GROUP 1 25 m. N. OF N. EDGE OF RICHARDS TRAIL #72221 24 m. W. OF W. EDGE OF CP WEST ACCESS ROAD LEADING 5N 3E S. FROM RICHARDS #3 NOT PLACED TRAIL. 30 May 82 12:07 PM 5 Am K. BILQUIST. # 93002 LCP WEST 1 5N 3E L. ALLEN. START (1 AM END 12:25 pm 21 JAN 84 LCP WEST 5 # 54081

45 3E STANT MAY 8/84 9:15 AM END MAY 17/84 10 AM.

LCP WEST 6 # 54096 45 2W START MAY8/04 3 DM END MAY 1/84 11:30 AM.

LCP WEST 7 #54097 3N 2W STALT MAY 8/84 3:25 PM END MAY 17/84 3:30 PM. GNOUP 2

LCP WEST 1 # 15351 C. ALLEW, 5N 3W STANT 10AM 28SEPT 83 END 6PM "

17m M OF LL EDGE OF RICHARDS TRAIL 22m W OF WEDGE OF ACCESS ROAD LEADING S. FROM RICHARDS TRAIL.

SUMMARY REPORT WEST CLAIMS PN 094 NTS 92B/13E LATITUDE 48⁰ 51' LONGITUDE 123⁰ 40' VICTORIA M.D.

SHELLEY LEAR MARCH 21, 1985

REPORT #

TABLE OF CONTENTS

					PAGE
INTRODUCTION	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				 1
PROPERTY AND CLA	IM STATUS		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		 1
PAST EXPLORATION	AND HIST	ORY		الوالم الأنوالية	 4
REGIONAL GEOLOGY					4
PROPERTY GEOLOGY					6
GEOCHEMICAL SOIL	SURVEY .			.,	 9
LITHOGEOCHEMICAL	SAMPLING				 11
GEOPHYSICAL SURV					1 4
DRILL PROGRAM					 17
SUMMARY					18
RECOMMENDATIONS	والمراوعة والمواجع				 19

APPENDICES

APPENDIX	A	-	Vancouver Petrographic Report	
APPENDIX	В	-	Histogram of Lithogeochemical	Results
APPENDIX	С	-	Drill Logs	

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure	1:	Index Map of Property 1:7,500,000	2	
Figure	2:	Claim Location Map 1:50,000	3	
Figure	3:	Geological Sketch Map of Vancouver Island	5	
Figure	4:	Geology of Cowichan - Horne Lake Uplift	7	
Figure	4 a :	Detailed sketch of Maple Bay	10	
Figure	5:	Property Geology Se	ction	В
Figure	6:	Geochemistry - Cu 1:2500	n	
Figure	7:	Geochemistry - Zn 1:2500	0	
Figure	8:	Geochemistry - Pb 1:2500	11	
Figure	9:	Geochemistry - Au. Ag 1:2500	11	
Figure	10:	Lithogeochemistry - Ba 1:10,000	11	
Figure	11:	Lithogeochemistry - Na2O 1:10,000	11	
Figure	12:	Lithogeochemistry - K2O 1:10,000	n n	
Figure	13:	Lithogeochemistry - SiO2 1:10,000		
Figure	14:	Lithogeochemistry - TiO2 1:10,000		
Figure	15:	Lithogeochemistry - Cu 1:10,000	, 1 0	
Figure.	16:	Lithogeochemistry - Zn 1:10,000	19	
Figure	17:	Geophysical Compilation - Questor and		
•		Lamontagne 1:5,000	11	
Figure	18:	V.L.F In Phase Profile 1:2500	11	
Figure	19:	V.L.F Fraser Filter 1:2500	++	
Figure	20:	Magnetometer Survey	н	
Figure	21:	Cross-Section, DDH 1,2	11,	
Figure	22:	Cross-Section, DDH 3,4	. 11	
Figure	23:	Cross-Section, DDH 5	. 11	
Figure	24:	Cross-Section, DDH 6	11	
Figure	25:	Cross-Section, DDH 7	н	
Figure		Cross-Section, DDH 8	11	
90.0				

INTRODUCTION

This report summarizes the results of the 1984 field programme at the West property, on Vancouver Island, near the town of Crofton (Figure 1).

The field crew consisted of three people: S. Lear, M. Hiltz and P. Friele. Soil sampling, V.L.F. and magnetometer surveys were conducted by P. Friele. S. Lear and M. Hiltz were responsible for geological mapping, lithogeochemical sampling, drill core logging and sampling. A local geology student, J. Walker, was hired on a part-time basis to assist with drafting of sample results and some fieldwork.

A cut grid of 40.8 km was established by Van Alphen Geological Services. This provided the basis for initial exploration work, with later extensions to the south, west and east.

Questor Ltd. conducted an airborne EM survey in early June. A ground EM survey on the cut-grid was performed by Lamontagne Geophysics Ltd covering 29.5 line-kilometers.

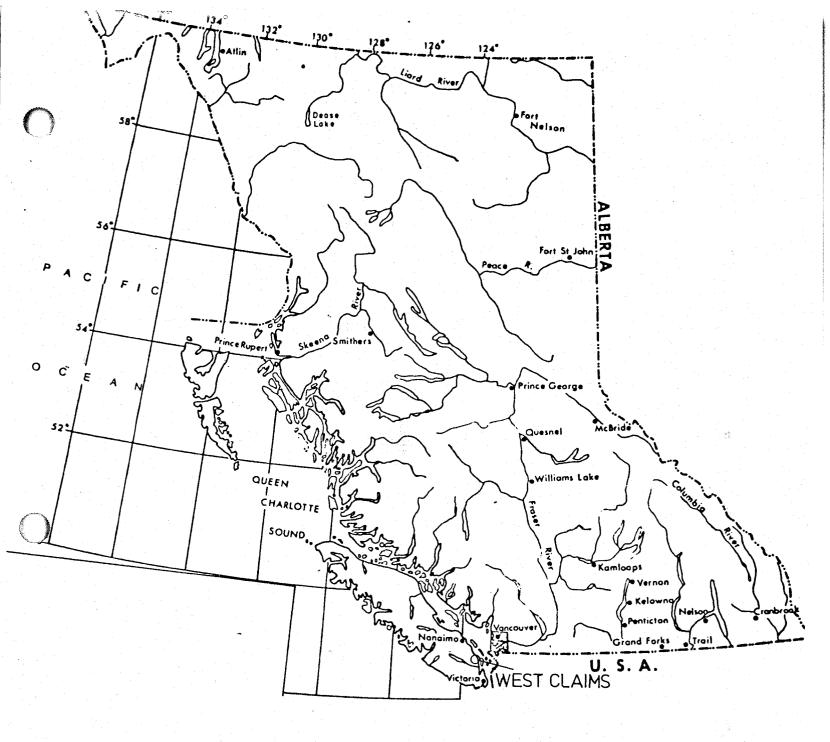
On the basis of geophysical, geochemical and geological data, eight drill holes were completed. Drilling was done by Longyear Canada using a LY-38 drill. A total of 1128.3m were drilled. Results from the drill programme were disappointing with low Cu values over small intervals. No significant Au values were encountered.

The field programme commenced on June 6, and was completed on September 20, 1984

PROPERTY AND CLAIM STATUS

The west property consists of nine modified grid-located claims and two 2-post claims totalling 18.42 km2 (see Figure 2). Four of the claims, West 1 through 4 are under option from R. Bilquist and L. Allen. The remaining claims were staked by Falconbridge Limited during the 1984 field season. A table summarizing claim information follows:

NAME			RECOR <u>D</u> #	UNI	IS	EXPIRY DATE
West	1		1163	1.5		Feb 13/1985
West	2		802	15		Mar 14/1985
West	3	(2-Post)	803	1500 X	1500 ft	Mar 14/1985
				(.209	Km2)	
West	4	(2-Post)	804	1500 X	1,500 ft	Mar 14/1985
				(.209	Km2)	
West	5		1232	12		May 22/1985
West	6		1233	8		May 22/1985
West	7		1234	6		May 22/1985
West	8		1235	. 4		May 22/1985
West	9		1330	2		Jul 17/1985
West	10		1346	1 Ag 1 1 6		Aug 8/1985
West	1.1		1347	4		Aug 8/1985



INDEX MAP

BRITISH COLUMBIA

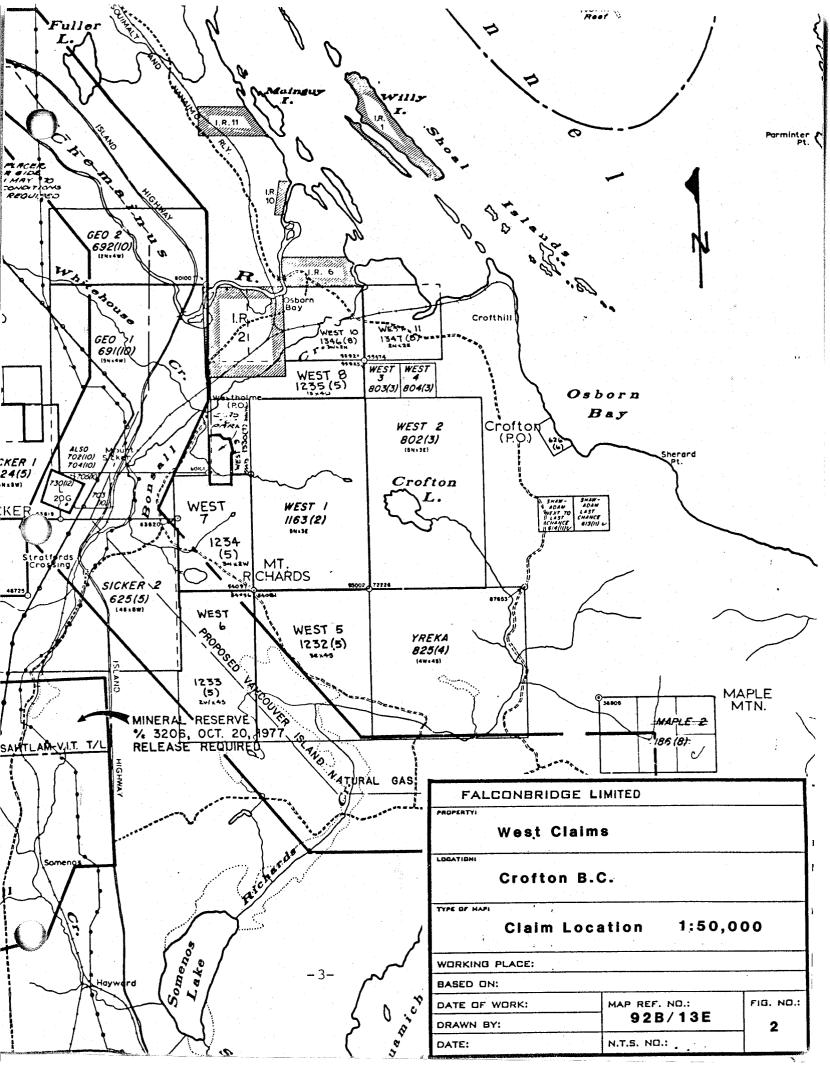
fig 1

150 0 150 300 450 Km.

West Claims

SCALE 1: 7.500,000

location map



PAST EXPLORATION AND HISTORY

Known past producing sulphide deposits occur on Mt. Sicker 3 km west of the property. Host rocks are Myra Formation volcanics of the Sicker Group. These deposits, known as The Lenora, Tyee and Richards 11 zones formed the old Twin "J" mine, which was mined primarily for copper from 1898-1909 and intermittently until 1964. A total of 300,000 tons were mined grading 3.46% Cu, 0.12 oz/t Au and 2.6 oz/t Ag. Zinc and lead production records are incomplete but Carson (1969) gives typical grades for the Twin "J" north zone as 6.3% Zn, 1.3% Cu, 0.6% Pb, .08 oz/t Au, and 2.9 oz/t Ag.

The West property contains numerous pits, trenches, shafts and adits dating from the turn of the century. Many of these showings were originally discovered during construction of a railroad line from the Lenora Mine on Mt. Sicker to Crofton. These workings are mentioned in cursory fashion in old reports, if at all.

More recent exploration activity has been gleaned from assessment reports as follows:

1969: Can Pac Minerals carried out geological mapping and magnetometer surveys over most of the claim area as part of an evaluation of the mineral potential of the E & N Railway Land Grant.

1978-79: S.E.R.E.M. conducted detailed mapping and geological sampling over portions of the present property. The geochemical soil sampling results show coincident copper and zinc anomalies and are open to the west. S.E.R.E.M closed their Western Canadian offices shortly afterwards, before any known follow-up work was conducted.

1982-83: The present claim group was staked and recorded.

REGIONAL GEOLOGY

The west property lies within Paleozoic Sicker Group of the Cowichan-Horne Lake uplift (Figures 3.4). The Sicker Group has been divided into four units, which are, from youngest to oldest (Muller, 1980):

Buttle Lake Formation: Limestone with calcareous siltstone; some diabase sills.

<u>Sediment-Sill Unit</u>: Transitional unit between Myra and Buttle Lake formations. Argillite, siltstone and chert with interlayered sill of diabase.

Myra Formation: Basic to rhyodacitic tuff, breccia and lava; argillite, siltstone, chert.

Nitinat Formation: Metabasaltic lavas, pillowed or agglomerate, commonly with large conspicuous uralitized pyroxene phenocrysts; minor massive to banded tuff.

fig. 3 Geological sketch map of Vancouver Island. LEGEND CARMANAH GROUP MIDDLE TERTIARY EARLY TO MIDDLE CATFACE INTRUSIONS TERTIARY METCHOSIN VOLCANICS EARLY TERTIARY LATE CRETACEOUS NANAIMO GROUP 3 QUEEN CHARLOTTE GROUP LATE JURASSIC KYUQUOT GROUP LEECH RIVER FORMATION EARLY CRETACEOUS PACIFIC RIM COMPLEX 2 EARLY AND (?) MIDDLE ISLAND INTRUSIONS JURASSIC BONANZA GROUP EARLY JURASSIC VANCOUVER GROUP PARSON BAY FORMATION QUATSING FORMATION LATE AND (?) MIDDLE TRIASSIC KARMUTSEN FORMATION SICKER -GROUP PALEOZOIC METAMORPHIC COMPLEXES JURASSIC AND OLDER ALERT BAY - CAPE SCOTT, 921 - 102 1 (G.S.C. PAPER 74-8) 2 BUTE INLET, 92 K (IN PREPARATION), O.P. MAP 345 3 NOOTKA SOUND, 92 E (IN PREPARATION) 4 ALBERNI 92 F (G.S.C. PAPER 68-50) VICTORIA, 92 B, C (FIELD WORK IN PROGRESS: SEE G.S.C. PAPERS 75-1A, p.21-26: TWIN 76-1A, p. 107-111, 77-1A, p. 287-294.) A --- BUTTLE LAKE UPLIFT B - COWICHAN - HORNE LAKE UPLIFT C - NANOOSE UPLIFT WEST CLAIMS MILES 20 -5-

Sicker Group rocks in the property area have been strongly deformed. They are composed largely of isoclinally folded rocks. Axial plane folations have vertical, northeast and southwest dips.

PROPERTY GEOLOGY

The property is underlain by Paleozoic volcanics and sediments of the Sicker Group which are unconformably overlapped by Cretaceous sediments of the Nanaimo Group on the north and east claim margins. Intrusive sill-like bodies of gabbro-diorite or shonkinite (Eastwood, 1978) are found throughout the sequence. These may represent comagmatic sub-volcanic sills and feeders. The Nitnat Formation is described as having related gabbro and diorite intrusions.

Units 1 to 3

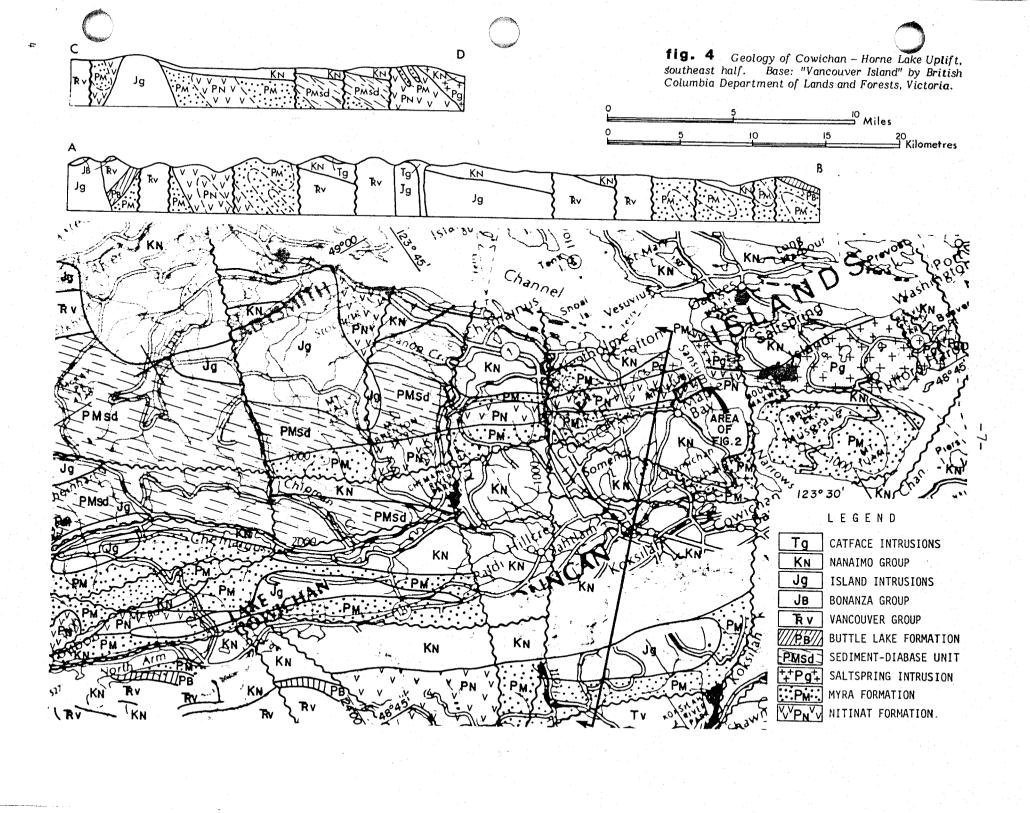
These are intermediate volcanic rocks presumably of the Nitinat Formation (Muller, 1979). They have been divided into three units, based on field observations and thin-section studies by Vancouver Petrographics. All three units have been metamorphosed in a shear environment with recrystallization of groundmass producing a foliated texture (Vancouver Petrographics, 1984).

<u>Unit 1</u>: Fine grained, medium to dark green volcanics. No obvious epidote in hand-specimen. Slightly foliated. Minor chloritic and silicic alteration. Identified as a latite tuff from thin-section work.

<u>Unit 2</u>: F.g. medium to dark green volcanics with nodules of epidote and quartz. Nodules are round to oval shaped varying from 0.5 cm to 8 cm long; mode is 1cm. Pyrite often occurs within epidote nodules. Nodules are frequently elongated and aligned parallel to major foliation direction. Subhedral phenocrysts of plagioclase 1 to 4 mm long comprise up to 20% of rock. Often moderately silicified. Porphyritic latite flow with quartzepidote lenses.

<u>Unit 3</u>: Phenocrysts of hornblende and plagioclase in a fine-grained groundmass. Hornblende crystals are subhedral to euhedral, 1mm to 1 cm long (mode is 3 to 5 mm) and stand out on weathered surface. Hornblende comprises up to 20% of rock. Plagioclase phenocrysts are subhedral, 1 to 3mm long. Epidote is found as spheroidal patches 1 to 4 mm long. This unit is most common in the southern part of the property. Andesite flow with porphyritic hornblende.

Units 4, 4a, 4b: These are Felsic volcanics which occur mainly in the northern part of the property. They are highly foliated, usually at 105-120 degrees, with a vertical or near-vertical dip. Sericite alteration is common. Unit 4 has been observed as a 3m wide vein with quartz-chlorite selvages intruding andesite volcanics. These units are thought to be younger than the intermediate volcanics, possibly part of the Myra Formation (Muller, 1974). Pyrite and lesser amounts of chal-



copyrite and sphalerite occur within these units, often concentrated at the contact with the intrusive (Unit 5). Most of the old shafts and adits on the property are found on this contact. These units have been identified as rhyodacite flows in thin section study. Tuffs are also thought to occur in the sequence.

Unit 4: Quartz-feldspar porphyry: Ellipsoidal phenocrysts of dull grey quartz, 1mm to 1 cm long in a f.g. medium green groundmass. Subhedral phenocrysts of plagioclase, 1 to 3 mm long. Weathered surface is usually white, with obvious quartz phenocrysts aligned parallel to foliations. Sericite is common on foliation surfaces.

<u>Unit 4a</u>: Aphanitic, light brown to grey cherty tuff with occasional quartz and feldspar phenocrysts. Contains disseminated Py, locally up to 10%.

Unit 4b: Quartz-sericite schist. Highly foliated unit often in close proximity to unit 4. Occasional quartz phenocrysts are observed. These are likely more abundant, but are obscured by intense foliation. Plagioclase grains comprise 50 to 70% of groundmass as observed in thin section analysis. Plagioclase also occurs as subhedral to anhedral phenocrysts, 0.1 - 0.5 mm long but these are not observed in hand specimen.

<u>Unit 5</u>: Large outcrops of intrusive occur in three bands along hilltops in the northern portion of the property. Outcrops south of Breen Lake form smaller bodies within Nitinat (?) volcanics. The intrusive forms sill-like bodies sub-parallel to the pervasive foliation direction observed in Units 1 to 4. The intrusive is generally non-foliated, but is finer-grained and closely fractured near the margins.

The intrusive has been identified as a hornblende ± quartz diorite (Vancouver Petrographics) or a hornblende shonkinite (Eastwood). Medium to coarse grained prismatic hornblende and plagioclase crystals occur in a finer-grained dark grey-green groundmass. Magnetic ilmenite is a common accessory mineral in f.g. patches up to 1 mm wide comprising 10% of rock in places. Trace amounts of chalcopyrite and minor bornite occur associated with epidote patches.

Two quarries have been developed in the diorite intrusive.

Material from the quarries has been used for fill at the Crofton lake dam and the Crofton millsite.

Unit 6:

Semi-massive sulphides: High concentrations of Pyrite + chalco-pyrite and sphalerite occur mainly in dumps of old workings. Small sections of semi-massive magnetite were observed in drill core (DDH 1 and 2).

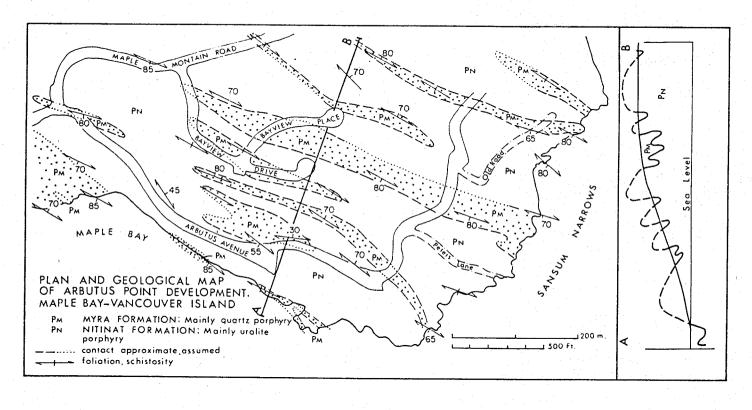


Fig. 4a - Detailed geological mapping of Arbutus Point, Maple Bay, showing folding in Myra and Nitinat Formations. (Muller, 1979)

Unit 7:

A few outcrops of dark grey argillite were observed in the northern portion of the property. Slaty cleavage with micaceous sheen on cleavage planes.

Structure

Foliation is well developed within the volcanic units. Strike of the foliation is fairly consistent, varying from 105-120 degrees. Dips are near vertical to steeply SW and NE. Contacts of the intrusive diorite and volcanic units generally parallel the foliation direction. Mapping by Muller (1979) at nearby Maple Bay (Figure 4a), suggests that rhyodacite flows of the Myra Formation form tight, near-vertical synclines within anticlines of uralite porphyry (Nitinat Formation). A series of isoclinal folds would explain the parallel bands of horn-blende diorite observed in the northern section of the property.

Secondary folding and warping of foliation-cleavages can be observed in places. This suggests a second phase of deformation. Examination of the VLF Fraser Filter data (Figure 19) also shows a NW-SE trending structure disrupting the regional 110-120 degree strike of major lithological units.

Mineralization

Pyrite, chalcopyrite and sphalerite occur in shear zones at the contact between hornblende diorite and rhyodacite flows. Lesser amounts of pyrite (<10%) occur as disseminations in the rhyodacitic volcanics and in the Latite flows and tuffs. The hornblende diorite contains up to 10% ilmenite and trace amounts of chalcopyrite. Exposures of intrusive rock in the quarry (lines 17 and 18, 1+00 S) are especially well mineralized. Trace chalcocite and malachite were found in a quartz vein occupying a small shear zone within the intrusive.

Several old adits and shafts dating from the early 1900's were developed along well-mineralized shears or quartz veins. A summary of assay results from these workings is shown in Table 1.

GEOCHEMICAL SOIL SURVEY

Sample Collection and Analysis

To facilite sampling, a 40.8 km grid was cut and chained by Van Alphen Geological Services. Lines were established at 100 metre intervals trending 015 degrees and 195 degrees from a 2 km baseline. Pickets were marked and placed at 50 metre intervals along the cut lines. An additional 17.5 line-kms to the south and east of the grid were flagged and chained by the Falconbridge crew. A total of 2060 samples were collected using a mattock for sampling. In most instances a good B-Horizon was obtained.

Samples were analyzed for Au, Ag, Cu, Zn, and Pb at CDN Labs in Delta. The minus 80 mesh fraction was analyzed using nitric acid digestion with atomic absorption finish for Ag, Cu, Zn Pb and fire

TABLE 1 SAMPLING OF OLD WORKINGS

Location	Description Sa	ample No.	Sample Description	g/t Au	g/t Ag	% Cu	% Zn
LN9+91E/ 0+10N	Vertical shaft. Approx. depth is 14m. Abundant sericite alteration	6858	Grab sample of dump. F.g., grey, highly silic. rock. Py: 10 - 15%, Cpy: tr.	L.05	2.0	.01	.01
	observed in wall rocks	6860	Grab sample. Py: 20 - 30%, Cpy: 2%	L.05	3.0	.02	.02
LN9+89E/ 0+28S	Inclined shaft. Slopes 45 - 50° at 210°. 0/c near shaft of quartz-sericite schist.	6862	Grab sample of dump. Semi-massive py 30 - 40%, Cpy: 5% in chloritic gangue.	L.05	5.0	1.42	.02
LN10+17E/ 4+75S	Vertical shaft, 1.5m deep .1-2m wide quartz vein. Wall rock is sheared.	6863	Grab sample of dump. Qtz- sericite schist with calcite. Tr. Pv.	L.05	. 5	<u>-</u>	.01
	quartz-sericite schist with chlorite alteration. Py: 1%	6839	Chip sample across qtz vein 1.0m wide trending at 110°. No visible mineralization	L.05	1.0	-	<u>-</u> - 1
LN5+00E/ 5+63S	Adit, "Lucky Strike". Extends 15.2m from portal at 123°. Winze at 14.9m	6864	Chip sample across 20cm wide shear zone. Sphal: 5%, Py: 2% Cpy: tr. in quartz-sericite schist	L.05	.5	.05	1.08
	3.6m deep. Cross-cut at 13.8m	n.	with chlorite alteration 9.4m from				
	from portal extends 8.5m at 037°. Adit developed along	31006	portal. Grab sample of dump material.	.10	4.1	.54	16.1
	shear zone at contact of Hornblende Diorite and qtz- sericite schist.						
LN5+16E/ 5+56S	Adit above "Lucky Strike". Trends at 110° for 9m, 4.8m of which is an open rock cut. Follows shear in qtz- sericite schist.	6865	Chip sample across shear zone; 50cm wide. Sphal: 10%, Magnetite: 20%, Cpy: 1%, Pyrrhotite: 1% in qtz-sericite schist.	L.05	1.0	.07	3.14
	sericite scarst.	31005	Grab sample of dump.	.10	1.7	.20	6.7
LN6+18E/ 1+07S	Inclined shaft; 30° at 110°. Approx. 2m deep. Developed	6835	Chip sample across 50cm wide qtz vein. 14m along strike from shaft		2.0		-
	along 50cm wide qtz vein trending at 112 - 120°/ 40-60° SW. Exposed for 15m Only mineralized at	6840	Sample from dump. White qtz vein with chalcocite: 5%, tr. Malachite staining.	L.05	12.0	2.25	

shaft.

TABLE 1 (con't)

Location	<u>Description</u>	Sample No.	Sample Description	g/t Au	g/t Ag	% Cu	<u>% Zn</u>	
LN4+80E/ 0+75S	Vertical shaft; approx. 6m deep. At contact between intrusive and qtz- sericite schist.	6869	Grab sample of dump. F.g., light grey highly silic.rock. Py: 20%	L.05	.5	-	7	
LN2+13E/ 1+06S	Trench, 5m long at 013°. Shear zone at contact between intrusive and qtz-sericite schist.		Chip sample across 2m wide shear zone. F.g. grey-green, highly silic. rock with Py: 5%.	L.05	6.0	L.01		
LN12+37E/ 0+85S	Inclined shaft; 40-45° at 207°. Approx. 3.5m deep.	6852	Grab sample of dump. F.g., light grey highly silic. rock. Py: 10-20% Cpy: tr.	L.05	L.5	.01		
LN7+00E/ 10+72S	Adit; 115°. Trends 115° for 5.2m, 3.8m of which are open rock cut. Shear zone in silic. dark green	6871	Chip sample across 1.2m wide shear at end of adit. Py: 2-3% in f.g. dark green silic. volcanics.	L.05	L.5	L.01		-12-
	volcanics.	6836	Sample from sheared, silic. volcanics on north wall of adit at beginning of open cut.	L.05	15.5	.03	-	

assay with AA finish for Au. A suite of 38 samples were taken from one location to provide a standard check of analytical accuracy. Results from this check were satisfactory, with good precision maintained in all elements.

Geochemical Results (Figures 6-9)

Copper and Zinc soil anomalies are generally coincident, with copper anomalies being more tightly defined than zinc anomalies.

Strong, persistent copper anomalies occur on:

- 1. Lines 0 to 11E. 1+00S to 0+50N. Slightly north of mineralized quartz sericite schist at the contact with the intrusive unit.
- 2. Lines 5 to 9E; 6+00S to 8+50S coincident with a large outcrop of hornblende diorite.
- 3. Lines 4 to 7E; 10+00S to 13+00S. Steep forested slope, with sparse outcrops of silicified andesite.
- 4. High anomalies of 2,500 and 1600 ppm on lines 15E/8+25S and 16E/8+00S. Low area with no outcrop.

Strong Zinc anomalies are:

- 1. Lines 0 to 16E; 1+25S to 2+50N
- 2. Lines 4 to 17E; 7+50S to 10+00S

Zinc anomalies are frequently offset from copper anomalies. This is probably due to downslope dispersion of more mobile zinc.

Lead values are low, with 94% of samples below 20 ppm.

Anomalous gold values (< 50ppb) are isolated and discontinuous. Re-sampling of high values did not return anomalous results (Figure 9).

Silver values are mostly below detection limits (\leq .1 ppm). Values greater than detection are plotted with gold values (Figure 9).

LITHOGEOCHEMICAL SAMPLING

A program of lithogeochemical sampling was undertaken to outline possible alteration haloes associated with massive sulphide deposits. Representative rock samples were collected at 30 metre intervals, where possible. A total of 449 samples were taken from the cut-grid and extended grid. Samples were analyzed by TerraMin Research Labs in Calgary for SiO2, Na2O, K2O, TiO2, Ba, Cu, Zn, Ag. Results are summarized in Figures 10 to 16.

Barium values are generally highest in the rhyodacite volcanics (Unit 4). A few high barium values occur in the intrusive near contacts with rhyodacite volcanics.

<u>Lithogeochemical</u> <u>Sampling</u> (continued)

The hornblende + quartz diorite (Unit 5) is depleted in Na2O, as compared to the other rock types. Scattered low Na2O values occur in Units 4, 2,1 and 3 near the contact with the intrusive.

High K2O values occur mainly in the rhyodacite volcanics at the contact with the hornblende diorite.

Coincident high Ba, low Na2O and high K2O values were observed in the following locations:

- 1. Line 15E/9+00S; south of set up for DDH $^{\circ}3$ and 4
- 2. Line 18E to 21E/5+60 to 6+00N; in rhyodacite volcanics near contact with intrusive.
- 3. Line 12E/0+60S; rhyodacite volcanics, 80m west of old shaft
- 4. Line 10E/0+00N to 0+75N; rhyodacite volcanics near old shaft
- 5. Lines 4 and 5E/0+120S to 0+25N; rhyodacite volcanics. Trace to 10% Py.

SiO2 is highest in the rhyodacite volcanics (Unit 4). The intermediate volcanics (Units 1 and 3) show moderate to high silification in a linear band from line 6 to 16E, 10 + 25S to 13 + 20S. This is probably due to secondary silica enrichment. Recrystallized lenses of quartz-epidote are common within this band.

Anomalous TiO2 values occur north of 7+50S mainly in the intrusive bodies. A few TiO2 anomalies are present in rhyodacite volcanics near the intrusive contact. TiO2 values are especially high in the northern most band of intrusive from line 10E to 14E. High TiO2 reflects the ilmenite content observed in the hornblende diorite.

Cu values are generally highest in the hornblende diorite (Unit 5). Some Cu anomalies occur in volcanic units near the intrusive contact.

High Zn values occur in rhyodacite volcanics near the intrusive contact and within hornblende diorite bodies north of 7+50S. Zn values in the intrusive appear to be coincident with TiO2 anomalies. An area of high Zn values within the intrusive occurs on lines 10E to 14E/1+75 to 4+50N. This area was also high in TiO2.

Silver values are very low: usually less than .1 ppm with a high of .2 ppm. Silver values from geochemical soil sampling were also low.

Histograms of lithogeochemical results are grouped by rock type (Felsic volcanics, intermediate volcanics, intrusive) and presented in Appendix B. These were used to determine cut-off points for map plots.

GEOPHYSICAL SURVEYS

Questor Surveys Ltd: A helicopter borne INPUT electromagnetic and magnetic survey of the property was conducted on June 16, 1984. A total of 175 line kilometers were flown at a line spacing of 100 metres.

A preliminary map of anomalous areas was received from Questor on completion of the flight survey. This map was used for ground follow-up during the field season, as the final report was not available until late September. Data was presented on a 1:10,000 scale mylar constructed

by enlarging a 1982 airphoto. This mylar was subsequently enlarged by Falconbridge to 1:5000 scale and plotted on a topographic map with the Lamontagne UTEM 3 data (see Figure 17). In the course of this drafting, it was discovered that no compensation for distortion was made on the original Questor map. At a scale of 1:5000, the total distortion on the Questor photo is 200 metres. An attempt was made to correct this during final drafting, but inaccuracies in anomaly locations are inherent.

Some doubt exists as to the source of the conductors identified by Questor. In their report they describe several "bedrock conductors" as possibly due to conductive surficial material or to cultural sources.

Questor Surveys Ltd

The survey revealed 9 zones of conductivity which probably originate from a bedrock source. These conductors have been prioritized as to their ground follow-up importance.

High Priority:

Conductors 6a to 6q

These conductors are in the southern area of the grid. Questor describes them as originating from weak bedrock sources located subsurface. Several of these anomalies are coincident with UTEM defined contacts.

Conductors 7a to 7d:

These conductors are located in the east-central portion of the grid. Conductors 7a and 7b plot 50 to 100 metres south of UTEM 3 anomalies. They may in fact be coincident, given the error margin of Questor anomaly locations.

Conductor 8:

This conductor is located in the extreme SW corner of the grid, south of Crofton Lake. Ground follow-up with VLF-EM indicates a weak VLF conductor, 100m north of the Questor conductor 8.

Medium Priority

Conductors 1a, 1b:

These are off the grid, in the NW corner of the survey area. Two of the anomalies plot near an underground waterline used to service the Crofton pulpmill. The remaining two anomalies are near houses. It is therefore thought that these conductors may have a cultural source.

Conductors 4a to 4f:

These six conductors are in the extreme SW corner of the survey block. Several anomalies plot over farmland and may be cultural. The conductors are in an area of relatively inactive magnetic relief. Questor suggests that the conductors originate from bedrock sources which have a formational nature.

Medium-Low Priority:

Conductors 2, 3a, 3b

These conductors occur on the western border of the grid. Questor reports that they have low conductances and are near-surface. It is possible that these conductors are due to cultural sources as they are close to buildings and roadways. Ground follow-up near these conductors with VLF-EM 16 did not reveal any strong conductors.

Conductor 5a, 5b:

These conductors are situated in the southern portion of the survey area. The axis of each conductor is parallel to a roadway. Conductor 5b plots 50 to 100 metres from a powerline. Several anomalies in conductor 5b are coincident with houses and buildings. Questor suggests that these conductors may be related to cultural sources. A ground VLF-EM 16 check on these conductors did not discern any conductors, however, a strong response was obtained from a powerline near conductor 5a.

Conductor 9:

This conductor is defined by one anomaly located near a roadway, south of Crofton. Questor suggests that this conductor may originate from cultural sources. The close proximity to a roadway with an accompanying powerline supports this suggestion.

Anomalies to the north and east of the grid area are likely due to cultural sources. Geological mapping by Eastwood (1978) shows that these anomalies plot in an area underlain by sediments of the Nanaimo Formation. Questor reports that these anomalies are attributed to a metasediment formation rich in brine or graphite with no economic value.

All of the conductors assigned a high priority are within the cutgrid and extended grid area. No anomalies were discovered in the area extending south of the grid to Richard's Trail. As discussed above, anomalies along Richard's Trial are likely due to cultural sources.

For more information see Questor Surveys Report #26H29, August, 1984 under separate cover

Lamontagne Geophysics Ltd: A ground EM survey was performed by Lamontagne Geophysics Ltd using their UTEM 3 system. A total of 29.5 line kilometers was surveyed with readings at 50 metre intervals using four 800 X 800 m transmitter loops.

One prominent conductor was found. The conductor is located on lines 18 + OOE, 19 + OOE and 20 + OOE at 0 + 75m south. It is strongest on line 19 + OOE with the top of the conductor at 65 metres below surface extending to 150 metres. A second shallow conductor is located on lines 12 + OOE, 13 + OOE and 14 + OOE at 6 + 75m north. Estimated depth to the top of this conductor is 50 metres with a depth extent of 100? metres.

VLF: A VLF-EM 16 survey was conducted by Falconbridge Limited on the cut-grid and extended grid lines. A Ronka EM-16 instrument was used for the survey and the Seattle Transmission station (18.6 KHZ) was monitored. In-phase field dip readings were taken at 25 metre intervals. VLF in-phase profile plots and contoured Fraser filtered maps have been produced at 1:2500 scale (Figures 18 & 19).

VLF conductors follow geological contacts and are generally coincident with Cu-Zn geochemical anomalies. Interference from powerlines accounts for the linear anomaly in the northwest corner of the survey area. The VLF survey also correlates well with UTEM defined conductors (Figure 19).

Magnetometer

Falconbridge Limited undertook a magnetometer survey using a Scintrex Flux Gate Magnetometer. Readings were taken at 25m intervals along grid lines. Standard readings were recorded at the beginning and end of each day. Corrections for diurnal variations were made using a straight line plot. Corrected values were then plotted and contoured (see Figure 20).

Results

Two narrow, linear bands of high values 1 2300 gammas) are concentrated along intrusive-rhyodacite contacts slightly south and north of the baseline: lines 0 to 18E/1+100 to 2+00S and lines 7 to 16E/2+25 to 3+00N.

DRILL PROGRAM

Longyear Canada was contracted to provide a LY-38 drll and four-man crew.

Drilling commenced August 26th and was completed September 17. A total of 1128.2m in 8 holes at 6 locations was drilled. Drill holes were located on the basis of geophysical and geochemical anomalies, geological data and surface showings in old workings.

DDH #	LOCATION	DEPTH	AZIMUTH	INCLINATION	PURPOSE/TARGET
8 4 -W- 1 8 4 -W- 2	19E/O+OOS 19E/O+OOS	127.4	195 195	- 4 5 - 6 0	UTEM 3 Conductor UTEM 3 Conductor
8 4 -W-3 8 4 -W-4	15E/9+35S 15E/9+35S	114.60 148.9	015 015	-60	Strong Cu + weak Zn soil anomaly, litho-
					geochem soda depletion and barium enrichment anomaly.
8 4 -W-5 8 4 -W-6	9E/1+16S 10E/1+12S	153.3 162.8	015 020	- 4 5	UTEM conductor, coin- cident Cu/Zn soil anomalies and presence
84-W-7	7E/10+30S	129 5	195		of old shafts. Cu and Zn anomaly;
					surface assay of 16.5 g/t Ag in old cut on surface.
8 4 - W - 8	5+05E/6+13	S 91.4	015		Down dip extension of mineralized shear exposed in surface adits.

Drilling results were generally disappointing. Mineralization consists of widespread disseminated Py in sericitic to chloritic volcanics, occasionally silicified. Minor zones of semi-massive Py \pm Tr Cpy were encountered in some holes, generally less than 0.5m drilled width.

Drill logs are presented in Appendix C. Cross-sections of drill holes are plotted on Figures 21-26.

SUMMARY OF RESULTS:

Lamontagne Geophysics reported a conductor on line 19+00E at 75 south. It was described as a weak conductor located at 65 metres below the surface with a depth extent of 150 metres. Drill holes 1 and 2 were located to investigate this target. Drill Hole 1 intersected 25cm of semi-massive magnetite (10-20%) and pyrrhotite (10-20%) at 102.80 metres (72 metres vertical distance from surface). Drill Hole 2 encountered a 60 cm long zone of semi-massive magnetite (30%) and trace pyrrhotite and pyrite at 184.20m (92 metres vertical distance from surface). Assays from these sections returned no significant gold, silver, copper or zinc values. These magnetite zones may account for the Lamontagne anomaly, although they are small and likely have a low conductivity.

Drill holes 3 and 4 were located in the southern area of the grid, to test a zone of Cu-Zn soil anomalies and lithogeochem soda depletion and barium enrichment. Small zones (1 to 2 metres drilled width) of semi-massive chalcopyrite (20%) and pyrite were intersected in holes 3 and 4 at 72.94 metres and 79.33 metres respectively. Assay results returned values of .34% Cu over 1.53m in DDH 3 and .31% Cu over 2.0 m in DDH 4. No significant gold or silver values were encountered.

As mentioned previously, several old workings are located on the property. Drill holes 5 and 6 were planned to test for extensions of mineralized zones underneath two of these shafts. Assay values of up to 1.42% Cu were obtained from dump material. UTEM 3 anomalies are also located in the vicinity of these old workings. In an initial report to Falconbridge, P. McGowan of Lamontagne Geophysics suggested that the conductor in this area was strongest on line 9E/0+75m south. Disseminated pyrite (1-2%) with trace chalcopyrite was encountered in volcanic rocks throughout both holes.

Drill Hole 7 was located to test for a subsurface extension of a shear zone in an old adit that assayed 16.5 g/t Ag. Cu and Zn soil anomalies also occur at this site. Some small zones of semi-massive pyrite (20%) were intersected with trace amounts of chalcopyrite.

Drill Hole 8 was located to probe for extension of a shear zone exposed in two adits north of the drill set-up. Assays of dump material from these adits returned values of up to 16.1% zinc. The adits are located at the contact of hornblende diorite and a quartz-feldspar porphyry unit. Only trace amounts of pyrite were encountered and the drill hole did not intersect the quartz-feldspar porphyry unit. This suggests that the shear zone may extend to the north with a dip of 70 degrees or less. When the drill hole was located, it was assumed that the intrusive/porphyry contact and the shear zone had a vertical to steep SW dip.

RECOMMENDATIONS

An area of high zinc and lead geochemical values was noted on lines 19-21E, 5+00 to 6+50 north. This area also showed lithogeochemical anomalies of moderate barium enrichment, low Na2O and high K2O. Ground follow-up in this area is recommended, with additional soil sampling to the east of line 21 to close off the anomaly.

Old shafts on line 4+80E/0+75S and line 12+37E/0+85E also show lithogeochemical anomalies with high Ba, low Na2O and high K2O. The shaft on line 4-80E has coincident Cu and Zn geochemical soil anomalies. Sampling of the old shafts did not return significant values although high (up to 30%) concentrations of Py were noted.

Further investigation of the adits near line 5E/5+50S is warranted in view of the high concentratios of sphalerite observed in these workings. As noted above, drill hole 8 failed to intersect the host rock type of these shear zones. This indicates that the shear zone, if continuous, has a northerly dip. A possible drill hole from the north side of the adits towards the south may be successful in intersecting

this zone.

Assays from a narrow (30cm wide) band of chloritic volcanic with 20% Py; 5% Cpy at line 4/0+30 south returned values of up to .91% Cu and 12.7 g/t Ag. This area also has Cu-Zn geochemical anomalies, lithogeochemical anomalies and a UTEM anomaly. Further investigations in the form of detailed sampling, prospecting and possible trenching is recommended.

As mentioned previously, a zone of SiO2 enriched volcanics extends from line 6 to 16E, 10+25 to 13+20 south. Cu-Zn geochemical anomalies also occur within this band. More detailed investigation of this area is recommended.

Ground follow-up of Questor anomalies outside the grid area is suggested. Conductors 4a to 4f look especially promising as these have no obvious cultural source.

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APPENDIX A

Vancouver Petrographic Report



Vancouver Petrographics Ltd.

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Falconbridge Ltd., 6415 - 64th Street, DELTA, B.C., V4K 4E2

Project: 30101-608-094

Samples: 10 from volcanic and intrusive environment

Summary:

Samples are grouped as follows:

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1. Intrusive Rocks

Intrusive rocks are of two varieties showing textural similarities suggestive of a common origin. However, distinct compositional differences between the types suggests a moderate difference in the magmatic composition, and possible fractionation.

A: Hornblende Diorite [094-2, 094-3]

These samples are dominated by plagioclase and hornblende with moderately abundant sphene and Ti-oxide and only minor quartz. Alteration is strong, with plagioclase replaced by epidote and lesser chlorite, albite, and sericite; and hornblende replaced by tremolite/actinolite and minor epidote and chlorite. Sphene rims relic ilmenite, and probably formed in large part by replacement of ilmenite; this replacement may have occurred during magmatic crystallization rather than during the later alteration which affected the major minerals. Quartz occurs as single grains and as intimate intergrowths with plagioclase; the latter is a major feature which is similar to the texture in the other intrusive unit.

B: Hornblende Quartz Diorite

This sample is much coarser grained that Unit A, with elongate plagioclase and hornblende phenocrysts in a finer grained groundmass of plagioclase-quartz with patches of actinolite-chlorite, and abundant sphene-ilmenite and apatite. Alteration of plagioclase and hornblende is more or less as in Unit A. Quartz-plagioclase intergrowths are common in the groundmass, and although much coarser in general than those in Unit A are similar texturally. The presence of apatite and the abundance of quartz are important differences between Unit B and Unit A. The rock contains sceondary patches of epidote-chalcopyrite with minor bornite associated with a few chalcopyrite patches.

2. Volcanic Rocks

A variety of intermediate to felsic rocks are represented. Most are flows. They have been metamorphosed in a shear environment, with recrystallization of groundmass producing a foliated texture, and with slight strain features imparted to some of the phenocrysts, especially of quartz.

(continued)

C: Latite Tuff [094-4]

Crystal fragments of plagioclase and minor quartz and elongated pumice? fragments in a groundmass dominated by plagioclase with lesser chlorite, epidote, and quartz. Secondary patches consist of quartz with lesser epidote, pyrite, chlorite, and minor calcite.

D: Latite Flow [094-5]

Plagioclase phenocrysts in a groundmass dominated by lathy plagioclase with lesser chlorite, epidote, and quartz. Plagioclase is moderately altered to epidote. Later recrystallized lenses consist of quartz with lesser epidote.

E: Andesite Flow [094-6]

Hornblende and plagioclase phenocrysts, with spheroidal patches of epidote and minor ones of chlorite in a groundmass of plagioclase and secondary amphibole. Hornblende is completely replaced by secondary amphibole and plagioclase is fresh to moderately altered to epidote. The rock contains a fragment of slightly more-mafic andesite with more abundant phenocrysts. Alteration is similar to that of the main rock. This sample is similar in composition to Unit A, except for the low content of sphene-ilmenite.

F: Rhyodacite Flow [094-7, 094-8, 094-9, 094-10]

These contain variable amounts of quartz and plagioclase phenocrysts in a groundmass dominated by plagioclase with lesser quartz and sericite. Quartz phenocrysts dominate in 094-7 and 094-9, with plagioclase more abundant in 094-8 and 094-10. Sericite commonly is concentrated in wispy seams parallel to foliation. Some contain patches of secondary quartz with lesser epidote and/or calcite and chlorite.

Sample 094-9 contains minor barite associated with seams of clino-zoisite-sericite. Sample 094-10 is from a Ba-rich zone, but no Ba-mineral was identified.

Plagioclase Compositions

Composition determinations were done, where possible, using the Michel-Levy method of maximum extinction angle in the zone normal to (010). Where this was impossible, the alteration assemblage gives a guide to the original composition. In many samples, it appears that plagioclase is partly altered to secondary minerals, with the main plagioclase grain being a relic primary grain.

In the porphyritic samples, the groundmass plagioclase generally is less altered than that in the phenocrysts, suggesting a more sodic composition for the latter (as would be expected in a magmatically derived rock). For a few samples, the Michel-Levy method gives ambiguous results (two compositions possible; for some of these the presence of abundant secondary epidote suggests a more-calci parent).

The rock contains coarse to very coarse grained plagioclase and hornblende in a finer grained groundmass dominated by intergrowths of plagioclase and quartz, with patches of actinolite and chlorite, and abundant accessory sphene-ilmenite and apatite. Alteration is moderate to strong, with plagioclase replaced by epidote with lesser chlorite, actinolite, and sericite, hornblende partly replaced by actinolite, ilmenite replaced by sphene (primary or secondary?), and with patches of epidote-chalcopyrite. A late vein consists of tremolite-actinolite with lesser calcite.

plagioclase hornblende guartz	45-50% 17-20 20-25		nlet emolite/	actine	olite-ca	alcite	1%
sphene ilmenite	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 - & 2\frac{1}{2} \\ 1\frac{1}{2} - 2 \end{array}$						
apatite	$1\frac{1}{2}-2$						
epidote	$\frac{1}{2}$ - 1	chlorite	minor				
chalcopyrite	0.2						
bornite	trace						

Plagioclase forms prismatic grains up to a few mm long and also finer grains strongly intergrown with quartz. The latter average 0.7-1 mm in size. Alteration of plagioclase is strong, mainly to extremely fine to very fine grained epidote, but also with patches of one or more of chlorite, actinolite, and sericite. One grain shows strong alteration to disseminated actinolite grains averaging 0.03-0.05 mm in size. The original composition of plagioclase probably was andesine. Several grains show combined Carlsbad-albite twins, but no optical composition determination was possible. An estimate from a poorly oriented grain gives the present plagioclase composition to be An40. The secondary mineral assemblages indicate that the alteration is in the greenschist facies, but that it is incomplete; i.e., relic primary grains are partly altered to the stable secondary assemblage.

Hornblende forms elongate to equant prismatic grains, also up to a few mm long. They are partly replaced by secondary actinolite or actinolite/tremolite. Hornblende is pleochroic from light yellowish green to medium yellowish green and slightly bluish green. Actinolite is paler green without the bluish hue, and actinolite/tremolite is paler still. Some secondary amphibole pseudomorphs the primary grains in irregular intergrowths with the primary hornblende. Elsewhere, secondary actinolite forms very fine to fine grained, unoriented intergrowths of ragged prismatic to equant grains.

Quartz forms a few patches up to 2 mm across with only minor accessory inclusions. It is more common as irregular, intimate intergrowths with plagioclase, with grain size averaging 0.7-1.2 mm. Extinction generally is uniform.

Ilmenite forms bladed crystals up to 1.5 mm across, and equant grains from 0.3-1 mm in size. It is moderately to strongly replaced by sphene, with relic cores of ilmenite surrounded by zones of sphene with abundant inclusions of ilmenite, grading outwards into pure sphene. The alteration may have been primary magmatic rather than related to the alteration of plagioclase and hornblende. Patches of sphene are locally up to 3 mm long.

Apatite forms equant to acicular grains averaging 0.1-0.2 mm in length, with a few being over 1 mm long. These are disseminated throughout the rock.

The rock contains irregular patches of epidote ranging widely in grain size and relations. Some border elongate hornblende grains, others are intergrown with quartz, and some appear to be replacements of plagioclase. Grain size is up to 0.5 mm.

Generally associated with epidote are irregular patches of chalcopyrite up to 0.15 mm in size. Chalcopyrite also occurs in horn-blende grains as extremely fine grained (0.005-0.01 mm) disseminations

with irregular outlines.

A few patches of bornite-chalcopyrite occur in altered plagioclase. Bornite grains are from 0.02-0.1 mm in size, and generally are bordered on one side at least by chalcopyrite of slightly finer grain size.

Chlorite forms a few flakes up to 0.5 mm in size associated with secondary patches of actinolite. Chlorite is light to medium green in color, with bright blue interference color. It may be after primary biotite, but also may just be part of the secondary replacement assemblage associated with epidote and chalcopyrite-

The rock is cut by a veinlet up to 0.3 mm wide of extremely fine grained, very pale green tremolite/actinolite, with a zone at one end containing moderately abundant very fine grained calcite.

094-2 Altered Diorite

The sample is related to 094-1 in certain ways, but is distinct in that the quartz content is much lower and apatite is absent. It contains a few coarser plagioclase grains (completely replaced by epidote) in a groundmass of finer grained plagioclase and secondary amphibole (after hornblende). Finer plagioclase shows patchy alteration to chlorite and lesser epidote; albite? is common on irregular veinlets. Sphene-ilmenite is an abundant accessory. Quartz is restricted to a few interstitial intergrowths with plagioclase in a texture very similar to that of intergrowths of quartz-plagioclase in 094-1.

plagioclase 5- 7 (alt'n: 100% epid) phenocrysts? (alt'n: 15% chl, 2% alb, 0.5% epid, trace ser) finer 40-45 hornblende 43-48 (alt'n: 99% actinolite/tremolite, 1% epid) sphene/Ti-oxide 2- 3 epidote ilmenite quartz biotite trace

Plagioclase forms scattered phenocrysts? up to 3 mm in size. These are completely altered to very fine to fine grained aggregates of epidote, and grain borders are destroyed.

Finer grained plagioclase forms equant to prismatic grains from 0.3-0.8 mm in average size. Some are slightly to moderately zoned. A composition determination from a zoned grain gave a core of An48 grading to a rim of An40. Composition of unzoned grains is about An44 (Michel-Levy method). Some plagioclase grains are fresh, others are altered in irregular patches to light green chlorite with or without lesser epidote. Some grains show irregular veinlets of albite, with partial rims of chlorite. Others show patches of albite extending outwards from chlorite. Albite is not positively identified, but the textural relations and incomplete optical properties suggest its presence.

Hornblende forms equant to slightly prismatic grains from 0.3-1 mm in average size. It is completely replaced by secondary tremolite-actinolite, mainly with a very pale green color, and locally, especially near borders of grains, a light bluish green to medium green color. Secondary amphibole forms irregular to subparallel aggregates of prismatic grains.

Ilmenite forms scattered subrounded to irregular grains up to 0.5 mm in size, enclosed in rims up to 1.5 mm across of sphene/Ti-oxide. Alteration is as in 094-1, with the addition that sphene is partly altered to extremely fine grained Ti-oxide.

Quartz forms scattered interstitial grains averaging 0.1-0.2 mm in size, and occurs in intimate intergrowths with plagioclase in patches up to 0.5 mm long.

Biotite forms one ragged flake 0.4 mm across, with pleochroism from pale straw to medium brown. It is slightly altered to chlorite and epidote.

Epidote occurs as patches of very fine to fine, anhedral to subhedral grains along borders of actinolite patches after hornblende.

Sericite occurs locally as dusty to extremely fine grained alteration of plagioclase in patches unaffected by the more common chlorite-epidote-albite alteration.

The sample is very similar to 094-2. It is cut by a few veins up to 1.2 mm wide dominated by quartz with lesser chlorite, and patches of epidote, actinolite, and biotite-hematite.

plagioclase 45-50% (alt'n: epid 30%, chl 5%, ser-musc 2%, alb 2%)
hornblende 40-45 (alt'n: actinolite/tremolite 95%,epid 4% chl 1%)
quartz 4-5
sphene 0.5
ilmenite trace
chlorite 0.2
veins
quartz-chlorite 2-3

Plagioclase forms a few coarser grains up to 2.5 mm in size. These are completely replaced by very fine grained epidote, locally with minor albite and chlorite. Most plagioclase grains are equant to prismatic, averaging 0.5-1 mm in size. They are variably altered to disseminated extremely fine to very fine grained epidote, disseminated to patchy chlorite, scattered flakes of sericite-muscovite up to 0.1 mm long, and irregular patches of albite (mainly with epidote). The composition of relic plagioclase is An32 (Michel-Levy method).

Hornblende forms equant to slightly prismatic grains from 0.5-1.5 mm in size, with a few over 2 mm long. It is replaced by pseudomorphic tremolite-actinolite and/or irregular to subhedral patches of ragged prismatic tremolite-actinolite, locally with patches of epidote and/or chlorite. The alteration minerals are mainly pale green in color, with local zones along grain borders of pale to light bluish green to green. A few patches of secondary actinolite contain grains up to 0.5 mm in size, with pleochroism from pale to light yellowish green to green; these may represent complete replacement of the rock rather than alteration of specific hornblende grains.

Quartz occurs in two modes, as single interstitial grains averaging 0.15-0.25 mm across, and in intimate intergrowths up to 1.5 mm long with plagioclase.

Sphene and minor ilmenite occur in irregular patches up to 1 mm across. Textures are as in 094-2 and 094-1, with ilmenite replaced by sphene and surrounded by sphene. In this rock, the central parts of many patches have a higher relief than the outer parts, although both appear to show other optical properties of sphene.

Chlorite forms scattered patches of very fine grains up to 0.4 mm across associated with quartz. It also forms a few extremely fine grained patches up to 0.7 mm across associated with secondary ragged prisms of actinolite.

The rock is cut by a few veins averaging 0.1-0.3 mm in width, with one up to 1.2 mm wide dominated by very fine to fine grained quartz with patches of equant chlorite flakes of similar size. Epidote and lesser actinolite occur in a few veins in very fine to fine grained patches. Chlorite (in both vein and rock) has a brown interference color. Local patches consist of an extremely fine grained aggregate of brownish green biotite?, in large part with a radiating texture. Minor opaque grains up to 0.02 mm across are disseminated in the biotite. Another patch is dominated by opaque, with minor brownish translucent material, suggesting that the mineral is hematite.

The rock contains crystal fragments of plagioclase and much less quartz, and elongated altered pumice? fragments in a variable foliated groundmass dominated by plagioclase with lesser chlorite, epidote, and quartz. Coarser grained secondary patches contain quartz with lesser epidote, pyrite, chlorite, and calcite.

```
crystal fragments
 plagioclase
                  15-17%
 quartz
lithic fragments
 plagioclase aggregate
                          one fragment
                   3-4
 pumice?
groundmass
 plagioclase
                  45-50
 chlorite
                  15-17
 epidote
                   7- 8
 quartz
                   4-5
                   1 - 1\frac{1}{2}
 sericite
 pyrite
                    0.2
patches and veinlets
 quartz
 epidote
                 0.7 - 1
                    0.3
 pyrite
 chlorite
                    0.3
 calcite
                    0.1
```

Plagioclase forms subhedral crystal fragments averaging 0.2-0.8 mm in size and one aggregate 1.5 mm across of similar plagioclase. Composition is An₃₂ (possibly An₈) [Michel-Levy method]. Most grains are slightly to moderately altered to extremely fine grained sericite. A few are completely replaced by aggregates of very fine to fine grained epidote.

Quartz forms a few crystal fragments and aggregates 0.2-0.5 mm in size. Some show strongly strained extinction (as in some quartz phenocrysts in 094-7, -8, and -9).

Numerous elongated patches of extremely fine grained sericite are interpreted as pumice fragments flattened in the plane of the foliation.

The groundmass shows a moderate elongation of mineral grains and vague compositional banding. Plagioclase is concentrated in extremely fine grained zones with much less chlorite and scattered patches and subhedral grains of epidote. Chlorite and quartz are concentrated in slightly coarser grained layers and lenses. Epidote forms disseminated patches up to 0.3 mm across. Sericite forms irregular patches and disseminations, probably after plagioclase. Pyrite forms scattered grains from 0.1-0.7 mm in size; smaller grains generally are subhedral whereas coarser grains are more irregular.

Coarser grained replacement patches are elongated parallel to foliation. Many are dominated by quartz as irregular very fine to fine grained aggregates. Epidote forms patches of anhedral to subhedral prismatic grains up to 0.3 mm in size. Chlorite forms very fine to fine grained aggregates (brown interference color). Quartz and chlorite commonly show textures related to recrystallization in pressure shadows of pyrite grains. Pyrite forms irregular to subhedral grains up to 1.2 mm across. Calcite forms scattered grains and clusters of grains of very fine grain size, intergrown with chlorite and epidote.

The rock contains moderately abundant plagioclase phenocrysts in a foliated groundmass dominated by lathy plagioclase with lesser chlorite epidote, and quartz. A few fragments consist of early-formed plagioclase aggregates. Plagioclase is moderately altered to epidote. The rock contains a few elongated lenses of quartz-epidote.

phenocrysts plagioclase 17-20% (An 32) fragments plagioclase aggregates groundmass plagioclase 55-60 chlorite 7-8 epidote 4-5 4- 5 quartz sericite minor sphene/Ti-oxide minor lenses 5- 7 quartz - epidote $1\frac{1}{2}-2$

Plagioclase forms subhedral to euhedral pheoncrysts from 0.1-0.5 mm in average size, with a few over 1 mm long. Many are moderately to completely replaced by very fine to fine grained epidote. In a moderate number of these, a thin rim of the phenocryst is unaltered, and the thick core is strongly to completely altered to epidote. A few show evidence of cataclastic deformation, with crushed and slightly recrystallized zones.

A few fragments up to 1.5 mm across consist of aggregates of a few plagioclase grains averaging 0.5-1 mm in length. These probably are early-formed aggregates which crystallized in the magma chamber.

The groundmass is dominated by a moderately foliated aggregate of lathy plagioclase grains averaging 0.07-0.15 mm in length. Interstitial to these are extremely fine to very fine grains and aggregates of chlorite, and irregular patches of epidote intergrown with anhedral plagioclase and much less quartz. Plagioclase in the groundmass generally is relatively fresh.

Composition of plagioclase phenocrysts is about Ang (possibly Ang but the extensive epidote alteration suggests a more-calcic parent).

Sericite occurs as an irregular, wispy lens of grains averaging 0.03-0.05 mm in length, elongated parallel to foliation. The lens does not appear to be of the same origin as those in 094-4 which were tentatively interpreted as flattened pumice fragments.

Sphene/Ti-oxide forms disseminated spots averaging 0.02-0.03 mm in size.

The rock contains lenses up to a few mm wide and a few cm long dominated by very fine grained quartz with common rims of very fine grained epidote. In places the patches contain subhedral prismatic epidote grains up to 0.3 mm long within the quartz-rich core.

The rock is a porphyritic andesite flow with phenocrysts of hornblende and plagioclase in a groundmass dominated by secondary amphibole and plagioclase, with spheroidal to irregular patches of epidote and minor chlorite. The fragment contains more abundant phenocrysts and is much freer of epidote.

Main Rock phenocrysts hornblende 15-17% plagioclase 10-12 patches epidote spheroidal 5- 7 irregular 7-8 (± opaque) chlorite minor groundmass actinolite/tremolite 25-30 plagioclase 25 - 30chlorite 1 sphene trace

Hornblende forms equant phenocrysts up to 2 mm across. They are completely replaced by pseudomorphs or aggregates of pale green to colorless actinolite/tremolite. Lamellar twinning is common, and is preserved through the alteration.

Plagioclase forms prismatic phenocrysts from 0.1-1 mm in size. These generally show combined Carlsbad-albite twinning. Composition is about Ang (Michel-Levy method). A few are bent and partly granulated along borders of epidote spherulites. Alteration is patchy to epidote, with many plagioclase phenocrysts fresh and a few moderately to strongly altered.

Epidote forms spheroidal patches from 0.2-1.2 mm in diameter. These consist of anhedral aggregates of very fine to fine grains, locally with minor actinolite needles. More irregular patches are up to 1 cm long, and consist of extremely fine to fine grained aggregates of anhedral grains, locally with opaque grains up to 0.35 mm long, and elsewhere with minor chlorite patches.

Chlorite forms a few spheroidal patches up to 0.3 mm across. Interference color is deep blue-brown.

The groundmass is an extremely fine grained aggregate of unoriented actinolite/tremolite and plagioclase, with much less chlorite, mainly in irregular patches, and minor sphene (associated with one plagioclase phenocryst).

Fragment

phenocrysts hornblende 30-35% 20-25 plagioclase groundmass actinolite/tremolite 20-25 chlorite 3 - 4epidote 10-12 plagioclase

The fragment contains phenocrysts of hornblende averaging 0.3-0.7 mm in size and prismatic phenocrysts of plagioclase from 0.1-0.7 mm in average length in a groundmass of actinolite/tremolite-plagioclase with local concentrations of chlorite (brown interference color) and irregular patches of epidote averaging 0.1-0.3 mm in size.

The rock contains quartz and lesser plagioclase phenocrysts in a foliated groundmass dominated by plagioclase with lesser quartz and sericite, and much less chlorite. Scattered patches contain sericite-epidote-hematite (after pyrite). Sericite is concentrated in wispy zones parallel to foliation. The rock is cut by a veinlet parallel to foliation of quartz with lesser chlorite.

```
phenocrysts
 quartz
            10-12%
plagioclase 3- 4
groundmass
plagioclase 40-45
             15-17
quartz
 sericite
             15 - 17
chlorite
              3- 5
               0.1
Ti-oxide
               0.3
pyrite
               0.3
epidote
zircon
             trace
veinlet
quartz-chlorite-(sericite) 0.3
```

Quartz forms phenocrysts and aggregates of phenocrysts from 0.5-5 mm in size. Some show deeply embayed outlines against groundmass. Some are aggregates of several grains, commonly with a submosaic texture. A few contain inclusions up to 0.4 mm across of epidote and minor calcite. Most show slightly to moderately wavy extinction, a product of the shear deformation which produced the foliation in the groundmass.

Plagioclase forms anhedral to subhedral phenocrysts and aggregates averaging 0.3-0.7 mm in size. It is generally slightly altered to very fine grained sericite, with coarser patches of sericite-chlorite in a few grains, and others containing patches of epidote. A few grains show evidence of cataclastic deformation, with crushing and recrystallization to a much finer grained aggregate.

The groundmass is dominated by plagioclase with lesser quartz in anhedral aggregates averaging 0.01-0.02 mm in grain size. Sericite forms disseminated flakes from 0.01-0.03 mm in length, and is concentrated in wispy seams and lenses parallel to foliation. Chlorite commonly occurs with quartz in slightly coarser groundmass surrounding phenocrysts.

Ti-oxide forms scattered patches from 0.1-0.3 mm in size.

Pyrite forms irregular clusters of grains up to 0.3 mm in size. Most have opaque cores surrounded by deep red-brown alteration zones, with a thin rim of medium red-brown hematite on the borders of many.

Irregular patches contain one or more of sericite, epidote, chlorite, and pyrite; these are up to 0.7 mm in size, and generally are very fine to extremely fine grained. One of these contains a zircon grain 0.02 mm long.

The rock is cut by a veinlet averaging 0.3 mm in width, and parallel to foliation. It is dominated by very fine grained quartz (0.03-0.05 mm) with less chlorite and much less sericite.

The rock contains plagioclase and lesser quartz phenocrysts in a foliated groundmass dominated by plagioclase with lesser sericite and quartz. Quartz phenocrysts commonly are irregular and glomeroporphyritic, and many contain patches dominated by epidote. The groundmass is well foliated, with foliation defined mainly by wispy sericite aggregates; foliation is warped around many of the phenocrysts. The groundmass contains patches of coarser grained quartz-epidote with minor chlorite and Ti-oxide. A wispy quartz veinlet cuts the rock parallel to foliation; it may have formed by segregation during recrystallization.

phenocrysts	
plagioclase	15-17%
quartz	7- 8
groundmass	
plagioclase	40-45
quartz	15-17
sericite	17-20
chlorite	1- 1 1
Ti-oxide	minor
patches	
quartz	$1\frac{1}{2}-2$
epidote	1- 1 1/2
chlorite	minor
veinlet	
quartz	minor

Plagioclase forms mainly equant phenocrysts averaging 0.3-0.8 mm across, with a few prismatic ones up to 1.5 mm long. Composition is An34 (or An6) [Michel-Levy method]. The more-calcic composition is more probable because of the strong epidote alteration of the phenocrysts. Phenocrysts are moderately to locally slightly altered to patches of epidote, much less chlorite, and disseminated extrememly fine grained sericite in parts of the crystals not affected by epidote. A very few contain minor patches of calcite. A few phenocrysts show evidence of slight cataclastic deformation.

Quartz forms equant to elongate, commonly irregular phenocrysts and clusters of phenocrysts up to a few mm across, with smallest ones about 0.2-0.3 mm in size. Most larger ones contain abundant patches of very fine grained epidote with much less chlorite and in some Ti-oxide and quartz. These patches are up to 1.5 mm in size. Other "inclusions" probably are embayments of groundmass into the phenocryst. Similar embayments occur sparsely along the borders of many phenocrysts. Quartz shows moderately banded to wavy extinction, the product of deformation during metamorphism.

The groundmass is dominated by an extremely fine grained (0.01-0.02 mm) aggregate of plagioclase and much less quartz with minor to abundant sericite as disseminated flakes and aggregates with a preferred orientation parallel to foliation. In places, sericite is much more abundant, partly in wispy seams parallel to foliation, and partly as patches near phenocrysts. Also mainly near phenocrysts are patches and lenses up to 1 mm in size dominated by slightly coarser grained quartz and chlorite. Ti-oxide forms a few patches up to 0.2 mm in size, and irregular patches averaging 0.01-0.03 mm across disseminated through the groundmass.

Recrystallized patches averaging 0.7-1.2 mm long consist of very fine to fine grained quartz, commonly with epidote concentrated along the borders. Others are dominated by epidote with minor quartz and chlorite. Quartz generally shows evidence of deformation of similar intensity to that in the phenocrysts. One veinlet 0.02 mm wide of quartz is parallel to foliation.

Quartz-Plagioclase Porphyritic Rhyodacite Flow (Metamorphosed) (with Barite)

The rock contains quartz phenocrysts and plagioclase aggregates in a strongly foliated groundmass dominated by quartz with lesser plagioclase and sericite, and with abundant seams and lenses dominated by clinozoisite-sericite with minor barite. Coarser secondary lenses parallel to foliation consist of quartz with minor sericite-muscovite. Other patches and lenses are dominated by calcite.

phenocrysts secondary patches quartz 7- 8% quartz 3 - .4plagioclase 2-3 calcite 1 groundmass muscovite-sericite 0.1 quartz 40 - 45plagioclase 20-25 clinozoisite 10-12 sericite 8 ± 1.0 Ti-oxide 0.3 barite 0.3 chlorite minor muscovite trace apatite trace

Quartz forms equant to irregular phenocrysts up to a few mm across. Many contain embayments and irregular "inclusions" of groundmass. Deformation is moderate to locally strong, with banded to wavy extinction and patches and veinlike zones recrystallized to finer grained granular aggregates, in part with other groundmass minerals.

Plagioclase forms equant to elongate patches up to a few mm long. In most it is completely replaced by a dense aggregate of very fine to fine grained clinozoisite and lesser sericite. A few contain relic plagioclase. These may grade in texture to the clinozoisite-sericite lenses in the groundmass.

The groundmass is dominated by a very to extremely fine grained aggregate of quartz and lesser plagioclase, with plagioclase generally less than 0.015 mm in size, and quartz commonly slightly coarser. Minor sericite and clinozoisite occur in this part of the groundmass, mainly in tiny lenses parallel to foliation.

Clinozoisite and lesser sericite form seams up to 0.7 mm wide parallel to foliation. Patches of clinozoisite extend outwards from these into the quartz-plagioclase-rich groundmass. Ti-oxide is concentrated in these seams as anhedral patches from 0.03-0.1 mm in size. Barite forms scattered subhedral prismatic grains averaging 0.1 mm long, with a few up to 0.2 mm long.

Chlorite occurs in irregular patches of flakes from 0.02-0.05 mm in size associated with quartz-rich groundmass. Chlorite is almost colorless with a white interference color.

Muscovite forms scattered flakes up to 0.1 mm long associated with sericite. Apatite was recognized as one irregular equant grain 0.05 mm across.

The rock contains numerous lenses, mainly elnogated parallel to foliation, of slightly coarser grained quartz, with scattered flakes and aggregates of irregular to feathery sericite and subhedral muscovite, the latter up to 0.15 mm in grain length. Some patches contain minor calcite.

Calcite occurs in patches and elongated lenses up to 1.5 mm long, with grain size averaging 0.03-0.1 mm. Some patches occur in the lee of quartz phenocrysts.

APPENDIX B

Histogram of Lithogeochemical Results

TA TITLE		DATA - PN 094			HUMBER OF CATEGORY	PERCENTAGE OF	PEONER BOUND	POMER ;
LEUGED !	5,0	PERCENT OF	THE TOTAL SAM	1PLES 10 2510)
44,000				 	2	1.54	0.00	46.000
47.000	111				2	0.77	1.54	47.000
48.000	ii tt				1	0.77	2.31	48.000
49.000	***				2	1,54	3.08	49.000
50.000					2	1.54	4.62	50.000
51.000	\$					4.62	6.15	51.000
52.000	********				6	5.38	10.77	52.000
53.000	***********				7 8	6.15	16.15	53.000
54.000	 	***			11	8.46	22.31	54,000
55.000	 				15	11.54	30.77	55.000
56.000		######## #######			13	10.00	42.31	56.000
57.000		1111111			6	4.62	52.31	57,000
58.000	111111111				 5	3,85	56.92	58.000
59.000					3	2.31	60.77	59.000
60.000						3.08	63.08	60.00
61.000	111111					3.08	66.15	61,00
62.000	111111				2	1.54	69.23	62.00
63.000	111				2	1.54	70.77	63.00
64.00						6.15	72.31	64.00
65.00	111111111111111111111111111111111111111				8 7	5.38	78.46	65.00
66.00	 					3.08	83.85	66.00
67.00	01				1	3.85	86.92	67.00
68.00	1222222				5	3.85	90.77	68.00
69.00	11111111				5	0.77	94.62	69.00
70.00	122				1	1.54	95.38	70.00
71.00	1333				2	0.77	96.92	71.0
72.00	i##				1		97.69	72.0
73.00	i				0	0.00	97.69	73.0
74.00	1				0	0.00	97.69	74.0
75.00	122				1	0.77	98.46	75.0
76.00	00+				0	0.00	98.46	76.0
77.0	00				1	0.77	99.23	77.0
78.0					•	0.00	99.23	78.0
79.0	i				0	0.00	99.23	79.0
80.0	i				. 0	0.00	99.23	80.0
80.0	wi				0	0.00	99.23	81.0
82.0	00				1	0.77	100.00	82.0

20.0

PERCENT OF THE TOTAL SAMPLES

VARIABLE:	S102
NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS:	130
MINIMUM:	46.000
HAXIHUH:	81.300
HEAN!	58.803
STANDARD ERROR OF MEAN:	0.575
STANDARD DEVIATION:	6.559
COEFFICIENT OF VARIATION:	11.153
SKEWNESS:	0.680
KURTOSIS:	0.129

5.0

Rock Type : Intermediate Volcanics Units 1 to 3 $\,$

DATA TITLE : TERRAMIN DATA - PN 094 VARIABLE : K20

INCEPPED	10,0	PERCENT 20 ₁ 0	OF THE 3010	TOTAL SAM)
0.000	*******	********	******		*******	
0.200	*********	*********	 !	*******	*******	
0.400	**********	::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	•			
0.600		!				
0.800	11111					
1,000	111111					
1.200	1 ‡‡ }.			***		
1.400	it					
1.600	i 1 },					
1.800	it H					
2.000	11					
2.200))					
2.400	i) }					
2.600	j					
2.800	i					
3.000	i					
3.200	it	20.0	30.			ı

PERCENT OF THE TOTAL SAMPLES

NUMBER OF THIS CATEGORY	PERCENTAGE OF	PEOWER BOUND	BOURB
		0.00	0.000
62	47.69	47.69	0.200
31	23.85	71.54	0.400
17	13.08	84.62	0.600
6.	4.62	89.23	0.800
6	4.62	93.85	1.000
3	2.31	96.15	1.200
1	0.77	96.92	1.400
, 1	0.77	97.69	1,600
1	0.77	98.46	1.800
1	0.77	99.23	2.000
0	0.00	99.23	2,200
0	0.00	99.23	2,400
0	0.00	99.23	2.600
, 0,	0.00	99.23	2.800
0	0.00	99.23	3.000
1	0.77	100.00	3.200

VARIABLE:	K20			Rock	Type :	Intern	nediate Volca
NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS:	130			NOCK	Type .		
HININUH:	0.028					Units	1 to 3
HAXIHUH:	3.170						
HEAN;	0.359						
STANDARD ERROR OF HEAN:	0.037						
STANDARD DEVIATION:	0.426						
COEFFICIENT OF VARIATION:	118.513						
SKENNESS:	3.253						
KURTOSIS:	15.053						
******	*******	*****	*******	*******	**********	********	*****

Rock Type : Intermediate Volcanics Units 1 to 3

DATA TITLE : TERRAMIN DATA - PN 094 VARIABLE : TIO2

INCERDED 0.000	1010	PERCENT OF	THE TOTAL	SAMPLES	- <u>50</u> †0
0.100					
0.200	##				
0.300					
0.400	111111111111111				
0.500	11111111		****		
0.600			11111		
0.700	ļ!!! !!!!!!!!				
0.800	111111111111				
0.900	i##				
1.000	i 👯				
1.100	i				
1.200	i .				
1.300	İ				
1.400	!!!!				
1.500	 				
1.600	11.				
1.700	· 1				
1.800	I 				==+
	10.0	20:0 PERCENT OF	30:0 THE TOTAL	40:0 SAMPLES	50:0

NUMBER OF THIS CATEGORY	PERCENTAGE OF	PEOWER BOOKD	FOURB
		0.00	0.000
0	0.00	0.00	0.100
2	1.55	1.55	0.200
16	12.40	13.95	0.300
17	13.18	27.13	0.400
10	7.75	34.88	0.500
40	31.01	65.89	0.600
17	13.18	79.07	0.700
14	10.85	89.92	0.800
3	2.33	92.25	0.900
2	1.55	93.80	1.000
0	0.00	93.80	1.100
0	0.00	93.80	1.200
0	0.00	93.80	1.300
4	3.10	96.90	1.400
2	1.55	98.45	1.500
1	0.78	99.22	1.600
0 .	0.00	99.22	1.700
1	0.78	100.00	1.800

VARIABLE:	T102		Roc	k Ty	pe:	Interme	diate	Volc
NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS:	129		-100	-1				
HINIHUH:	0.133					Units 1	£0 3	
HAXIHUM:	1.730							
MEAN:	0.571							
STANDARD ERROR OF HEAN:	0.025			1				
STANDARD DEVIATION:	0.278							
COEFFICIENT OF VARIATION:	48.809							
SKEWNESS:	1.699				•			
KURTOSIS:	3.895							

Rock Type: Intermediate Volcanics Units 1 to 3

DATA TITLE : TERRAMIN DATA - PN 094 VARIABLE : BA

1600.000 1700.000 1800.000

10.0

PERCENT OF THE TOTAL SAMPLES INCLUDED 2010 3010 4010 5010 0.000 100.000 200.000 300.000 400.000 500.000 600.000 700.000 800.000 900.000 1000.000 1100.000 1200.000 1300.000 1400.000 1500.000

30.0

PERCENT OF THE TOTAL SAMPLES

20.0

-<u>5</u>ōto

40.0

NUMBER OF THIS CATEGORY	PERCENTAGE OF	PEOWER BOUND	BOUND
		0.00	0.000
28	21.54	21.54	100.000
49	37.69	59.23	200.000
12	9.23	68.46	300.000
15	11.54	80.00	400.000
9	6.92	86.92	500.000
5	3.85	90.77	600.000
4	3.08	93.85	700.000
1	0.77	94.62	800.000
2	1.54	96.15	900.000
. 1	0.77	96.92	1000.000
1 <u>1</u>	0.77	97.69	1100.000
0 -	0.00	97.69	1200.000
1	0.77	98.46	1300.000
0	0.00	98.46	1400.000
0	0.00	98.46	1500.000
0	0.00	98.46	1600.000
1	0.77	99.23	1700.000
1	0.77	100.00	1800.000

VARIABLE	DH
NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS:	130
HINIHUM:	40.000
MAXIMUM:	1770.000
HEAN:	267.615
STANDARD ERROR OF MEAN:	24.541
STANDARD DEVIATION:	279.808
COEFFICIENT OF VARIATION:	104.556
SKEUNESS:	2.795
KURTOSIS:	9.866

Rock Type: Intermediate Volcanics
Units 1 to 3

DATA TITLE : TERRAMIN DATA - FN 094 VARIABLE : CU

LONER INCCORED !	15,0	PERCENT 30 ₁ 0	OF THE T	OTAL SAMPLES	75 _‡ 0
0.000	***********	******	******	!!!	•
25.000	************	####### #	*******	***	
50.000		!			
75.000	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\				
100.000	;;;				
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150.000	•				
175.000					
200.000					
225.000	}				
250.000					
275.000	}				
300.000	 				
325.000	}				
350.000	}				
375.000	}				
400.000	 				
425.000	1 				=+;
	15.0	30.0	45.0	60:0	75.0
		PERCEN'	OF THE	TOTAL SAMPLES	;

THIS CATEGORY	PERCENTAGE OF	PEOWER BOOMD	PORER
		0.00	0.000
69	53.08	53,08	25.000
31	23.85	76.92	50.000
19	14.62	91.54	75.000
5	3.85	95.38	100.000
3	2.31	97.69	125.000
2	1.54	99.23	150.000
0	0.00	99.23	175.000
0	0.00	99.23	200.000
0	0.00	99.23	225.000
0	0.00	99.23	250,000
0	0.00	99.23	275.000
0	0.00	99.23	300.000
0	0.00	99.23	325,000
0	0.00	99.23	350.000
0	0.00	99.23	375.000
0	0.00	99.23	400.000
1	0.77	100.00	425.000

VARIABLE: NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS:	CU 130		Rock	Type:	Inter	mediate	Volcanics
HINIHUM:	1.000				Units	1 to 3	
HAXIHUN:	420.000						
HEAN:	33.062						
STANDARD ERROR OF MEAN:	3.921						
STANDARD DEVIATION:	44.711						
COEFFICIENT OF VARIATION:	135.235						
SKEWNESS:	5.282						
KURTOSIS:	40.916						

DATA TITLE : TERRAMIN DATA - PN 094 VARIABLE : ZN

INCERDED !	1010	PERCENT 2010	OF	THE TOTAL	SAMPLES 40 ₁ 0	50 ₁ 0
0.000	Į			1		
10.000	11					
20.000	** *************	*****				
30.000	*************	******* *******	**			
40.000	***********		Ħ			
50.000						
60.000}						
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80.000	III					
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i	H et :					
110.000}	English dalam					
120.000						
130.000	1					
140.000	[1				
}	10.0	20.0		30.0	40.0	50.0
		PERCENT	OF :	THE TOTAL	SAMPLES	

NUMBER OF THIS CATEGORY	PERCENTAGE OF	CUMULATIVE PERIENT BETOW COWER BOOMD	BOURB
		0.00	0.000
1	0.77	0.77	10.000
3	2.31	3.08	20,000
28	21.54	24.62	30.000
34	26.15	50.77	40,000
20	15.38	66.15	50.000
18	13.85	80.00	60,000
8	6.15	7.7.7.	
4	3.08	86.15	70.000
6	4,62	89.23	80.000
3	2.31	93.85	90.000
		96.15	100.000
2	1.54	97.69	110.000
1	0.77	98.46	120.000
1	0.77	99.23	130.000
1	0.77	100.00	140.000

VARIABLE:	ZN		Rock	Type :	Interme	diate Vo
NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS:	208				Units 1	to 3
HINIHUH!	27.000				OHIES I	20 3
MAXIHUH:	152,000					•
HEAN:	51.611					
STANDARD ERROR OF HEAN:	1.283					
STANDARD DEVIATION:	18.503	· ·				
COEFFICIENT OF VARIATION:	35.851					
SKEWNESS:	1.990					
KURTOSIS:	6.024					
**********	******* ***	********* ***	******	*********	*******	

Rock Type : Intermediate Volcanics Units 1 to 3

LE : SIO			ANDRES OF THIS CATEGORY	PERCENTAGE OF	PEGRER FOONBY	F80EE
ED !	PERCENT OF THE 210 410 610		•			
.000		9 19 19 10		y	¢.(0)	50.000
.000			•	0.00	0.00	51.000
.000				0.93	0.93	52.000
.000			0	0.00	0.93	53.000
.000	***		1	0.93	1.85	54.000
.000	IIII		2	1.85	3.70	55.000
000	* ***		1	0.93	4.63	56.000
.000	1111		2	1.85	6.48	57.000
.000			4	3.70	10.19	58.000
.000			5	4.63	14.81	59.000
.000			4	3.70	18.52	60.000
000			1	0.93	19.44	61.00
000			$\mathbf{x} = (\mathbf{x}_{1}, \mathbf{x}_{2}, \mathbf{x}_{3}, \mathbf{x}_{$	0.93	20.37	62.00
000			5	4.63	25.00	63.00
000			3	2.78	27.78	64.00
000			2	1.85	29.63	65.00
000	###		2	1.85	31.48	55.00
00			3	2.78	34.26	67.00
00			3	2.78	37.04	68,00
00			5	4.63	41.67	69.00
111111			5	4.63		
00			5	4.63	46.30	70.00
00+			5	4,63	50.93	71.00
000			- 5	4.63	55.56	72.00
00			3	2.78	60.19	73.00
XXX				3.70	62.96	74.00
000		11111	8	7,41	66.67	75.00
11111	*****************	ŧ	7	6,48	74.07	76.00
1111			,	5.56	80.56	77.00
00 ****	:*********************	*****	^		84.11	78.00
00 ****	;;;;;	*****	8	7.41	93.52	79.00
000	1444 1444		2	1.85	95.37	80.00
000	1414		2	1,85	97.22	81.00
000				0.93	98.15	£2.00
000			1	0.93	99.07	83.00
000		3.0 10.0	1	0.93	100.00	84.00

VARIABLE:	S102								
NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS:	108		Rock	Type	:	Rhyoda	acit	e Volca	inics
HINIHUH:	51.300					Units	4.	4a, 4b	
HAXINUH:	83.000					OHI CS	3 /	7a, 7D	
HEAN:	69.481								
STANDARD ERROR OF MEAN:	0.759	*							
STANDARD DEVIATION:	7.887								
COEFFICIENT OF VARIATION:	11.351								
SKEWNESS!	-0.425								
KURTOSIS:	-0.967								

DATA TITLE : TERRAMIN DATA - PN 094

VARIABLE : NA20

INCLUDED	l	5,0	PERCENT 10 ₁ 0	OF THE T	OTAL SAMPLES	<u>25</u> 10
0.000	##					
0.500	11					
1.000	**					
1.500	##					
2.000	** *******	*				
2.500	******** *******	* *****				
3.000	********* ********	****			•	
3.500	*****	******	1111			
4,000				1111		
4.500			#	*****		
5.000			 	11111		
5.500			*****			
6.000	******		111111	******		
6.500	!!!!!!! !	l##	******			
7.000	11111	~~				
7.500	Ħ					
8.000		-+ 5.0	10.0	15.0	20.0	
i					TAL SAMPLES	2010

NUMBER OF THIS CATEGORY	PERCENTAGE OF	PECHER BOOM	BOURB
- -		0.00	0.000
1	0.91	0.91	0.500
1	0.91	1,82	1.000
0	0.00	1,82	1,500
1	0.91	2.73	2.000
5	4.55	7.27	2,500
7	6.36	13.64	3.000
3	2.73	16.36	3.500
11	10.00	26.36	4.000
16	14.55	40.91	4.500
10	9.09	50.00	5,000
16	14.55	64.55	5.500
17	15.45		
12	10.91	80.00	6.000
6	5,45	90.91	6.500
3	2,73	96.36	7.000
		99.09	7.500
1	0.91	100.00	8.000

VARIABLE: NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 110 : HUHINIH 0.288 7.800 HEAN: 4.786 STANDARD ERROR OF MEAN: 0.139 STANDARD DEVIATION: 1.458 COEFFICIENT OF VARIATION: 30.471 SKEWNESS: -0.563 KURTOSIS: 0.077

DATA TITLE : TERRAMIN DATA - PN 094 VARIABLE : K20

RIABLE : K20 NUMBER OF THE CATEGORY PERCENT OF THE TOTAL SAMPLES 0.000	ERBN PRAKE
0.000 0.200 0.400 0.400 0.600 0.800 1.000	0.00
0.200 13	
0.400 15 13.64 33.64 33.64 0.600 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0.20
0.600 18	0.4
0.800	0.6
1,000 1,200 1,400 1,400 1,600 1,800 1,800 1,800 2,200 1,100	0.8
1,200 1,400 1,600 1,	1.0
1,400 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,800 1,	1.3
1,400 1,600 1,800 1,800 2,000 1,800 1,	1.
1.800 1.800 2.000 1.11111111111111111111111111111111	1.
1,800 2,000 11111 2,200 111111 1 3,64 87.27 2,200 1111111 5 4,55 94.55	
2.000 2.200 1111111111111111111111111111	1.
2.200 11111111 5 4.55 94.55	2.
[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[2.
2 4001*******	2.
11111 2 1.62 04.7.	2.
2.600	2.
2.800 111111 3 2.73 99.0	
3.000†**	
3,200} 1 00.0	
5:0 10:0 15:0 20:0 25:0 PERCENT OF THE TOTAL SAMPLES	

VARIABLE:	K20		Rock	Type :	Rhyodaci	te Volcani
NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: HINIHUM: HAXIHUM:	110 0.037 3.020				Units 4,	4a, 4b
MEAN: STANDARD ERROR OF MEAN: STANDARD DEVIATION:	1.042 0.071 0.743	•				
COEFFICIENT OF VARIATION: SKEWNESS: KURTOSIS:	71.381 0.814 -0.167			. 6000000000000000000000000000000000000	********	************
**************	k*********** **	*********	*********	************	***********	*****

DATA TITLE : TERRAMIN DATA - PN 094 VARIABLE : TIO2

LOHER .			THE TOTAL		FA .
ACEODED :	1010	2010	3010	4010	<u>50</u> 10
0.000					
0.100	********	*********	*******	*****	
0.200	**********	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	********	*****	
0.300	*********	********			
0.400					
	Ħ				
0.500	*****				
0.600	*****				
0.700					
0.800					
0.900					
i					
1.000					
1.100		,			
1.200					
1.300					
j ·					
1.400					
1.500					
1.600					
1,700					
1.800			and the second		
	10.0	20.0	30.0	40.0	50.0

NUMBER OF THIS CATEGORY	PERCENTAGE OF	PERWER BOOKS	POREB
		0.00	0.000
2	1.82	1.82	0.100
47	42.73	44.55	0.200
26	23.64	68.18	0.300
11	10.00	78.18	0.400
6	5.45	83.64	0.500
11	10.00	93.64	0.600
3	2.73	96.36	0.700
2	1.82	98,18	0.800
1	0.91	99.09	0.900
0	0.00	99.09	1.000
0	0.00	99.09	1.100
0	0.00	99.09	1.200
0	0.00	99.09	1.300
0	0.00	99.09	1,400
0	0.00	99.09	1.500
0	0.00	99.09	1,600
0	0.00	99.09	1.700
1	0.91	100.00	1.800

VARIABLE:	T102		Rock Type :	Rhyodacite Volca
NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS:	110		Rock Type .	Rany badder to vorca
HINIHUH:	0.017			Units 4, 4a, 4b
MAXIMUM:	1.770			
MEAN:	0.288			
STANDARD ERROR OF MEAN:	0.021			
STANDARD DEVIATION:	0.221			
COEFFICIENT OF VARIATION:	76.690			
SKEWNESS:	3,179			
KURTOSIS:	16.558			
****************	*********	****************	********	******

Rock Type : Rhyodacite Volcanics

DATA TITLE : TERRAMIN DATA - PN 094 VARIABLE : BA

VARIABLE :	BA					THIS CATEGORY	PERCENTAGE OF	FEOTER ROOM	POREB
INCERTED !	5,0	PERCENT OF	THE TOTAL S	SAMPLES 20,0 2	510				
0.000	*****				-+	_		0.00	0.000
100.000	##### ***********	*****				3	2.73	2.73	100.000
200.000	***********					11	10.00	12.73	200.000
300.000	**********	[8	7.27	20.00	300.000
400.000	***********	 	111			11	10.00	30.00	400.000
500.000	***********	*****	133			16	14.55	44.55	500.000
600.000	***********					7	6.36	50.91	600.000
700.000	************	*******				12	10.91	61.82	700.000
800.000						11 ; .	10.00	71.82	800.000
900.000						6	5.45	77.27	900.000
1000.000	1111111					4	3.64	80.91	1000.000
1100.000	********					5	4.55	85.45	1100.000
1200.000	***********					5	4.55	90.00	1200.000
1300.000	****					2	1.82	91.82	1300.000
1400.000	Ħ					1	0.91	92.73	1400.000
1500.000	Ħ					1	0.91	93.64	1500.000
1600.000	1111					2	1.82	95.45	1600.000
1700.000						3	2.73	98.18	1700.000
1800.000	II				•	1	0.91	99.09	1800.000
1900.000						0	0.00	99.09	1900.000
2000.000						0	0.00	99.09	2000.000
2100.000						0	0.00	99.09	2100.000
2200.000						0	0.00	99.09	2200.000
2300.000						0	0.00	99.09	2300.000
1						0	0.00	99.09	2400.000
2400.000	i					0	0.00	99.09	2500.000
2500.000						0	0.00	99.09	2600.000
2600.000						0	0.00	99.09	2700.000
2700.000	Ħ					1	0.91	100.00	2800.000
2800.000	5:0	10.0	15.0	20.0	25.0			100100	20001000

VARIABLE:	BA		Rock Type :	: Rhyodacite	Volca
NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS:	110			Units 4, 4a	, 4b
HINIHUH:	70.000				
HAXIHUH:	2740.000				
MEAN:	650.545				
STANDARD ERROR OF HEAN:	42.684				
STANDARD DEVIATION:	447.668				
COEFFICIENT OF VARIATION:	68.814				
SKEWNESS:	1.401				
KURTOSIS:	3.194		-		
************	*********	**************	**************	**************	******

DATA TITLE : TERRANIN DATA - PN 094 VARIABLE : CU

ONER	15,0	PERCENT 30 ₁ 0	OF THE T	OTAL SAMPL	ES 75 ₁ 0
0.000		H########		!!!!!!!!!	•
10.000	###				
20.000					
30.000					
40.000					
50.000					
60.000					
70.000					
80.000					
90.000					
i					
100.000		•			
110.000					
120,000					
130.000 I					
140.000					
150.000					
160.000					
170.000}.					
180.000					
i					
190.000}					
200.000	15.0	30.0	45.0	60.0	 †0

NUMBER OF THE CATEGORY	PERCENTAGE OF	CUMULATIVE PERIENT BETON	FORES
		0.00	0.000
70	63.64	63.64	10.000
14	12.73	76.35	20.000
7	6.36	82.73	30.000
6	5.45	86.18	40.000
7	6.36	94.55	50.000
2	1.82	96.36	60.000
0	0.00	96.36	70.000
0	0.00	96.36	80.000
0	0.00	96.36	90.000
0	0.00	96.36	100.000
0	0.00	96.36	110.000
1	0.91	97,27	120.000
0	0.00	97,27	130,000
· 1	0.91	98.18	140.000
0	0.00	98.18	150.000
0	0.00	98.18	160.000
0	0.00	98.18	170.000
1	0.91	99.09	180.000
0	0.00	99.09	190,000
i	0.91	100.00	200.000

				Rock	Type :	Rhyodaci	te Volca	Ł
NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS:	110					Units 4,	4a, 4b	
O : HUHINIK	.000		•			0.1.2 0.0	,	
MAXIMUM: 198	.000							
MEAN: 16	.909							
STANDARD ERROR OF HEAN: 2	2.946							
STANDARD DEVIATION: 30	.878							
COEFFICIENT OF VARIATION: 182	2.729							
SKEWNESS: 3	3.783							
KURTOSIS: 18	5.252	w. '						

DATA TITLE : TERRANIN DATA - PN 094

VARIABL	E :	ZN
---------	-----	----

INCOMES !	10,0	PERCENT 2010	OF THE	TOTAL O	SAMPLES 40 ₁ 0	5010
0.000					+	
10.000	*******		**			
20.000	! # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	:	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$			
30.000	:	 	***			
40.000		H				
50.000						
60.000	i ‡ Yorkan					
70.000	••					
80.000	i I					
90.000						1
100.000						
110.000						
120.000						
130.000						
140.000						
150.000						
160.000						
170.000						
180.000						
190.000						
200.000						
i						
210.000						
220.000						
230.000						
240.000						
250.000						
260.000						
270.000		20.0	30		40.0	 to
	10.0	PERCENT		O Total		20.0

THIS CATEGORY	PERCENTAGE OF	PERCENT BOOKD	PONER
		0.00	0.000
2	1.82	1,82	10.000
27	24.55	26.36	20.000
29	26.36	52.73	30.000
16	14.55	67.27	40.000
10	9.09	76.36	50.000
6	5.45	81.82	60.000
4.	3.64	85,45	70.000
5	4.55	90.00	80.000
3	2.73	92.73	90.000
3	2.73	95,45	100.000
1	0.91	96.36	110,000
0	0.00	96.36	120.000
2	1.82	98.18	130.000
i	0.91	99.09	140.000
.0	0.00	99.09	150.000
,0	0.00	99.09	160.000
0	0.00	99.09	170.000
. 0 .	0.00	99.09	180.000
0	0.00	99.09	190.000
0	0.00	99.09	200.000
. 0	0.00	99.09	210.000
0	0.00	99.09	220.000
0	0.00	99.09	230.000
0	0.00	99.09	240.000
0.00	0.00	99.09	250.000
0	0.00	99.09	260.000
1	0.91	100.00	270.000

VARIABLE:	ZN			Rock Type	:	Rhyoda	acite	Volca	nio
NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS:	110					Units	4. 4	a. 4b	
HINIHUH:	6.000							•	
HAXIHUH:	260.000								
HEAN:	39.482			_					
STANDARD ERROR OF MEAN:	3.293								
STANDARD DEVIATION:	34.541								
COEFFICIENT OF VARIATION:	87.485								
SKEWNESS:	3.057								
KURTOSIS:	14.033								
*****************	******	********	*******	*******	****	*******	*******	******	t t

DATA TITLE : TERRAHIN DATA - PN 094

VARIABLE : SIO2

INCLUDED	10 10	FERCENT	OF THE TO 3010	TAL SAMPLES	<u>50</u> 40
40.000	•				
42.000	1				
43.000	<u>†</u> T				
44.000	1				
45,000	Ī				
46.000	I				
47.000	1 11			-	
48.000	11 1111				
49.000	**************************************				
50.000		******	1111		
51.000		******	****		
52.000	111111111111111				
53,000	*******				
54,000	##				
55.000	Ĭ				
56.000	I				
57.000	· ·				
58.000	1				
59.000	10.0	20.0	30.0	40.0	50.0
. !	•	PERCENT	OF THE TO	TAL SAMPLES	

THIS CATEGORY	PERCENTAGE OF	CHANT SECURE	PROPE
		0.00	40.000
0	0.00	0.00	41,000
1	0.48	0.48	42.000
1	0.48	0.96	43.000
1	0.48	1.44	44.000
0	0.00	1.44	45.000
1	0.48	1.92	46.000
. 1	0.48	2.40	47.000
5	2.40	4.81	48.000
. 8	3.85	8.65	49.000
31	14.90	23.56	50.000
57	27.40	50.96	51.000
43	20.67	71.63	52.000
32	15.38	87.02	53.000
17	8.17	95,19	54.000
5	2.40	97.60	55.000
3	1.44	99.04	56.000
1	0.48	99.52	57.000
0	0.00	99.52	58.000
1	0.48	100.00	59.000

VARIABLE: S102 NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 208 41.300 HINIHUH: 58.400 HAXIHUM: MEAN: 51.024 0.141 STANDARD ERROR OF MEAN! 2.028 STANDARD DEVIATION: COEFFICIENT OF VARIATION: 3.974 SKEWNESS: -0.489 KURTOSIS: 4.413

Rock Type : Hornblende (Quartz) Diorite Unit 5

DATA TITLE : TERRAMIN DATA - PN 094
VARIABLE : NA20

INCEPPED !	15 ₁ 0	PERCENT 30,0	OF THE TO 45,0	TAL SAMPLES 60,0	75 ₁ 0
0.000					
0.500	1				
1.000	I I				
1.500	I *******				
2.000	**************************************	******	*******	****	
2.500		. 	********	11111	
3.000	***				
3.500	##				
4,000	1				
4.500	İ				
5.000	7				
5.500	1				+
	15:0	30.0	45.0	60:0	75.0

NUMBER OF THIS CATEGORY	PERCENTAGE OF	PEOWER BOOMD	BOOKS
		0.00	0.000
. 0	0.00	0.00	0.500
1	0.48	0.48	1.000
2	0.96	1.44	1.500
38	18.27	19.71	2.000
117	56.25	75.96	2.500
42	20.19	96.15	3.000
. 6	2.88	99.04	3,500
0	0.00	99.04	4.000
1	0.48	99.52	4.500
0	0.00	99.52	5.000
1	0.48	100.00	5.500

VARIABLE:	NA20			Rock	Type		Hornblende	(Quartz)	Diorite
NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS:	208			ROCK	Type	•	normarchae	(Qual CD)	2101100
HINIHUM:	0.999						Unit 5		
HAXIHUH:	5.320								And the second
MEAN:	2.284	e e e ingle							
STANDARD ERROR OF MEAN:	0.030								
STANDARD DEVIATION:	0.427								
COEFFICIENT OF VARIATION:	18.693								
SKENNESS:	2.073								
KURTOSIS:	12.914								
**********	<u> </u>	********	********	******	******	****	**********	*****	

DATA TITLE : TERRAMIN DATA - PN 094
VARIABLE : K20

INCERPED	PERCENT OF THE TOTAL SAMPLES 15,0 30,0 45,0 60,0 75,0
0.000 0.200	
0.400	
0.600	
0.800	
1.000	
1.200	
1.400	ì
1.600 1.800	
2,000	
2,200	
2.600	
2.800	
3.000 3.200	
3.200	15:0 30:0 45:0 60:0 75:0 PERCENT OF THE TOTAL SAMPLES

THIS CATEGORY	PERCENTAGE OF	PEGWER BOURD	FRAME
		0.00	0.000
36	17.31	17.31	0.200
118	56.73	74.04	0.400
46	22.12	96.15	0.600
5	2.40	98.56	0.800
0 -	0.00	98.56	1.000
1	0.48	99.04	1.200
0	0.00	99.04	1,400
0 🗥	0.00	99.04	1.600
0	0.00	99.04	1.800
0	0.00	99.04	2,000
0 / _	0.00	99.04	2,200
. 0	0.00	99.04	2,400
0	0.00	99.04	2,600
0	0.00	99.04	2,800
0	0.00	99.04	3.000
2	0.96	100.00	3.200

VARIABLE:	K20
NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS:	208
HINIHUH:	0.025
HAXIHUH:	3.180
HEAN!	0.346
STANDARD ERROR OF MEAN:	0.021
STANDARD DEVIATION:	0.308
COEFFICIENT OF VARIATION:	88.823
SKEVNESS:	4.991
KURTOSIS:	59.599

Rock Type : Hornblende (Quartz) Diorite
Unit 5

DATA TITLE : TERRAHIN DATA - PN 094

VARIABLE : TIO2

INCENDED !	10,0	PERCENT OF	THE TOTAL	SAMPLES 40,0	50,0
0.000	I				
0.250	I I				
0.500	I I				
0.750	I ***				
1.000	!!! 				
1.250	\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$ \$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$	*******		Mo	
1,500	*************	*******	11		
1.750	************	*********	**		
2.000	11111111111 111				
2.250	111 1				
2.500	I XXX				
2.750	‡‡‡ **				
3.000	## ***				1, 1
3,250	III				
3.500	1				
3.750	I				
4.000	I				
4.250	1				
4.500	I I				
4.750	1				
5.000	I				
5.250	10.0		30.0	40.0	 †

THIS CATEGORY	PERCENTAGE OF	PEGGER BOOMEN	POREB	
		0.00	0.000	
1	0.48	0.48	0.250	
1	0.48	0.96	0.500	
1	0.48	1.44	0.750	
6	2.88	4.33	1.000	
31	14.90	19.23	1.250	
50	24.04	43.27	1.500	
59	28.37	71.63	1.750	
23	11.06	82.69	2.000	
6	2.88	85.58	2.250	
2	0.96	86.54	2.500	
7	3.37	89.90	2.750	
4	1.92	91.83	3.000	
6	2.88	94.71	3.250	
2	0.96	95.67	3.500	
0	0.00	95.67	3.750	
1	0.48	96.15	4,000	
2	0.96	97.12	4,250	
2	0.96	98.08	4.500	
2	0.96	99.04	4,750	
. 0	0.00	99.04	5,000	
2	0.96	100.00	5.250	

VARIABLE: T102 NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS: 208 0.245 HINIHUM: HAXIHUH: 5.170 MEAN: 1.737 STANDARD ERROR OF HEAN: 0.054 STANDARD DEVIATION: 0.781 44.967 COEFFICIENT OF VARIATION: 2,111 SKEWNESS: 5.150 KURTOSIS:

Rock Type : Hornblende (Quartz) Diorite

Unit 5

DATA TITLE : TERRAMIN DATA - PN 094 VARIABLE : BA

PERCENT OF THE TOTAL SAMPLES 1010 2010 3010 4010 5016	0
#####################################	
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111	
1	
1	
1 1	
it tt	
10.0 20.0 30.0 40.0 50.0 PERCENT OF THE TOTAL SAMPLES	0
	10,0 20,0 30,0 40,0 50,1

THIS CATEGORY	PERCENTAGE OF	PEGWER BOUND	BOURB
		0.00	0.000
0	0.00	0.00	50.000
31	14.90	14.90	100.000
83	39.90	54.81	150.000
50	24.04	78.85	200.000
32	15.38	94.23	250.000
6	2.88	97.12	300.000
5	2.40	99.52	350.000
0	0.00	99.52	400.000
0	0.00	99.52	450,000
0	0.00	99.52	500.000
0	0.00	99,52	550,000
1	0.48	100.00	400.000

VARIABLE:	BA	and the second	Rock Type :	Hornblende	(Quartz)	Diorit
NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS:	208			Unit 5		
HINIHUH:	50.000					
HAXIHUH:	560.000					
NEAN:	151.587					
STANDARD ERROR OF MEAN:	4.237					
STANDARD DEVIATION:	61.100					
COEFFICIENT OF VARIATION:	40.307					
SKEWNESS:	1.915					
KURTOSIS:	8.809					
*****************	************	***************	*************	*************	********	

DATA TITLE : TERRAMIN DATA - PN 094 VARIABLE : CU

LONER	10,0	PERCENT OF 2010	THE TOTAL	SAMPLES	5010
0.000			+	+	+
25.000	******				
50.000	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	*********			
75.000	************	:*********** :*********			
100.000	************	: ::::			
125.000	[#####################################	1111			
150.000	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *				
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0	0.00	0.00	25,000
20	9.62	9.62	50.000
55	26.44	36.06	75.000
55	26.44	62.50	100.000
40	19.23	81.73	125.000
25	12.02	93.75	150.000
4	1.92	95.67	175.000
2	0.96	96.63	200,600
<u>. jan</u> 1 (j. 1	0.48	97.12	225.000
• 0	0.00	97.12	250.000
0	0.00	97.12	275.000
1	0.48	97.60	300.000
2	0.96	98.56	325.000
0 1	0.00	98.56	350.000
1	0.48	99.04	375.000
1	0.48	99.52	400.000
0	0.00	99.52	425,000
, o	0.00	99.52	450.000
0	0.00	99.52	475,000
0	0.00	99.52	500,000
. 0	0.00	99.52	525.000
1	0.48	100.00	550.000

VARIABLE:	CU		 -11-		
NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS:	208		1	Unit 5	
HINIHUH:	25,000				
MAXIMUM:	540.000				
HEAN:	97.779				
STANDARD ERROR OF MEAN:	4.055				
STANDARD DEVIATION:	58.481				
COEFFICIENT OF VARIATION:	59.809				
SKEUNESS:	3,681				
KURTOSIS:	19.945				

Rock Type : Hornblende (Quartz) Diorite
Unit 5

DATA TITLE : TERRAHIN DATA - PN 094
VARIABLE : ZN

VAKIABLE . ZF	•						TATS CATEGORY	SEMPLES OF	FEBRER BOOK
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20.000									0.00
30.000							2	0.96	0,96
40.000							54	25.96	26.92
50.000			***				61	29.33	56,25
60.000							41	19.71	75.96
. (111							26	12.50	88.46
70.000	ll ·						10	4.81	93.27
80.000							5	2.40	95.67
90.000							4	1.92	
100.000							1	0.43	97.60
110.000							2	0.96	98.08
120.000 T									99.04
130.000							0.	0.00	99.04
140.000}							1	0.48	99.52
150,000							. 0	0.00	99.52
160.000			-				1	0.48	100.00
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!		PERCENT OF	THE TOTAL	L SAMPLES					

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DEDCENTAGE OF

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10.000

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130.000

150.000

160.000

VARIABLE:	ZN
NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS:	130
HINIHUH:	9.000
HAXIHUH:	135.000
HEAN:	46.023
STANDARD ERROR OF HEAN:	2.045
STANDARD DEVIATION:	23.314
COEFFICIENT OF VARIATION:	50.657
SKEWNESS:	1.405
KURTOSIS:	2.007

Rock Type : Hornblende (Quartz) Diorite
Unit 5

KURTOSIS: 2.007

APPENDIX C

Drill Logs

Bearing: 1950

Location: LN 19E/0+005

Dip 45⁰

Depth (Meters)	Description
0 - 9.45	Casing
9.45 - 22.83	Gray green fragmental volcanic, mod. to high silicified, white fragments (lath-shaped) feldspar?; weakly foliated; py 2%, 5% epidote hosts 2mm to 3cm; foliation 45° to C.A.
22.83 - 37.72	Silicic porphyritic hbl. volcanic; hbl xtals conspicious (10-15%) over 60-70% of unit; unit similar to 9.45 - 22.83; epidote alteration mod. to strong; weak chlorite alteration; occasional carbonate veinlets, pyrite 1-2%.
37.72 - 45.37	Mod. to highly silicified, mottled whitish green, f.g. to aphonitic; bands with hbl xtals; py 5% locally 10-15%, faint fragmental texture.
45.37 - 96.42	Extreme to highly silicified; translucent green to green brown, aphanitic to f.g. volc (?); ellipsoid qtz eyes to 7mm (average 3mm) elongate to foliation and irregular rounded to lath-shaped white spots (feldspar=phenocrysts) 1-3mm; above 79.02m, massive and "CHERTY", below 79.02 qtz-eyes abundant and units foliated and sericitic; foliation @ 40° to C.A. Py 1%; quartz feldspar porphyry (QFP); Vancouver Petrograph Rhyodacite flow (tuff?)
96.42 - 127.41	Mod. to highly silicified; f.g. weakly foliated, 40° to C.A. blue gray to grn gray, mottled volcanic?; often relict or ghost-like hbl phenocrysts py 2%
102.82 - 103.22	Highly chloritic (shear?) zone; 25cm zone with 10-20% magnetite 10-20% pyrrhotite.

E.O.H. 127.41

Azimuth: 195° Dip 60°

Location: LN 19E/0+00S

Description

Casing

Depth (M)

0 - 6.40

6.40 - 24.46	F.g. to m.g. med. green volcanics. Phenocrysts (1 to 7mm long) of feldspar (?). Minor epidote alteration. Py: 1-2% as disseminations.
24.46 - 155.64	M.g. to green volcanics with subhedral hornblende phenocrysts. Minor epidote alteration. Some highly silicified or highly chloritic zones. Py as disseminations and veinlets (30-35 to C.A.). Py: 2-3%
155.64 - 183.23	F.g. med to dark green volcanics. Fragmental texture observed in places. Overall Py: 1-2% Tr. Po.
183.23 - 187.94	Highly chloritic unit with abundant magnetite, lesser amounts of Po, Py and Cpy. Calcite veining at 0 to 25° to C.A. Overall: Mg: 10%, Po: 1%, Py: trace, Cpy: trace 184.22-184.81: Magnetite 30%, Tr. Po, Tr. Py, in calcite gangue.
187.94 - 200.25	Light gray-green highly silicified unit with small (1 to 2mm long). Fragments of quartz. Occ. quartz-eyes. Weak foliations at 25° to 30° to C.A. Py: ∠1%

E.O.H. 220.25m

Azimuth: 015° Dip 45°

Location: LN 15E/9+25S

Depth (M)	Description
0 - 5.49	Casing
5.49 - 17.80	F.g., dark to med. green volcanics. Mod. to highly silicified. Abundant epidote vesicles (?). Foliation at 75° to 85° to C.A. Closely fractured with iron oxides on fracture surfaces. Py: 1%
17.80 - 72.94	Light gray-green quartz-eye porphyry. Quartz eyes are 2mm to 10mm long aligned at 70° to C.A. Overall Py: 1% Cpy: tr. 60.94 - 64.39: Mod. to highly chloritic volcanics. Py as disseminations and veinlets with calcite gangue. Py: 10% Cpy: tr. 65.18 - 65.29: Vuggy calcite with Py: 20%, Cpy: 5%
72.94 - 74.47	Highly chloritic unit with semi-massive py. Calcite veins at 50° to C.A. Py: 40%, Cpy: 2%
74.47 - 84.73	Alternating zones of chloritic volconics and highly silicified volcanics with faint quartz-eyes. Py: 1%
84.73 - 92.74	F.g. dark-green volconics. Mod. chlorite alteration. Epidote blebs and patches form 5-8% of rock. Py: 1% Cpy: tr.
92.74 - 114.60	F.g. med. to dark green volcanics with fine fragmental texture. Mod. chloritic in places: Mod. to highly silicified in others. Weak foliations at 50° to 60° to C.A. Closely fractured. Py: ∠1%

E.O.H. 114.60m

Location: LN 15E/9+25S

Azimuth: 015⁰

Depth (M)	Description
0 - 3.35	Casing
3.35 - 15.76	F.g. med. green volcanics with epidote (vesicles?) 2mm to 12mm long. Elongated at 70 to 75° to C.A. Core is very broken. Py: 1%
15.76 - 64.26	Med. green quartz-eye porphyry weak foliation of quartz-eyes at 65° to 75° to C.A. Py: 1-2%
64.26 - 76.41	Gray-green, translucent, highly silicified unit. Subangular crystals of feldspar? comprise 30% of rock. Faint qtz-eyes. Py: 2% 68.50 - 68.52: 60% Py, 40% chlorite 73.78 - 73.91: Broken chloritic zone with 20 - 30% Py.
76.41 - 95.06	F.g. gray-green volcanics, highly silicified in upper portion. Much chl. alteration. Py: 10%, Cpy: tr. 84.80 - 84.82: Cpy/Py blebs in quartz-calcite and chlorite gangue. Cpy: 20% Py: 10-12% 84.87 - 84.89: Py: 45-50% Cpy: 5%
95.06 - 101.61	F.g. med. green frag. volcanics with epidote. Py: 2-3% 97.16 - 97.62: Fault/sheer zone.
101.61 - 127.90	Gray-green quartz-eye porphyry. Strongly foliated at 55° to 60° C.A. Py: 1%
127.90 - 147.26	Dark green mod. chl. volcanics with epidote alteration. Py as disseminations, semi-massive in places. Py: 5%, Cpy: tr. 135.48 - 135.70: Highly chloritic zone with Py: 15% Cpy: tr. 140.51 - 140.92: F.g. interlocking patches of Py, Cpy in calcite-chlorite gangue. Py: 20% Cpy: 1%
147.26 - 148.89	F.g. gray-green highly silicified quartz-eye porphyry weakly foliated at 50° to C.A. Tr. Py.

E.O.H. 148.89

Bearing: 015° Dip: 45°

Location: LN 9E/1+15S

Depth (M)	Description
0 - 5.18	Casing
5.18 - 16.58	Dark green to black, c.g. highly chloritic unit; possibly a sheared hbl shonkinite (Eastwood 1978-1979) in altered mafic volcanic (intrusive?); pyrite disseminated 2.5%, Cp tr., 50% of unit is moderately magnetic; foliation @ 60° to C.A.
16.58 - 17.55	Dark green, porphyritic, volcanic; phenocrysts white (5-10% of unit) to 3mm irregular shapes. (feldspars?); porphyritic andesite? intrusive?
17.55 - 48.41	Med. green to dark green, f.g. to v.f.g. volc. weakly foliated @ 60° to C.A.; 75% of unit mod. to highly silicified with 2-3% pyrite; 25% mod. to highly chloritic v.f.g. volcanic with weak epidote alteration. Py: 5%
48.41 - 93.65	Mod. to highly silicic f.g. to v.f.g. volcanic?; mod. to highly sericitic and foliated over 40-60% of unit; foliation 60° to C.A., can be "cherty" with white phenocrysts? (QFP?). Pyrite disseminated and along foliation fractures; py 2-3% qtz-sercite schist?
93.65 - 101.63	Gray-green, highly (extremely) silicic "cherty" volcanic? with up to 20% white porphyritic spots (altered feldspar? Pyrite 1-2%
101.63 - 141.98	Highly sericitic, whitish green, foliated unit; bands, up to a few metres over $20-25\%$ of unit, of mod. to highly siliceous volcanic; foliation @ $60-65^{\circ}$ to C.A.; foliation can be wavy with minor folds (?) (centimeters scale) from F_1 F_2 ? defunctional events); bands to 4-6cm of 15-30% pyrite; total pyrite 1-3%?; sericite schist?
141.98 - 148.10	Mod. to highly silic volcanic as for 48.41-93.65. Py 1-2%; weak epidote alteration.
148.10 - 153.31	Mod. silicic, v.f.g. to aphoritic dark green volcanic with medium to light green discontinous streaks; py \angle .5% weak to mod. chlorite alteration.

E.O.H. 153.31

Azimuth: 015⁰

Location: LN 10E/1+50S

Dip: 45⁰

Depth (M)	Description
0 - 1.52	Casing
1.52 - 37.47	F.g. gray green highly silicified volc. (?). Faint banding at 80° to 90° to C.A. Py as disseminated blebs with calcite gangue Py: 10% Cpy. tr.
37.47 - 38.26	F.g. highly chloritic volcanics with feldspar (?) porphyries. Calcite veinlets at 50-60 to C.A. Py: 1%
38.26 - 63.73	Gray green highly silicified volcanics (?) as above. Disseminated and veinlet. Py: 10-12%
63.73 - 69.72	Med. gray highly silic. volc (?) with feldspar phenocrysts. Py: 1%
69.72 - 74.82	Light gray-green sericitic volcanics. Banding at 80-90° to C.A. Py: 2-3% 69.78 - 69.83: 40% Py, 0.5% Cpy in calcite gangue
74.82 - 105.03	Med. green highly silicified volcanics with feldspar phenocrysts interlayered with banded sericitic volcanics. Py: 5%
105.03 - 125.66	Gray green mod. silicified volcanics. Minor epidote alteration. Disseminated Py with calcite gangue. Py: 8-10%
125.66 - 141.03	Gray green med. to highly chloritic volcanics. Abundant quartz-calcite veins at 50 to 90° to C.A. Py: 2-5%
141.03 - 141.97	Chaotic intergrowth of chlorite and quartz-calcite
141.97 - 162.76	F.g. gray green volcanics with much sericite alteration. Foliated at 55 to 65° C.A. Qtz-calcite veinlets with Py. Py: 10%

Location: LN 7E/10+43S

Azimuth: 195° Dip: 40°

Depth (M)	Description
0 - 10.06	Casing
10.06 - 57.15	Gray green volcanics with abundant epidote. Elongation of epidote patches at 40 to 50° C.A. Py: 2-3% 23.07 - 23.73: Qtz-eye porphyry 49.88 - 50.13: Py: 20% in calcite/chlorite gangue.
57.15 - 72.73	Dark green volcanics with feldspar phenocryst. Mod. to highly chl. sections with calcite veinlets. Highly silicified in places. Py: 5% Cpy: tr. 62.83 - 64.06: Highly chl. section. Py: 20% in quartz-calcite patches. 69.23 - 72.73: Highly chl. rock with py: 10% Cpy: tr in quartz-calcite gangue. Cpy up to 10% over 5cm
72.73 - 85.69	F.g. dark green volcanics with small (0.5-2mm long) feldspar phenocrysts. Mod. to highly silicified throughout. Py: 3-5%
85.69 - 106.97	Gray green highly silic. volcanics with feldspar phenocrysts and abundant epidote. Minor hematite on some fracture surfaces. Py: 5%
106.97 - 129.54	Mixed section of highly chloritic volcanics and highly silicified epidote volcanics. Overall Py: 2%

E.O.H. 129.54

Azimuth: 015° Dip: 45°

Location: 5+05E/6+13S

Depth (M)	Description
0 - 3.66	Casing
3.66 - 14.16	M.g. to coarse grained intrusive. Hornblende xtals: 50% feldspar: 40%, chlorite 1-2%, ilmenite (magnetic): 5% cpy: tr., epidote: 2-3%, hornblende shonkinite (eastwood) or hornblende diorite (vanc. petrographics report).
14.16 - 18.53	F.g. highly silicic intrusive (?) with feldspar phenocrysts.
18.53 - 22.87	Hornblende shonkinite as above. Ilmenite: 5%, cpy: tr.
22.87 - 64.16	Highly silicic to mod. chloritic, f.g. porphyry. Very tr. cpy. possibly f.g. intrusive (?). Foliated at 50 °C.A. Occ. epidote veinlets and patches. Some faint hornblende crystals.
64.16 - 91.44	Dark green volcanics (?) f.g. feldspar phenocrysts (1 to 4mm long) weakly foliated at 60 - 70° C.A. Occ. calcite quartz veinlets at 40 - 50° to C.A. Epidote veinlets at 50 - 70° C.A. in opposite sense of calcite veinlets.

E.O.H. 91.44m

DRILL HOLE RECORD

FALCONBRIDGE LIMITED

Length 127.41m PROPERTY West Claims Poge # Crofton, B.C. Location Hor. Comp. / Vert. Comp. 195° Bearing Elevation Logged by M. Hiltz Coordinates 0+00N N Beam Aug. 26/84 /Completed Aug. 28/9 (Sampled by M. Hiltz

					LN 19+00E	E Core si					94 %							
			bee	رزي		INTERSECTION				T				y <u>car</u>	ASSAYS			İ
DE.PTH (metres)RECOV'Y			HEC	ωŋ	DESCRIPTION	ANGLE	1	1:500		1	SAMPLES							MT
- 1	From _	To	KÖL	Core		ANOLE		11.30		Number	From	To	Length	Cu%	Zn %	P6 %	Ag -	Au
)	9.45			Casing													
	0.45	22.83	57	94	Grey-green, <u>porphyritic</u> to <u>fragmental fg-mg volcanic</u> ; med. to highly silicified; 20-30% white irregular to lath-shaped phenocrysts or fragments (fs?) to 2mm; 5% chloritized hbl xtals to 2mm; qtz 10-20% as anhedral blebs ~1mm; ep occurs as blebs or knots (2-30mm). Qtz stringer (~2mm wide) can be found cross-cutting long axis of ep. Knots mod. fractured fractures chlorite and py coated; Py ~1% as fg dissem. or	foliation = 45°				4101 4102 4103 4104 4162 4105 4106	11.45 13.45 15.45 17.45 19.45	11.45 13.45 15.45 17.45 19.45 21.45 22.83		.01 .02 .01 .03			L.5 L.5 L.5	L.05 L.05 L.05 L.05 .10 .30 L.05
					along selvages of qtz fracture-filling veinlets, which are enveloped by chlorite; weak ep. alteration; weak foliation. 10.48 - 15.07m: schistose subunit ; foliation defined by chloritic (30-40%) and silic. volc. (70-60%) layers highly fractured; ep as blebs or augen-like shapes (< 2cm) Py: 1-2% 17.83 - 22.83: Ep knots which can have pyritic cores	subunit upper CTC = 30° foliation = 40-45°	and the second of the second o											
	22.83	37.72	32	96	Grev-green fg volc. with porphyritic, subhedral to anhedral, hbl xtals up to 4mm, average $1-2mm$; $60-70\%$ of unit has conspicuous $10-15\%$ hbl phenocrysts; mod. to highly silicified; fragmental texture can be seen when not obscured by alteration of painly as blebs ($\leq 2mm$) which can give a speckled green	fracture/ n foliation 35-45	1			4107 4108 4109 4110 4111	24.83 26.83 28.83 30.83	24.83 26.83 28.83 30.83 32.83	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	.02			L.5 L.5 L.5	L.05 L.05 L.05 L.05 L.05
					appearance to unit; occ. ep knots > 2cm; weak pervasive carbonate alteration over 20% of unit; carbonate can occur as veinlets and fracture coatings; fractures of low density and coincident with weak foliation, py fg 1-2% dissem. and fracture veinlets. 23.48 - 25.78: strong cp/qtz flooding massive alteration; 3% epidotized hbl carb on fractures; subunit texture can be breccia-like;		er printed en systematic de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la comp			4112 4113 4114	34.83	34.83 36.83 37.72		.01 .01 L.01			L.5 L.5 L.5	1.05 1.05 .10
		27.74			Py 1-2% 25.28 - 36.30: med. chloritic alteration 31.05: 8cm irregular zone of 50-60% white qtz, 10-20% ep, 10-15% chlorite, 5% carbonate Reduce from NQ to BQ													
	37.72	45.37	78	97	Grey-green to mottled whitish green, fg to aphanitic volc.? mod. to highly silicified; ms to weakly foliated; 10% of unit fragmental; can be cherty with white spots. Mod. to highly fractured some irregular; fracture fillings qtz > chlorite = ep>py = carb. Weak ep, alter. as blebs <lamm, 2-4%="" <lambda="" along="" alter;="" and="" carbonate="" dissem.="" fg="" fractures.<="" have="" knots="" less="" py="" silicic="" td="" weak="" xtals="" zone=""><td>foliation = 40° fractures = 40° irregular fracture = 30°, 10- 20%</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>4115 4116 4117 4118</td><td>39.72</td><td>39.72 41.72 43.72 45.37</td><td>2.00 2.00 2.00 1.65</td><td>L.01 .01</td><td></td><td></td><td>L.5</td><td>L.05 L.05 L.05 L.05</td></lamm,>	foliation = 40° fractures = 40° irregular fracture = 30°, 10- 20%				4115 4116 4117 4118	39.72	39.72 41.72 43.72 45.37	2.00 2.00 2.00 1.65	L.01 .01			L.5	L.05 L.05 L.05 L.05
							$oldsymbol{ol}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}$	\perp										

DRILL HOLE RECORD

FALCONBRIDGE LIMITED

HOLE No. Poge# Length PROPERTY Sheet 2 Her. Comp. / Verl. Camp Location M. Hiltz Bearing Logged by Elevation Beaun Core size /Completed /Recovery Sampled by
% Driller Coordinates

					E Core size /Recovery % Driller									ASSAYS							
DEDTU	DEPTH (metres RECOV'Y		n'v	DESCRIPTION	INTERSECTION		APHIC		SAMPI	ES		}		0/	MT						
From	To	RQQ			ANGLE	- 1	:500	Numbe	From	· To	Length	Cu%	Zn %	Pb %	Ag 9	Au .					
_	45.37		1	39.00 - 40.10m: chaotic shear zone , ch1 20-25%, ep 10-15%, qtz (silica) 50-60%; qtz/carb veins 5-10%, py: 1% 41.24 - 41.59m:																	

DRILL HOLE RECORD

FALCONBRIDGE LIMITED

Length HOLE No: W 84-1 PROPERTY Po ae # Location Hor. Comp. / Vert. Comp. Sheet 3 Bearing Logged by M. Hiltz Elevation N Begun E Core size Sampled by % Driller Coordinates /Completed

DEPTH (netwespectory DESCRIPTION MAGNET 1000 SAMPLES ASSANS AMERICAN AMOUNT 1000					E Core size /Recovery % Driller															
From To ROCked Ro	7	I DE DI H (Metres processi de la Constanti de					GRAPHIC SAMPLES							ASSAYS						
105.72 50 6			To	RODO	ore		ANGLE		1:500	!	Number			Length	Cu%.	Zn%	Pb %	Ag 9/	MIAu	
Tailered (One of unit) to numericalized sole. Can be smitted whiteh green; faint relice or ghost-like bhi wtalk can occ. be seen sligned along foliation; qts grains (.5mm) up to 15%; occ. somes ADRO of foliated prophyticic (complying to (- 1	. 7				21		T			4146	96.65	98.65	2.00	1,01			т. 5	T. 05	
whitth green; faint relict or phost-like bil stale can occ. be seen aligned along foliation; itz graind (.5mm) up to 132; occ. sones 230cm of foliated gorphyricic (complexous) bil resture) occ. sones 230cm of foliated gorphyricic (complexous) bil resture) in the bil zones; fracture of the bil zones; fracture of the bil zones; fracture of the bil zones; fracture of the bil zones; fracture of the bil zones; fracture of the bil zones; fracture of the bil zones; fracture of the bil zones; fracture of the bil zones; fracture of the bil zones; fracture of the bil zones; fracture of the bil zones; fracture of the bil zones; fracture of the bil zones; fracture of the bil zones; fracture of the bil zone; fracture of the		96.42	105.72	50	96		1	1	1											
be ween sitemed along foliation; site praish (.5mm) up to 15%; occ. somes 200m of foliated operphyrics (comprisones) bbl volc., bbl aver. 1,5mm, 10-15%, fe laths to 2mm can be seen in the bbl zones (reacture low density coincident with the bbl zones (reacture) to density coincident with the bbl zones (reacture) to density coincident with the bbl zones (reacture) that the bbl zones (reacture) t	- 1	Į			- 1		ĺ													
Occ. sones 230cm of foliated porphystic (conspicuous) hbl volc., hbl avet. 5am, 10-155, fe laths to 2am can be seen foliation	- 1	· [- 1			1	1]					''-			1	1 2.03	
vole, hbl aver. 1.5m., 10-15%, fa laths to Zum can be seen in the hbl sones; fracture for density coincident with the hbl sones; fracture for density coincident with the seen of coincident with the seen of coincident with the seen of coincident with graph of carbic particles and not essociated with py; 5-10% of unit is slightly darket bands of non-foliated vole; carbonate enveloped by chiorite. Py 22 as fracture fillings up to 4-5cm wide with graph of coincident with regular with regular with regular with search with respect to the property of the search with the search with the search with the search with search with the search search with the search search with the search search with the search search with the search search with the search search with the search search with the search search with the search	ı	. 1			1		1 .			•					1 1	- 11			1	
in the bbl somes; fracture low density coincident with foliation; fractures are rerely subparallel to C.A.; fractures of filled with chlorite, sericize or que with fg py or rarely cath terbonate would ly or cath factorite or que with fg py or rarely cath terbonate would ly or cath factorite or que with fg py or rarely cath terbonate would ly or cath factorite or que with fg py or rarely cath terbonate would ly or cath factorite or que with fg py or rarely cath terbonate would ly or cath factorite or que with fg py or rarely cath factorite or que with fg py or rarely cath factorite or que with fg py or rarely cath factorite or que with fg py or rarely cath factorite or fact	- 1	- 1					Ł.		1	})			1					1. 1	
foliation: fractures are rarely subparallel to C.A.; fractures filled with chorite, sericite or qit with fig py or rarely carb; carbonate usually cross-cuts foliation and not associated to the control of the contro	- [1						1			1				1			1	1	
filled with chlorite, sericite or grz with fg py or rarely carbi; carbonate usually cross-cuts foliation and not need of associated with py. Jethouste any facility physics carbonate any facili	- 1					in the hbl zones; fracture low density coincident with		1			l] [
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associated with py; 5-10% of unit is slightly darker bands of non-foliated volc.; carbonate enveloped by chlorite. Py 22 as fracture fillings up to 4-5cm wide with q12; 102.82 - 103.33m: black to dark brown, high white carb veinlets: 25cm zone of vfg ng 10-20%, Py 10%, mineralized zone is in middle of subunit. 104.74 - 105.00m: cataclastic braccia (fault!) clasts are of main unit; matrix of 70% chlorite, 20-25% q1c, carb 37s, pp 118, trace py 12; white occ. white splitches white herealths portions of QPP (45.37 - 65.17m) without conspicuous qtz eyes; Py 2-32 (braccial) enhedral bib phenocrysts switce fs aver. 2mm (largest 5mm) 20%; py 1%; vol. (braccial) enhedral bib phenocrysts switce fs aver. 2mm (largest 5mm) 20%; py 1%; vol. (braccial) enhedral bib phenocrysts switce fs aver. 2mm (largest 5mm) 20%; py 1%; vol. (braccial) enhedral bib phenocrysts switce fs aver. 2mm (largest 5mm) 20%; py 1%; vol. (braccial) enhedral bib phenocrysts switce fs aver. 2mm (largest 5mm) 20%; py 1%; vol. (braccial) enhedral bib phenocrysts switce fs aver. 2mm (largest 5mm) 20%; py 1%; vol. (braccial) enhedral bib phenocrysts switce fs aver. 2mm (largest 5mm) 20%; py 1%; vol. (braccial) enhedral bib phenocrysts switch filling velocity of the factorial form of the filling velocity of the factorial form of the factorial filling velocity of the factorial form of the factorial form of the factorial filling velocity of the factorial filling velocity of the factorial filling velocity of the factorial filling velocity of the factorial filling velocity of the factorial filling velocity of the factorial filling velocity of the factorial filling velocity of the factorial filling velocity of the factorial filling velocity of the factorial filling velocity of the factorial filling velocity of the factorial filling velocity of the factorial filling velocity of the factorial filling velocity of the factorial filling velocity of the factorial filling velocity of the factorial filling velocity of the factorial filling velocity of the factorial fi	- 1	- 1		1	- 1				1		1]			1 - "	1 1	
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Weakly foliated volc. Same as 96.42 - 105.72m. 112.20 - 112.40: cataclastic breccis similar to 104.74 - 105.00m; qtz/carb vein 3mm wide; 15cm 105.00m; qtz/carb vein 3mm wide; 15cm 115.63 - 120.30: non-foliated, slightly darker zone 118.40 - 118.65: qtz/carb veins, 5mm wide 15cm long, qt 10% 5-10mm wide, 15cm long at 20°; veins 80% qtz, 10% carb, 10% chl., trace py; host rk same as for 110.00 - 110.30m cataclastic breccis with mod. to highly siliceous matrix; irregular carb. fillings 2-3mm wide (1-2%) ep 10%; py 3% clustered 20 - 30° 2.00 2.00 0.01 2.5 2.00	Ļ					Silicie voic. With dark green spots not.		↓	1	<u> </u>										
Weakly foliated volc. Same as 96.42 - 105.72m. 112.20 - 112.40: cataclastic breccis similar to 104.74 - 105.00m; qtz/carb vein 3mm wide; 15cm 105.00m; qtz/carb vein 3mm wide; 15cm 115.63 - 120.30: non-foliated, slightly darker zone 118.40 - 118.65: qtz/carb veins, 5mm wide 15cm long, qt 10% 5-10mm wide, 15cm long at 20°; veins 80% qtz, 10% carb, 10% chl., trace py; host rk same as for 110.00 - 110.30m cataclastic breccis with mod. to highly siliceous matrix; irregular carb. fillings 2-3mm wide (1-2%) ep 10%; py 3% clustered 20 - 30° 2.00 2.00 0.01 2.5 2.00	- 1	110.45	127.41	66	92	Blue-grey to green-grey, mod, to highly silicified for		ĺ	1 '	١.	1154	110.92	112.92	2.00	-01	. }		T. 5	20	
112.20 - 112.40: cataclastic breccia similar to 104.74 - 105.00m; qtz/carb vein 3mm wide; 15cm 115.63 - 120.30: non-foliated, slightly darker zone 118.40 - 118.65: qtz/carb veins, 5mm wide 15cm long, qt 10% 5-10mm wide, 15cm long at 20°; veins 80% qtz, 10% carb, 10% chl., trace py; host rk same as for 110.00 - 110.30m cataclastic breccia with mod. to highly siliceous matrix; irregular carb. fillings 2-3mm wide (1-2%) ep 10%; py 3% clustered 20 - 30° 4158 112.92144.92 2.00 .01 L.5 L.05 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.05 L.5 L.05 L.05 L.05 L.05 L.05 L.05 L.05 L.05 L.05 L.05 L.05 L.0				١					1 .			ļ .	1		• • • •				1 . 20	
105.00m; qtz/carb vein 3mm wide; 15cm long l15.63 - 120.30: non-foliated, slightly darker zone qtz/carb veins, 5mm wide 15cm long, qt 10% qtz, 10% carb, 10% chl., trace py; host rk same as for 110.00 - 121.49: cataclastic breccia with mod. to highly siliceous matrix; irregular carb. fillings 2-3mm wide (1-2%) ep 10%; py 3% clustered 20 - 30° l156 l14.92l16.92 2.00 .01 l1.5 l.05 l.05 l.05 l.05 l.05 l.05 l.05 l.	1				i		1	i	1		4155	112.92	114.92	2.00	.01		j	L.5	L.05	
long 115.63 - 120.30: non-foliated, slightly darker zone 118.40 - 118.65: atz/carb veins, 5mm wide 15cm long, qt 10% 5-10mm wide, 15cm long at 20°; veins 80% qtz, 10% carb, 10% chl., trace py; host rk same as for 110.00 - 110.30m cataclastic breccia with mod. to highly siliceous matrix; irregular carb. fillings 2-3mm wide (1-2%) ep 10%; py 3% clustered 115.63 - 120.30: non-foliated, slightly darker zone 4159 120.92122.92 2.00 .01 4159 120.92122.92 2.00 .01 L.5 L.05 L.05 L.05	- 1			1.				1			1156	1114.92	116.92	2.00						
115.63 - 120.30: non-foliated, slightly darker zone 118.40 - 118.65: atz/carb veins, 5mm wide 15cm long, qt 10% 5-10mm wide, 15cm long at 20°; veins 80% qtz, 10% carb, 10% chl., trace py; host rk same as for 110.00 - 110.30m rk same as for 110.00 - 110.30m cataclastic breccia with mod. to highly siliceous matrix; irregular carb. fillings 2-3mm wide (1-2%) ep 10%; py 3% clustered 20 - 30° L.5 L.05 L.5 L.05	ı						1	1	1		4157	116.92	118.92	2.00		. 1				
118.40 - 118.65: dtz/carb veins , 5mm wide 15cm long, qt 10% 5-10mm wide, 15cm long at 20°; veins 80% qtz, 10% carb, 10% chl., trace py; host rk same as for 110.00 - 110.30m rk same as for 110.00 - 110.30m cataclastic breccia with mod. to highly siliceous matrix; irregular carb. filling 2-3mm wide (1-2%) ep 10%; py 3% clustered 20 - 30° L.5 L.05 L.05	. 1				- 1		1	1		1	l	1	1 7)				
5-10mm wide, 15cm long at 20°; veins 80% qtz, 10% carb, 10% chl., trace py; host rk same as for 110.00 - 110.30m 121.00 - 121.49: cataclastic breccia with mod. to highly carb. siliceous matrix; irregular carb. filling 2-3mm wide (1-2%) ep 10%; py 3% clustered 20 - 30°	1				- 1 -	118.40 - 118.65: gtz/carb veins 5mm wide 15cm long, gt 10%	1	}			4158	118.92	120.92	2.00	.01	.		L.5	1,05	
qtz, 10% carb, 10% ch1., trace py; host rk same as for 110.00 - 110.30m 121.00 - 121.49: cataclastic breccia with mod. to highly carb. siliceous matrix; irregular carb. fillings 2-3mm wide (1-2%) ep 10%; py 3% clustered 20 - 30°	ļ				- 1	$5-10$ mm wide. 15cm long at 20° : veins 80%		1	1			1		i		- ,	- 1			
rk same as for 110.00 - 110.30m 121.00 - 121.49: cataclastic breccia with mod. to highly carb. siliceous matrix; irregular carb. fillings filling 2-3mm wide (1-2%) ep 10%; py 3% clustered 20 - 30°	I						i .	1.	1		1]						·	
121.00 - 121.49: cataclastic breccia with mod. to highly carb. siliceous matrix; irregular carb. fillings filling 2-3mm wide (1-2%) ep 10%; py 3% clustered 20 - 30°	- 1										l	h aa aa				. [11	
siliceous matrix; irregular carb. fillings filling 2-3mm wide (1-2%) ep 10%; py 3% clustered 20 - 30°	- 1	j					carb.	1	1 :	ł	1159	μ20.92	μ22.92	2.00	.01	j		L.5	L.05	
2-3mm wide (1-2%) ep 10%; py 3% clustered 20 - 30°	- 1				- [1.			1			1		1	. (
	- 1				- 1				1		1	ŀ				- 1				
and cirruse.								1				1							. F	
	L			لمبا	-	and diffuse.	-	٠		—		'	ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	لسبسا	+			· · · · · ·	<u> </u>	

DRILL HOLE RECORD Inclination Bearing PROPERTY Length HOLE No W 84-1 Po ge # Location Hor. Comp / Vert. Comp. Sheet 4 Elevation Bearing FALCONBRIDGE LIMITED Logged by M. Hiltz Coordinates Beaun /Completed Sampled by Core size % Dritter /Recovery DE.PTH (metres RECOV'Y DESCRIPTION INTERSECTION GRAPHIC SAMPLES ASSAYS g/MT Au RODCO Τo ANGLE 1:500 Number From · To Length Cu%, Zn% Pb% 110.45127.41 con't 121.49 - 124.20: cataclastic breccia texture pronounced; shear direction 20 - 35° highly chloritic; wisps of carb 3-5mm 4160 122.92124.92 2.00 L.01 L.5 L.05 wide Py: ∠1% 124.40 - 125.27: rubbly, broken zone, angular fragments 1 to 7cm long 125.27 - 127.41: unit becomes increasingly silicic downwards; 4161 | 124.92127.41 2.00 L.01 weakly foliated cherty volc. below 126.50; L.5 L.05 cherty zone has high density of irregular hairline fractures but core is not broken; minor (5%) ep; trace dissem. py; carb. along some fractures. E.O.H. 127.41m

FALCONBRIDGE LIMITED

CONBRIDG	E LIM	TE)					Coordinates	U + Oom B.L.	E Core si	• NC	/BO	/Re	covery	93	_%_[riller_	Longy	ear	119 30				1
							T		Line 19E	INTERSECTION		APH	1C		SΔ	MPLES	3	· . =			SSAYS	G,	MT	
			- 3.1			DESC	RIPTION			ANGLE	1 .	1:500		Numbe				Length	Cu%	Zn %	Pb %	Ag	Au	+
	(metres	REC	OV'Y				_			ANGLE	 	T	-	Ligities	1						1		1	
From	То	KO	DC or e								1	1		l	1								 	•
0	6.40	1		Casing							1	1			T			1	1.0					1
	 	+-	t			volcanice	Subhedral.	1 to 2mm long	feldspar (?)		•	. [4.				
6.40	24.46	53	В8.							l	1		1				i				1 1 1			ĺ
		1									Ì		1	1			1							10
	1		ļ	broken zon	es. Mino	r Epidote al	teration, p	y as dissemina	tions and veinlets,		1	1	1	1										_ -
		1		often with	calcite.	. Overall py	7: 1-2%	<u> </u>			-	+-	+-											٦
		+-	+-											1		- 1		4 N			İ	ļ	1	l
6.40	6.52	45	82	1		ed hornblend					1		1	1 .	-				İ		1			- 1
l	7.00	1, 5	82	Fo oray-01	een volca	anics with 2	nm to 12mm w	vide calcite-ch	lorite-quartz	veinlets = 20 - 30°			1	1		.	1							
6.52	7.09	147	٢	veinlets	·					20 - 300				1 .	1.						1	1		- 1
									ata alteration	veinlets =	1		Ī	1							<u> </u>		1	- [
7.09	9.02	5.5	В8	Mg hornble	ende volca	nics; mod.	silicitied 1	n praces cprud	ote alteration bs. Py as dissemina	te35°, 55°	}	-	1		1									
1		-		as patches	s up to 90	cm wide ± ca.	icite and as h chlorite.	enidote and c	alcite gangue.							1	.			1 .		1 .		-
	1	l	1	blebs (1-	omm) and v	hlorite part	ing at 30° t	to C.A. Py: 13	%	contact @			.	1	- } -	ŀ	• [[]			- 1
				Lower con	Laçt 13 C.	,	- 0			$9.02m = 30^{\circ}$	ì	- 1	1	1		- 1						1		- 1
	1	-	1						1] .	.].	1			
9.02	18.42	53	3 91	Fg med. t	o <u>dark gre</u>	<u>een volcanic</u>	s. Mod. to	high chlorite	40% of section is		1		- 1	1.						1			1	
		- 1		Upper con	tact has	a 5cm wide b	and or cares	and subsected n	40% of section is y coating fractures.	•	-		1	1								1		
				closely f	ractured v	with chi	calcite and	d minor epidot	e gangue.		-			1			1.0		1				1	-
				1							-1				1	.			1	1		1		
18.42	24.4	5 5	3 82	Formed, 9	reen volc	anics. Mod.	to highly	silicified, sm	all (1mm long)	veinlets =	ĺ					- 1			ĺ	1	i	1 .		-
110.42	124.7	1	, J.							0 - 20°				1					1	1		1		
1.		1								J					- 1					1	1	1	1	ļ
.]				Chlorite	on fractu	res in broke	n zones and	as gangue in v aleo as dist	pyrite veinlets. eminated, 1 to 5mm	•		İ	-						ļ			1	1	- 1
Ì		- 1	1	Veinlets	are wavey s. Py:	, at 0 - 20	to C.A. I	, 2200 02			Ì			1]] .	1	1				- 1
	- [- 1		Reduced t	o BQ at 2	24.38m					- -	-			-+			 	+	 				
		-		1					. Crations of		1	1		1 .				ŀ	1		1	.		- 1
24.46	155.	64 6	6 94	Med. gree	n hornble	ende volcanio	cs. Minor e	pidote alterat	tion. Sections of		Ì		- 1		Ì									_
			1	intense				Py: 2 - 3%					-										ļ	- 1
-		. .	0 00	1/2	harnh Land	de volcanics	Hornblend	le phenocrysts	are subhedral, 2 to			- 1		4165	3:	5.46	37.46	2	.08			.5	L.C	15
24.46	36.2	6	8 89							veinlets = 30 - 350	1		- 1					1 1				1	1 .	- 1
		- 1		1		ada and obli	arita concile	iverall ry	; 4 - 3/0	30 - 33		.	-	. }	- 1		ļ				1		İ	- 1
						ble oblowi	tic wale to	anark greeu C.	TOPETA TITCECTO	33.12m =					.		1			-		1		- 1
	i i			1 22 12 -	34 75• Hi	ichly chlori	tic voic. up	per contact is	s fractured at	contact @	- 1	1	1	İ	.						ļ			
-		i		20° to C	.A. Lower	r contact is	proken.			20°	1	ı		1	- 1				1				1	
	. 1	- 1		25 32 _	35 76 · H	ichly silici	fied volc.	Closely fract	ured with chlorite		-					4.			1			1 .		
•				on fract	ure surfa	ces. Py in	veinlets wit	th chlorite/ca	lite gangue.		1		- 1	i			1	1	1				- 1	
		- 1		Py: 1%							- 1	- 1	- 1	İ			i	1						
		l l	- 1					(0) !!	27- bee discominates				.									1		
36.2	6 38.	51	64 92	Gray-gre	en massiv	<u>e chert</u> afte	r volcanics	(!) Upper 1.	27m has disseminated	veinlets =							1				.		.	
	- 1		- 1	1 to 2mm	long epi	dote bless I	orming 3% 0:	aces. Lower o	disseminated blebs ontact is broken.	60°	- 1	-										-	1.	
}	ļ	1	1	Py: 5%	rets. Cu	TOTTLE OU II	.accure built	2000.				.	- 1	1					1		-			
	- 1	.]	1	1. 7. 7.								- 1			.		1	. [1		- 1	
	1		1														1							
			1	1																				

FALCONBRIDGE LIMITED

Inclination Begring PROPERTY
Length
Hole No: 84-2 Page#

Callar
Location
Har. Comp. / Vert. Comp. Sheet 2 of 5

Elevation
Bearing
Logaed by
Coordinates
N Beam /Completed Sampled by
F Core size / Recovery % Dritter

CO	BRIDGI	E LIMI	TEO)	Coordinates	N Beaun	 -			moleted	•/.	Drille	, <u> </u>						
		_				E Core				ecovery			<u></u>		^	SSAYS		1	
					DESCRIPTION	INTERSECTION	NC	GRAP	HIC		SAMPL	ES :					. 9/1	AT]	
	DEPTH	(metres)	REC	ov,A	DESCRIPTION	ANGLE	- 1	1:50	00	Number	From	cTo	Length	Cu%	Zn %	Pb %	Ag	Au .	
- 1	From .	То	RQD	Core			-			4166	37,46	39.76	2,3	.02		1	L.5	L.05	
1	1				Discominated Pv. 2%			1	1	1				.02			L.5	L.05	
	38.51	39.24	46	92	Highly chloritic fg volcanics. Disseminated Py: 2%		- 1	. [.		4167	39.76	42.56	2.8	.02		ļ -	1	2.03	
1					Lt. gray-green highly silicified fg volcanics (?) Closely fractured over		ŀ		. 1				1			Ì	A		
	39.24	42.70	33	94	Lt. gray-green highly slitchied ig volcantes (1) most of section. Abundant chlorite and calcite alteration especially on	Py veinlet	s		- 1	1					14	100		- 1	
			1		fractures. Py as disseminations and veinlets- Py: 2%	= 15°	- 1												
	ì		l	li	fractures. Py as disseminations and vehillers 19. 2%	1	- 1	- 1			1		1.64	.02		1	L.5	L.05	
- 1			1		Fg dark green highly chloritic volcanics. Calcite veinlets. Section is	veinlets =	L		- 1	4168	42.56	44.20	1.04	.02					
	42.70	44.20	68	98	Fg dark green highly chloritie voltantes. weakly magnetic; possibly due to finely disseminated magnetite/ilmenite.	20-30° C.A	. [- 1								Ì			
			1		weakly magnetic; possibly due to linely disseminated magnetic	1	- 1			1						l			ı
	1.00			1 1	Disseminated Py < 1%		1	- 1	l	11100	44.20	46.20	2	L.01		1	L.5	L.05	1
	, i		1		Mod. to highly silicified volcanics. Abundant calcite and chlorite		- 1	- 1		4169	46.20	48.20	2	L.01			L.5	L.05	į.
	44.20	52.84	43	77	alteration especially over upper 1.6m. Py content increases towards bottom			- 1	- 1	4170 4171	48.20	50.20		L.01		İ	L.5	L.05	ſ
			1		alteration especially over upper 1.0m.	1	١ ١		- 1	4171		52.20		L.01	ļ	1 .	L.5	L.05	ľ
			1		of section.		l	1	- 1	41/2	30.20	32.20	-		1				i
]			44.20 - 45.80: 1 - 2% Py 45.80 - 52.84: 10 - 15% Py as fg disseminations and patches. Lower	contact @	,	٠ ا	- 1	i									i
			1		45.80 - 52.84: 10 - 13% Ty as Ig	52.84= 20 ^C		- 1		1		1.	1	1			1		ı
		1	1.		contact is irregular	1				4173	52.20	54.20	2	L.01			L.5	L.05	i
]		1		Fg to mg hornblende volcanics as 24.46 - 36.26m. Mod. to highly silicified	Py veinlet	s	.	- 1	4173	54.20			L.01		1	L.5	.10	1
	52.84	56.62	61	82	Closely fractured from 54.07 to 55.29m. Py as disseminations and fine	= 15-20°		.	- 1	41/4	34.20	30.20	1		15	1 - 11	100	1	
			1						1							1			ŀ
		1	1 .	1	veinlets	· i				4175	56:20	57.65	1.45	.02	ł		L.5	L.05	١.
	l		100	0.7	Mg hornblende volcanics with abundant (20%) epidote alteration.		. !			4176	57.65			.01			L.5	L.05	1
	56.62	59.56	88	97	Disseminated Py: 5%	1				4170	157.05	133.30			1	1	1		
	1		1	1					1	- 1	1	1 4				1	Į.	1 .	١
		l		100	Mod. to highly silicified hornblende volcanics. Zones of mod. intense				-1	1				1	1				ĺ
	59.56	84.43	7.8	98	10%) data alteration as listed below. Fracture density is	fractures	:		1.			1	1		-				1
	1 .	i			(6 0/-) By occure as disseminations (mainly in epidote zones)	40°, 70°			- 1							Ì	L.5	L.05	
		1			. come and the with chlorite epidote and minor calcile gaugue.				- 1	4177	65.93	67.93	2	.02			1.5	L.05	
	1				Trace Po as fine veinlets and disseminations with py. Po appears to be	1			1		ľ			1	1	1			1
		1		1	later than py. Overall Py: 2% Po: ∠ 0.5%	1		1 1									Ì	1	
		1	1		Zones of epidote alteration:			1 1		1 .						1			1
		ļ	-		Zones of epidote afteration: 79.45 - 81.20m			ì l	- 1	1		1	1	1				1	
	1	1			08.39 - 09.00m				- 1	- 1	'	1	1		1		1		1
		1	1			1		1 . [1		1		1				1
		1	-		Lower contact is gradational.			1 1	- 1	-	- 1								1
	1				Altered hornblende volcanics. Faint hbl phenocrysts are visible but most	İ		l		1				1 . 4					1
	84.43	92.69	87	99	are obscured by intense silicification, epidote or minor chlorite	1		1 1	1	1					1	1	1		1
		ł	. [are obscured by intense silicification, epideoc and chief alteration comprising 8 - 10% of rock and chief the 2%. Minor calcite	veins = 4	50												1
				-	in two 10 - 20mm wide qtz-calcite veins at 45 - 50° C.A.	50°		1	1			1 .			1		1	1 .	ı
					Py in qtz-calcite-chlorite veinlets at 35° C.A.	veinlets:	350		- 1	-		1			1000			1	1
	1	1	- 1					1 1	- 1			l l		.1			1		1
	1		- 1	-	Py: ∠ 1%			1 1		1									1
	1	1	١.,	١.,	00 Highly silicified hornblende volcanics	1			}		1 1						1		1
	92.69	94.44	91	[10						1		1					1	1	ı
	1				Hornblende volcanics with moderate chlorite alteration, Minor silicification	or		1 1							1				1
	94.44	98.34	7.5	92	the state of the s	ILLUCTUL OF	;		- 1				1.		1	İ		1	-
	1		-		Closely fractured from 96.50 - 97.02m py as disseminations and veinlets	35°										1.			1
			ľ	l	with chlorite and calcite gangue. Py: 10%										1		1	١.	1
			.	1	MICH CHIOLITE and caretee 92.9-										1	1	1		1
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84-2 HOLE No. PROPERTY Length Poge # Sheer 3 Hor. Comp. / Vert. Comp. Location Bearing Elevation Logged by N Begun /Completed Sampled by
% Driller Coordinates

	Care siz			COVERY		Drille	er		 			
DEPTH (metres RECOV'Y DESCRIPTION	INTERSECTION	GRAPH	HC	1	SAMPI	ES		1	- А	SSAYS	0/	MΤ
From To RQQCore	ANGLE	1:50	0	Number	From	To	Length	.Cu%	Zn %	Pb %	Ag	Au
	veinlets: 0° - 10°	-										
py veinlets, and fragments of light gray-brown original volcanics (?) 103.14 107.10 41 91 Fg med. green volcanics. Small (lmm) hornblende phenocrysts discernable over top 50cm. Veinlets of py, calcite and chlorite at 20 - 30° C.A.	veinlets:											
Chlorite ani py coating fracture surfaces. Rock is very broken from 105.27 to 107.10. Py: 1 - 2% Lower contact is sharp at 15° and is marked by a thin chlorite band	20 - 30° contact @ 107.10m = 15°											
107.10 118.04 65 97 Mg hornblende volcanics. Moderately to highly silicified. Minor epidote alteration as patches and veinlets offset by later (?) irregular qtz-calcite-chlorite veinlets, closely fractured in places with calcite and chlorite on fracture surfaces. Weak foliation of hornblende crystals at 35°. Py occurs as veinlets with calcite-chlorite gangue and as trails of disseminated blebs at 20° to 30°. Py also as fracture coatings. Lower contact is very irregular with intermixing of adjacent units. Overall Py: 5%	foliation = 35°											
118.04 123.44 45 96 Fg light grav-green fragmental volcanics. Moderately to highly silicified. Some hornblende crystals observed over upper 60cm. Minor epidote alteration associated with patches and veinlets of py, chlorite and calcite-siderite. Veinlets at 25 - 30°. Core is closely fractured from 119.07 to 120.00m. Chlorite, calcite and fg pyrite as fracture coatings. Py: 1 - 2%	veinlets = 25 to 30°											
123.44 124.28 74 95 Fg, med. to dark green highly chloritic volcanics. Irregular shaped patches of py with calcite and epidote. Overall Py: 2% 123.98 - 124.98m: Shear zone. Platey fragments (0.5 to 3cm long), coated with chlorite, calcite and pyrite.												
124.28 130.37 74 97 Mg hornblende volcanics. Mod. silicified. Py-calcite-chlorite veinlets at 10 - 20°. Py: 2%	veinlets = 10 - 20°											
130.37 155.64 65 97 Mg hornblende volcanics. Mod. to highly silicified, weak alignment of hornblende crystals at 20° C.A. Minor epidote alteration. Py-calcite-chlorite veinlets at 0 to 20° closely fractured over lower 15 metres with chlorite, pyrite and calcite on fracture surfaces. Overall Py: 5%	foliation = 20° veinlets = 0 - 20°											
155.64 183.23 66 94 Fg dark green volcanics. Alternating chloritic and silicified units. Py: 2 - 3% Po: tr.												Ľ

FAI CONBRIDGE LIMITED

Inclination Bearing PROPERTY Length HOLE No. 84-2 Page##

Callar Location Hor. Comp. / Vert. Comp. Sheet 4 of 5

Elevation Bearing Loaged by

Coordinates N Beam /Completed Sampled by

E Core size /Recovery % Driller

ALCONBRIDGE LIMITED Coordinates	N_	Beaun			olet ed		Somole						
	E	Core siz			overy		Driller				20.440		1
DESCRIPTION	ID.	TERSECTION	GRAPH			SAMPLE					SSAYS	o/N	iT.
DEPTH metres Precov		ANGLE	1:50	o	Number	From	To	Length	.Cu%	Zn %,	Pb %	Ag	Au .
From To RQQcore 155.64 159.31 77 100 Fg med. to dark green volcanics; moderately chloritized throughout. Up contact is broken. Calcite veinlets and trains of fg py blebs at 100 Irregular lower contact at 100. Py: 2%	opper ve	inlets =	-									. · ·	
159.31 169.26 76 99 Light gray-green highly silicified volcanics. Cherty appearance in places. Veinlets of calcite with discrete blebs (1 to 2mm long) of py aligned at 10 - 20°. Minor epidote alteration associated with calcite/py veinlets and patches. Py: 5 - 8%		einlets =) - 20 ⁰											
169.26 171.34 77 99 Dark green highly chloritic unit with 10% calcite. Calcite occurs as irregular patches and as wavey veins at 0° - 5° and 35° C.A. Tr. py discontinuous veinlets with calcite. Lower .12cm is very broken and sheared. Tr. po, tr. py.	as												
171.34 174.45 54 100 Light gray-green moderately silicified volcanics. Py occurs as disseminated blebs with occasional calcite gangue. Chlorite and minor p on fractures. Lower contact is sharp at 35°. Py: 1%	c c	ontact = 50											
174.45 178.21 48 89 Fg dark green highly chloritic unit with abundant calcite alteration 169.26 - 171.34m, weak banding of chloritic and calcitic layers at 25 35°. Closely fractured in places with sheared chlorite and calcite of fractures. Py as 1 to 2mm long disseminated blebs. Py: < 1%	on 2	anding = 5 - 35 ⁰					, assert						7.05
178.21 182.18 71 97 Fg med. green highly <u>silicified volcanics</u> with <u>fragmental texture</u> . Fd disseminated blebs and discontinuous veinlets. Py: 1%					4178		183.3		L.01			L.5	L.05
182.18 183.23 70 96 Aphanitic, light brown coloured unit. Hardness: 6 - 7 possibly original rhyolite (?), cut by veinlets of quartz at 0° and 40°. Minor chlority alteration towards base of unit. Gradational lower contact.	inal te				417/9	183.3	184.22	.92	.01	, .01		L.5	L.05
Dark green, aphanitic highly chloritic zone with abundant magnetite a lesser amounts of po, cpy and py. Occ. calcite veinlets at 0° to 250 Overall: Magnetite: 10%, Po: 1%, Py: tr., Cpy: tr.,	and o												
183.23 184.22 46 98 Mod. chloritic rock with bands of calcite-po-cpy at 50° C.A. Tr. py subhedral crystals partially replaced by calcite. Closely fractured from 183.91 to 184.22m. Po: 5% Cpy: tr. Py: tr.		anding = 500											
184.22 184.81 60 94 Abundant magnetite as irregular-shaped patches with calcite gangue in highly chloritic host rock. Magnetite: 30% Po: tr. Py: tr.	n				4180	184.22	185.72	1.5	.04	L.01		L.5	L.05
184.81 187.17 61 95 Highly chloritic unit. Po occurs on the outer margins of magnetite-patches. Py occurs on the selvages of po stringers and in later (?) calcite veinlets. Diagenesis: Magnetite-Po-Py. Magnetite: 15% Po: 2% Py: tr.	rich				4181	185.72	187.3	1.62	.02	.01		L.5	L.05
187.17 187.94 33 91 Moderately chloritic unit with rounded (1 to 2mm long) quartz fragme Tr. py. Gradational lower contact	ents (?)				4182	187 3	189.3	2	L.01	.01		L.5	L.05
				\perp				<u> </u>					

84-2 Length PROPERTY DRILL HOLE RECORD Inclination Sheet of 5 / Vert, Comp. Hor. Comp Location Bearing Elevation FALCONBRIDGE LIMITED Beaun /Complete Coordinates /Recovery Core size ASSAYS INTERSECTION GRAPHIC SAMPLES DESCRIPTION DEPTH (metres)RECOV Cu% . Zn% ANGI E 1:500 Number From To Length RODCO From To Fg light gray-green, highly silicified unit with occasional quartz eyes. Weak foliation of quartz eyes at $25^{\circ}-30^{\circ}$ C.A. Rounded (1 to 2mm long) fragments of quartz throughout. Occ. veins (1cm wide) of discrete Py blebs with minor calcite at 30° to 60° . Py: $\leq 1\%$ 187.94 200.25 70 94 E.O.H. 200.25m

Pb %

Po ge #

	Logged by	*. *	
ed	Sampled by		
%	Driller		

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foliation = 25 - 30° veins = 30 - 60°							
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DRILL HOLE RECORD FOR SHIP STORY

FALCONBRIDGE LIMITED

Inclination Bearing PROPERTY West Claims Length 114.60m HOLE No. 84-3 Page#

Coller 450 0150 Coccion Crofton, B.C. Hor. Comp. / Verl. Comp. Sheer 1 of 3

Elevation Bearing 0150 Logard by S. Lear

Coordinates 9408 N Bear / Completed Sept. 3 Sampled by

LN 15 E E Core size NO/Bo / Recovery 71 % Driller Longvear Fly 38

				LN 15 E	E Core si	Z @	NO/E	30 /R	ecovery	71 %	Drille	I Lon	gyear F	ly 38		100	
DEDT	(metres	bec	Q'V	DESCRIPTION	INTERSECTION		RAP		1	SAMPI			1		SSAYS		
From		RO	Core		ANGLE	1	1:50	00	Number	From	To	Length	.Cu%	, Zn %	Pb %	Ag 9/	MT Au
110111 -	1	1				Τ	Т					1					
0	5.49	1		Casing					.1								
5.49	17.80	1,	50	Fg. dark to med. green volcanics. Mod. to highly silicified. Abundant	fractures:	I					1						
3.49	17.00	14	20	epidote-filled vesicles (?) (3mm to 12mm long) with Py and iron oxide.	60 - 80°												
1	1		1 1	Vesicles are flattened and aligned at 75 to 85°. Occ. fine veinlets of Py	foliation =		1										ĺ
				at 55 to 60°. Core is closely fractured over approx. 40% at section.	75 - 85°		ļ										
	1			Abundant iron oxide coating fracture surfaces. Lower contact is broken.	banding:		ı		İ		1						
]		1.		Py: 1%	$7.87m = 50^{\circ}$	1	l			1.	1			1			
ļ	1				$16.3m = 75^{\circ}$								ļ				<u> </u>
17.80	72.94	11	70	Light grey-green quartz-eve porphyry. Matrix is highly silicified. Qtz													
			`	eyes are 2mm to 10mm long (mode is 5mm), oval in shape and flattened and	foliation =				1 -								ĺ
		i i		aligned at 70°. Some interlayers of dark grey chl. or silic. volcanics	70 ⁰			-							1		1
		1		Py: tr.								1 2 1					
17.80	25.14	12	62	Otz-eye porphyry. Closely fractured over most of section with iron oxides	fractures =		T	T			1						
	1		"	and sericite on fracture surfaces. Fractures mainly oriented at 60 - 90°	60 - 900		1.				1		}			1	1 3 3
	1			C.A. Fine iron oxide/py veinlets at 70°.	veinlets =		1.										1
		1		22.82m: 3cm wide zone of black, iron oxide coated boxwork. Contacts at	70°	1	-		1		1				:		1 :
		1		80° . Lower contact is diffused at $\approx 60^{\circ}$.			٠.		1	- 7			ŀ				1
25.14	26.62	7	60	Fg med. green mod. silicified volcanics. No visible qtz eyes.	l	İ	ļ		1.		1	ļ ·	1				1
-3.14	20.02	ľ	00	Fragmental texture. Faint foliation and // py veinlets at 85°. Closely	foliation =							t to the					1
	1	1		fractured with abundant iron oxide on fracture surfaces.	850		-										
[1	1		Lower contact is broken. Py: 1%	fractures =		1					1					ĺ
					70 – 80°		1	Ì									1
06.60	1,637	1, ,		0 t- 17 90 25 1/m W-1 5-14-pion of				1		İ .							
26.62	46.77	13	99	Otz-eye porphyry. As 17.80 - 25.14m. Weak foliation of quartz eyes and occ. veinlets of FeOx at 75°. Core is closely fractured with sericite	foliation =		-			1	1						1
	1	1		and FeOx coating fracture surfaces. Lower contact is fracture at 75° C.A.	750	1	-	-									1
ļ .		1		Py: ∠1%						1	1			1.1	14		
	j	1											١.				
46.77	46.94	12	85	Fg dark green <u>highly chloritic volcanics</u> . Banding at 75°. Tr. Py.	banding =		i										
l		1			1/5°		İ	- 1.		1					·		1
46.94	50.60	17	97	Quartz-eye porphyry as above. Tr. py.				1									1
70.54	30.00	1	'	date eye porphyty as above. II. py.	1.00		1	- -	1								1
50.60	55.24	11	95	Otz-eye porphyry with mod. chlorite alteration. Elongation of qtz-eyes	foliation =	1	-	1 .									
1	İ	1		at 70°. Closely fractured with chlorite, sericite and calcite on	700	'	1	İ		. :	1						
	1	1		fracture surfaces. Minor ep alteration. Tr. py.		1			.							V 1	
55.24	60.94	7	74	Mod. silicified qtz-eye porphyry. Foliation of qtz-eyes and alignment	foliation =	}											
33.24	100.34	ľ	'	of veinlets at 65°. Very closely fractured over lower 6cm with sericite	65°						1						
	-			and chlorite on fracture surfaces. Py: ∠ 1%													
						1			1,,,,,		100					٠. ا	
60.94	64.39	5	62	Fg dark green mod. to highly chloritic volcanics. Py as disseminations			1	. .	4183 4184		62.50	1.56	.02			L.5	L.05
		1		and veinlets with calcite gangue. Tr. cpy in wider (1cm wide) calcite veinlets. Core is closely fractured over entire section. Polished	veinlets = 65 - 75 ⁰				4184	62.50	64.39	1.09	.04			1.3	12.03
		1		slicken-sides of chlorite and py on fracture surfaces. Lower contact	05 - 75	1		. 1						1. 1			
				is py-calcite-cpy vein at 75°. Overall: Py: 10% Cpy: tr.			4			1	1						
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DRILL HOLE RECORD EMILE

FALCONBRIDGE LIMITED

Inclination Bearing PROPERTY Length HOLE No: Page##

allar Location Hor. Comp. / Vert Comp. Sheer 2 of 3

Elevation Bearing Logged by

Coordinates N Bean /Completed Sampled by

E Core size / Recovery % Dritter

		<u> </u>		DESCRIPTION	E Core si		APHI	 COVEIA	SAMPL	Drille ES		1	A:	SSAYS		4
	(metres To	REC	OV Y	DESCRIPTION	ANGLE	1	:500	Number	4	To	Length	Cu%	Zn %	Pb %	Ag 9/	MT L
From	72.94			Fg med. to dark green highly silic. volcanics with abundant quartz-eyes. Qtz eyes are 1mm long, oval-shaped; weakly foliated at 50°. Fg equivalent of qtz-eye porphyry. Closely fractured over 60% of section with sericite on fracture surfaces. Py as 50 - 60° veinlets and occ. on fractures. Py: 1% 65.18m: 11cm long section of vuggy calcite with sugary, anhedral py and tr. cpy. Cavities probably formed by dissolution of original calcite. Py: 20% Cpy: 0.5%	foliation = 50°	•		4187	68.45	66.45 68.42 70.45 72.94	2.06 2.0 2.0 1.49	.07 L.01 L.01 L.01			L.5 L.5	L.05 L.05 L.05 L.05
2.94	74.47	0	16	Highly chloritic rock with semi-massive py-calcite veins at 50° C.A. Cpy occurs as intergrowths in py. Rock is very broken; highly polished slickensides of chlorite, sericite and py on fracture surfaces. Overall: Py: 40%, Cpy: 2% 74.40: 7cm long section of Py: 60% in chlorite/calcite gangue.				4189	72.94	74.47	1.53	.34			.5	L.05
74.47	84.73	2	61	Alternating units of chloritic volcanics and highly silicified volcanics with faint qtz-eyes. Chloritic zones are fg, dark gray-green, very broken. Predominant fracture set at 70 - 75°. Abundant calcite-py veinlets parallel to fractures. Calcite and py on fracture surfaces. Silicified zones are med. green with occ. faint 2 - 3mm long qtz-eyes. Less broken than chloritic zones, with sericite as fracture coatings. Silic: chl = 1:4 Overall Py: 1% 74.47 - 74.95: silic. qtz eye porph. 74.95 - 78.28: chl. volcanics 78.28 - 78.52: silic. qtz-eye porph. 78.52 - 80.53: chl. volc. 80.53 - 81.43: silic. qtz-eye porph. weak foliations at 30° 81.43 - 83.29: chl. volc. 83.28 - 83.89: mod.silic. volc. with mod. chlorite and calcite alteration. Calcite-chl bands at 35° 83.89 - 84.38: chl. volc. Banding at 40° 84.38 - 84.73: fg dark green highly silic. volc. with epidote veinlets and patches at 45°. Core is very broken. Transitional zone to epidote-rich volcanics below.	fractures = 70 - 75° foliation = 30° banding = 35°			4190	74.47	76.50	2.03	.14			L.5	L. 05
84.73	92.74	27	87	Fg dark gray-green volcanics. Mod. chloritic. Epidote blebs and patches 2mm to 15mm long (mode is 5mm) comprise 5 - 8% of rock. Epidote patches often rimmed by calcite. Py as disseminated blebs associated with calcite and/or epidote. Closely fractured over most of section. Overall Py: 1% Cpy: tr. 88.42m: broken, 4cm (?) wide vein of white quartz with 6mm x 4mm patch of chalcopyrite upper contact is irregular. ≈ 65°, lower contact is broken												
92.74	114.60	6	82	Fg med. to dark green fragmental volcanics. Mod chl and highly silicified in places. Weak foliation at 50 - 60° , Py as occ. veinlets and patches parallel to foliations. Overall Py: $<$ 1%	foliations 50 - 60°											
92.74	95.67 96.10	18 0	89 86	Mod. to <u>highly chloritic dark green volcanics</u> <u>Highly silicified volcanics</u>												

FALCONBRIDGE LIMITED

Inclination Begring PROPERTY Length HOLE No. Page##

Collar Location Har. Comp. / Vert. Comp. Sheet 3 of 3

Elevation Bearing Logard by

Coordinates N Bearing / Completed Sampled by

Coordinates E Care size / Recovery % Dritter

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						E	Core si	ζ \$		COVERY						SAYS	,	f
					0.000.000.000	INTE	RSECTION	GRAPH	IIC		SAMPL	ES					g/N	uT I
	DEPTH	(metres	RECO	N'Y	DESCRIPTION		NGLE	1:50	0	Number	From	To	Length	Cu%,	Zn %	Pb %	Ag	Au
	From	To	RODO	ore		-		1	7							l		
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		i .	1					1 1		1							. 1	- 1 L
				1	Mod. chloritic volcanics. Occ. 2 to 5mm long square to rectangular laths			-										
	96.10	97.29	0	97	of light-brown feldspar (?)	1			1							1		1
			1 1		of light-brown relaspar (;)	1			İ	1							. 1	
	1]	1. 1		Mod. to highly silicified volcanics occ. feldspar patches as previous unit,	. !				1			1.0		1	-		
	97.29	108.13	4	76	often containing py grains closely fractured and broken throughout most of				.				2				. 1	
		i	1 1		zone. Sericite coating fracture surfaces Py: 1%	1					1.		age of the		.			
			1 1		zone. Sericite coating fracture surfaces 17.	T		1	1				100					
			1.		Mod. chloritic volcanics with minor epidote alteration occ. calcite-py		nlets =											
	108.13	110.93	10	83	veinlet at 55°. Py: 1%	559)								. 1	1	, 1	1
	1	i	1 1			1			1		1	1	ľ				. 4	1
	1				Highly silic volcanics; cherty appearance. Section is very broken with	1.		1 1	1	1 .		100			. 1		, ,	1
	110.93	111.36		73	minor sericite on fracture surfaces. Faint banding and occ. parallel Py	bar	nding =			1			İ			- *	() I	
				- 1	veinlets at 55°.	1		1 1	-	1								1
	1	1	1 1	l		1		1 1									I = I]
	1	1	ا درا	00	Mod. chloritic volcanics. Minor (2%) epidote alteration. Qtz-calcite veinlets at 60°, often with py, chlorite and py on fracture surfaces.	1									1.			1
	1111.30	114.60	1,12	00	results at 60° often with pv. chlorite and py on fracture surfaces.		inlets =					1000					i '	1 1
	1			- 1	Closely fractured. Py: 1 - 2%	609)	1 1		1		1.0				-		
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FALCONBRIDGE LIMITED

Inclination Begring PROPERTY West Claims Length 148.89m HOLE No: 84-4 Pagette 148.89m HOLE No: 84-4 Pagette 148.89m HOLE No: 84-4 Pagette 148.89m Sheet 1 of 4 Pagette 148.89m Sheet 148.89m Sheet 1 of 4 Pagette 148.89m Sheet 1 of 4 Pagette 148.89m Sheet 1 of 4 Pagette 148.89m Sheet 1 of 4 Pagette 148.89m Sheet 1 of 4 Pagette 148.89m Sheet 1 of 4 Pagette 148.89m Sheet 148.89m Sheet 148.89m Sheet 148.89m Sheet 148.89m Sheet 148.89m Sheet 148.89m Sheet 148.89m Sheet 148.89m Sheet 148.89m Sheet 148.89m Sheet 148.89m Sheet 148.89m Sheet 148.89m Sheet 148.89m Sheet 14

				LN 15 E	E Core si				COVERY	84 %	Drille	r Longy	ear Fly	38			
DEPTH		bec	مرنيا	DESCRIPTION	INTERSECTION	GF	RAPHI	С		SAMPL	ES]	Α	SSAYS		MT.
	metres) To	RQD	ار می	OLIGHT TOWN	ANGLE		1:500		Number	From	To ′	Length	Cu%	Zn %	Pb %	Ag	Au
From	10	n Gr	Cora		1		T	Г									
0	3.35			Casing			1	1	1		100	1					
					 	+-	十一					1					
3.35	15,76	24	57	Fg med. green volcanics with epidote-filled vesicles (?). Vesicles are 2mm to 12mm long, oval-shaped; elongated and aligned at 70° to 75° C.A.	foliation =	Ī	1			1				100			1
				Often have py rims and inclusions. Very broken in places with abundant	70 - 75°								ľ				
. 1				iron oxide on fracture surfaces. Py: 1%	10 - 13			"		[
				3.66m: Fine FeOx-py-chlorite veinlets at 50° C.A.	veinlets =				10.0								
. 1				7.67m: 9cm long piece of altered quartz-eye porphyry.	50°												
1				7.07m. Your long proce of decore quarter type perputy.	<u> </u>	↓ _			├				ļ — —				
15.76	64.26	21	77	Med. green quartz-eye porphyry. Quartz eyes are clear to white in colour,	İ												1
			1	sub-rounded to oval-shaped, 2mm to 10mm long with the mode at 5mm,	foliation =	1		1			7	1	1		i e	ľ	
, ,				comprise up to 30% of rock. Matrix is fg to aphanitic, med. green, highly	65 - 75 ⁰							}		1			
				silicified. Weak foliation of quartz-eyes at 65 to 75° C.A.		1		1	1		25		Ì	i i		1	1
		1		Total Py: 1%				1				1	-				1
				19:00 - 20.81: Very broken rock with FeOx and sericite on fracture	1			l]								1
		1		surfaces. 29.54 - 29!98: Dark green, altered qtz-eye porphyry. Green talc and	1	1	1 .]] .				
, 1				sericite on fracture surfaces. Irregular-shaped		ŀ											
			li	cavities lined with fg py and white qtz crystals.					1		100		l				
1 . 1		l		Py: 1 - 2%		1		1	ļ				ŀ		1		
			1 1	37.49 - 37.71: Very broken with FeOx on fracture surfaces	1	1		l	1	1	5 J	.	l				
i 1				41.07 - 41.37: Otz veining at 45 to 60° C.A. Minor calcite. Py as	veins =	1	ľ										
1 . 1				patches within qtz veins and as fine veinlets. Mod.	45 - 60°	1	-				100		ngagan in		<u> </u>		
1 1	-		1	chlorite alteration around qtz veins. Py: 10%		1	1	1					-		i		
				43.32 - 44.42: Closely fractured, highly altered rock, sericite and py		ł		l .	1				l	1			1
1.				on fracture surfaces. Py: 2%	1						1		1		ļ		
			1 1	46.09 - 46.20: Vuggy white quartz with disseminated 1% Py.				1	İ			1 -			ł		
1 1		l	1 1	53.80 - 54.03: Fg dark green highly chloritic unit with calcite veinlets			1			4 and 4 fr							
	-			at 75° C.A. Small (1 to 3mm wide) cavities aligned		1	1 .	1					1			1	
				parallel to veinlets. Calcite crystals and tr. py		1		'									
	- '			lining cavities. 57.03 - 3cm wide zone of subhedral, <u>fg py crystals</u> lining small	1	1	1		1.		•					}	1
1 1		1		(2-3mm wide) cavities in rock. Py: 5%				Į.	1		l				•		}
		1		61.35 - 64.26: Otz-eves are smaller and less distinct than above. Rock		1		1		1							1.
		1		is closely fractured with chlorite, sericite and py on			-1		.]		į		1 .				
				fracture surfaces. Lower contact is irregular qtz-rich	contact =	1	-		1								
		1		zone at approx. 40°. Py: 1%	40°				1	1	ł	1	1		1	1	1
 		├	\vdash		 	+-	+	t	191	66 05	68.95	2 0	L.01			L.5	L.05
64.26	76.41	17	88	Grey-green, translucent, highly silicified unit. Sub-angular crystals,		1	- 1	1	192		70.95		1.01			L.5	L.05
(i	1 1	white to light-green colour, 1mm to 4mm long comprise 30% of rock.	1	1		1	193	70.95	72.95	2.0	E.01		}	L.5	L.05
	ŀ	1		Possibly altered feldspar? Faint quartz-eyes; rounded to oval, grey-					194	72.95			L.01			L.5	L.05
'		1	1 1	white, 5mm to 15mm long form up to 5% of rock. Unit is silicified qtz-eye porphyry. Py occurs in closely fractured zones with chlorite and				l .	195			1.45	.01			L.5	L.05
1		1		sericite. Py is often smeared and polished on fracture surfaces. Occ	fractures =											1	
		1		irregular-shaped patches of white quartz with chlorite. Overall Py: 2%	30°. 60	1		1	1	1	ł		1			1	
'		1		68.50m: 2cm long section of Py: 60%, chlorite: 40%. Upper and lower	Γ, , ,	1									1		1
1		1		contacts are fractures at 70°.		1	-	1									
		1 -		73.78 - 73.91: Broken zone with 20 - 30% Py. Highly chloritic.		1			1	1						1	1
1		1	1 1	75.85 - 76.05: Closely fractured qtz-porphyry with 15% Py as irregular				1		1			1		{	ľ	1
1	1	1		patches and fracture coatings with sericite.		1	1									1	1
1	1			Lower contact is calcite-quartz-chlorite vein at 50° C.A.				1	1	1		1	l				<u></u>
		1-	1 1				1	T								ļ	1

FALCONBRIDGE LIMITED

Inclination Begrine PROPERTY Length HOLE Ng: 84-4 Page##
Color Location Har. Comp. / Vert. Comp. Sheet 2 of 4

Elevation Bearing Logard by S. Lear

Coordinates N Beam / Completed Sampled by

Coordinates E Core size / Recovery % Dritter

יטטאם	E LIMI	IEU	,	Coordinates		Core si		Recovery	%	Drille	<u> </u>					
						TERSECTION	PHIC		SAMPL	FS				SYAZE	Ġ.	MT
	(metres	REC	OV, A	DESCRIPTION	"	ANGLE	500	Number	From		Length	.Cu%	Zn %	Pb %	Ag	Au
from6.41	To 95.06	RQ 0		Fg grey-green volcanics. Highly silicified over upper 8m of section. Much chlorite alteration. Small semi-massive py vein with calcite, chlorite and tr. cpy. Weak foliation and calcite veinlets at 60° C.A. Overall Py: 10% Cpy: tr.	μυ	liation										
6.41	77.36	3	100	Dark green, <u>highly chloritic zone</u> . Calcite veinlets and trains of disseminated Py at $60-70^{\circ}$ C.A. Py: 2-3%				4196	76.40	77.33	0.93	.01			L.5	L.
7.36	84.14	4	98	Fg grey-green, highly silicified volcanics. Weak foliation at 60-65° C.A. Py: 10% Cpy: tr. 78.03 - 79.03: Highly fractured zone with Py: 10% Cpy: 2% in calcite-chlorite gangue.				4198	77.33 79.33 81.33	81.33	2.0	.04			L.5 1.0 L.5	L. L.
				79.75 - 81.04: Closely fractured zone. Abundant sericite and chlorite alteration. Average Py: 15% Cpy: tr. More massive sections: 30.15 - 80.25: Py: 40%, Cpy: tr. in sericite, chlorite, calc	ite			4200				.13			L.5	L.
				gangue. 80.35 - 80.41: Py: 30%, Cpy: 10% Gangue as above.	h.	inding =		1 24 Ta								
.14	85.21	0	70	Fg dark green highly chloritic unit. Banding of white qtz-calcite veinlets at 75° C.A. Tr. Py, except as noted below: 84.80 - 84.82: Cpy/Py stringers in quartz-calcite-chlorite gangue. Cpy: 20% Py: 10-12% 84.82 - 84.87: Highly silic. grey-green volcanics. 84.87 - 84.89: Py blebs and trains. Gangue as 84.80 - 84.82. Py: 45-50% Cpy: 5%		56										
5.21	95.06	2	87	Fg grey-green volcanics. Mod. silicified. Some highly silicifintervals as noted below. Very broken over most of section. Py occurs as disseminated blebs and as fracture coatings with chloring. Py is occ. smeared and polished on fracture	- 1	1		4201 4202		1	2.60	.05			L.5 L.5	L
				surfaces. Overall Py: 1-2% Cpy: tr. 85.58 - 85.75: Py trains in chloritic bands at 75° C.A. Py: 15-20% Cpy: 1% 89.85 - 90.37: Aphanitic, light-green highly filicified unit cherty appearance, very broken. 92.26 - 92.67: Dark grey-green highly silicified unit with 10		andings = 75										
				to 3mm long feldspar crystals. Occ. Very faint qtz-eyes.	\perp	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									-	+
5.06	101.6	51 7	8 2	Fg med. green fragmental volcanics with epidote-filled vesicle Vesicles are 1mm to 4mm long. Mod. to highly silicified. Py as fg disseminations and fracture coatings with chlorite and sericite. Py: 2-3% 97.16 - 97.62: Fault zone. Rock is very broken Lower 30cm											~	
				97.16 - 97.62: Fault zone. Rock is very broken described is poorly consolidated chips of volcanic rock in muddy matrix. Scattered sub-hedral Py grains.												
											1	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	1	\perp

FALCONBRIDGE LIMITED

HOLE No: Length PROPERTY Po ge # Inclination Hor. Comp. / Vert, Camp. Sheet 3 Location Elevation Bearing Logged by Coordinates N Beaun E Core size /Completed /Recovery Sampled by
% Driller

						E Core 312			/ R	COVERY		Drille	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
1			000	~	DESCRIPTION	INTERSECTION	GR/	APHI	C		SAMPI	ES .		1	Α	SSAYS		. 7
		(metres)	REC	י עט.	DESCRIPTION	ANGLE	1	:500		1							. 9/	/MT_
Fron	η.	To	RQ	Core		ANGLE	1	:500	,	Number	From	Тэ	Length	.Cu%	Zn %	Pb %	Ag	Au.
					98.74 - 99.06: Fg grey-green highly silicified volc. Irregular shaped epidote patches with Pyrite. Py: 1% 100.02 - 100.36: Med. green highly silic. unit. Bands of qtz-calcite with py and parallel fractures at 45° C.A. Lower contact is irregular at 30-40°	foliation = 450 contact = 30-400												
101	. 61	127.90	10	94	Med. grey-green quartz-eye porphyry. Mod. to strongly foliated at 55 to 60°. Qtz-eyes are 1mm to 10mm long (mode is 5mm) dull grey colour, aligned and elongated parallel to foliation. Py occurs as bands parallel to foliation and on fractures. Total Py: 1%. 102.51 - 107.16: Fg med. to highly silic. unit. Alternating bands of light-grey silic. rock and med. green mod. chloritic rock. Bands at 35° C.A Parallel trains of Py. Py: 5% 120.01 - 122.24: Fg grey-green fragmental volcanics. Mod. to highly silic. Distinct foliation at 60-70°. Occ. parallel Py veinlets. Closely fractured with chlorite and sericite on fracture surfaces. Py: 2% Lower contact is sharp at 60°.	foliation = 55-60° banding = 35° foliation = 60-70° contact = 60°												
127	.90	147.26	10	9 4	Fg dark green mod. chloritic volcanics. Epidote alteration predominant over upper 2m. Highly silic. in places. Closely fractured over most of section with chlorite on fracture surfaces. Py and minor Cpy as fg blebs, semimassive in places. Overall Py: 5% Cpy: tr.													
127	.90	130.21	37	100	Fg dark green mod. chloritic volc. Epidote-qtz patches (3 to 5mm long) form 2% of rock. Py occurs as fg blebs (1 to 3mm long) often associated with epidote. Weak foliation at 55°. Py: 2-3% 128.57 - 128.87: Highly silic. zone with fine veinlets of pink feldspar (?), epidote and Py at 40-50°. These veinlets are offset by fine, white discontinuous veinlets at 45° C.A. in opposite sense to fs. veinlets.	foliation												
.30.	21	147.26	6	93	Fg dark green mod. chloritic volc. closely fractured over entire section. Silic. zones and semi-massive sulphides as noted below. Overall Py: 5%, Cpy: tr. 132.17 - 133.44m: Med. green, highly silic. zone. Veinlets (2 to 7mm wide) of feldspar (?)-epidote-quartz at 35-50° C.A. 135.48 - 135.70m: Py: 15%, Cpy: tr. in highly chloritic rock. 140.51 - 140.92: Fg patches of Py. tr. Cpy in calcite-chlorite gangue. Minor epidote alteration. Py: 20% Cpy: 1%	veinlets = 35-50°					136.3	136.3 138.3 140.5	2.0 12.21	.05 .01 .01 .23			L.5 L.5 L.5	L.05 L.05 L.05 L.05

		י או	היי	-0000		Inclination	Begring		ERTY	ang meri		Length Hor. Comp).	/ ٧	rt. Comp		HOLE Sheet	4	84-4 of	4		°00¢##
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FALCO	NBRIDG	E LIMIT	ED						dinates		N	Begun Core siz		/Co	covery		Sampl Drille	rd by				
												ERSECTION	GRA	PHIC		SAMPL	ES			2n %	SAYS	9/
	DE.PTH	(metres) To	RODCO •	*		DE	SCRIPTION				4_	ANGLE	1:5	500	Number	From	T5	Length	Cu%	Zn %	PD 70	AU
	From _	10	-								—		\vdash	- -								
	147.26	148.89	7 81	Fg med. g oval-shap Lower 40c fracture	rey-gree ed quart m is ver surfaces	n highl z pheno y broke Tr.	y silic. uncrysts. We n with chlo	it. Stakly for rite at seminary	mall (1mm oliated at nd sericit ations.	to 3mm) 50°. e on	£01	iation =										
						. :																
						7 0 17	148.89m															
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				LN9E	E Core si	2 6	1/RO	/Re	COVERY	98 %	Deille	er Lone	gyear	FIY 38			
		·	-:1	DESCRIPTION	INTERSECTION		RAPHI			SAMPL			ì		SSAYS		4 . -
	(metres			DESCRIPTION	ANGLE		1:500)	Number		To	Length	Cu%	Zn %	Pb %	Aa 9/	/MT
n _	То	RO	Core			-	T		Evaluation	1,10	1	1		1			
	5.18	j		Casing				İ			l						
	7.10	<u> </u>	\sqcup	Custing	<u> </u>	+	+-	-									
L8.	16.58	53	95	Dark green to black, cg highly chloritic hornblende diorite			-1							1.			
				up to 1cm appear to be hexagonal and may be chloritized				1			1						1 -
			1 1	amphibole (hbl?) or possibly pyroxene. Texture is inter-	Foliation =	1]				.1	1			
		1		locking xtals with 10-15% chloritic fg around-mass. Carbonate	60-65 ⁰		1			100		100					
		l	1 1	present dominantly as white splotches .5-1.5mm and lesser as								a la de		l			
			1 1	wisps to 7mm x 1mm or veinlets to 4mm wide; 50% of unit mod.		1			1								
		1		magnetic weak foliation. Mafics 90-95%, carb 5-10%, Py 2.5%		1	ŀ	1				-					
				Cp trace.										1		ŀ	
		l		8.90 - 9.02M: <u>trace cp</u> 5.18 - 8.20m; 9.55 - 9.77m; 13.20 - 13.73m; 14.41 - 16.58;									1				1
				all are magnetic zones		1		1				1 .					
		1		15.36 - 16.46m: well foliated zone, carbonate can be present				1		'	1						
		1		as thin lamellae, perpendicular to the		1	1				1						ŧ
				foliation, associated with the mafic			1	1] .	İ			1
		1		components		_				<u> </u>			ļ				╀
		t	1	- 1 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2	Engaturas	ال		1		1	1 1 1 1				İ		1.
58	17.55	Ŗ _⊥	93	Dark green, porphyritic, fg, ms volc? Intrusive? 5-10% whitish grey, irregular shaped, up to 3mm phenocrysts; fs?	Fractures 500, 45	7		1		14,73			1				
				Unit mod. magnetic; fractures low density, py trace fg	50'		100										1.
		1		∠ .25mm				1	1								
		<u> </u>	\sqcup			+	_	T	1								
55	48.41	85	9.3	Fg intercalated silicic and chloritic volcanics; 60-70% of		1		1.					1	1			İ
				unit is medium green, mod. to highly silicified fg volc;				1			100		ļ ·		ļ		
		1	1 1	30-40% of unit is mod. chloritic, dark green fg volc.		1									-	1	
	1			Silicic volc. has 1-3% py; chloritic volc. has usually ∠.5% py; occ. sericitic shears to 4cm in silicic volc; fractures			.	1	i								
	1.	1		low to mod. density.							1		1				
				10w to mod: density.	 	+-	+	+-	1								1
55	24.80	88	97	Mod. to highly chloritic volc. Irregular white (3mm wide)						1		İ			-	1	ļ
	l		1 1	qtz/carb patches with associated Py. Weak ep alteration.	veins = 45			1			1		1				1.
	1			Irregular qtz/carb veinlets. Euhedral py: 3-5%	45	1					1			l		1	1
	1	1.		1812 - 20.14: med. green silic vol. Occ. chl shears		İ							•		1		
		1		Py: 1-2%	1	1					1						
80	26.65	k 7	95	Highly fractured, rubbly mod. silic weakly chloritic volc.	fractures	4		1									-
		ľ		3cm wide chloritic shear with qtz/carb vein	10°, 20°,												
	1	1			70 ⁰			1	1				1				
	1	1						1	1		1					1	
65	28.90	B 1	93	Dark green, mg to cg, chloritic zone similar to 5.18 - 16.58m	•					1	1	.	1			1	
00	h	1	96	Interlayered silic and chloritic volc.			- 1				1.						
30	B2.64	f°	امد	28.90 - 32.20: silic volc. sericitic shears	1		-	1	1				1	1000			-
				32.20 - 32.32: chloritic volc. chl. sheared and polished			1	-								1	-
	1			32.32 - 32.55: silic volc. weak foliation	foliation	4		1									ļ
	I .	1		32.55 - 32.64: chl. volc. Py:∠0.5%	50 °	1											
•					1 5 5	1		1							1		
							-										1
	1	1							i				1				1
	1	1	1			1	- 1			1		1	1.	1		1	1
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FALCONBRIDGE LIMITED

Inclination Begring PROPERTY
Length HOLE No: W 84 - 5 Page##

Callar Location Hor. Comp. / Vert. Comp. Sheet 2 of 6

Elevation Begring Logged by M. Hiltz

Coordinates N Begun /Completed Sampled by

E Core size /Recovery % Driller

					Core siz	Z @		/R	ecovery	<u>•/</u>	Drille						•
				DESCRIPTION	INTERSECTION	G	RAPH	IC		SAMP	LES	1. 1.		A	SSAYS		/MT
- 1	DEPTH(metres)	RECOV.	DESCRIPTION	ANGLE		1:50	0	Number	From	· To	Length	Cu%	Zn %_	Pb %	Ag	Au
	From		43 90	Silic. volc. weakly chloritic and sheared from 32.68 to 33.10m Minor fold (?) at 33.10 of grey-green qtz. Fold is antiformal, light 5-10%, minor slip along axial plane cleavage, amplitude about 7mm, limbs 1-3 wide; unit becomes sericitic and sheared in lower meter. Py: 1-2% 32.64: 4cm wide band of 5-10% Py 33.10: 5cm wide band of 5-10% Py	minor fold axial plane = 600												
	36.34 3	8.98	53 94	Fg-mg chloritic volcanics with abdt white phenocrysts to 2mm, FS? comprise 40-50% of rock; Epidote patches 1-4mm wide form up to 20% of rock. Weakly foliated. Py: tr. 36.87 - 37.29: cg non-foliated, highly chloritic zone as 5.18 - 16.58m non-magnetic. Carbonate veins 3mm-6mm wide	foliation 60° veins = 80-85°												
	38.98	9.72	56 9	Silic. volc. Py: 2-3%. Weak foliations													
	39.72 4	1.80	34 9	Grey-green, highly silic "cherty" volc: fractures hairline, filled with sericitic or carb. Diss. py and fracture coating. Py: 0.5% 41.42: blue soft mineral, HCl soluble.	fractures 0 - 45		-							_			
	41.80	3.53	32 9	Highly chl. volc. with feldspar phenocrysts as 36.34 - 38.98m. Ep: 10%, FS pheno's: 40-50%, chlorite: 40-50%. Well foliated. Upper 10cm is chloritic chear zone. Increasingly silicified over lower 20cm. Py: 3%	foliation 55-60°												
. •	43.53	15.41	11 8	Silic volc. with high sericitic alteration. Minor qtz/carb: well foliated. Py: 2-3%	foliation 60°			ŀ									
	45.41	15.81	51 8	Grey-green cherty volc. as 39.72 - 41.80m.													
	45.81	18.41	45 8	Med. green-brown aphanitic highly silic. unit. 5-10% white phenocrysts. Feldspar? Euhedral Py xtals to 3mm. Few qtz/carb veins. Py: 1% 47.00 - 48.41: weakly sericitic													
	48.41	71.73	32 9	sericitic alter. over 80% of unit and mod. sericitic alteration over 20% although highly sericitic in shear zones <2mm wide. Sericite defines foliation and gives unit a streaky whitish green appearance; fracture density low but increases with sericite alteration; occ. qtz (or silicic host rock?). Augen or qtz-eyes can be seen in strongly foliated zones; occ. white porphyritic spots <2mm can be seen in highly silicic volc. bands <10cm wide: 3% Py disseminated euhedral grains, along fractures or as aggregates 5-10mm; Py on fractures can be sheared or polished	foliation 60° fractures 60°, 45°, 80°												
		1			<u> </u>		_+-	_1_							-		

FALCONBRIDGE LIMITED

HOLE No: W 84-5 Poge # Length PROPERTY Sheet 3 of 6 / Vert. Comp. Hor. Comp. Location Logged by M. Hiltz Bearing Elevation Sampled by N Beaun /Completed Coordinates

			E Core si 2		% Driller			SSAYS		
EPTH (metres	PECON'N	DESCRIPTION	INTERSECTION	1	SAMPLES From To Le	ngth C	u%, Zn%		g/M Δα	AT.
EPTH (metres)	RODCO		ANGLE	1:500 Number	From To Le	ngin o	4 /8 211 /8	1 "	~	
	32 94	(con't)								
		54.00 qtz/carb vein, 10-15% py; vein may be fold or intersection of 2 veins; one 4mm wide at 60°, lower limb lcm wide at 35°								
		56.13 - 56.18: well foliated good gtz augen 56.69 - 56.74: barren, white gtz veins 2mm to 1cm wide intersect to produce a u-shape	foliation = 65° veins 45° 70°, 90°							
		68.09 - 68.23: sericitic zone with wavy foliations; f2 deformation?	foliation = 70° and 0° A.P = 50°		-					
		70.05 - 71.67: broken, rubbly zone; lower 30cm brecciated; weak carbonate fillings spaces between clasts.						ļ:		<u> </u>
.73 93.65	43 98	Medium green, fq mod. to highly silicified volc. with weak sericitic alter. similar to 48.41 - 71.73m but appears to be an increase in abdt of white porphyritic spots; white spots are 2mm anhedral, although some are lath-shaped; carb. fillin fracture veins 5mm wide with Py have a density of 1-2 veins 1 meter; less than 1% of unit has white spots; rare bands	g							
		1-3cm of qtz augen. 77.75 - 77.92: dirty white zone of weak carb/qtz py 15-20% 79.47 - 81.26: zone of weak 1-2% Ep alter. Ep mainly as blebs 2mm, less commonly as veinlets 23.67 - 83.84: zone of abdt white porphyritic spots - 20-25%	veinlets = 60°						**	
		84.67 - 84.85: aver. size 1-2mm, largest 4mm light brown-green, hard, highly siliceous; faint qtz augen 3mm long, to 30% and elongate along foliation can be seen; occ. spherical augen? will have faint radiating lines and								
		white sims. 86.17 - 86.21: possible fold nose or intersecting bands 4-5mm of silic. volc.; upper band 65-70 lower band 40°; intersection angle 80-90°; qtz/carb. "saddles" on inside and outside of	A.P. = 80 ^C							
		"hinge zone".								
3.65 101.6	5340 98	Grey-green, extremely silicified, "cherty" aphanitic unit. Similar to 39.72 - 41.80 and bands in 71.73 - 93.65. Up to 20% porphyritic white spots over 90-95% of unit Py 1-2% disseminated and along fractures; high density of irregular								
		hairline fractures. 98.34 - 1cm wide <u>sericitic shear</u> 99.50 - 3mm wide irregular <u>qtz/carb vein</u> 99.57 - 101.00 week Fp alter zone: Ep as blebs 2mm on as								
		aphanitic flooding between 99.71 - 94.92 and 100.97 - 101.09 101.41 - 101.63: sericitic and gtz rich contact zone gives streaky whitish green appearance	LCTC = 60°							

FALCONBRIDGE LIMITED

W 84-5 HOLE No. Po ge # Length Inclination | Begring PROPERTY of 6 Sheet 4 Hor. Comp. / Vert. Comp. M. Hiltz Location Logged by Bearing Elevation Sampled by
% Driller /Completed /Recovery N Begun E Core size Coordinates

ONBRIDGE EIMITES		Core siz		Overy_		0111101			Δ	SSAYS			1
		INTERSECTION			SAMPLE					Pb %	g/N	MT . Au .	
DE.PTH (metres) RECOV'Y	DESCRIPTION	ANGLE	1:500	Number	From		Length	.Cu%	Zn %	FU 76	- A9 - 1		+
From To RODCore								1			(. I	(1
101.63106.95 42 99	Med. green fg, mod. to highly silicified volc. with weak sericite alter. Similar to 48.41 - 71.73m. Faint gtz					y ee e	91 . 4. 1 		:				
	augen can be seen in 5% of unit; sericitic shears lcm wide			i di Nasa J									
	Pp alter. as blebs 2mm and thin .5mm wisps. Py: 1-2% 102.00 - 102.05: white qtz vein; py 5-10% cg euhedral	ACTC = 70° LCTC = 45°											
	xtals and aggregates to 10mm; Cp: trace, 2mm anhedral blob at 102.04 102.48 - 2cm wide shear; sericite 80%, Chl. 20%, Py				, v + 4								
	trace 102.67 - 2cm shear; sericite 60-80%, Chl. 5-10%,						ar i						
	Py 15-20%, Carb 1-2% 105.13 - 105.54: weak <u>Ep alteration zone</u> ; Cp flooding and blebs 1-2mm; 10%, often faint, white			1.									
	subhedral to anhedral spots .5mm to 2mm; 105.13 - 105.59m: 5-10% rounded gtz? fragments, 1-2mm with thin white rims-reaction or alter. rim					-							
	105.63 - 4mm wide, irregular, light brown green	tein = 60			1.1								
	105.91 - 1-2cm wide, white qtz vein; 1% euhedral Py: 1mm	TCTC = 50° LCTC = 70°					3.7					-	-
106.94.13.32 51 100	White-green, chalky, fg, highly sericitic, well-foliated pyriunit after silicic volc?; foliations closely spaced; unit	torrations										1500	
	highly fractured along foliation planes; py vig eunedral	60 - 65											
	sericite 80-90%, silicic component 10-15%; Py 3%; chl. trace. 109.85 - 5mm chloritic shear 110.35 - 1mm wide, 13cm long carbonate vein offset	vein =											
	by fractures at 70° and 60°	15		-	+		1	1	 				
13.32 120.7167 100	Med. green, fg, mod. to highly silicified volc. similar to 48.41 - 71.73m but less foliated; weak pervasive ep alter. as green blebs 1-2mm; occ. py qtz/carb veins 1-4mm wide	vein = 60											
	114.30 - 114.60: banded/foliated zone 115.52 - 13mm gtz/carb vein with 30% py as euhedral xtals 1-7mm	vein = 60											
	118.35 - 118.50: highly <u>sericitic sheared</u> with 8mm qtz/carb												
	119.02 - 119.16: <u>sericitic shear</u> ; 2cm barren qtz vein 10% chlorite			-		_	-			+-	+	+	_
120.71 127.1149 100	White-green, highly to <u>mod. sericitized fg unit</u> similar to 106.94 - 113.32 but less sericitic and more sheared and								-				
	broken Py 2% 121.80 - 122.20: light brown green mottled highly silicic zone; Py 6%												
	123.36 - 123.44: Py 25-30%												
	124.44 - 124.47: 126.07 - 126.23: 126.89 - 127.11: wavey foliations with amplitude and wave-lengths up to 1cm, maybe F2 deformation?												

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FALCONBRIDGE LIMITED

W 84-5 HOLE No. Poge # Length PROPERTY Sheet 5 / Verl. Comp. Hor. Comp. Location M. Hiltz Logged by Bearing Elevation Sampled by % Driller /Completed /Recovery N Beaun E Care size Coordinates

 					Core si				Reco	overy_		Drine	<u></u>	1	^	SSAYS			
 		,	1	DESCRIPTION	INTERSECTION	1 (GRAP	HIC		* *	SAMPL						, g/	MT _{Au}	H
DE.PTH	(metres	REC	D'YC	DESCRIPTION	ANGLE	1_	1:5	00	L	Number	From	Тэ	Length	Cu%	2n %	Pb %	Ag	Au .	r l
From _	To	ROD	Core		1	Т	Т	T						1	1			l '	
127.11	127 98	57	99	Hard, green, "cherty" volc? similar to 93.65-103.31; white spots 5% are			- 1	-1	-				1	1	1	ļ			1
127.11				slightly stretched out and relict. Py 1%.		4		-	-+				 	1				l '	1.
		-	-+	100 71 107 11 with voyer		1	.				1.							Í	
127.98	135.48	20	90	Dominantly white-green sericitic unit similar to 120.71-127.11 with wavey foliation; occ. bands of cherty volc. similar to 93.65-103.31m and fg										1					
		1		medium green silicic volc. similar to 48.41-71.73m; total py .5%		1													
		1		medium green silicit voic. Similar to 40.11 11.12m,	100	1		- 1	- 1							1			
		1		129.70 - 129.86: medium dark apple green fg to vfg volc. with 10% qtz/	100	ļ			- 1	1.44					1				
		1		carb pods to 2cm; py 1% as euhedral xtals; 1mm qtz/	Veinlet 40°		-		ı			1 1 2					ļ		
		1		carb veinlet.	veiniet 40				- 1						1				
]	i			130.52 - 130.86: cherty volc., highly fractured; fractured sericitic 131.56 - 131.76: cherty volc. with weak to mod. sericite alter. Py .5%			- 1	-	- 1		111							1	1
1	1	1		131.76 - 133.10: Cataclastically brecciated zone; clasts mostly 1-5mm;		-	1		-									1	
		1		atz/carb 2% nv 1% as euhedral xtals.		-										.			
	1	1		133 10 - 133 72: foliated: pv 3%, pv as "eyes" 2-3mm long elongated	Foliation			- 1							-		1	ļ	
	1			parallel to foliation; foliations slightly wavey	60 - 70		1	-	- 1					ļ					
1			1 1	and bendaround py "eyes". 133.72 - 133.87: cataclastic breccia as 131.76-133.10m.		1		-										1	
1				133.87 - 134.66: medium green fg silicic volc.				- 1								1			
	1	1		134.66 - 135.06: <u>cataclastic breccia</u> as 131.76-133.10m		-	1	- 1	1		1 1 1								4
	1	1	1	135.06 - 135.48: sheared medium green fg silicic volc.	 	+	-	-+			 								
 	 	+-	-	White-green fg highly sericitic as for 106.94-113.32m; py 2-3%;		١.			ı									1	
135.48	137.00	115	100	foliations can be slightly wavey.	1	- [- 1		- 1					1			1	-	
	1				· ·	1		1								-		1	11
	1	1		135.84: 3cm wide zone of 25-30% py			I	- 1							-				
	1 .		1	136.55 - 137.00: wavey foliations; py 5%.			- 1	- 1					_			┧			4 !
				136.10 - 137.00: weak ep. alter. as blebs lmm	 	+		-											11
137 00	141.9	8 27	97	Medium green fg silicic volc. as for 48.41-71.73, weak ep alter. as blebs	Foliation 6	607		1				1						1	
137.00	177.7	٦						- 1						1				. }	11
		1	1	138.58 - 138.76: irregular banding sub-parallel to doliation which are			ĺ	.		l								1	
	1		1	138.92 - 141.98: <u>sericitic</u> 138.76 - 138.92: <u>dark apple green, fg</u> , similar to 129.70-129.86; no	1	- [Ì	ĺ				1 .							
				138.76 - 138.92: dark apple green, fg, similar to F29.70-129.86; no qtz/carb pods; this .5mm bands of qtz/carb	bands 60 -	-	.				.				1				
		1		with trace of associated py and ep.	650	_						-			+		+	1	
			1_			ŀ					1		1					1	
141.98	146.8	3 21	100	Medium dark green vfg - fg volc. similar to 48.71-71.73m but slightly darker because of weak pervasive chlorite? alteration; mod. to highly		- 1									1.		·		
				sericitic bands up to 10cm wide, occurrence of senicite increases in		- 1	.		i .	1	1	1			1			.	
			1.	l lower 1 6m: py with sericite and/or gtz/carb alter., py 3-4%;					İ									ì	11
		1		foliations can be slightly wavey; trace of chlorite on some fractures.		l									1		1		
	1			143.98 - 144.05: white qtz/carb band; trace py.		- [2.00							1				
1	1	.		145.38 - 145.70: sericitic, weak qtz/carb. alter; py 10-15% 146.10 - 146.31: highly sericitic; py 5-10%; very weak qtz/carb; minor	AxP1 = 5-1	00			ļ	1									
		- 1		146.10 - 146.31: highly sericitic; py 5-10%; very weak qtz/carb; minor fold? Interlimb angle = 65	Limbs = 45° and 25°	°			1	1	1				ŀ	-	1		- [
1					and 25	1						1		ł	1	1	1		
	1		1						١.	1		1 .			İ				
													1	1	1		1		
									1	1				Į	1	-		1 .	
	1				1				1	1		1							
1		- 1	1				Ц.	_	-	4						-	•	,	- 1



W 84-5 HOLE No: Po ge # PROPERTY Length of Hor. Comp. 3. / Vert. Comp. Sheet 6 Location M. Hiltz Logged by Bearing Elevation Sampled by Consdinator N Beau /Completed

.co	NBRIDG	E LIMI	TEL		Coordinates		Beaun				molet ed		Somo	ed DA					
						Ε	Core si	₹ €		/Re	COVETY		Drille	<u>r</u>	·				
		·				INTE	RSECTION	بان	GRAPH	IC	!	SAMPL	FS			Α	SSAYS	- 4	
- 1	DEPTH	(metres	REC	OV'Y	DESCRIPTION		NGLE	1	1:500		Number		To	Length	Cu%	7n %	Pb%	Δg 9/1	Δu
.	From	To	ROE	Core			WOLL		1.300	,	Number	From	13	Lengin	00 /8	211 /8	10.70		
	_	148.10			Mottled medium and light green, fg to vfg, mod. to														



	E FIIVIT			Coordingles 1+30 S LN 10 E	E	Core siz	• NC)/BQ	/R	covery	96 %	Drille	r Lon	gyear F	1y 38			
		L-5-6	لانم	DESCRIPTION	Trail	ERSECTION		RAPH		T	SAMPL				A	SSAYS	0/	MT.
E.PTH rom	(metres) To	ROI	Core	0230117 110 11	1	ANGLE		1:500	0	Number	From	To	Length	.Cu%	Zn %	Pb %	Ag 9	Au
7	1.52			Casing								<u> </u>						ļ
52	74.85	44	93	Fg gray-green volcanics; often with small feldspar porphyries. Highly silicified over most of section with minor chlorite and sericite alteration. Py as disseminated blebs and veinlets. Total Py: 8% Cpy: tr.			-											
52	37.47	55	96	Fg gray-green highly silicified volcanics. Faint banding at 80° - 90° C.A. Rock is occ. closely fractured with sericite and minor calcite on fracture surfaces. Py occurs as 2 to 4mm long disseminated blebs. Py: 10% Cpy; tr.	. ba	nding =) - 90 ⁰												
.47	38.26	73	98	Fg dark green porphyritic volcanics. Highly chloritic Porphyries are greenish-white, 2 to 4mm long, irregular shape; feldspar ? Occ. calcite veinlets at $50-60^\circ$ C.A. Py occurs as fg disseminations and as 1 to 3mm long subhedral crystals. Total Py: $<1\%$ Upper and lower contacts are chlorite-coated fractures at 90° C.A.		einlets = 0 - 60°												
.26	63.73	41	94	Fg gray-green highly silicified volcanics as 1.52 - 37.47m. Disseminated and veinlet py. Py: 10 - 12% 44.80 - 45.06: Intense sericite alteration 49.27 - 50.00: Very broken. Py on fracture surfaces. Py: 5%								arre s						
.73	69.72	3	76	Med. gray, highly silicified porphyritic volc. Porphyries are white, 1 to 4mm long (mode is 2mm) sub-rectangular. Possibly feldspar. Groundmass is med. gray, aphanitic, translucent in places. Resembles qtz-fs porphyry, but no qtz-eyes were observed. Closely fractured over entire section with sericite and minor py on fractures. Py: 1% Upper contact is broken, lower contact is gradational.														
.72	74.85	23	91	Fg light gray-green volcanics. Moderately <u>sericitic</u> . Weak banding of light and darker green layers at 80 - 90° C.A. Some py veinlets parallel to banding. Mod. fracture density. Sericite and py on fractures. Total Py: 2 - 3% 69.78 - 69.83: 40% Py, 0.5% Cpy in calcite gangue														
.85	105.0	3 23	97	Med. green highly silicified volcanics with fs phenocrysts (as 63.73 to 69.72m) interlayered with banded, med. green sericitic volcanics. Py as disseminations and veinlets. Overall Py: 5%				-										-
.85	79.33	16	95	Silicified, fs porphyry. Disseminated and veinlet Py 77.95 - 73.64: very broken. Py and minor sericite on fracture surfaces. Total Py: 10%		veinlets = 0-90 ⁰												
33	79.52	6	100	Light green, mod. silic. banded volcanics. Sericite on fracture surfaces Py: 1%		panding = 80 - 90°												

FALCONBRIDGE LIMITED

Inclination Begring PROPERTY

Callar Location Hor. Comp. / Vert. Comp. Sheet 2 of 3

Elevation Bearing Logard by

Coordinates N Bean / Completed Sampled by

E Coordinates Property Recovery Driller

E Core size / Recovery Driller

ASSAYS

LCO	NORIDO	ELIMI		,	Coordingles	E Core si	2 4			Rec	overy		Drille	<u>er</u>						• • • •
						INTERSECTION		GRAP	HIC			SAMPL	ES				ASS	SAYS	0/1	мт
	DE.PTH	(metres	REC	'OV'Y	DESCRIPTION	ANGLE		1:5	00	- 1	Number	From	сТ	Length	Cuº	6, Zn	%	Pb %	Ag	Au
	From _ 79.52	To 80.47	RQ	100	Silic., fs porphyry. Very broken over most of section occ. intersecting calcite veinlets at 20° and 60°. Py: 1%	veinlets = 20°, 60°														
	80.47	82.73	34	100	Fg dark gray-green highly silic. volcanics. Faint foliations at $60-80^{\circ}$. Upper contact is 8cm long. Zone of calcite (70%) and py (30%) at $80-90^{\circ}$ C.A. Fg disseminated py throughout. Py: 10%	foliations = 60 - 80°	=													
	82.73	84.36	20	92	Silic. fs porphyry. Discontinuous py veinlets at 80°. Py: 1%									1			-			
	84.36	84.54	7	85	<u>Light green to gray banded volcanics</u> . Banding at 80 - 90°. Sericite on fracture surfaces. Py veinlets. Py: 1%															
	84.54	86.25	7	85	Silic. fs porphyry. Py disseminations: 10%															
	86.25	86.43	19	99	Light green to gray banded volcanics. Banding at 65 - 80° C.A. Minor qtz veining parallel to banding. Lower contact is fractured at 80° . Py: 5%	banding = 65 - 80 ⁰														
	86.43	105.03	3 29	98	Silic. fs porphyry with small zones of banded, med. green sericitic volcanics comprising 30% of section. Banding at 70 - 90°. Total Py: 5%	banding = 70 - 90°													-	
	105.03	125.6	6 36	98	Fg gray-green med. silicified volc. Disseminated py, occ. with calcite gangue. Weak foliations and banding at 70 - 90°, occ. sericitic banded zones as previously described. Total Py: 8 - 10% 114.67 - 115.63: Fg dark green volcanics with small, 1 to 3mm long blebs of epidote. Disseminated py: 5% 123.70 - 123.80: Fault gouge? Semi-competent, highly sheared rock with abundant sericite, minor py.	Silationer A												-		
	125.66	141.0	3 17	99	Fg dark gray-green mod. to highly chloritic volcanics. Abundant calcite and quartz-calcite veins at 50 - 90°. Py as fg disseminations. Py: 2 - 5%	veins = 50 - 90 ⁰														
	125.66	130.5	8 15	100	Mod. chloritic volc. calcite-py veinlets and faint banding at 50 - 90°. Py: 2%															
	130.58	131.3	1 28	100	chloritic layers at 70 - 85°. Py: 1%	banding = 70 - 85°														
	131.31	132.5	2 27	100	<u>Dark gray. slightly chloritic volc</u> . with faint feldspar ? phenocrysts(1 to 3mm long) comprising 5% of rock. Some qtz-calcite patches and veinlets at 45 - 60° C.A. Py: 1%				· .											
	132.52	141.0	3 15	99	Fg dark green, mod. chloritic volc. Abundant quartz-calcite veining at 50 - 60° C.A. Occ. bands of light gray silicified volc. Closely fractured throughout, predominately at 50 - 55°. Py: 1% disseminated and in calcite veinlets.	veins = 50 - 60°														

FALCONBRIDGE LIMITED

Inclination Bearing PROPERTY
Length HOLE No. 84-6 Page#

Callar Location Hor. Comp. / Vert. Comp. Sheet 3 of 3

Elevation Bearing Logaed by

Coordinates N Bean / Completed Sampled by

E Core size / Recovery % Driller

ASSAYS

CONBRID	GE I II	MITE	D		Coordingtes	N	Begun			omplet ed		Some						
COMBINE	J		•		0,000,000	Ε	Core si	2 0	/	Recovery	//	Drille	ſ					
						<u>_</u>	NTERSECTION		PHIC		SAMP	EQ .			A	SSAYS		
DEPT	11	105	cov.	4	DESCRIPTION			ł		1			Longth	.Cu%	Zn %	Pb %	Ag 9/	VT _{AU}
	H (metr	espec]			ANGLE	1:	500	Number	From	T5	Length	.Cu /6	Z11 /0	10 /6	- 49	
From	To	- IKC	DCor						Į									Į.
141 03	162	76 39	99	l F	g, grey-green volcanics with much sericite alteration. Foliations	at		1 1			1		1					1.
141.03	102.	, , ,	1	1 5	5 - 650 with parallel qtz-calcite-py vernices. 17 ds disseminant	s		1 1	- 1	1			1					
1	1			1 2	and trains in veinlets. Py: 10%			1	. 1									
	1	i .	1	ŀ				1 1	$\neg \top$			1						
141.03	1/1	07 22	100		Chaotic intergrowth of quartz-calcite and chlorite. Chlorite appear	s to be			- 1		100 (100)							
141.03	141.	9/ 23	100		and deformed around more resistant qtz-carcice pateries, more			1 1				1				1		
	ı				distinct banding towards base of section at 50° C.A. Upper contact	is I	anding =	1 1	- 1					1				
		- 1		13	proken, lower contact at 50° C.A. Tr. Py.		50 ⁰	1 1	- 7				1					
i	ŀ	- 1		- 1		1		1 1	- 1	1		1	1					
				٠L.	Grey-green sericitic volcanics. Very broken from 147.77 - 148.07m.			1 1	- 1	. [1		1			1		1
[141.97	149.	1/ 25	LOC	1	Sericite and euhedral Py on fracture surfaces.	į.			- 1				+			1		
i	1	- 1	-	- 1		1		1			1	1						
			٠١,		Chaotic calcite-quartz and chlorite intergrowths as 141.03 - 141.97m	n			-		1							
149.17	149.	AT 2;	ا د	۱ ا ۵	Chaotic <u>calcite-quartz and chiorice intergrowths</u> as Some banding at 60 - 70° C.A. Upper 17cm has 20% disseminated Py.	· 1		1 1		1	1	1						
- 1	1	١		1	Total Py: 5%			-[]				1	1	1				
1		- 1	-	- 1		1		1 1				1	1	1	1	1		[·
		, ,] -	- 1 -	.	Fg, light grey highly calcitic rock, criss-crossed by network of fin	ne l			-	1 .			1			İ		
149.9	1 150.	48 5) 8												l			
1		- 1	- 1	1.	150.35 - 150.48m: wavey and distorted 1 to 3 mm wide bands of chlor	rite and			- 1				100		2.			1
	- 1	- 1	- 1	- 1	Calcite at 75 - 80° C.A.			1 1	.	- 1								
	1		- 1	1	Lower contact is wavey chlorite band at 70°.						100			1 1 1	ł			ļ 1
ŧ	1 .	ł		-	Lower contact is wavey thiorite band at				- 1	1								1 1
1	1	- 1.		_ 1	Sericitic volcanics. Banding of calcite-rich layers at 85°. Disse	minated	Banding =			1				1	1			
150.4	8 155	.55 4	3 9	9	Sericitic voicanics. Banding of Calcite Field Layers as	10.0	85°		1				İ	1		1		1 1
1	i	- 1		- 1	Py: 10%					ı		İ	1			1	l	
		- 1		. [Fg dark grey mod. calcareous unit. Fg disseminated Py: 5% Lower	contact	contact =					4	-					1
155.5	5 157	.15 3	5 9	9	Fg dark grey mod. calcareous unit. Tg disseminated 17.		300			1 -	-1			1	1			
- 1	1			. 1	sharp at 30°.					}		1			l			1 . 1
}		.	- 1			quartz-			- 1	1	1							1 1
157.1	5 158	.67 2	9 J10	00	Fg grey-green highly sericitic unit with abundant irregular-shaped	1					1 .	Į.	1 .	1		1		
į.	- 1	- 1	- 1		calcite patches. Py: 1%				1			1			1			ļ. I
1	1 .	- 1	-	- 1	Wavey bands of sericite and calcite at 700 to 80° C.A. Minor chlor	ite.	banding =	1.			1.	1		·		1		i 1
158.6	7 159	.18 2	9 10	00	Wavey bands of sericite and calcite at 700 to 80 C.A. Minor chief		70 - 800			İ				1			1	1 1
- I					Disseminated Py: 10%			1 .				1			1		1	1 . 1
	- 1	- 1				1 to		ŀ							1			
159.1	.8 162	. 76 6	1 10	00	Fg dark green volcanics; mod. chloritic. Minor epidote alteration; 3mm long sub-rounded epidote patches form 1% of rock. Faint calcit	e hands		i	l i]
	1		- 1	- 1	3mm long sub-rounded epidote patches form 1% of fock. Faint careful					1							 	
- 1		- 1		- 1	at 80 - 85° C.A. Disseminated Py: 5%			+-						1				
-		-+	-	一				ì	1 1	-					1.			
		- [1	1					1.		1
		- 1	- 1	- 1			,	1	1 I		1 .				1 .			1 1
l .	l l		-	ļ	n o n 100 76W		100		1		1		- 1	1.	l	1	1	
1	.			- 1	E.O.H. 162.76M				1			1		1			1	1 . 1
	1		- 1	- 1				- 1	1 1		-1		- 1	1				
1	1	١ ا						- [4					i	1	
1		- 1					4.5	4			.[1 2 7	.	1.	1		1	
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FALCONBRIDGE LIMITED

84-7 Length 129.54m Poge # PROPERTY West Claims Location Crofton, B.C. Hor. Comp. Sheet 1 / Vert. Comp. 195⁸ S. Lear Logged by Bearing Elevation Beam Sept. 12 /Completed Sept. 1 Sampled by Care size NO/BO/Recovery 93 % Driller Lo M. Hiltz Coordinates 10+435 Longyear Fly 38

					LN 7E	E Cores					very .	93 %	Drille	r Lon	gyear	Fly 3	8		
	0 E.PTH	/ matros	RE	COV'	DESCRIPTION	INTERSECTIO	N	GRA	PHIC			SAMPL	ES			Α.	SSAYS	n/l	мт
1	From	To	RO	DC or	1	ANGLE	\perp	1::	500	N	umber	From	To	Length	Cu%	Zn %	Pb %	Ag	Αu.
		10.06			Casing														
	10.06	57.15	44	4 90	Grey-green volcanics with abundant epidote. Epidote-quartz patches are 1mm to 9cm long (mode is 3mm); sub-rounded to oval shaped, slightly elongated at 40-50° C.A. Epidote comprises up to 30% of rock. Matrix is fg dark green with med to high chlorite alteration. Py: 2-3%	Eoliation 40-50°	3												
	10.06	21.05		5 6 6	Grey volcanics, mod. silicified. Epidote patches (1 to 3mm long) comprise 5% of rock. Occ. white rectangular feldspar? phenocrysts. Py: 1% 10.06 - 13.24: Rock is very broken with FeOx on fracture surfaces.														
	21.05				rock. Disseminated Py: 2%														
	23.07	23.73	4	5 9 !	Dark, grey-green highly silicified unit with occ. quartz eyes. Qtz eyes are dull grey, 3 to 6mm long. Strong foliation of qtz eyes at 35-40° C.A.	Foliation 35-40°	=				4								
	23.73	57.15	5	9 9	Grey-green volcanics with abundant epidote as 21.05-23.07m 49.88 - 5).13: Fg coalesced blebs of py with calcite and chlorite gangue. Py: 20% Gradational lower contact, with epidote blebs becoming smaller and scarcer over lower 1 metre.	Foliation 30°	=									: '.			
	57.15	72.73	1	7 9	Fg dark green volcanics. Fragmental texture of v.f.g. (0.5mm) white feldspar? phenocrysts. Med. to highly chloritic sections with calcite veinlets. Highly silicified in places. Total Py: 5%														
	57.15	58.66		710	Dark green, mod. chloritic volc. Mod. abundant calcite veinlets at 40-50° C.A. Tr. disseminated Py.	veinlets	=			4 2	207	57.00	59.00	2.0	.02			L.5	L.05
-	58.66	59.21	2	310	with chlorite. Py: 1%														
ļ	59.21	59.90	4	210	Fg grey-green highly silic volc. Chlorite comprises 35% of rock. Minor calcite (5%). Disseminated Py: 10% Sharp lower contact at 30-40°.	contact = 30-40°						·	7						
	59.90	62.83	1	8 9	calcite veinlets. Rock is very broken over most of section. Predominate fracture orientation is 15-20°, chlorite on	veinlets 15 ⁰ fractures				42	208	59.00	61.00	2.0	.01			L.5	L.05
					fracture surfaces.	15-20				4:	209	61.00	63.00	2.0	.01			L.5	L.05

FALCONBRIDGE LIMITED

HOLE No 84-7 Poge # Length PROPERTY / Vert. Comp. Sheet 2 Hor. Comp. Location Logged by S. Lear Bearing Elevation Sampled by Beaun /Completed Coordinates

NBKIDGE I	_ ,,,,,,,,		Coordinates	E Core si	z e	18	Secovery	•/•	Drille						
			DESCRIPTION	INTERSECTION		PHIC		SAMPL	ES				SSAYS	a/I	MT.
DEPTH (me	etres) To	RECOV') RQDCori	{	ANGLE	1:5	500	Number	From	· To	Length	Cu%	Zn %	Pb %	Ag	Au .
62.83 64			Fg <u>highly chloritic volc</u> . with abundant Py and qtz-calcite patches. Wavey trains of Py blebs at 0°, to 10° C.A. Low fracture density. Overall: qtz-calcite: 20% Py: 20%	veinlets = 0 - 10	_		4210	63.00 65.00	65.00 67.00	2.0	.01 L.01			L.5 L.5	L.0 L.0
64.06 69	.03	12 99	Fg grey-green fragmental volcanics. Mod. silicified. Mod. to closely fractures mainly at 40-50°. Occ. qtz-calcite veinlets parallel to fractures. Disseminated Py 1%	fractures 40 - 50°	7			67.00			.01			L.5	L.(
69.03 69	. 23	14 100	Aphanitic, light grey highly silic. unit. Fine white veinlets occ. with Py at 35-45°. Closely fractured with chlorite on fracture surfaces. Py: 1%	veinlets = 35 - 45											
69.23 72	2.73	16 88	Trains of Py blebs with qtz-calcite at 30-40. Total Py: 10% Cpy: tr.				4213	69.10	71.17	2.07	.09			L.5	L.
			Cpy with qtz-calcite gangue. Py: 20% Cpy: 5% 70.66: 5cm wide band of Cpy: 10% Py: 10%				4214	71.17	73.17	2.0	,02			L.5	L.
72.73 85	5.69	40 95	Fg dark green fragmental volcanics. Mod. to highly silicifie Small (0.5 to 2mm long) laths of white feldspar (?) comprise 10-15% of rock. Weak foliations at 35-40°. Occ. qtz-calcite/Py veinlets with chlorite selvages at 30-60°. Chlorite, pyrite and minor calcite coating fractures. Py: 3-5%	foliation 35 - 40° fractures 30 - 60°											
85.69 13	06.97	61 97	Med. grey-green highly silicified volc. with feldspar pheno- crysts and abundant epidote. Feldspar pheno's are white, sub-rounded to rectangular, 0.5 to 2mm long and comprise 10-15% of rock. Epidote patches are 1mm to 5cm long; mode is 3-5mm. They are sub-rounded to oval, occ. elongated at 40-45°. Larger patches have Py cores and haloes of white quartz. Epidote forms 10-15% of rock. Occcalcite veinlets at 24-45°. Py: 5%. Sharp lower contact at 40°. 89.51m & 91.03m: Red hematite on fracture surfaces. 94.77: 8cm long patch of qtz with inclusions of Py. Ep. Chl. 102.86 - 103.16: Dark green, highly chloritic zone. Minor epidote alteration. Py-calcite-chlorite veinlets at 40° C.A.	40 - 45											
106.971	29.5	449 92	Interlayered <u>highly chloritic volc</u> . and <u>highly silicified</u> epidote-rich volcanics. Chloritic zones have abundant calcite. Fractures and weak foliations at 40-50° C.A. Py as fg disseminations mainly within epidote patches. Py: 1%	foliation 40 - 50	=										

FALCONBRIDGE LIMITED

ECONBRIDGE LIMITED	Coordinates	Beaun		covery	•/	Sample						
James de Jam	DESCRIPTION	INTERSECTION	GRAPHIC	COVETY	SAMPL				Α	SSAYS		t
DEPTH (metres) RECOV'Y	DESCRIPTION	ANGLE	1:500	Number			Length	Cu%		Pb %	Ag 9/1	MT Au
106.97107.1786 100		foliations= 35°										
107.17107.6685 100	<u>Silic. epidote volc</u> . Intense epidote and qtz-calcite alteration over lower 10cm. Irregular lower contact at 30-50°.											
107.66109.1583 99	Fg dark green highly chloritic volc. Small (0.5mm long) white feldspar (?) laths comprise 10-15% of rock. Occ. 1 to 4mm wide epidote-quartz veins. Rare calcite veinlets at 5°, 10° C.A. Lower 5cm contains 20% Py as blebs with calcite-chlorite gangue. Overall: Py: 1%											
109.15111.1580 99	Sub-rectangular chlorite laths (after hornblende?), 1 to 3mm long, in a matrix of <u>light green-white, feldspar</u> (?). Chlorite: 60%, F.S.: 40%. A few relic, black hornblende(?) crystals observed. Several 3 to 7mm wide qtz-calcite veins at 55-70°. Tr. Py.	veinlets = 55 - 70°										
111.15112.8570 100	chlorite at 30-45° C.A. Upper 16cm has 65% epidote. Py as fg coalesced blebs with chlorite-calcite gangue surrounding large (4cm long) oval epidote patches. Epidote ranges from	foliation= 30-45° contact = 25°	13.41									
112.85113.6970 100	Intergrowth of chlorite laths and feldspar (?). As 109.15 - 111.85m but laths are smaller (0.5mm to 2mm) and less distinctly separated. Ch1: 70% F.S.: 30%. Occ. disseminated Py blebs. Overall Py: 1% 112.92 - 112.97m: Trains of Py blebs at 80° C.A. in qtz-calcite gangue. Py: 20%							*				
113.69116.1156 99	Silic. epilote volc. Minor hematite on some fracture surfaces. Weak foliation at $40-50^{\circ}$. Lowest contact is fractured at 65° .	Foliation=					1					
116.11116.6050 99	Dark green, fg highly chloritic volc. laths of white feldspar(? (0.5 to 1.3mm long) comprise 10-15% of rock. Intersecting conjugate itz-calcite veinlets at $45-50^{\circ}$. Lower contact is very irregular at $60-70^{\circ}$ C.A. Py: 1%.											
116.60 118.85 56 99	Silic. epilote volc. chlorite and subhedral Py on fracture surfaces. Py: 2%										٠.	
118.85119.94 53 92	Chloritic volcs. with feldspar laths as 116.11 to 116.60m. Weak foliations at 45° C.A. Py: 1%	foliation= 45 ⁰										
119.94129.54 24 84		veinlets = $80-90^{\circ}$										
	E.O.H. 129.54m											



				'						
		Inclination	Begring	PROPERTY		Length		HOLE No:	84-8	Poge #
1	Coller			Location		Har. Comp.	/ Vert. Comp.	Sheet 2	of 2	
				Elevation		Bearing		Logged by	S. Lear	
			F	Coordingtes	N	Beaun	/Completed	Sampled by		
_			Į		E	Core size	/Recovery %	Driller		
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				Coordinates		Ream			molet ed		Samoi	ed by						Ĵ.
						Core siz			ecovery		Drille	<u> </u>						1.
l DE	PTH	l metres	RECOV'Y	DESCRIPTION	INTE	ERSECTION	GRAPH	HIC	1 .	SAMPL	ES			Α	SSAYS			1
		To	RODCore		1	NGLE	1:50	0	Number		To	Length	Cu%	70 %	Ph %	Ag g/	MT _{Au}	1
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48	.26	56.92	29 94	Dark green, mod. chloritic fs porphyry. Epidote veinlets	ve:	inlets =		.d							1			
				common at 50 - 75°. A few veinlets at 10° cross-cutting	10	50-75°	. 1								·	į		
				steeper veinlets.	- "	, 30	· ·	1			İ	i .						
			1	Steeper vernices.	1					1	ľ				·	i '	.	
100	0.2	(0 (0	11 98	Dark green, highly silic, fs porphyry as 22.87 - 48.26m.			l I.	1	1	1					!	'	1	
٥٦١	.92	00.02	11 30	Dark green, highly sille. Is bottonyly as 22.07 - 40.20m.	į			-1				4.			· · · · · ·			١.
100			امماميا	2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	١		l i	1	i		1 .							
160	. 62	62.1U	42 99	Dark green mod, chloritic fs porphyry as 48.26 - 56.92m.	I CO	liation=	i i i		1									1
- 1	1			Weakly foliated at 45°. Lower 0.42m has abundant epidote	45			1	1	i .								1
- 1			1 1	(30%) as irregular shaped 1mm to 30mm long patches. Within	1		1 1			1	1	1 1 1 1 1			''			1
- 1				epidote patches are 2 to 3mm long black hornblende (?)	1				1						1 '	· ·		
			1 1	crystals.	1			1							l '	1	1	
- 1	i					_		4	1			1			l '		1	
62	.10	64.16	38 95	Mg to cg hornblende diorite as 3.66 to 14.16m. Occ. epidote		Inlets =	1 1		}	1					İ '		1	1
- 1				veinlets at 40-60°. Tr. Cpy associated with epidote. Lower	40.	-60°		İ	1	i .					1	1		
- 1				contact is gradational.	1			'			1	1		1	l '	1.	1	1
			1	62.89 - 63.32: Abundant epidote (30%) in fg dark green	1	1. 1			1		'				1		1	1
.				chloritic groundmass.	1				i		1	1			1	1	1	1
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64	.16	91.44	44 97	Dark green mod. chloritic feldspar porphyry as 48.26 to 56.92m	4-						l				1	1	į.	1
			1 1 1	Weakly foliated at $60-70^{\circ}$. Epidote veinlets at $50-70^{\circ}$. Occ.	fo:	liation≃							·		i '			1
1	-		1 1	qtz-calcite veinlets at $40-50^{\circ}$ in opposite sense of epidote	60.	-70 ⁰				l] .		· '		}	1
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1	Inclination	Begring	PROPERTY West Claims		Length 91.44m		HOLE No:	84-8	Poge #	
Callar 48.77 m			Location Crofton, B.C.		Hor. Comp. / Vert. Comp.		Sheet 1	of .	2	
91.44 m	-420	0140	Elevation		Bearing 015°	49, 1942	Logged by	S. Lear	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	-		Coordingtes 6+135	N	Beam Sept. 15/84Completed Se	pt.17	Sampled by			
			LN 5+05E			95 %	Driller Long			
	0.5.6.6.6	O T L O N		TAIL	ERSECTION GRAPHIC	SAMPI	FS		ASSAYS	_

										LN 5+05E	E	Core siz	enq/	BQ.	Rec	COVERY	95 %	Drille	Long	year F	1y 38			
-	DEPTH	1	Jos	cov,	V		DESCRIPTIO) N			IN	TERSECTION	GRA	PHIC	. 1		SAMPL	ES		Ċ.		SSAYS	g/N	лт
	rom	(metre To	16.)Dca]		5250	,			- 1	ANGLE	1::	500	i	Number	From	To	Length	Cu%	Zn %	Pb %	Ag g/\	"Au
	0	3.66	1	100	1	asing																		
	. 3.66	14.16	3(92		ig to coarse grained							-	\dashv										
					p	lende crystals are artially altered to	o chlorite i	n places	. Rect	angular		2												
					i	hape green-white for s 2mm). Fg ilmeni	te occurs in	2mm to	10mm 1o	ng patches.												.]		
					М	lmenite is slightly linor epidote alter	ation. Tr.	Cpy as f	g disse	minations.	30	inlets=			-									٠
					C	Composition of rock Chlorite: 1-2%, Ilmo	enite: 5%, E _l	pidote:	2-3%, C			actures=												
						30	and 60 .	Iron oxi	ide on f	racture	3	60							1					
					7	100	cm long zone			e, 5-10mm lon n iron oxide.	g												•	
			1	_	-	ower contact is bre								.i					-					
	14.16	18.5	3 4	7 9 6	c	rystals comprise 10	0-15% of roc	k. Thes	e are g	reen-white,													*	
					1	rregular shaped, 1: -2mm long hornblend f fg (0.5mm) dark	de crystals d	observed	l. Grou	ndmass consis		inlete=												
					0	occ. calcite veinle croken with abundan	ts at 10° and	d 40°.	Lower c	ontact is	10	einlets= 0°, 40°				s er i								
	18.53	22.8	7 6	8 9:	B H a	ornblende diorite (as 3.66 - 14 5% Cpy: tr.	.14m. O	occ. cal	cite veinlets														
	22.87	91.4	4 3	6 9:		Park green, mod. ch					?)											1		
					h	ornblende diorite. mall hornblende di	Abundant e	pidote a	lterati															
	22.87	48.2	6 3	4 92		elvages of calcite						4												
					b	roken from 22.87 to exide on fracture su	o 33.12m. Cl					inlet =												
				- -		4.53: 3 blebs of veinlet.					te 5)												
					1	7.50: Veinlets o	2mm x 1mm in f <u>epidote</u> at z-calcite-ch	30-40°,	offset	by inter-							14							
					4	7.33 - 47.52: St	rongly folia inlets at 20	ted at 5	50° qtz-	calcite		liation=												
					4	fo	liations. oken zone.	OPP				7 												
									4 <u> </u>							1			<u> </u>			لـــــا	L	لـــــا