Dr. James T. Fyles,

DEPUTY MINISTER

November 16th

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A HISTORICAL SKETCH OF BETHLEHEM COPPER

CORPORATION LTD.

The area of what is now the Bethlehem Copper Mine (Figure 1) Work then and into the early 1900's concentrated was first staked in 1899. on the small high grade veins of the Snowstorm zone. The work finally led to shipments of just over 100 tons of high grade ore during 1915 and 1916. The first diamond drilling recorded took place in 1917. This was followed by further drilling on the Snowstorm zone and underground exploration of the Iona zone by the B. C. Department of Mines in 1919. The underground workings cut 280 feet of 0.64% copper but these grades were uneconomic at that time. Five more holes were drilled by Ventures Ltd. in 1942, then the prospect was idle until 1954 when 100 claims covering the Snowstorm-Iona- Jersey zones were staked by the Huestis-Reynolds-McLellan syndicate. Bethlehem Copper was incorporated and the claims were transferred to the That same year, trenching and bulk sampling by Bethlehem indicated substantial areas of low grade copper mineralization. As a result, Asarco became interested and optioned the property.

In the three years Asarco held the property they discovered and outlined the East Jersey and Jersey orebodies. To do this they conducted 68,000 feet of drilling at a cost of \$1.25 million. Apparently Asarco feasibility reports were unfavourable for they dropped their option in 1958.

Almost immediately Bethlehem undertook a programme of underground sampling and diamond drilling and surface percussion drilling to test the grade and continuity of the new deposits. From the data acquired, Wright Engineers and J.A.C. Ross, P. Eng. wrote a feasibility report on the property in 1961. The Sumitomo Companies of Japan subsequently agreed to lend Bethlehem \$5 million U.S. to bring the property into production. Sumitomo also agreed to buy concentrate from the mine for ten years.

The road from Ashcroft to Highland Valley was improved and paved by the Provincial Government in 1961.

Production from the Bethlehem Mine began from the East Jersey deposit on November 11th 1962 at 3300 tons per day. Gradually, production rate

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has been increased so it is now about 16,000 tons per day (Figure 2). In the pre-production stage, savings in capital outlay were made by using Ashcroft as a base and having contractors mine the orebodies. Production was entirely from the East Jersey deposit until February of 1965 when a major slide occurred in the pit. Production from February 1965 until 1971 was entirely from the Jersey deposit.

During 1968, Bethlehem phased out the mining contractors and began mining with diesel shovels, large front end loaders and 50 ton ore trucks. By 1969, 350 men were employed and the company owned 100 apartments and townhouses in Ashcroft to house their personnel.

The Huestis deposit was prepared for production and started up in 1971. At the present time, mine output of 16,000 tons per day is mainly from the Huestis pit but the Iona zone is being readied for production. Figure 3 presents a summary of the company's operations.

Exploration programmes have been conducted both on and off the property since 1967. At that time, the Iona zone was drill-outlined and some drilling was done on the White zone. In 1968, further work enabled are reserves to be calculated for the Iona zone (10 million tons of .5% copper) and the Huestis deposit (25 million tons of .55% copper) was outlined. The Valley Copper deposit was discovered in 1970 and Bethlehem drilled the portion of the orebody which extends onto Bethlehem's ground (the Lake zone). The Lake zone contains 200 million tons of 0.5% copper. deposit *, ten miles north of Cache Creek, was discovered and extensively drilled during 1970/1971. It contains at least 100 million tons of .5% An induced potential anomaly in Highland Valley was drilled in the By the time drilling was completed a year later, it had summer of 1971. outlined the JA deposit * with 600 million tons of 0,45% copper. be no doubting that Bethlehem's exploration success record has been remarkably goods

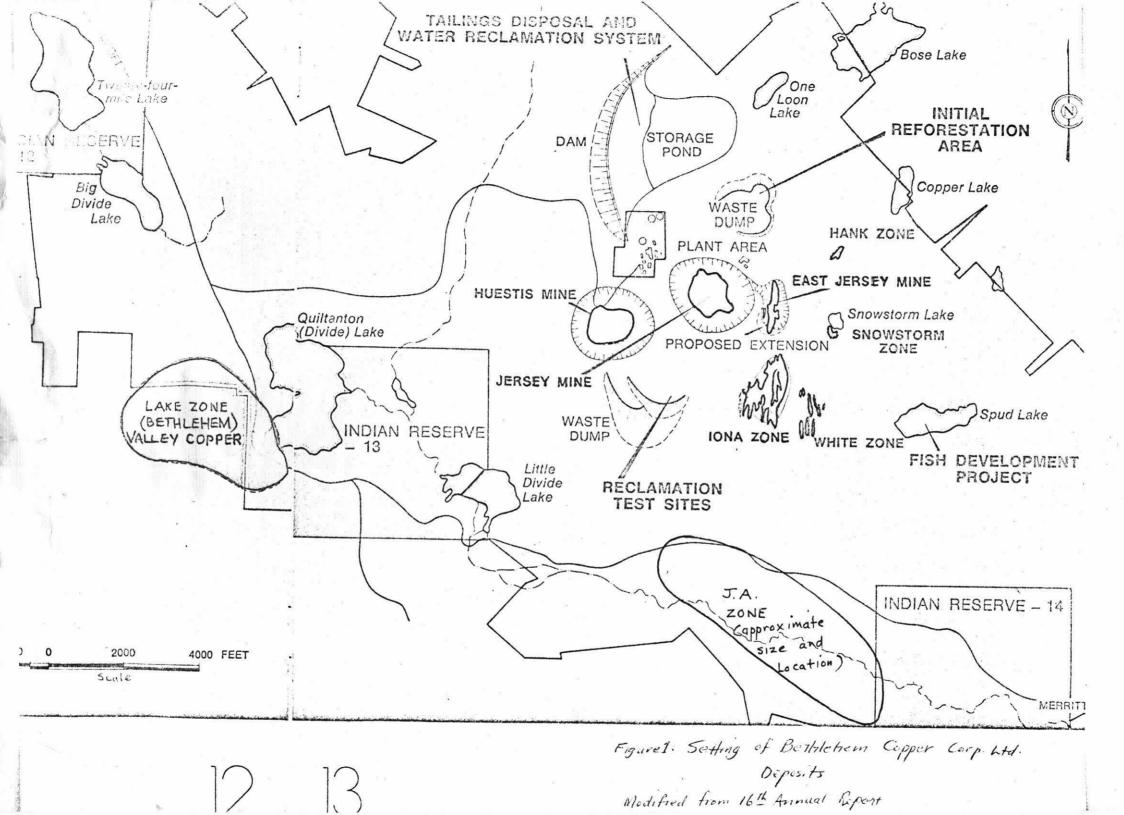
> W. J. McMILLAN Geologist

WJMcM:bg

Att: Figures 1,2,3

These deposits have relatively thick overburden cover which will make their mining more expensive, at least in the early stages, than Bethlehem's presently mined deposits.

c.c. Dr. Stuart S. Holland



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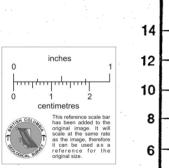
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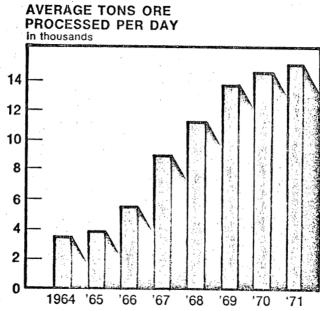


Figure 2: Production Figures
from 16 # Annual Report

SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS

YEARS ENDED

	February 29, 1964	February 28, 1965	February 28, 1966	February 28, 1967	February 29, 1968	February 28, 1969	February 28, 1970	February 28 1971
Net operating income	\$ 3,311,144	\$ 3,571,857	\$ 3,114,797	\$ 6,933,628	\$10,408,226	\$13,981,796	\$19,364,245	\$12,853,752
Investment income	7,755	8,441	11,342	163,315	256,657	408,533	941,795	2,989,441
	3,318,899	3,580,298	3 ,126,139	7,096,943	10,664,883	14,390,329	20,306,040	15,843,193
Depreciation	237,115	312,773	317,568	483,204	841,605	1,094,468	1,202,409	1,354,326
Exploration			_	134,222	390,760	545,569	1,410,068	949,56 ⁻
Interest on funded debt	259,220	135,226	30,851	240,273	229,777	20,967		_
Bond discount and premium		· 	9,167	22,000	31,080	336,744	_	
Taxes on income, including deferred	_			* 820,569	• 3,393,793	• 5,011,576	• 7,416,221	6,104,374
	496,335	447,999	357,586	1,700,268	4,887,015	7,009,324	10,028,698	8,408,26
Net income	\$ 2,822,564	\$ 3,132,299	\$ 2, 768,553	\$ 5,396,675	\$ 5,777,868	\$ 7,381,005	\$10,277,342	\$ 7,434,932
Shares issued	4,270,500	5,201,000	5,211,500	5,222,000	5,261,250	5,346,343	6,360,293	6,367,79
Income per share	66¢	60¢	53¢	* \$1.03	* \$1.10	* \$1.38	* \$1.62	\$1.17
Dry tons milled	1,265,988	1,444,696	2,007,883	3,279,073	4,136,167	5,080,664	5,337,961	5,461,53
Average tons per calendar day	3, 459	3,958	5,501	8,984	11,301	13,920	14,625	14,96
Average heads - %	1.06	.89	.69	.60	.58	.58	.52	.5
Pounds of copper produced	2 5,023,892	23,730,516	23,118,998	32,255,986	40,143,527	50,499,680	48,609,230	49,134,55
Average price per lb. of copper – U.S. cents	28.45	31.81	37.06	48.82	49.15	49.15	64.41	58.3

^{*} Revised to reflect the recovery of prior years' taxes

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