Annette Claims.

Appendix II

Assay Results.

The following(certificate copies follow) were of material collected by Mr John Isima at various dates, mainly from the fractured zone.

Date.	Location.	oz/ton. Au	Ag	Percentages. Mo	Cu	Ni	Mn	Ti	Cr
12/8/76	?	0,004	Tr	0.001	0,03	0.025	0.07	0.8	0.01
21/11/74	2SW100F	Tr	Tr	-	0.02	-	-	-	-
"	?	Tr	Tr	-	0.02	0.01	0.01	-	-
8/7/75	?	0.01	Tr	-	0.01	Tr	0.07	-	-
17/6/75#1		Tr	-						
#2		Tr	0.27	-	Tr	Tr	-	-	-

These compare. perhaps significantly, with the material collected by R.S.Westbury on 10th July 1976.

Location.	Gold	Silver	Copper.	Locations: See figs 3 a & 3 b.
Main Fractured Zone.....	Tr	Tr	0.03%	Composite sample, Sample No 4.
W.Side Rd 200ft south of Main Corner.....	Tr	Tr	0.02%	Sample No 3.
West bank Kleansa za Creek, 80ft E of Cancel Bridge.	Tr	Tr	0.01%	Sample No 5.

A geochemical assay was arranged on material from close to the exposure show in fig 5 b. (Sample No 1, see fig 3 a & 3 b.)

Values are PPM.

Copper	70	Lead	46	Zinc	53
Cobalt	19	Silver	1	Tungsten Oxide	8

Interpretation: the copper values may be significant...those for lead and Zinc might be - without a concerted series of samples it is hard to comment..... the remaining values are probably typical of the entire region.

FORM NO. 288

TO:

Mr. John Isima

1224 - 5th Avenue East

Prince Rupert, B.C.

Certificate of Assay

WARNOCK HERSEY INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

COAST ELDRIDGE PROFESSIONAL SERVICES DIVISION

125 EAST 4TH AVE. VANCOUVER, B.C. V5T 1G4 CANADA

PHONE: (604) 876-4111
TELEX: 04-54360
ANSWER BACK: WHIVAN

FILE NO. 461 - 19926

DATE November 21, 1974

We Hereby Certify *that the following are the results of assays made by us upon submitted* ORE *samples*

MARKED	GOLD		SILVER	Copper (Cu)	Manganese (Mn)	Chromium (Cr)	Nickel (Ni)	Titanium (Ti)	
	OUNCES PER TON	VALUE PER TON	OUNCES PER TON	PER CENT.	PER CENT.	PER CENT.	PER CENT.	PER CENT.	PER CENT.
		$							
No. 2 S.W. 100 F	Trace		Trace	0.02	0.07	0.01	0.01	0.8	

Note. Rejects retained one week.
Pulps retained one month.
Pulps and rejects may be stored for a maximum of one year by special arrangement.

Unless it is specifically stated otherwise, gold and silver values reported on these sheets have not been adjusted to compensate for losses and gain inherent in the fire assay process.

Gold calculated at $ ..... *per ounce*

..... *Provincial Assayer*

Can Test Ltd.

1650 PANDORA STREET, VANCOUVER, B.C. V5L 1L6 • TELEPHONE 254-7278
Telex 04-507737

Loring Laboratories Ltd.
629 Beaverdam Road, N. E.
Calgary, Alberta

SEMI QUANTITATIVE SPECTROGRAPHIC ANALYSES CERTIFICATE

File No. 1185 B

Date Sept. 12/75

P. O. # 1275

We hereby Certify that the following are the results of semi quantitative spectrographic analyses made on ... samples submitted.

		1	2	3	4	5
Aluminum	Al	5.				
Antimony	Sb	ND				
Arsenic	As	ND				
Barium	Ba	0.08				
Beryllium	Be	Trace				
Bismuth	Bi	ND				
Boron	B	ND				
Cadmium	Cd	ND				
Calcium	Ca	0.5				
Chromium	Cr	0.01				
Cobalt	Co	0.003				
Copper	Cu	0.01				
Gallium	Ga	ND				
Gold	Au	Trace				
Iron	Fe	Major				
Lead	Pb	0.004				
Magnesium	Mg	2.				
Manganese	Mn	0.1				
Molybdenum	Mo	Trace				
Niobium	Nb	ND				
Nickel	Ni	0.01				
Potassium	K	Trace				
Silicon	Si	Matrix				
Silver	Ag	Trace				
Sodium	Na	0.2				
Strontium	Sr	0.01				
Tantalum	Ta	ND				
Thorium	Th	ND				
Tin	Sn	ND				
Titanium	Ti	0.7				
Tungsten	W	ND				
Uranium	U	ND				
Vanadium	V	0.07				
Zinc	Zn	ND				

Sample Identification

Sample 1: # 10025

Sample 2:

Sample 3:

Sample 4:

Sample 5:

Percentages of the various elements expressed in these analyses may be considered accurate to within plus or minus 35 to 50% of the amount present.

Semi-quantitative spectrographic analytical results for gold and silver are normally not of a sufficient degree of precision to enable calculation of the true value of ores. Therefore, should exact values be required, it is recommended that these elements be assayed by the conventional Fire Assay Method. Quantitative and Fire Assays may be carried out on the retained pulp samples.

Silicon, aluminum, magnesium, calcium and iron are normal components of complex silicates.

MATRIX – Major constituent
MAJOR – Above normal spectrographic range
TRACE – Detected but minor amounts
N.D. – Not detected
* – Suggest assay (above 0.3%

All results expressed as Percent

Note: Pulps retained one week.

CAN TEST LTD.

Fig 2: Local orientation map, an excerpt from NTS map 103-I

TERRACE
BRITISH COLUMBIA

Transverse Mercator Projection
North American Datum 1927
Contour Interval 500 feet
Elevations in feet above Mean Sea Level

The approx limits of Fig 3....

ANNETTE
103 I/9W
103I-175

MAPS, ASSAYS 1976

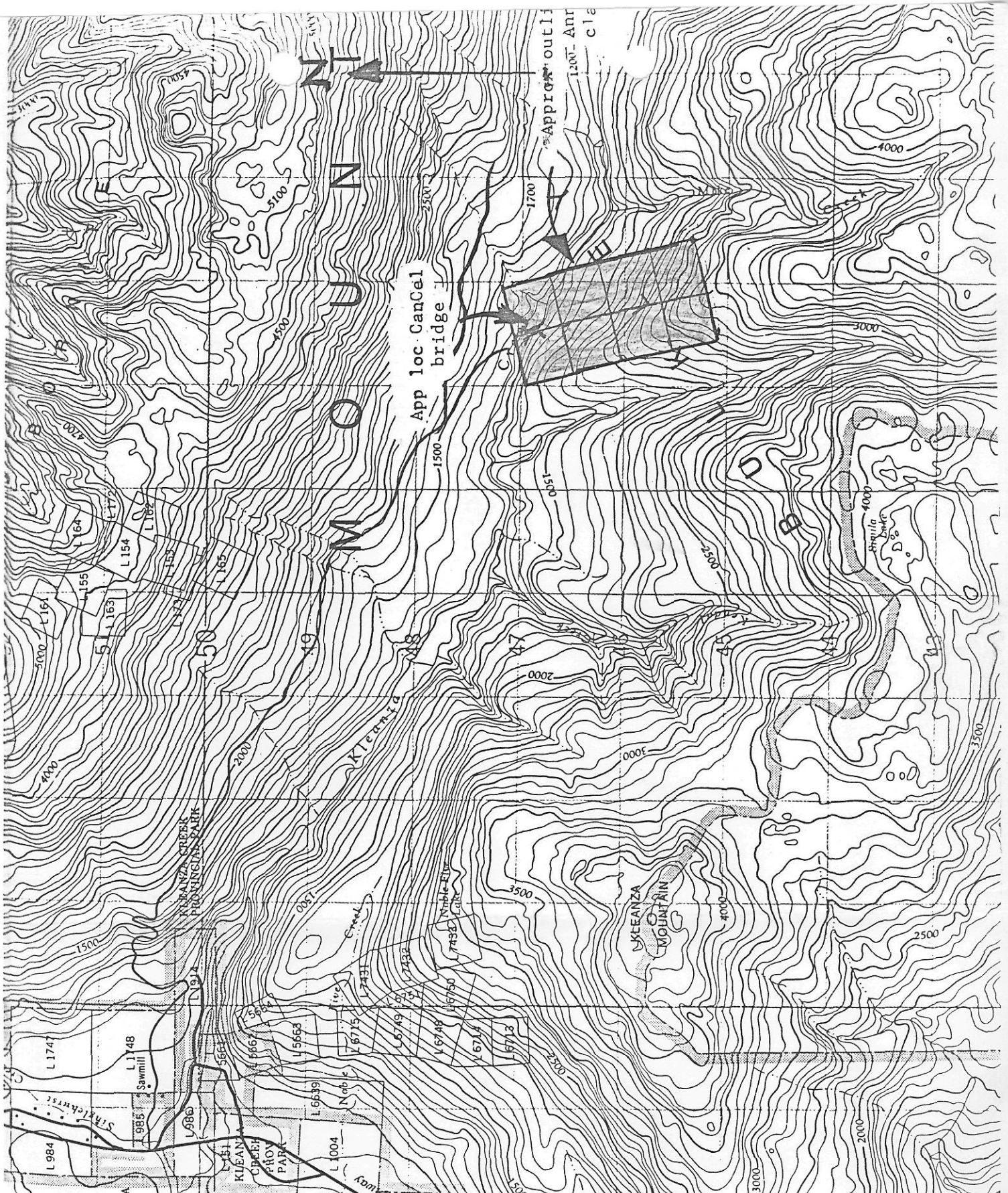

Fig 3: Location Map.

An excerpt from NTS 103-I, 9.

This Provisional Map is equivalent to a standard map in accuracy of content.

Some names on this map are not yet official. Corrections or additions are invited by the Surveys and Mapping Branch.

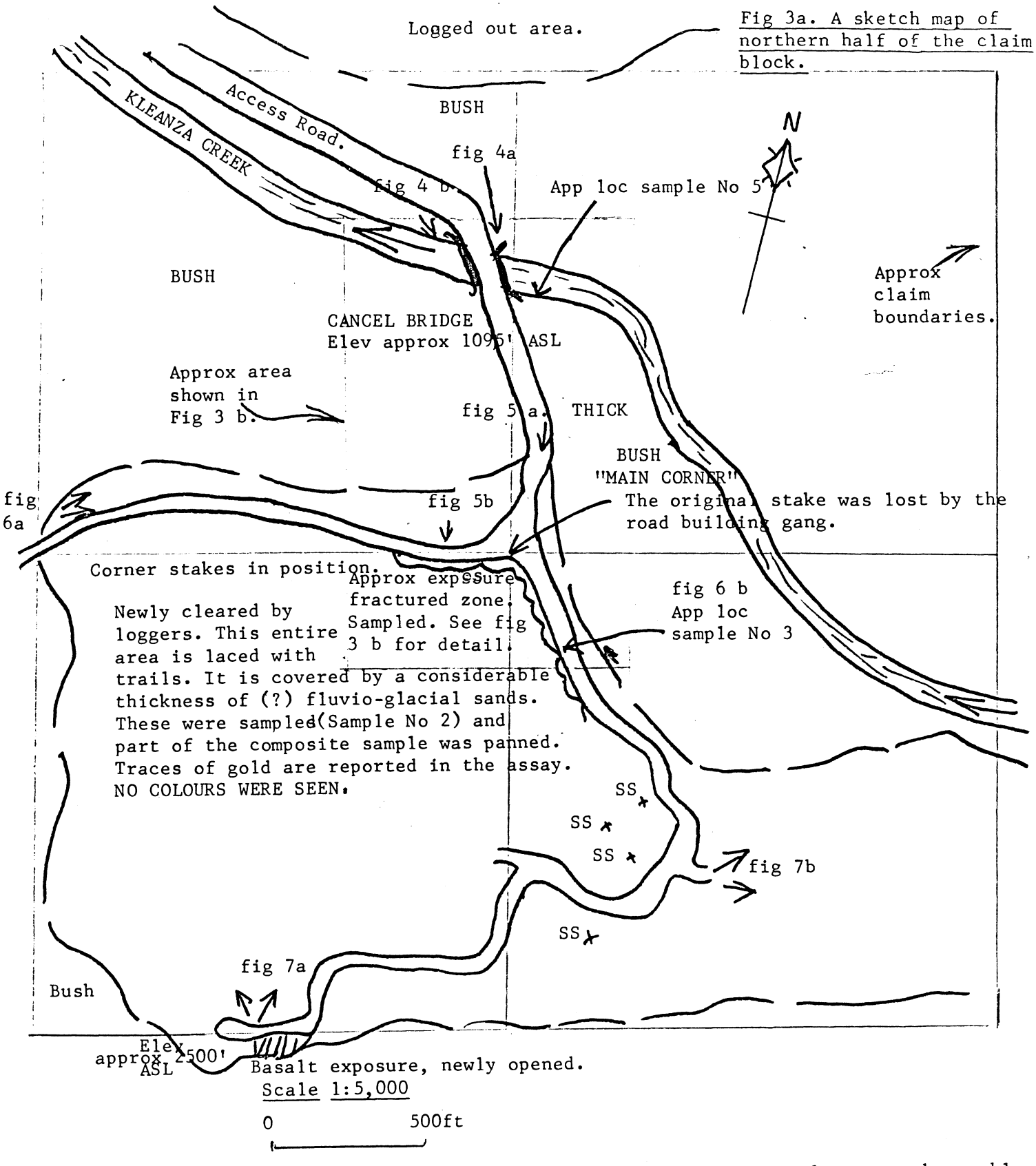

Fig 3a. A sketch map of northern half of the claim block.

SS: points from which sand was collected for analysis. The four samples were thoroughly blended and a cut sent for assay(result "Gold, Trace") another cut was panned with no trace of gold being seen.

fig 7 b. Approx point from which the various photos in App I were taken...and arc shown therein.

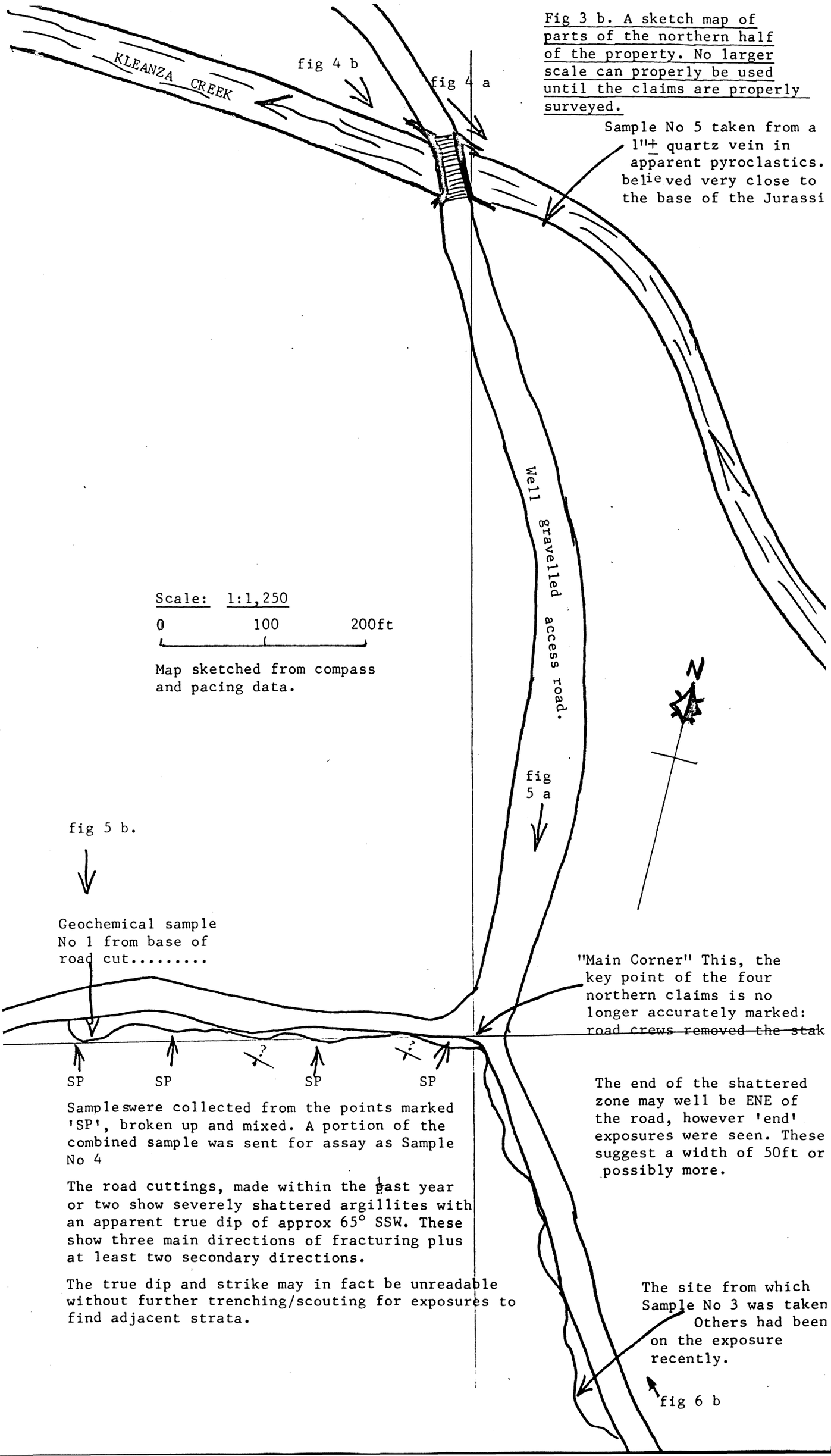

Fig 3 b. A sketch map of parts of the northern half of the property. No larger scale can properly be used until the claims are properly surveyed.

Sample No 5 taken from a 1"± quartz vein in apparent pyroclastics. believed very close to the base of the Jurassi

Scale: 1:1,250

0 100 200ft

Map sketched from compass and pacing data.

"Main Corner" This, the key point of the four northern claims is no longer accurately marked: road crews removed the stak

Samples were collected from the points marked 'SP', broken up and mixed. A portion of the combined sample was sent for assay as Sample No 4

The road cuttings, made within the past year or two show severely shattered argillites with an apparent true dip of approx 65° SSW. These show three main directions of fracturing plus at least two secondary directions.

The true dip and strike may in fact be unreadable without further trenching/scouting for exposures to find adjacent strata.

The end of the shattered zone may well be ENE of the road, however 'end' exposures were seen. These suggest a width of 50ft or possibly more.

The site from which Sample No 3 was taken Others had been on the exposure recently.

fig 6 b