REPORT<br>ON THE<br>LIKELY CLAIM GROUP<br>OF<br>APEX ENERGY CORP.<br>Located at Likely, B.C.<br>Cariboo Mining Division<br>MAP No. 93A/11 W \& 12E

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## SUMM ARY

Apex Energy Corp. have acquired a block of 3 claims located in the Likely area of British Columbia. These claims comprise 56 units and cover approximately 1325 hectares. These are lode claims and cover a portion of the old Likely Placer Gold area. There is a scarcity of outcrops; however, in the outcrops on the banks of Spanish and Cariboo Rivers, low gold values were obtained in exposures of quartz veins. The source of the gold in placer deposits located and mined prior to 1950 on the claim group is believed to be the quartz veins. A program of exploration is warranted to determine if there are any economic concentrations of gold located in the quartz vein zones.

## CONCLUSION

An initial program of exploration covering geological mapping, geochemical surveying and percussion drilling is warranted. The estimated expenditure for this Stage 1 portion of the exploration on the Likely claim group is \$ 75,000.

## INTRODUCTION

The Nov claims, which cover approximately 1325 hectares, are located in the Likely area of British Columbia. The claims, which were staked in 1979 , were purchased by Apex Energy Corp in October 1982.

The Nov block of claims has been investigated by an aerial magnetometer and an EM survey, one drill hole and several short tunnels. A large pit located on the Cariboo River, in the northern portion of the claim group, was mined for placer gold after 1852. The gold production from this pit is unknown.

There is a scarcity of outcrops in the Likely area of British Columbia and the Nov claims have only a few outcrops along the banks of Spanish and Cariboo Rivers The few veins that have been sampled have contained low gold values and it is believed that the weathering of these veins has produced the extensive placer gold deposits found in the Likely area.

The property was examined under the guidance of E. Angus on October 31, 1982.

## LOCATION AND ACCESS

The property is located approximately 3 kilometers northeast of the town of Likely, B.C. (See Figure 1). The claims cover both sides of the Cariboo River. However, most of the claims are located on the southern side of the river (Figure 2). The property is located in the Cariboo Mining Division of British Columbia at Latitude $52^{\circ} 38^{\prime}$ and Longitude $121^{\circ} 30^{\prime}$.

The area is accessible from Highway 97 by a 75 km all-weather gravel road to Likely (Figure 1). All weather roads lead from Likely to the claim group and

numerous logging roads provide access to the property. Since a portion of the claim group has been logged it is expected that some of the logging roads are not kept free of snow and would not be open during the winter months.

The elevation on the claims varies from approximately 1100 meters at the southern boundary of the claim group to 600 meters at the Cariboo River.

## CLAIMS AND CLAIM GROUPS (See Figure 2)

The Nov claims consist of 3 claims, 56 units, which are owned by Apex Energy Corp.

The data on the claim group are as follows:

| CLAIM | UNITS | TAG NO. | RECORD NO. | EXPIRY DATE* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nov 1 | 20 | 48429 | 1355. | 29 Nov/82 |
| Nov 2 | 20 | 48430 | 1356 | 29 Nov/82 |
| Nov 3 | 16 | 48431 | 1357 | 29 Nov/82 |
|  | 56 |  |  |  |

(*) A 235 foot drill hole, DDH 82-1, was completed on Nov 6 and will be submitted to cover the assessment requirements to keep the claims in good standing until 1983.

The claims are presently held in the name of
William H. Grayson (see copies of title in Appendix "A").
Apex Energy have an interim agreement to purchase these claims outright. The agreement is expected to be completed in

November 1982 and the claims will be registered in the name of Apex Energy Corp.

HISTORY (Ref. Bulletin No. 28)
The record of production from the Cariboo Mining Division is greater than that of any other mining division in British Columbia. The Cariboo District produced approximately one quarter of the gold produced in British Colunbia. The records of production are available from 1874 on, and the recorded production to 1945 is 539,572 ounces. It is believed that an additional amount of approximately 150,000 ounces was mined prior to 1874.

The first gold discovery in the Cariboo was in mid 1859 on the Horsefly River about 20 km south of the Likely Project. By late 1859, numerous miners were working shallow diggings on gravel bars around the junction between the Cariboo and Quesnel Rivers. Subsequent discoveries of richer placer deposits at Keithley Creek in 1860 and then the bonanza of Williams Creek in 1861 attracted a stampede of men through the area.

Placer mining in the Likely area is discussed in detail by Cockfield and Walker (1932), and is summarized as follows:

1. Shallow workings were mined on the gravel flat around the Quesnel Forks townsite where gold was found on certain clay layers. Glaciofluvial bench gravels were also productive along the Cariboo River.
2. High level gravels from buried channel deposits on bedrock were worked on a large scale at the Bullion

Mine hydraulic operation 5 km down stream from Likely. Another high level old channel deposit was worked along lower Morehead Creek, 13 km downstream from Quesnel Forks.
3. Recent bar gravels on the Quesnel River were deposited from small tributary creeks cutting the old high level channel. Gravels in the small tributary creeks were also extensively mined.
4.

Apparently eluvial (residual) concentrations of gold were found in Cedar Creek and Poquette Creek Valley.

The famous Bullion Mine operated from 1894 to
1905, when somewhat over 12 million yards of Pleistocene gravels were processed to yield $\$ 1,233,900$ (approximately 59,700 ounces). The Bullion Mine was operated on a small scale between 1933 and 1942.

Placer gold has been found in all creeks in the Likely area. The most notable production came from Cedar Creek, Likely Gulch, Gold Creek, and Spanish River. Spanish River (Figure 2) flows due north through the Nov claims and was perhaps the source area of the placer gold found in gravel deposits located at the junction of the Spanish and Cariboo Rivers.

Exploration in the general area in 1965 resulted in the discovery of the Cariboo Bell Property. Witb the renewed interest in gold in 1979, the Likely area started to receive attention by prospectors, and many claim groups were staked. In 1980, Dome Mines started to drill their claim group, located 16 kilometers northwest of Likely (Figure 3). Dome stated in their Annual Report for 1981 that they have developed 900,000 tons containing 0.2 ounces of gold

per ton. Dome continued their drilling on this property and optioned a second property in the area in 1982. In 1981 the Provincial Government released the results of a regional geochemical survey and the large block of claims indicated on Figure 3 were staked. The staking was not confined to the Likely area, but appears to cover most of the Quesnel-Horsefly River placer gold district in Figure 3.

## GEOLOGY

The general geology of the Quesnel-Horsefly River Placer District is shown on Figure 3. In general the district is composed of a series of volcanic and sedimentary rocks which have been partially metamorphosed to schist, greenstones and quartzites (Figure 3). The rocks on the claim group, which are exposed in the banks of the Cariboo and Spanish Rivers, are a series of black, quartzose, phyllite, slate, argillite and siltstone (Figure 4).

## MINERAL OCCURRENCES

A vein having a width of about 4 meters is located on the north bank of the Cariboo River, approximately one kilometer to the east of the bridge over the Cariboo River. A drift had been driven on the vein. Since the adit is caved, samples of the boulders of quartz and pyritic wallrock lying on the river bank :ere sampled. The samples, 11220 to 11223 inclusive, contained only trace values of gold. A large oxidized vein structure was noted on the southern side of the river, on the eastern margin of the large gravel pit.

The vein was not sampled.
Veins having a northwest trend and a low dip to the northeast, are exposed on the western bank of the Spanish River approximately 100 meters north of the junction of Spanish River and Black Bear Creek. The veins have a thickness that varies from a few millimeter to approximately 20 centimeters. The lengths of the veins are unknown. The thickness of the vein zone in the phyllites is unknown. However, flat lying veins were noted on the western bank of Spanish River for a distance of approximately 100 meters above the river. A drift was driven on one of these veins. It was partially caved; however, samples were taken in the drift at 7,5 and 2 meters from the portal and at the portal and on other veins in the vicinity of the portal. The results of the samples were as follows:
SAMPLE $\quad \mathrm{OZ} / \mathrm{Au}$
11224 Grab from drift 7 meters from portal
$11225 \quad 0.001 \quad$ Grab from drift 5 meters from portal
11226 Grab from drift 2 meters from portal
$11227 \quad 0.006 \quad$ Channel 1.1 M -on north wall at portal
$11228 \quad 0.056$ - Channel 0.2 M-from vein above portal
$11229 \quad 0.001 \quad$ Channel 0.2 M -from vein 1 M below 11228
$11230 \quad 0.067$ - Channel 0.2 M-on same vein sampled in 11228 but located 10 M north of portal Grab from vein of width approximately 0.3 M located 75 meters south of portal on trail to the road.

A sample taken by J. Mcleod, P.Eng. (see
Bibliography) from a 10 cm vein located approximately 30 meters north of the adit on the western side of Spanish River contained 0.2 ounces of gold per ton.

A diamond drill hole, 82-1, was drilled into
this series of flat-lying veins. It is located approximately

## NOTES:




# TOTAL FIELD MAGNETIC MAP NOV CLAIMS LIKELY AREA 

 CARIBOO MINING DIVISION BRITISH COLUMBIA

APEX RESOURCES CORP.

100 meters above and 100 m to the west of the adit. (See Figures 2 and 5) This hole was drilled to a depth of 71.32 meters. The expenditures on the hole will satisfy the assessment requirements and keep the Nov claims in good standing until 1983. The hole was sampled in approximately 2 meter lengths and assayed geochemically for copper, lead, zinc, silver, arsenic and gold. These samples, near the bottom of the hole, contained low precious metal values as follows:

| SAMPLE | FROM | TO | INTERCEPT | $\mathrm{Oz} \mathrm{Ag/T}$ | $\mathrm{Oz} \mathrm{Au} / \mathrm{T}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 44222 | 50.00 | 50.3M | 0.3 | 0.02 | 0.005 |
| 44230 | 59.7 | 62.6M | 2.9 | 0.02 | 0.003 |
| 44230 | 64.6 | 66. OM | 1.4 m , | 0.14 | 0.016 |

Drill Hole 82-1 did not have sufficient depth to penetrate the zone of flat-lying quartz veins which were sampled 6 meters above and on the west bank of Spanish River.

## EXPLORATION

To date an airborne magnetometer and EM survey have been completed. The results of the magnetometer survey are submitted on Figure 5. The EM survey did not indicate the presence of a conductor and the survey has not been included. The magnetometer survey indicated a build-up from a 1000 to 2000 gammas on the northeastern portion of the claim group. The reason for this increase is unknown.

The source of the placer gold in the District is believed to be the gold-bearing quartz veins which occur in the phyllites.

As noted, the veins sampled on the western bank of the Spanish River contained low values in gold. The thickness of this flat-lying zone of quartz veins is in excess of 75 meters. A program of exploration is warranted on the claim group to determine if there are economic concentrations.of gold in the quartz veins.

The exploration program recommended is geological mapping, geochemical surveying, and some percussion drilling. The samples should be assayed for gold, arsenic and copper. The grid lines should be spaced

## Logged by: R. Hrkac 6 J . DeLeen Drllled by Gilwil lloldinge Led.

Started October 26- Completed November 6, 1982...Depth 71, 32_m..... D1p -90

| HEIRES |  | DESCRIPTION | SAMPLE | - METAES |  | LENGTH | Cu ppm | Pb ppa | Zn ppm | $\mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{B}}$ ppm | As ррш | Au$\mathrm{ppb}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 110 m | 10 |  | No. | 110 m | 10 | METRES. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 6,1 | nuerburden |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.1 | 26.25 | Graphitic quartz-banded phyllite-quartz hands | 44201 | 6.1 | 8.0 | 1.2 | 23 | 16 | 105 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
|  |  | from 1 and to 1 cm . Some quartz bands are contorted | 44202 | . 8.0 | 10.0 | 2 | 25 | 8 | 105 | 12 | 4 | 10 |
|  |  | bands approximately e $90^{\circ}$ and varies from 70 to $90^{\circ}$ | 44203 | 10.0 | 12.0 | 2 | 26 | 5 | 99 | . 1 | 3 | 2 |
|  | - | to core - some cubes of pyrite to 1 cm | Core Lost | 12.0 | 14.0 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 44204 | 14.0 | 16.0 | 2 | 33 | 4 | 33 | . 5 | 8 | 30 |
|  |  |  | 44205 | 16.0 | 18.0 | 2 | 25 | 4 | 25 | . 4 | 4 | 32 |
|  |  |  | 44206 | 18.0 | 20.0 | 2 | 26 | 5 | 138 | . 2 | 10 | 12 |
|  |  |  | 44207 | 20.0 | 22.0 | 2 | 12 | 5 | 115 | . 1 | 13 | 4 |
|  |  |  | 44208 | 22.0 | 24.0 | 2 | 33 | 9 | 55 | 1 | 12 | 1 |
|  |  |  | 44209 | 24.0 | 26.25 | 2.25 | 42 | 14 | 71 | . 2 | 34 | 7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 58, - ${ }^{\text {a }}$ - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26.25 | 30.48 | Light grey quartzite -banded with quartz veins | 44210 | 26.25 | 28.25 | 2.09 | 35 | 114 | 82 | . 7 | 31 | 55 |
|  |  | same as 0-26.25 | 44211 | 28.25 | 30.48 | 2.23 | 52 | 12 | 26 | . 3 | 22 | 11 |
|  |  | at 26.25 m to 26.40 m quartz vein |  |  | . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | -- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30.48 | 44.35 | Graphitic quartz banded phyllite bame as 0-26.25 | 44212 | 30.48 | 32.50 | 2.03 | 27 | 4 | 61. | 1 | 8 | 4 |
|  |  |  | 44213 | 32.50 | 34.50 | 2 | 18 | 5 | 104 | . 1 | 15 | 2 |
|  |  | - | 44214 | 34.50 | 36.50 | 2 | 23 | 4 | 75 | . 1 | 6 | 2 |
|  |  | . | 44215 | 36.50 | 38.50 | 2 | 17 | 4 | 77 | . 1 | 11 | 6 |
|  |  | . | 44216 | 38.50 | 40.50 | 2 | 19 | 8 | 119 | . 1 | 14 | 4 |
|  |  |  | 44217 | 40.50 | 42.50 | 2 | 30 | 9 | 61 | .1 | 11 | 4 |
|  |  |  | 44218 | 42.50 | 44.35 | 1.85 | 34 | 6 | 68 | .1 | 14 | 3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | +inur |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 44.35 | 52.12 | Mixed zone grey siltstone intermbxed What small | 44219 | 44.35 | 46.0 | 1.65 | 59 | 55 | 83 | .4 | 26 | 18 |
|  |  | bands of phyllite - some pyrdte - less bands of | 44220 | 46.0 | 48.0 | 2 | 30 | 6 | . 67 | . 1 | 23 | 5 |
|  |  | quartz - wispy to. broken bands of quartz - some | 44221 | 48.0 | 50.0 | 2 | 62 | 18 | 60 | .3 | 40 | 45 |
|  |  | yellowish-green porphyroblasts - quartz vein | 4.4222 | 50.0 | 50.3 | 0.3 | 22 | 29 | 23 | 17 | 18 | 180 |
|  |  | 50.0 to 50.3 | 44223 | 50.3 | 52.12 | 1.80 | 64 | 8 | 82 | 1. | 25 | 13 |
| (1) 0.02 | Oz/T Ag | $0.005 \mathrm{Oz} / \mathrm{Au} / \mathrm{T}_{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| hetres |  | DESCAIPTION | SAMPLE | - hetres |  | LENGTH HETRLS. | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Cu} \\ & \mathrm{ppm} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Pb} \\ \mathrm{ppw} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2 n \\ \text { ppan } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \mathrm{Ag} \\ \mathrm{ppm} \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{As} \\ \mathrm{ppa} \end{gathered}$ | Auppb |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 110 m | 10 |  | No. | 110 m | 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 52.12 | 58.37 | Graphite-guartz-banded phyllite, some an above - | 44224 | 52.12 | 54.15 | 2 | 37 | 4 | 64. | 1 | 15 | 5 |
|  |  | Bome yellow porphyroblants - acattered quartz veins | 44225 | 54.12 | 56.12 | 2 | 37 | 6 | 87 | 1 | 9 | 4 |
|  |  | with odd specks or galena | 44226 | 56.12 | 58.37 | 2.25 | 25 | 5 | 92 | . 1 | 11 | 2 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 58.37 | 62.54 | Pale grey siliceous siltstone. Few random quartz | 44227 | 58.37 | 59.74 | 1.37 | 52 | 20 | 130 | .4 | 38 | 22 |
|  |  | veins. | 44228 | 59.74 | 62.64 | 2.90 | 100 | 151 | 792 | . 8 | 45 | 100 |
|  |  | $58.32-59.74-10 \mathrm{~cm}$ - Wartz vein. 1.1 m carn laes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 62.64 | 65,92 | Craphitic - quartz banded arglllite - fen ouartz | 44229 | 62.64 | 64.64 | 2.2 | 47 | 20 | 106 | 2 | 53 | 6 |
|  |  | bands - 1 oun to 2 cm 065.53 5 cm quartz vein | 44230 | 64.64 | 65.99 | 1.35 | 39 | 718 | 131 | 5.0 | 88 | 530 |
|  |  | Whth Iens than 1\% galena |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 65.99 | 71.32 | Paie to medium grey elltatone | 44231 | 65.99 | 68. 0 | 2.01 | 42 | 10 | 84 | . 1 | 15 | 8 |
|  |  | and bands of phyllite - same quartz bands 1 to 3 cm | 44232 | 68.00 | 70.0 | 2. | 27 | 4 | 19 | . 1 | 10 | 3 |
|  |  | Sote pyrlte - bowe yellow porphyroblasts | 44233 | 70.0 | 71.32 | 2.32 | 41 | 6 | 63 | . 1 | 12 | 5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | BOTTOM OF HOLE $71.32-84.8 \%$ recovery |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | . |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (*) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 0,0045\% As, 0.003 02/T Au. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (**) | , |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 0.0039\% Cu. $0.0718 \% \mathrm{Ph}$, $0.0131 \%$ Cumene $14 \mathrm{Oz} / \mathrm{T}$ Ac. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $0.0088 \% \mathrm{As}, 0.016 \mathrm{Oz} / \mathrm{T} \mathrm{Au}$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 6 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |
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File Na 82-1461
Type of Samples Rocks
Disposition
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ICP GEDCHEMICAL ANALYEIS
 IHIS LELCK IS PARIIAL FOR: $\mathrm{Ca}_{1}, \mathrm{P}, \mathrm{Mq}, \mathrm{Al}, \mathrm{Tl}, \mathrm{La}_{2}, \mathrm{~K}, \mathrm{~K}, \mathrm{Z}, \mathrm{Bl}_{2}, \mathrm{SI}, \mathrm{Sr}, \mathrm{Cr}$ AKD 8 . AU DETECILOK 3 PPR. AUI AMALYSIS IY AA FRON 10 GRAH SAMPLE. SAKPLE TYPE - CORE
DATE RECEIVED WOY 26198


