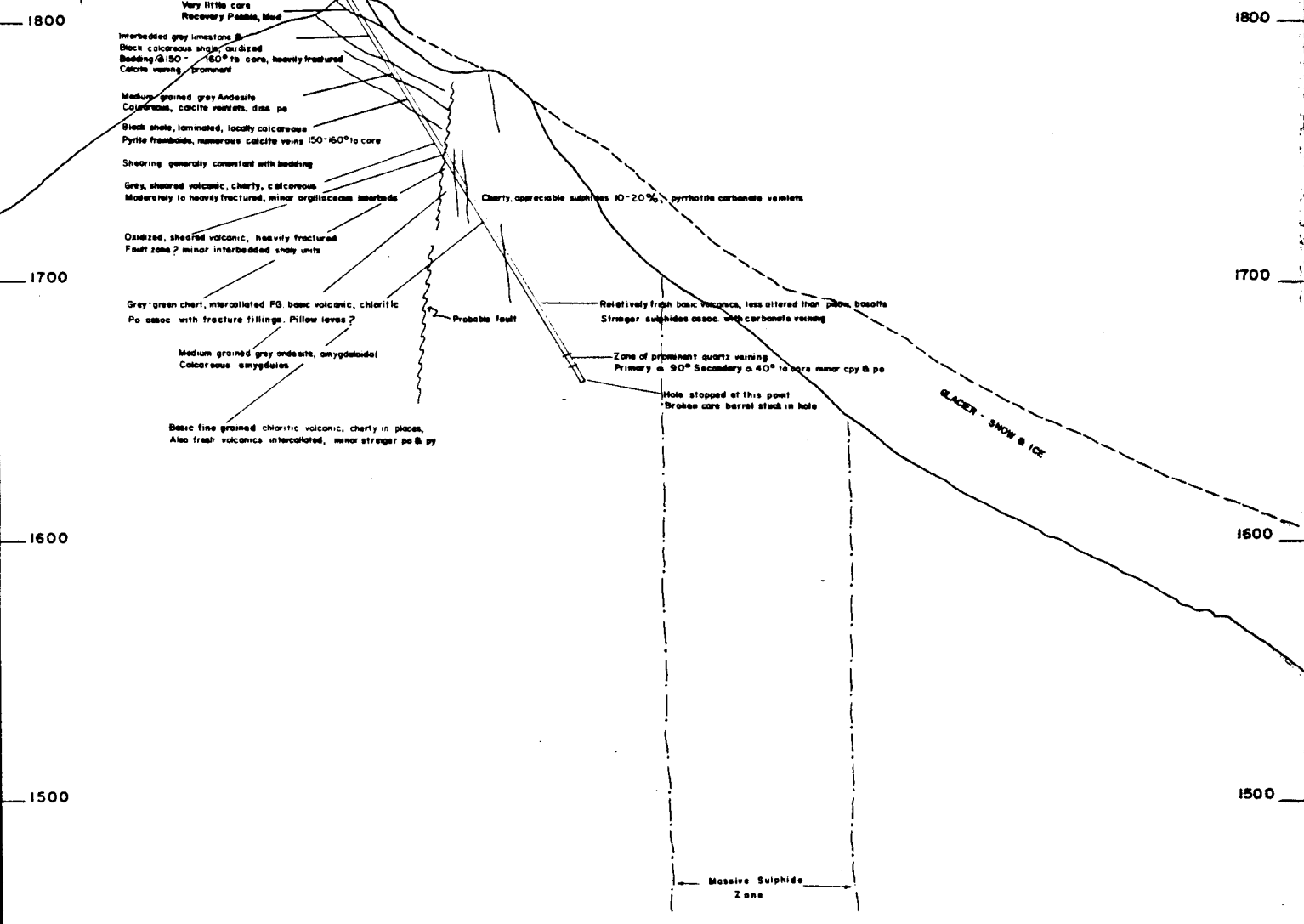
SCALE: 1:1250

REF. POINT

FALCONBRIDGE NICKEL MINES LIMITED		
PROPERTY: WINDY - CPAGGY		
LOCATION: ST. ELIAS MOUNTAINS B.C. - LAT 59°44' LONG 137°45'W		
TYPE OF MAP: D.D.H. CROSS SECTION F-F'		
WORKING PLACE		
BASED ON		
DATE OF WORK:	MAP REF. NO.:	FIG. NO.:
DRAWN BY: G. T.		
DATE: JAN. / 82	N.T.S. NO. 114-P-12	135-81-

BASELINE NEW

DDH 9-81
Bearing 29° E
Dip 58° 45' N Collar



Very little core
Recovery Pebbles, Mud

Inherbedded grey limestone
Black calcareous shales, oxidized
Bedding @ 150° - 160° to core, heavily fractured
Calcite veins, brownish

Medium grained grey Andesite
Calciferous, calcite veins, druse py

Black shale, laminated, locally calcareous
Pyrite framboids, numerous calcite veins 150°-160° to core
Shearing generally consistent with bedding

Grey, sheared volcanic, cherty, calcareous
Moderately to heavily fractured, minor argillaceous interbeds

Oxidized, sheared volcanic, heavily fractured
Fault zone? minor interbedded shaly units

Grey-green chert, intercalated FG. basic volcanic, chloritic
Po assoc with fracture fillings. Pillow lenses?

Medium grained grey andesite, amygdaloidal
Calcareous amygdalites

Basic fine grained chloritic volcanic, cherty in places.
Also fresh volcanics intercalated, minor stringer py & py

Cherty, appreciable sulphides 10-20%, pyrrhotite carbonate veinlets

Probable fault

Relatively fresh basic volcanics, less altered than plio. basalts
Stringer sulphides assoc. with carbonate veining

Zone of prominent quartz veining
Primary @ 90° Secondary @ 40° to core minor cpy & po

Hole stopped at this point
Broken core barrel stuck in hole

GLACIER - SNOW & ICE

Massive Sulphide Zone

Ref. Point



SCALE: 1:1,250

FALCONBRIDGE NICKEL MINES LIMITED		
PROPERTY:		
WINDY - CRAGGY		
LOCATION:		
ST ELIAS MOUNTAINS B.C. - LAT 59°44' LONG 137°45'W		
TYPE OF MAP:		
D.D.H. CROSS SECTION G-G' LOOKING N 42° W		
WORKING PLACE:		
BASED ON:		
DATE OF WORK:	MAP REF. NO.:	FIG. NO.:
DRAWN BY:		
DATE:	N.T.S. NO.: 114-P-12	135-81-

1200

1200

1800

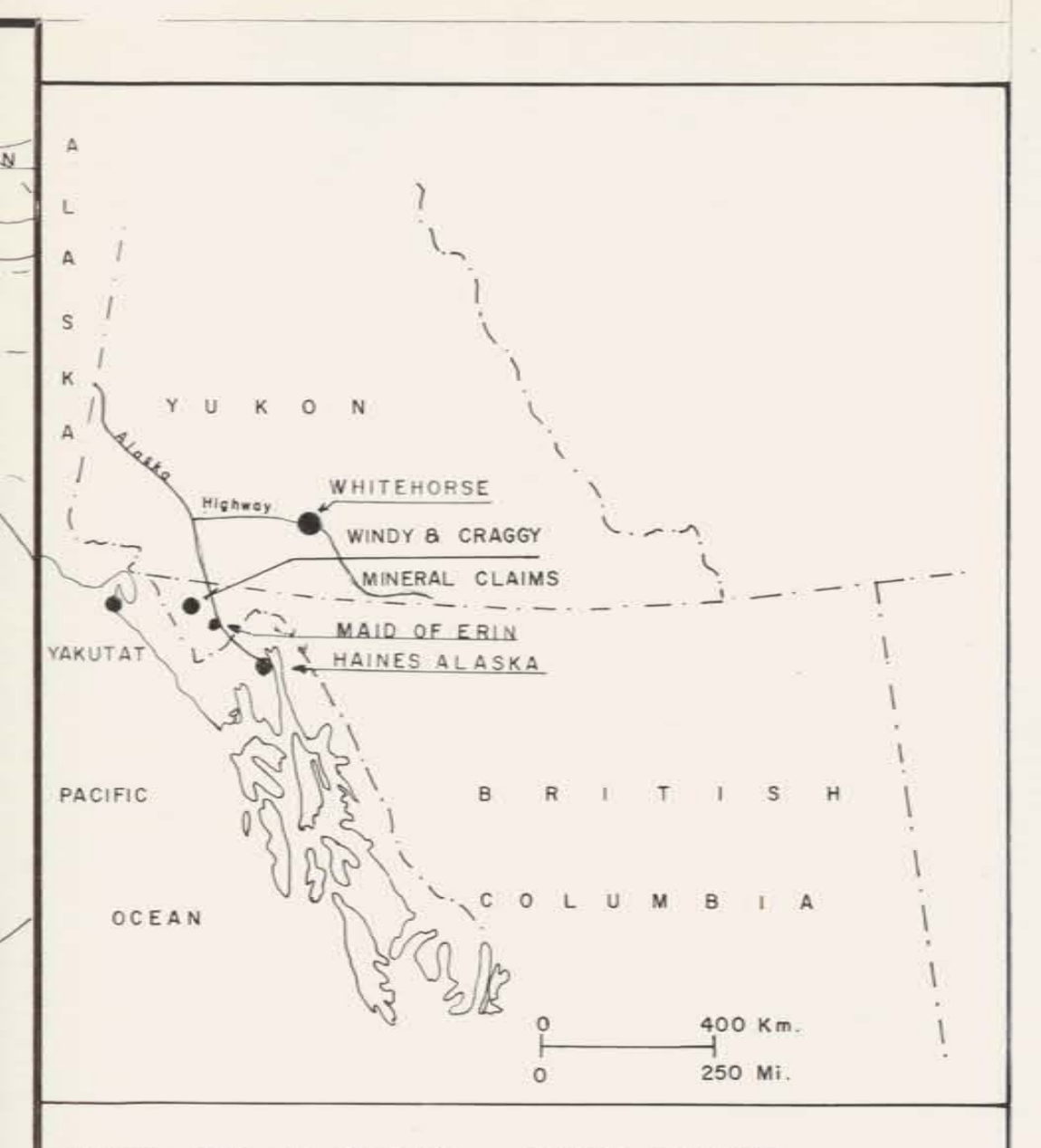
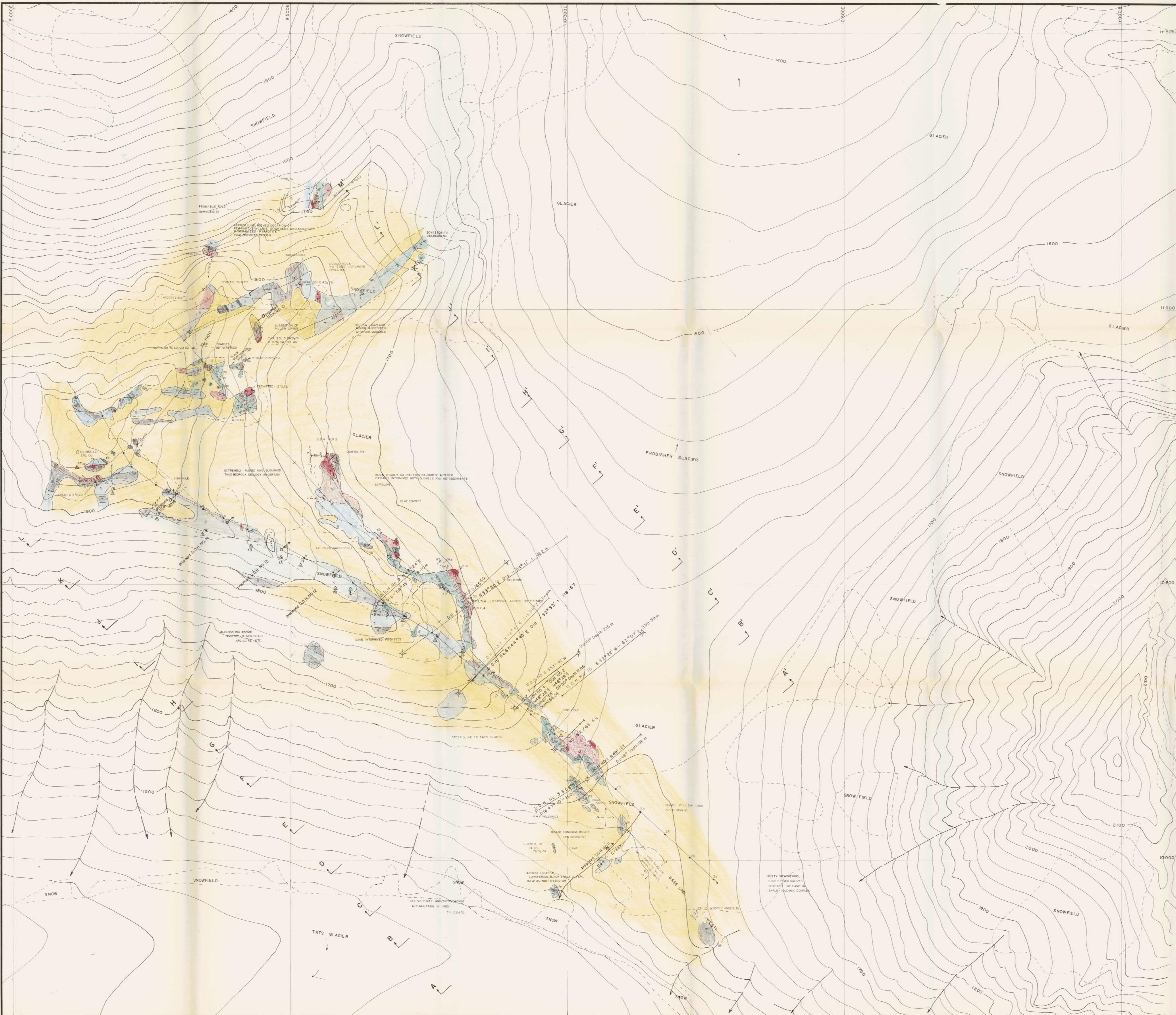
1700

1600

1500

1400

1300



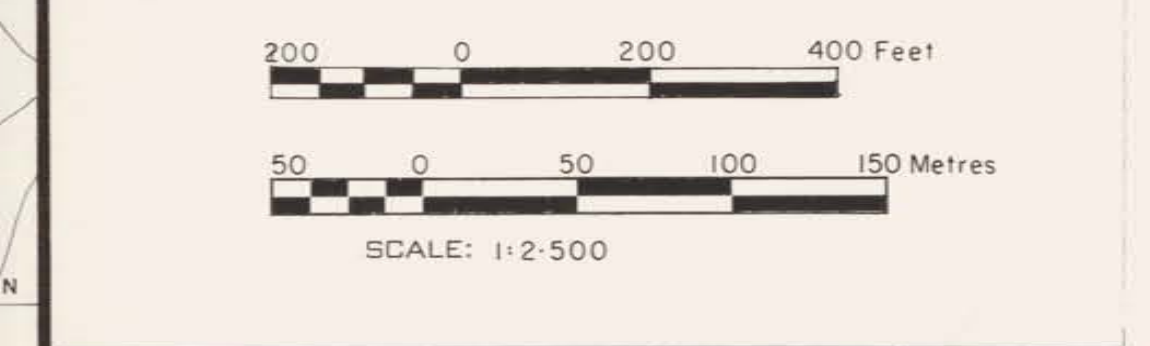
INDEX MAP (1-A/80) SCALE: 1:160,000

LEGEND

- 1 MASSIVE (50-100%) SULPHIDES - PYRRHOTITE, PYRITE - MINOR CHALCOPYRITE
- 2 SULPHIDES (10-50%) PYRRHOTITE, PYRITE
- 3 SULPHIDES (0-10%) INCLUDES RUSTY WEATHERING PYRITIC ALTERATION HALO
- 4 RUSTY GOSSAN ZONE
- 5 RELATIVELY UNALTERED TATS GROUP - BASIC TO ANDESITIC FLOWS SILLS & DYKES; PILLOW LAVAS (RARELY DEVELOPED)
- 6 SCHISTOSE GREENSTONE (ALTERED TATS VOLCANICS IN PART); PILLOW LAVAS, & INDICATES BRECCIATION, OFTEN INTERMIXED WITH SHALE, ARGILLITE, ETC.
- 7 FELSITIC, GRANITIC DYKES
- 8 BLACK SHALE, POSSIBLY CALCAREOUS IN PART
- 9 GREY SHALE, ARGILLITE, OFTEN INTERMIXED WITH V2 (ABOVE)
- 10 UNDIVIDED METASEDIMENTS & MINOR META-VOLCANICS - THINLY BEDDED, PROBABLY METAMORPHOSED EQUIVALENT OF S2; QUARTZ VEIN
- 11 SNOW & ICE, TALUS
- DIAMOND DRILL HOLE (1965 & EARLIER) - 1981
- PROPOSED 1982 D.D.M.
- FAULT OR SHEAR ZONE (OBSERVED, PROBABLE); JOINTING
- BEDDING, CONTACT, AND SCHISTOSITY OR BANDING ATTITUDES
- CONTACTS - OBSERVED, APPROXIMATE, ASSUMED
- SNOW BOUNDARY (FLUCTUATES)
- SECTION LINE

DIAMOND DRILL HOLE DATA (METRIC)

HOLE	SIZE	DATE	COORDINATES	BRG.	DIP	DEPTH	ELEV.
D-1	PAK.S	AUG 59			90°	12.29m	1608.43
D-2	"	AUG 59			45°	27.43m	1711.76
D-3	"	AUG 59			55°	5.54m	1712.98
D-4	"	SEP 59			70°	27.43m	1711.76
D-5	"	SEP 59			68°	9.14m	1743.46
R-1	"	AUG 60			90°	15.85	1768.15
R-2	"	AUG 60	N 80°W	37°	25.91	1768.15	
R-3	"	AUG 60	N 42°W	35°	51.39	1746.51	
R-4	"	AUG 60	N 68°E	70°	9.75	1746.51	
R-5	"	AUG 60	S 75°W	80°	14.63	1730.05	
R-6	"	AUG 60	S 50°W	45°	7.31	1729.13	
R-7	"	AUG 60	S 50°W	35°	8.75	1729.74	
R-8	"	AUG 60	S 50°W	65°	19.51	1721.82	
R-9	"	AUG 60	N 24°E	40°	18.29	1721.82	
R-10	"	AUG 60	S 63°W	47°	8.23	1710.85	
R-11	"	AUG 60	N 24°E	42°	18	1633.12	
1-65	AQ	AUG 65	N 48°E	30°	75.29	1638.30	
2-65	AQ	AUG 65	N 48°E	55°	24.66	1638.30	
3-65	AQ	SEP 65	S 48°W	55°	63.98	1674.88	



FALCONBRIDGE NICKEL MINES LIMITED

PROPERTY: WINDY & CRAGGY COPPER-COBALT PROJECT NO.: 034

LOCATION: ST ELIAS MOUNTAINS B.C. Lat. 59° 44' Long. W. 137° 45'

TYPE OF MAP: COMPOSITE - GEOLOGY & DEVELOPMENT TO 1980

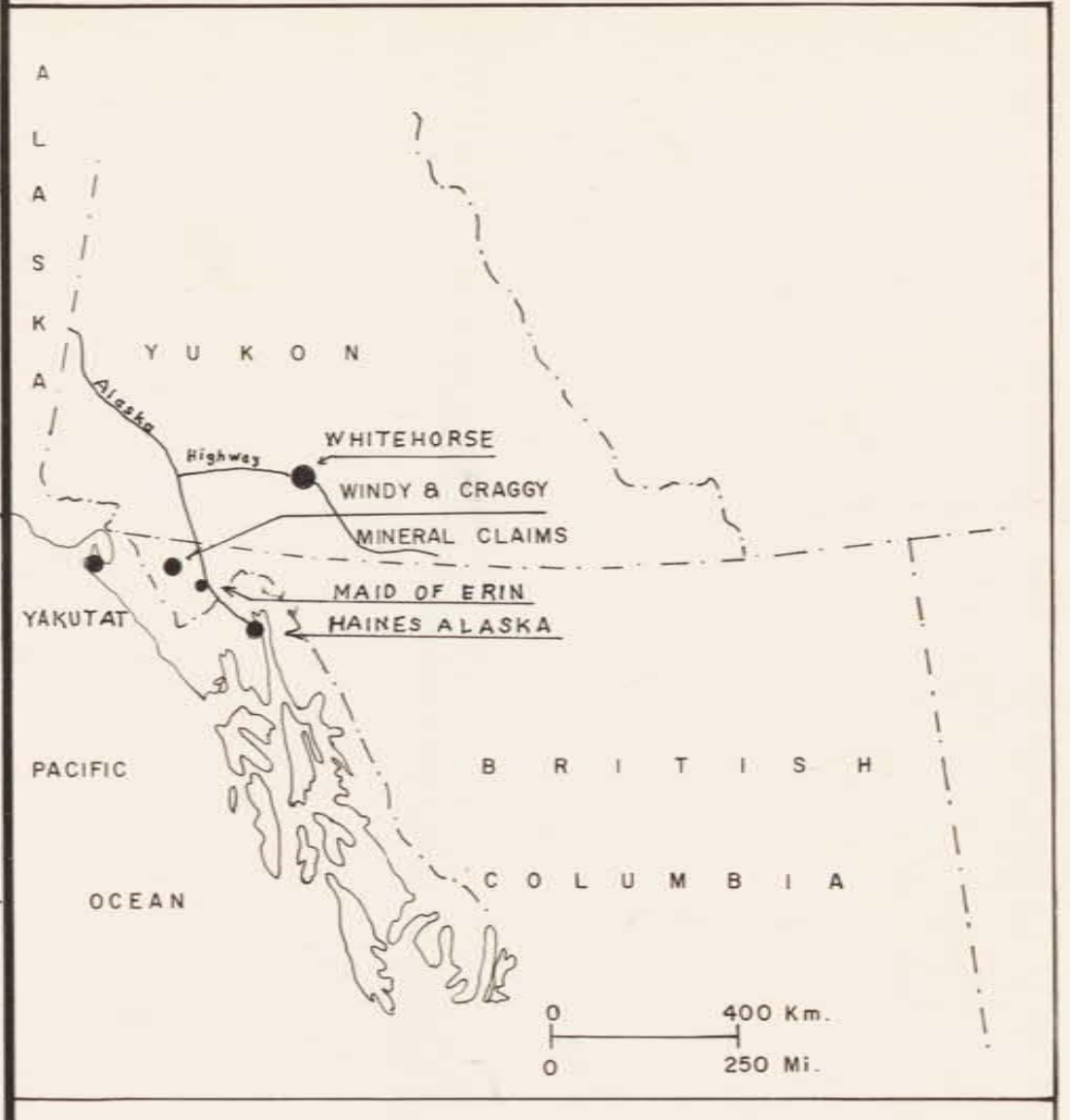
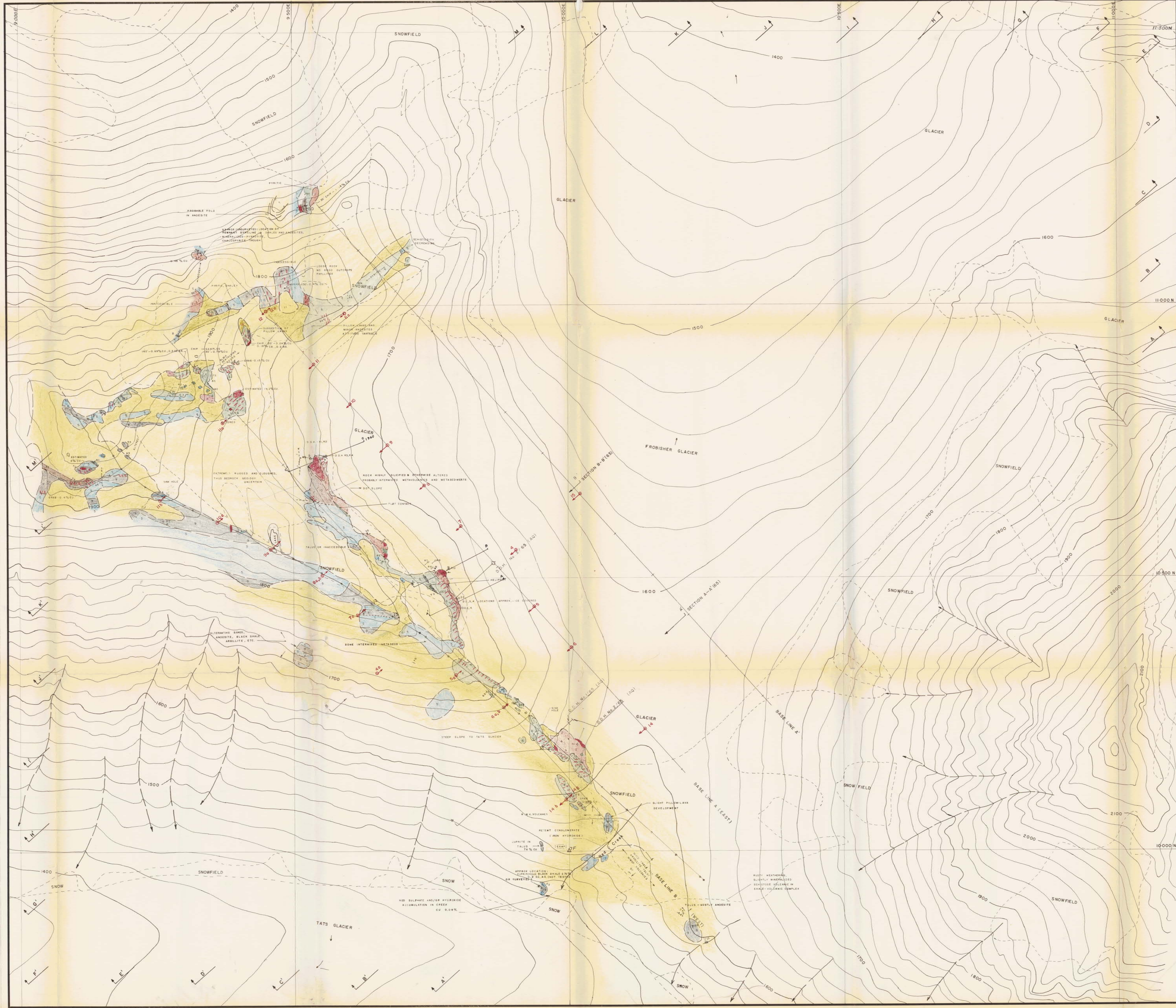
WORKING PLACE: MAIN RIDGE

BASED ON: 1965 GEOL. & TOP., PLUS 1980 AIRPHOTO TOPO. ADDITIONS

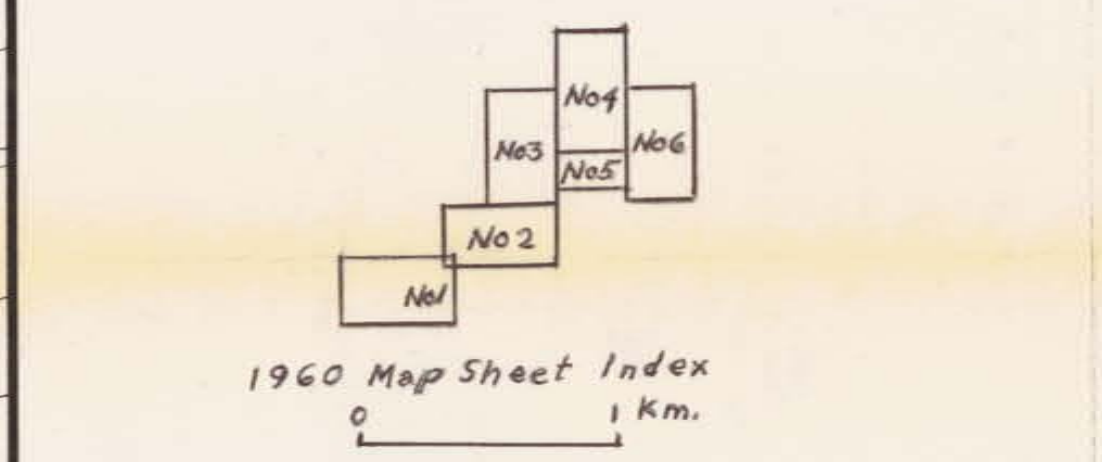
DATE OF WORK: 1965-1980 MAP REF. NO.: 034-180 FIG. NO.: 1

DRAWN BY: MM & P.S. N.T.S. NO.: 114-P-12 C34-81-A

DATE: Jan 1982



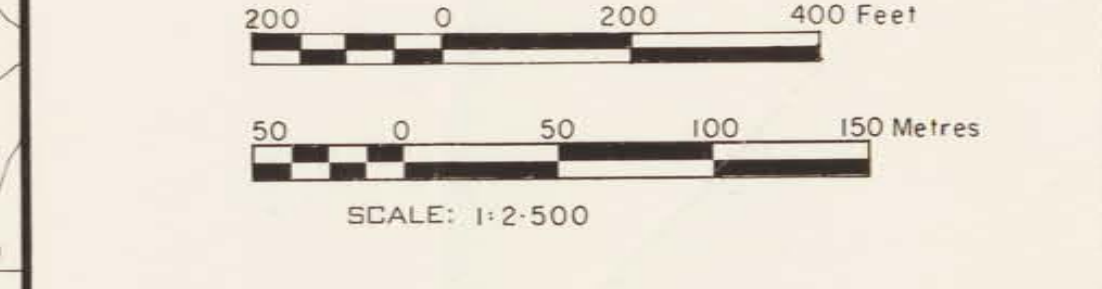
INDEX MAP (1-A/50) SCALE: 1:160,000



- LEGEND**
- MASSIVE (50-100%) SULPHIDES - PYRRHOTITE, PYRITE - MINOR CHALCOPYRITE
 - SULPHIDES (10-50%) PYRRHOTITE, PYRITE
 - SULPHIDES (0-10%) INCLUDES RUSTY WEATHERING PYRITIC ALTERATION HALO
 - RUSTY GOSSAN ZONE
 - RELATIVELY UNALTERED TATS GROUP - BASIC TO ANDESITIC FLOWS SILLS & DYKES, PILLOW LAVAS (RARELY DEVELOPED)
 - SCHISTOSE GREENSTONE (ALTERED TATS VOLCANICS IN PART); PILLOW LAVAS, & INDICATES BRECCIATION OFTEN INTERMIXED WITH SHALE, ARGILLITE, ETC.
 - FELSITIC, GRANITIC DYKES
 - BLACK SHALE, POSSIBLY CALCAREOUS IN PART
 - GREY SHALE, ARGILLITE, OFTEN INTERMIXED WITH V2 (ABOVE)
 - UNDIVIDED METASEDIMENTS & MINOR META-VOLCANICS - THINLY BEDDED, PROBABLY METAMORPHOSED EQUIVALENT OF S2; QUARTZ VEIN
 - SNOW & ICE; TALUS
 - DIAMOND DRILL HOLE (1965 & EARLIER) - Proposed 1981
 - FAULT OR SHEAR ZONE (OBSERVED, PROBABLE), JOINTING
 - BEDDING, CONTACT, AND SCHISTOSITY OR BANDING ATTITUDES
 - CONTACTS - OBSERVED, APPROXIMATE, ASSUMED
 - SNOW BOUNDARY (FLUCTUATES)
 - SECTION LINE

DIAMOND DRILL HOLE DATA (METRIC)

HOLE	SIZE	DATE	COORDINATES	BRG	DIP	DEPTH	ELEV
D-1	3 1/2"	AUG 59	N 10,054.0 E 10,075.0	—	-90°	12.19 m	1608.43
D-2	3 1/2"	AUG 59	N 10,445.0 E 9,807.0	W	-45°	27.43 m	1711.76
D-3	3 1/2"	AUG 59	N 10,445.0 E 9,800.0	W	-45°	15.24 m	1712.98
D-4	3 1/2"	SEP 59	N 10,445.0 E 9,807.0	W	-70°	27.43 m	1711.76
D-5	3 1/2"	SEP 59	N 10,476.0 E 9,770.0	W	-68°	35.14 m	1743.46
R-1	3 1/2"	AUG 60	N 10,759.0 E 9,540.0	N 80°W	-37°	25.91 m	1768.15
R-2	3 1/2"	AUG 60	N 10,759.0 E 9,540.0	N 80°W	-37°	25.91 m	1768.15
R-3	3 1/2"	AUG 60	N 10,724.0 E 9,556.0	N 80°W	-35°	3.39 m	1746.51
R-4	3 1/2"	AUG 60	N 10,724.0 E 9,556.0	N 80°W	-70°	9.75 m	1746.51
R-5	3 1/2"	AUG 60	N 10,520.0 E 9,753.0	S 50°W	-45°	7.31 m	1729.13
R-6	3 1/2"	AUG 60	N 10,520.0 E 9,753.0	S 50°W	-45°	9.75 m	1729.13
R-7	3 1/2"	AUG 60	N 10,520.0 E 9,753.0	S 50°W	-45°	18.29 m	1729.13
R-8	3 1/2"	AUG 60	N 10,520.0 E 9,753.0	S 50°W	-45°	19.51 m	1729.13
R-9	3 1/2"	AUG 60	N 10,520.0 E 9,753.0	S 50°W	-45°	18.29 m	1729.13
R-10	3 1/2"	AUG 60	N 10,520.0 E 9,753.0	S 50°W	-45°	8.23 m	1710.85
R-11	3 1/2"	AUG 60	N 10,795.0 E 10,015.0	N 24°E	-42°	12.19 m	1633.12
S-65	3 1/2"	AUG 65	N 10,188.0 E 9,949.0	N 48°E	-30°	75.29 m	1638.30
S-65	3 1/2"	AUG 65	N 10,188.0 E 9,949.0	N 48°E	-55°	24.66 m	1638.30
AQ	3 1/2"	SEP 65	N 10,527.0 E 9,864.0	S 48°W	-55°	163.98 m	1674.88



FALCONBRIDGE NICKEL MINES LIMITED

PROPERTY: WINDY & CRAGGY COPPER-COBALT PRODUCT NO.: 034

LOCATION: ST. ELIAS MOUNTAINS B.C. Lat 59° 44' Long W 137° 45'

TYPE OF MAP: COMPOSITE - GEOLOGY & DEVELOPMENT TO 1980

WORKING PLACE: MAIN RIDGE

BASED ON: 1965 GEOL. & TOP., PLUS 1980 AIRPHOTO TOPO ADDITIONS

DATE OF WORK: 1965-1980 MAP REF. NO.: 034-80 FIG. NO.: 2

DRAWN BY: MM DATE: N.T.S. NO.: 114-P-12