

REPORT ON

HI GROUP CLAIMS - EALUE LAKE LAT. 57° 30' N., 129° 50' W.

OWNER: J. SCHUSSLER
BY D.H. BROWN

N.T.S. 104 H 13

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Typed may, 1976 Vancouver, 13.6.

# HI GROUP - EALUE LAKE N.T.S. 104-H - MAY, 1976

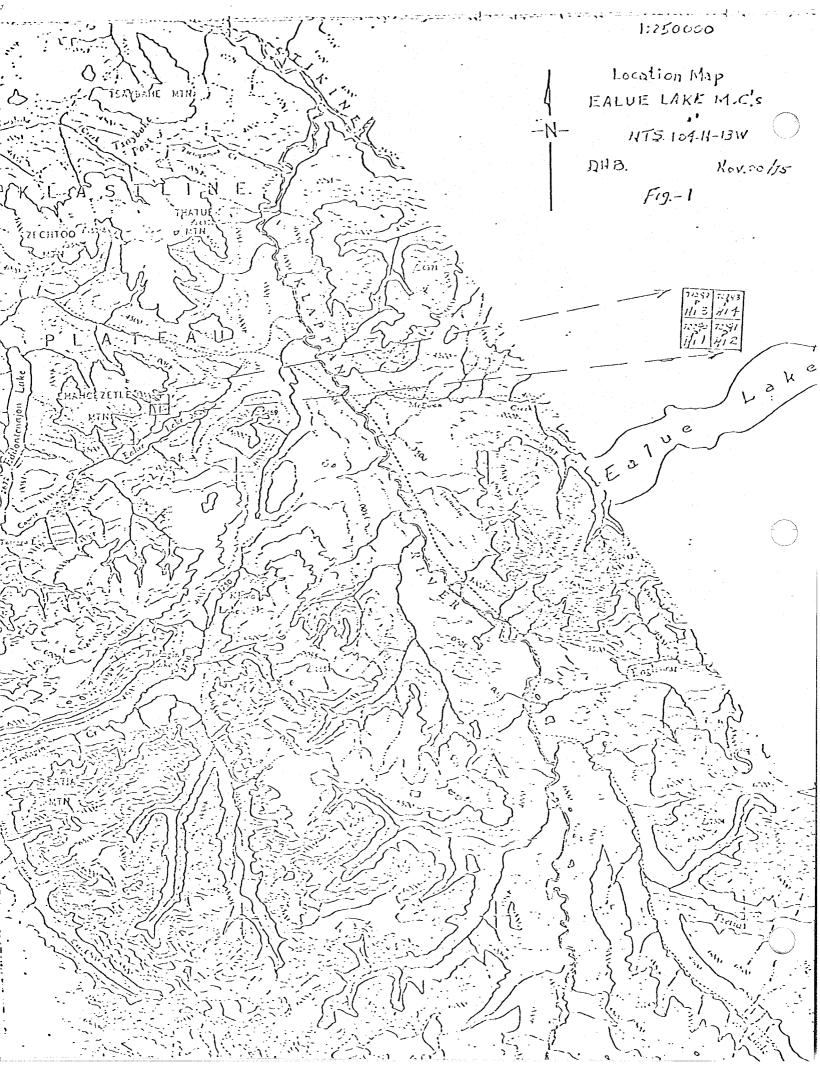
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## References

Northern B.C. and Yukon Prospecting Summer Activities - 1955 by J.J. McDougall

Assessment Report on Ealue Lake Property by D.H. Brown Geophysical Surveys - E.M. and Magnetometer November, 1975



#### REPORT ON

#### HI GROUP CLAIMS - EALUE LAKE

OWNER: J. SCHUSSLER

#### Introduction

The writer visited J. Schussler's Ealue Lake property May 29th and 30th at the request of J. Schussler to examine the core from two diamond drill holes being drilled currently. The request to have Falconbridge examine the current work was honouring an offer of first refusal to Falconbridge before making an offer to Texas Gulf Sulphur Corp. who have a reported porphyry copper ore deposit about three miles distant in a similar geological setting.

#### Location

The Hi Group of four located claims is in N.T.S. block 104-H-13 and is located one mile north of Ealue Lake along a good gravel road which connects with the village of Iskut on the Stewart-Cassiar road, 15 miles to the west and the B.C. Rly. construction area, 3 miles to the east.

Ore Copper-gold

#### Geology

The Hi Group claims are underlain by volcanics and meta-sediments of probable Triassic or Permian age. Siliceous limestone outcrops to the north. The mineralization (pyrite, chalcopyrite) appears to be associated with skarn zones. The best mineralized showing exhibits banded or bedded meta-sediments and/or volcanic tuffs striking N20°W and dipping 30°E. The mineralization ranges from disseminated to semi-massive pyrite-chalcopyrite over a thickness of 8ft. to 20ft.

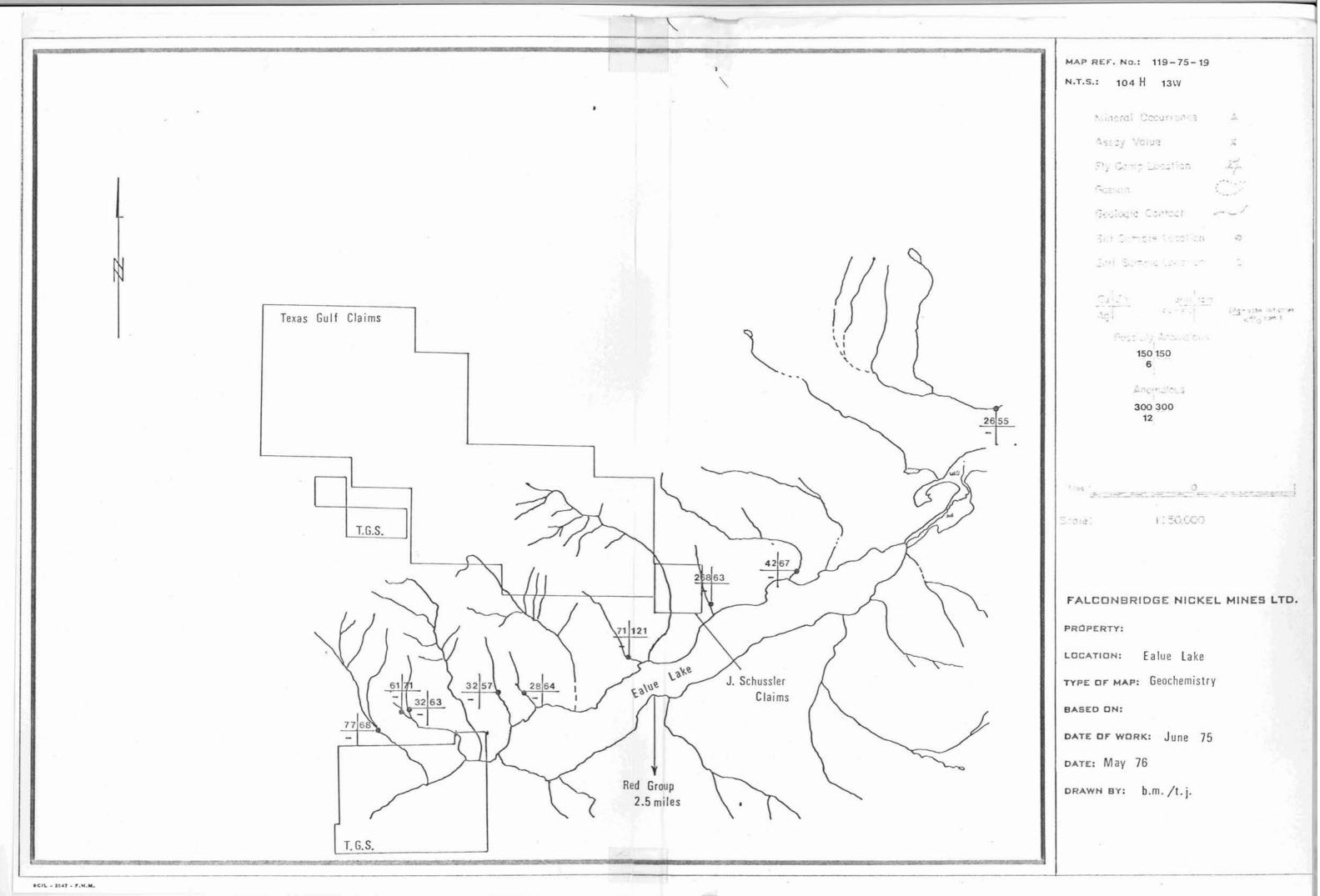
The two drill holes logged are located 600 ft. S:SE of the above showing. These holes were drilled on an EM 16 anomaly which developed as part of a geophysical survey carried out in 1975. The drill holes are vertical and -55°W. from a single setup. The verticle hole penetrated

154 ft. of altered volcanic and meta-sediments underlain by a healthylooking feldspar porphyritic monzonite. The volcanics and meta-sediments are variously mineralized by disseminated pyrite with occasional
sections of strong (to5%) pyrite with minor chalcopyrite. A few
sections of sparse sphalerite and galena mineralization were noted.
The feldspar-porphyritic monzonite is strongly silicified and mineralized
by scattered pyrite. This unit was not actually seen in the angle hole
but was indicated by a strongly chloritized zone that was similar to an
altered zone preceeding intersection of the feldspar porphyry in the
verticle hole.

### Conclusion

Because the T.G.S. deposit is reported to occur in the brecciated zones of a feldspar porphyry, the intersection of a similar rock-type on the Hi claim makes the property more interesting. Because feldspar porphyry is at a depth of only 150 ft., probably the best geophysical test would be an I.P. survey in order to delimit drill targets.

D.H. Brown, P. Eng.



104 H/13W Liand M.D. MAP HI 22 H1 ROSE OF KLAPPAN HI Low Strance >07499 bore Shone L a K e 19642 15/67 Eat.