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GEOLOGICAL REPORT

ON THE

RUM CLAIMS

OF

RUSKIN DEVELOPMENT LTD (N.P.L.)

SIMILKAMEEN M.D., B.C. 49° 120° N.W.

May 7, 1975
Vancouver, B.C.

L. Seckochoff, P.Eng.,
Consulting Geologist

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MAPS

SCALE

LOCATION MAP

1" = 136 miles

CLAIM MAP

1" = 1,500 feet

COMPOSITE MAP

1" = 500 feet

SUMMARY

The Rum Group of claims of Ruskin Developments Ltd (N.P.L.) is comprised of 38 contiguous mineral claims located 22 miles north of Princeton within the Similkameen Mining Division.

Elevations on the property range from 3,500 to 5,200 feet above sea level.

Sufficient water is available for all phases of exploration and development.

A power line is located within two miles of the property.

The claim group is underlain by the Nicola group of rocks and through which passes the Missezula Mountain Fault. Extensive fracturing, alteration and occasional copper mineralization are associated with the faulting.

A 10,000 by 2,000 foot sill-like body of hornblende-augite microdiorite in the center of the property is cut off to the east by the Missezula Mountain fault.

A variety of Nicola rocks encompass the intrusive.

Since the original staking of the property in 1962, various companies have performed exploration work on the Rum claims.

Four I.P. anomalies, adjacent to the Missezula Mountain fault and generally within the hornblende-augite microdiorite have been outlined.

Assays from trenches within these anomalies returned from .07% Cu over 25 feet to .41% Cu over 80 feet and .16% over 600 feet.

Of five diamond drill holes and ten percussion holes drilled on three of the four anomalies, the most significant assays were from holes D.H. A3 and D.H. K4. These two holes, 200 feet apart were drilled to test the mineralization below Trench No.1 within Anomaly C which assayed .20% over 170 feet.

D.H. A3 assayed .26% Cu over 60 feet. D.H. K4 assayed .23% Cu over 273 feet.

Two trenches excavated on Anomaly D (5,000' x 500') indicate that the high chargeability readings were possibly caused by the presence of graphitic sediments. The anomaly was not tested by diamond drilling.

CONCLUSIONS

The Rum group of claims cover an area containing favorable geologic conditions for the location of significant tonnages of economic copper mineralization.

The location of I.P. anomalies adjacent to the Missezula Fault and generally covering areas of the hornblende-augite microdiorite intrusion enhances this prospect.

Assays of samples taken from trenches within the anomalous zones reveal encouraging copper values - the more significant located within anomalies B and C.

Diamond drilling has indicated comparable copper values at depth.

Significant chalcopyrite mineralization appears to be in association with strong epidote alteration as indicated in D.H. K4.

RECOMMENDATIONS

It is recommended that a geochemical survey be carried out over the area of Anomalies C and D to provide correlative information and to further delineate the indicated mineralized zone.

It is also recommended that Ruskin Developments Ltd allocate the sum of \$7,500.00 to initiate and execute the recommended exploration and development programme.

Respectfully submitted,
PROFESSIONAL
PROVINCE
OF
LAURENCE SOOKOCHOFF
BRITISH
Laurence Sookochoff, P.Eng.,
Consulting Geologist
ENGINEER

Vancouver, B.C.

May 7, 1975

INTRODUCTION

Information for the following report was obtained from pertinent government publications and from previous reports on the property dated from November 1971 to February 1973 as listed under References.

The writer was on the property on May 23, 1974 and located two claim posts of the Rum claims which form a part of the property.

PROPERTY

The property is comprised of 38 contiguous located mineral claims. They are as follows:

<u>CLAIM</u>	<u>RECORD NUMBER</u>	<u>EXPIRY DATE</u>
RUM 299-316 incl.	27188-27205 incl.	March 25/77
RUM 319	27208	March 25/77
RUM 321-325 incl.	27210-27214 incl.	March 25/77
RUM 459	29108	October 26/77
RUM 461-468 incl.	29110-29117 incl.	October 26/77
RUM 469	29177	October 30/77
RUM 470	29625	November 18/77
RUM 471-472 incl.	31883-31884 incl.	March 24/77
RUM 473	38343	October 24/77

LOCATION AND ACCESS

The property is situated on a ridge south-west of Summers Creek and five miles east of the Princeton-Merritt No. 5 highway.

A branch road leads to the property some 22 miles north of Princeton.

An alternate branch road reaches the property nine miles from the highway.

TOPOGRAPHY AND TIMBER

Maximum relief on the property is 1,700 feet with elevations ranging from 3,500 feet to 5,200 feet above sea level.

The property is well covered with small to moderate-sized conifers. Swampy areas are also found throughout the area.

WATER AND POWER

Sufficient water is available for all phases of the exploration and development programme.

A power line is located within two miles west of the property.

HISTORY

The property was originally staked by Plateau Metals Ltd in 1962 when 40 KR claims were located covering mineralization discovered in this area.

Upon completion of some bulldozer trenching, a magnetometer survey and limited diamond drilling, the property was optioned by Adera Mining Ltd in 1966. The option was terminated in 1967 after soil sampling, a magnetometer survey and diamond

drilling were carried out.

The KR claims were allowed to lapse and Amax restaked the property in 1970. Geological mapping, a geochemical survey, a magnetometer and an induced polarization survey were undertaken.

Logs of nine percussion drill holes were included in the Amax reports.

Kalco Valley Mines Ltd performed limited exploration work on the property in November and December 1972. The work included mapping and sampling of eight of the ten trenches that were excavated at this time. The option was subsequently terminated.

In 1974 Ruskin Developments acquired the property.

REGIONAL GEOLOGY

The property is situated within a belt of Upper Triassic Nicola volcanic rocks comprised of flows, pyroclastics, volcanic sediments and minor limestone.

The Princeton-Aspen Grove copper belt in the area of the property narrows to approximately four miles wide and is banded by the Jurassic Okanagan batholith to the west and the Mt. Pike batholith to the east.

Regional significant north-south structural breaks such as the Summers Creek fault and the Missezula Mountain fault are revealed by the highly fractured, extensively altered and usually pyritic Nicola rocks of the immediate area.

Chalcopyrite, bornite and chalcocite are occasionally associated with these faults.

The axis of a regional syncline passes NNE through the claims.

PROPERTY GEOLOGY

The geology of the property as shown on the accompanying map was mapped by personnel of Amax Exploration Inc in 1971.

A 10,000 by 2,000 foot sill-like body of hornblende-augite microdiorite probably related to flow rocks it has intruded occupies the middle of the property. The stock is truncated on its east side by the Missezula Mountain fault and is encompassed by a variety of steeply dipping sedimentary and

pyroclastic rocks east of the fault and volcanic rocks to the west.

Adjacent to the prominent north-south trending faults, rocks are highly fractured and are usually pyritic with traces of chalcopyrite, bornite and chalcocite.

Less prominent fault directions are easterly, southeasterly and northeasterly.

PREVIOUS WORK

GEOCHEMICAL SURVEY

A geochemical survey carried out by Adera Mining Ltd in 1966 and covering eight claims delineated two anomalous zones which contain occasional outcrops of low grade disseminated chalcopyrite.

An elongate anomaly 2,000 feet by 200 to 400 feet wide occurs in the southern area and a 500 foot by 300 foot wide anomaly in the northern area. Both the anomalies are along the baseline and correlate with I.P. anomalies B and C.

An expanded 1971 geochemical survey by Amax Exploration found the anomalous values in Cu to be widely distributed over the area not appearing to be associated with any marked

concentration of Cu in the underlying bedrock.

The surveys did not cover the area north of L 45 + 00 S and south of L 85 + 00 S and between L 18 + 00 W and L 48 + 00 W. This includes the area covering the potential mineral-bearing Missezula Fault zone and the extensions of the known geochemical anomalies.

MAGNETOMETER SURVEY

The results of the magnetometer survey performed by Adera Mining Ltd in 1966 were interpreted as there being no indication of an association of copper with the magnetite. Therefore areas of low magnetic susceptibility would be considered anomalous.

The eastern broad northerly elongate area could either reflect deeper overburden or strong fault or fold structures and an area containing possible mineralization.

The 1971 survey located general magnetic lithological boundaries and an east-west magnetic trend suggesting late faulting.

INDUCED POLARIZATION SURVEY

The 1971 survey revealed four chargeability anomalies as shown on the accompanying map.

Anomalies A, B, and C were interpreted to indicate a 1-2% by volume sulphide distribution.

The results over Anomaly D indicated a 3-6% volume sulphide content.

Two trenches within Anomaly D showed that the anomaly was caused by the presence of graphitic sediments.

TRENCHING

Seven trenches were excavated during the 1966 programme. There is no information on the results of this programme.

Ten trenches were excavated by Kalco Valley Mines Ltd in 1972 for the purpose of exploring the four I.P. anomalies outlined by Amax Exploration Inc in 1971. Eight of the ten trenches were mapped and sampled with the following assay results:

TRENCH	LENGTH (feet)	LOCATION	AVERAGE ASSAY		WIDTH (feet)
			% Cu	Oz Ag/ton	
1	310	Anomaly C	.20	-	170
1A	40	Anomaly C	.41	.11	80
2	550	Anomaly D	<.013	-	
3	425	Anomaly D	<.014	-	
4	700	Anomaly C	.23		100
		and	.28	.29	80
5	350	Anomaly C	.07	-	25
6	600	Anomaly C	.05	-	
7	1,100	Adjacent to Anomaly B	.14	-	250
		and	.29	-	175
		or	.16		600
8W	750	Anomaly B	.10		450
9	250	Anomaly A	Not sampled		
10	250	Anomaly A	Not sampled		

DIAMOND DRILLING

During 1966 five AX drill holes for 1,173 feet were completed.

<u>HOLE NO.</u>	<u>LOCATION</u>	<u>DEPTH (feet)</u>	<u>ASSAYS</u>
P1	84+40S 25+60W	100	No assays-50% recovery
P1A	84+10S 33+10W	140	No assays-40% recovery
P2	69+50S 31+80W	276	No assays-79% recovery
A3	42+80S 28+50W	305	140 - 200 - .27% Cu
A4	81+20S 27+15W	352	240 - 270 - .10% Cu

The following results on percussion drill holes were reported by Amax Exploration in 1971.

<u>HOLE NO.</u>	<u>LOCATION</u>	<u>LENGTH (feet)</u>	<u>% Cu</u>	<u>ASSAY Interval</u>
PR 1	30+40S 25+40W	270	<.03	0 - 270
PR 2	35+40S 26+50W	200	.11	50 - 200
PR 3	40+80S 28+20W	300	.09	170 - 250
PR 4	116+00S 22+20W	100	<.02	0 - 100
PR 5	125+00S 26+00W	280	<.07	0 - 280
PR 6	105+50S 30+00W	140	<.01	0 - 140
PR 7	99+80S 29+30W	130	<.03	0 - 130
PR 9	76+00S 35+30W	90	<.05	0 - 90
PR 10	76+50S 30+70W	270	.09	30 - 120

A 1972 drill programme by Kalco Valley Mines Ltd for the purpose of exploring the depth possibilities of the surface mineralization, provided the following information:

<u>HOLE NO.</u>	<u>LOCATION</u>	<u>LENGTH (feet)</u>	<u>ASSAY % Cu</u>	<u>INTERVAL (feet)</u>
D.H. K-1	79+50S 26+35W	561	.23	250 - 260
			.19	290 - 300
			.09	550 - 560
D.H. K-2	80+00S 33+50W	592	.09	22 - 180
			.20	490 - 500
D.H. K-3	83+60S 26+85W	462	.60	135 - 136
			1.41	159.5 - 162
			.20	444 - 445
D.H. K-4	42+70S 28+80W	445	.27	170 - 370
			or .23	97 - 370

RECOMMENDED EXPLORATION AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME

The exploration programme should be designed to further delineate the significant zones of mineralization in the area of I.P. anomalies C and D.

A geochemical programme should be carried out on the extensions of the previous survey. This would also cover geologically favourable ground along the Missezula Mountain fault zone.

ESTIMATED COST OF THE RECOMMENDED EXPLORATION AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME

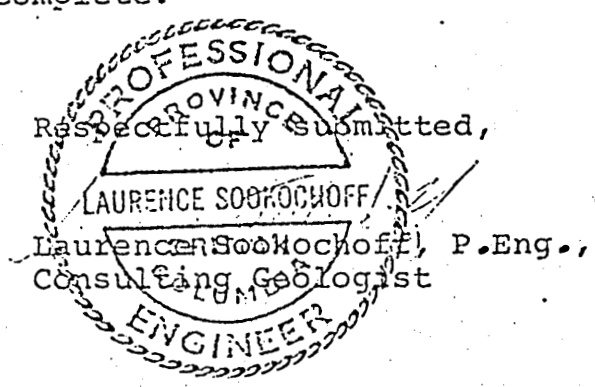
Geochemical Survey, 1000 samples @ \$4.00/per sample	\$ 4,000.00
Assaying	1,000.00
Engineering and Supervision	1,000.00
Field Expenses	800.00
Contingencies	700.00
	<hr/>
	\$ 7,500.00
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The recommended exploration and development programme is expected to take two weeks to complete.

Respectfully submitted,

LAURENCE SOOKHOFF

Laurence Sookhoff, P.Eng.,
Consulting Geologist



Vancouver, B.C.

May 7, 1975

REFERENCES

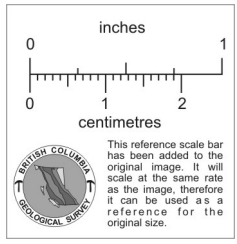
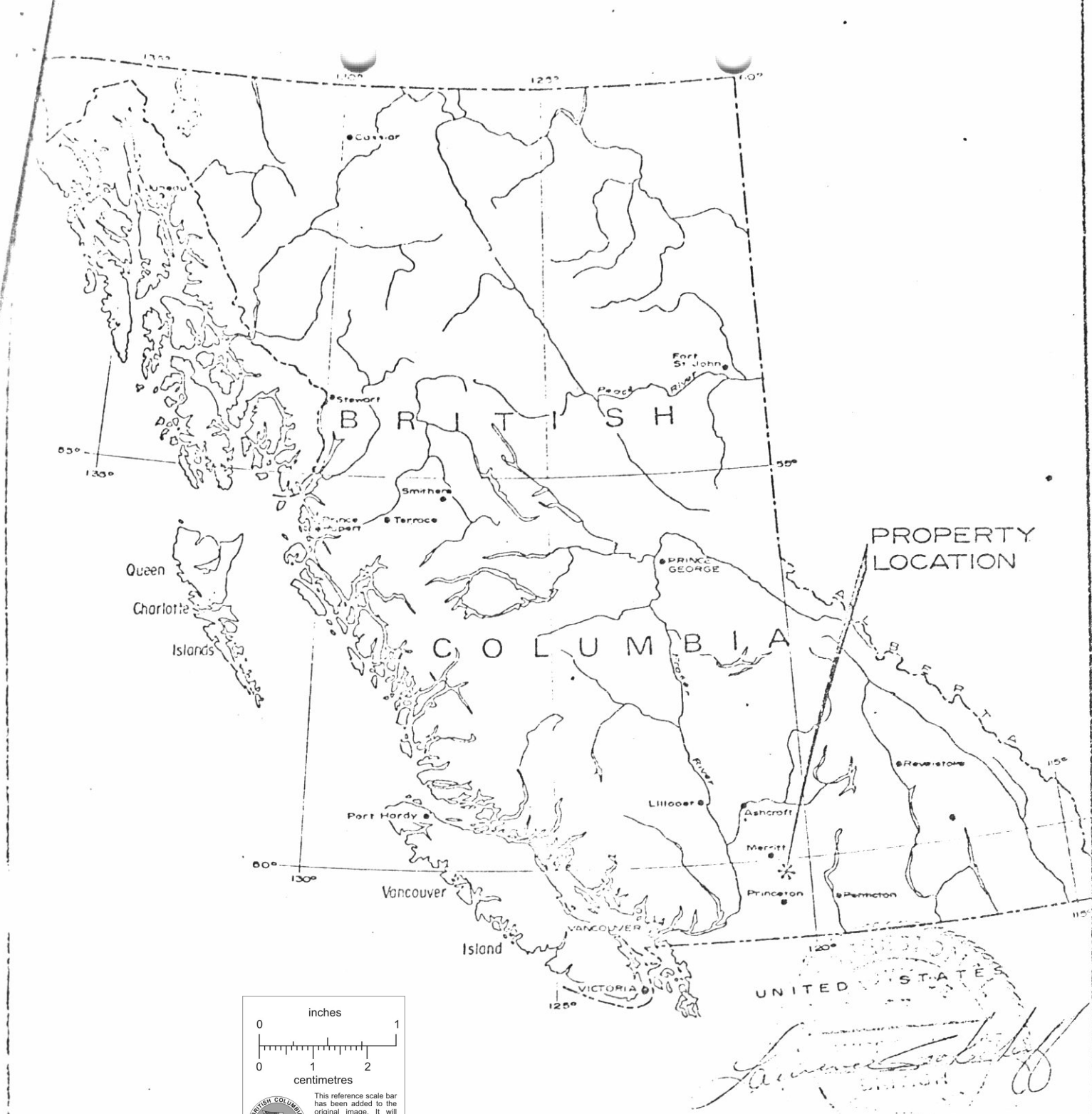
Adera Mining Ltd - Geophysical and Geochemical Report on
KR Group, Missezula Lake Area, Similkameen M.D.,
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Lake, Similkameen M.D., December 1972.

Phendler, R.W. - Report on the 1973 Diamond Drilling Program,
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1973.

Sargent, H. - Report on the Rum Claims of Kalco Valley Mines
Ltd, December 1972.



T.R. TOUGH & ASSOCIATES LTD.

RUSKIN DEVELOPMENTS LTD.
(N.P.L.)
RUM GROUP
LOCATION MAP
SIMILKAMEEN MD, BC.

SCALE

12 13 14
MILES MILES

FEB 27 1974

ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATE

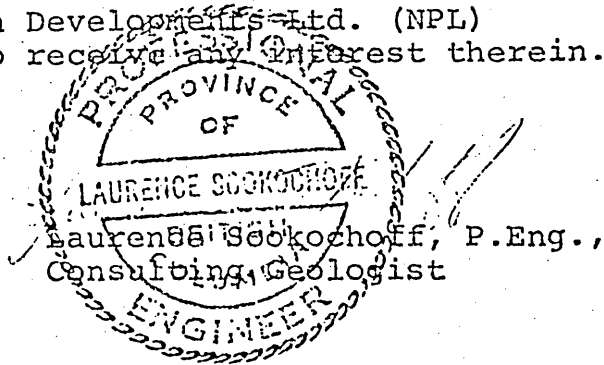
I, LAURENCE SOOKOCHOFF, of the City of Vancouver,
in the Province of British Columbia, do hereby certify:

That I am a Consulting Geologist and reside at 3812
West 16th Avenue, in the City of Vancouver, British Columbia.

I further certify that:

1. I am a graduate of the University of British Columbia (1966) and hold a B.Sc. degree in Geology.
2. I have been practising my profession for the past nine years.
3. I am registered with the Association of Professional Engineers of British Columbia.
4. I carried out a property examination of the Rum Group of Ruskin Developments Ltd (NPL) on May 23, 1974 and have studied available reports on the property.
5. I have no direct or indirect interest whatsoever in the property described herein, nor in the securities of Ruskin Developments Ltd. (NPL) and do not expect to receive any interest therein.

May 7, 1975
Vancouver, B.C.



92H/10E

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GEOLOGICAL REPORT

ON THE

RUM CLAIMS

OF

RUSKIN DEVELOPMENT LTD (N.P.L.)

SIMILKAMEEN M.D., B.C. 49° 120° N.W.

February 25, 1974
Vancouver, B.C.

L. Sookochoff, P.Eng.;
Consulting Geologist

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MAPS

SCALE

LOCATION MAP	1" = 136 miles
CLAIM MAP	1" = 1,500 feet
COMPOSITE MAP	1" = 500 feet

SUMMARY

The Rum Group of claims of Ruskin Developments Ltd (N.P.L.) is comprised of 38 contiguous mineral claims located 22 miles north of Princeton within the Similkameen Mining Division.

Elevations on the property range from 3,500 to 5,200 feet above sea level.

Sufficient water is available for all phases of exploration and development.

A power line is located within two miles of the property.

The claim group is underlain by the Nicola group of rocks and through which passes the Missezula Mountain Fault. Extensive fracturing, alteration and occasional copper mineralization are associated with the faulting.

A 10,000 by 2,000 foot sill-like body of hornblende-augite microdiorite in the center of the property is cut off to the east by the Missezula Mountain fault.

A variety of Nicola rocks encompass the intrusive.

Since the original staking of the property in 1962, various companies have performed exploration work on the Rum claims.

Four I.P. anomalies, adjacent to the Missezula Mountain fault and generally within the hornblende-augite microdiorite have been outlined.

Assays from trenches within these anomalies returned from .07% Cu over 25 feet to .41% Cu over 80 feet and .16% over 600 feet.

Of five diamond drill holes and ten percussion holes drilled on three of the four anomalies, the most significant assays were from holes D.H. A3 and D.H. K4. These two holes, 200 feet apart were drilled to test the mineralization below Trench No.1 within Anomaly C which assayed .20% over 170 feet.

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Two trenches excavated on Anomaly D (5,000' x 500') indicate that the high chargeability readings were possibly caused by the presence of graphitic sediments. The anomaly was not tested by diamond drilling.

CONCLUSIONS

The Rum group of claims cover an area containing favorable geologic conditions for the location of significant tonnages of economic copper mineralization.

The location of I.P. anomalies adjacent to the Missezula Fault and generally covering areas of the hornblende-augite microdiorite intrusion enhances this prospect.

Assays of samples taken from trenches within the anomalous zones reveal encouraging copper values - the more significant located within anomalies B and C.

Diamond drilling has indicated comparable copper values at depth.

Significant chalcopyrite mineralization appears to be in association with strong epidote alteration as indicated in D.H. K4.

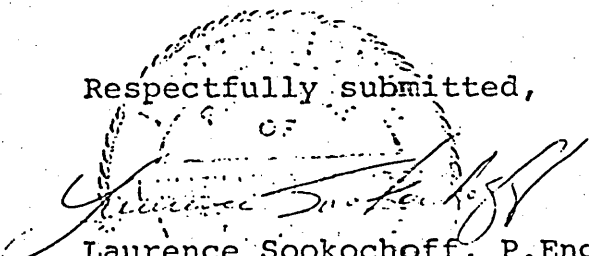
RECOMMENDATIONS

It is recommended that a percussion drill programme be initiated to test and delineate the mineralized zones located within Anomalies B and C. The drill holes should initially be spaced at relatively close intervals to establish the trend or the control of the zone.

A concurrent geochemical survey should be carried out over areas which were previously not covered.

It is also recommended that Ruskin Development Ltd (N.P.L.) allocate the sum of \$60,000 to initiate and execute the recommended exploration and development programme.

Respectfully submitted,



Laurence Sookochoff, P.Eng.,
Consulting Geologist

Vancouver, B.C.
February 25, 1974

INTRODUCTION

Information for the following report was obtained from pertinent government publications and from previous reports on the property dated from November 1971 to February 1973 as listed under References.

Due to the snow cover on the property at this time a property examination of the property was not done, however the writer is familiar with the geology of the area from work done in the immediate vicinity.

PROPERTY

The property is comprised of 38 contiguous located mineral claims. They are as follows:

<u>CLAIM</u>	<u>RECORD NUMBER</u>	<u>EXPIRY DATE</u>
RUM 299-316 incl.	27188-27205 incl.	March 25/77
RUM 319	27208	March 25/77
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WATER AND POWER

Sufficient water is available for all phases of the exploration and development programme.

A power line is located within two miles west of the property.

HISTORY

The property was originally staked by Plateau Metals Ltd in 1962 when 40 KR claims were located covering mineralization discovered in this area.

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The axis of a regional syncline passes NNE through the claims.

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Adjacent to the prominent north-south trending faults, rocks are highly fractured and are usually pyritic with traces of chalcopyrite, bornite and chalcocite.

Less prominent fault directions are easterly, southeasterly and northeasterly.

PREVIOUS WORK

GEOCHEMICAL SURVEY

A geochemical survey carried out by Adera Mining Ltd in 1966 and covering eight claims delineated two anomalous zones which contain occasional outcrops of low grade disseminated chalcopyrite.

An elongate anomaly 2,000 feet by 200 to 400 feet wide occurs in the southern area and a 500 foot by 300 foot wide anomaly in the northern area. Both the anomalies are along the baseline and correlate with I.P. anomalies B and C.

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The surveys did not cover the area north of L 45 + 00 S and south of L 85 + 00 S and between L 18 + 00 W and L 48 + 00 W. This includes the area covering the potential mineral-bearing Missezula Fault zone and the extensions of the known geochemical anomalies.

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The results over Anomaly D indicated a 3-6% volume sulphide content.

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		or	.16		600
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DIAMOND DRILLING

During 1966, five AX drill holes for 1,173 feet were completed.

<u>HOLE NO.</u>	<u>LOCATION</u>	<u>DEPTH (feet)</u>	<u>ASSAYS</u>
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P1A	84+10S 33+10W	140	No assays-40% recovery
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PR 2	35+40S 26+50W	200	.11	50 - 200
PR 3	40+80S 28+20W	300	.09	170 - 250
PR 4	116+00S 22+20W	100	<.02	0 - 100
PR 5	125+00S 26+00W	280	<.07	0 - 280
PR 6	105+50S 30+00W	140	<.01	0 - 140
PR 7	99+80S 29+30W	130	<.03	0 - 130
PR 9	76+00S 35+30W	90	<.05	0 - 90
PR 10	76+50S 30+70W	270	.09	30 - 120

A 1972 drill programme by Kalco Valley Mines Ltd for the purpose of exploring the depth possibilities of the surface mineralization, provided the following information:

<u>HOLE NO.</u>	<u>LOCATION</u>	<u>LENGTH (feet)</u>	<u>ASSAY % Cu</u>	<u>INTERVAL (feet)</u>
D.H. K-1	79+50S 26+35W	561	.23	250 - 260
			.19	290 - 300
			.09	550 - 560
D.H. K-2	80+00S 33+50W	592	.09	22 - 180
			.20	490 - 500
D.H. K-3	83+60S 26+85W	462	.60	135 - 136
			1.41	159.5 - 162
			.20	444 - 445
D.H. K-4	42+70S 28+80W	445	.27	170 - 370
			or .23	97 - 370

RECOMMENDED EXPLORATION AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME

The exploration programme should be designed to continue the drill programme to test anomalies B and C. This would be done with percussion drilling at relatively close spacings.

An additional fill-in geochemical programme should be carried out on the extensions of the previous survey. This would cover geologically favorable ground along the Missezula Mountain fault zone.

Concurrent with the geochemical survey, a magnetometer and an I.P. survey should be performed over the same area.

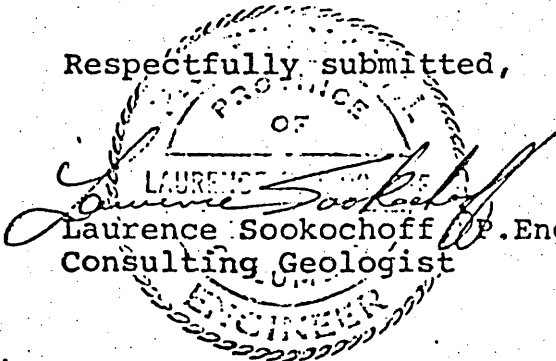
ESTIMATED COST OF THE RECOMMENDED EXPLORATION AND DEVELOPMENT
PROGRAMME

Percussion Drilling	10,000 ft. @ \$4.00	\$ 40,000.
I.P. Survey	8 line miles @ \$500	4,000.
Geochemical Survey	500 samples @ \$4.00	2,000.
Magnetometer Survey	10 line miles @ \$100	1,000.
Assaying		3,500.
Engineering and Supervision		5,000.
Field Expenses		1,000.
Travel and Lodging		1,000.
Contingencies		2,500.
		<hr/>
		\$ 60,000.
		<hr/> <hr/>

The recommended exploration and development programme is expected to take two months to complete.

Respectfully submitted,

Laurence Sookchoff
 LAURENCE SOOKCHOFF P. Eng.,
 Consulting Geologist



Vancouver, B.C.
 February 28, 1974

REFERENCES

- Adera Mining Ltd - Geophysical and Geochemical Report on
KR Group, Missezula Lake Area, Similkameen M.D.,
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- Amax Exploration Inc - 1971 Geological, Geochemical and
Geophysical Report on the Ketchan Creek Property
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- Phendler, R.W. - Interim Report on the Rum Claims, Missezula
Lake, Similkameen M.D., December 1972.
- Phendler, R.W. - Report on the 1973 Diamond Drilling Program,
Rum Claims, Similkameen Mining Division, February
1973.
- Sargent, H. - Report on the Rum Claims of Kalco Valley Mines
Ltd, December 1972.

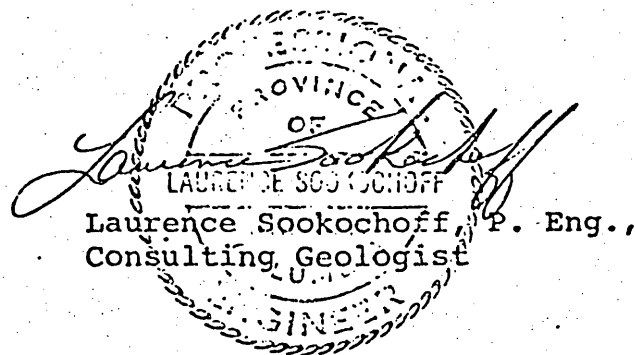
ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATE

I, LAURENCE SOOKOCHOFF, of the City of Vancouver, in the Province of British Columbia, do hereby certify:

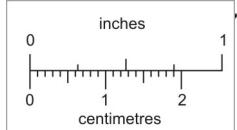
That I am a Consulting Geologist and am an Associate of T.R. Tough & Associates Ltd with offices at #519 - 602 West Hastings Street in the City of Vancouver.

I further certify that:

1. I am a graduate of the University of British Columbia (1966) and hold a B.Sc. degree in Geology.
2. I have been practising my profession for the past eight years.
3. I am registered with the Association of Professional Engineers of British Columbia.
4. I have not carried out a property examination of the Rum Group of Ruskin Developments Ltd (N.P.L.), but have studied available reports on the property and have a personal knowledge of the general area.
5. I have no direct or indirect interest whatsoever in the property described herein, nor in the securities of Ruskin Developments Ltd (N.P.L.) and do not expect to receive any interest therein.

A circular seal for the Province of British Columbia, Association of Professional Engineers. The seal contains the text "PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA" around the top and "ASSOCIATION OF PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS" around the bottom. In the center, there is a signature of Laurence Sookochoff and the text "LAURENCE SOOKOCHOFF P. Eng., Consulting Geologist".
Laurence Sookochoff, P. Eng.,
Consulting Geologist

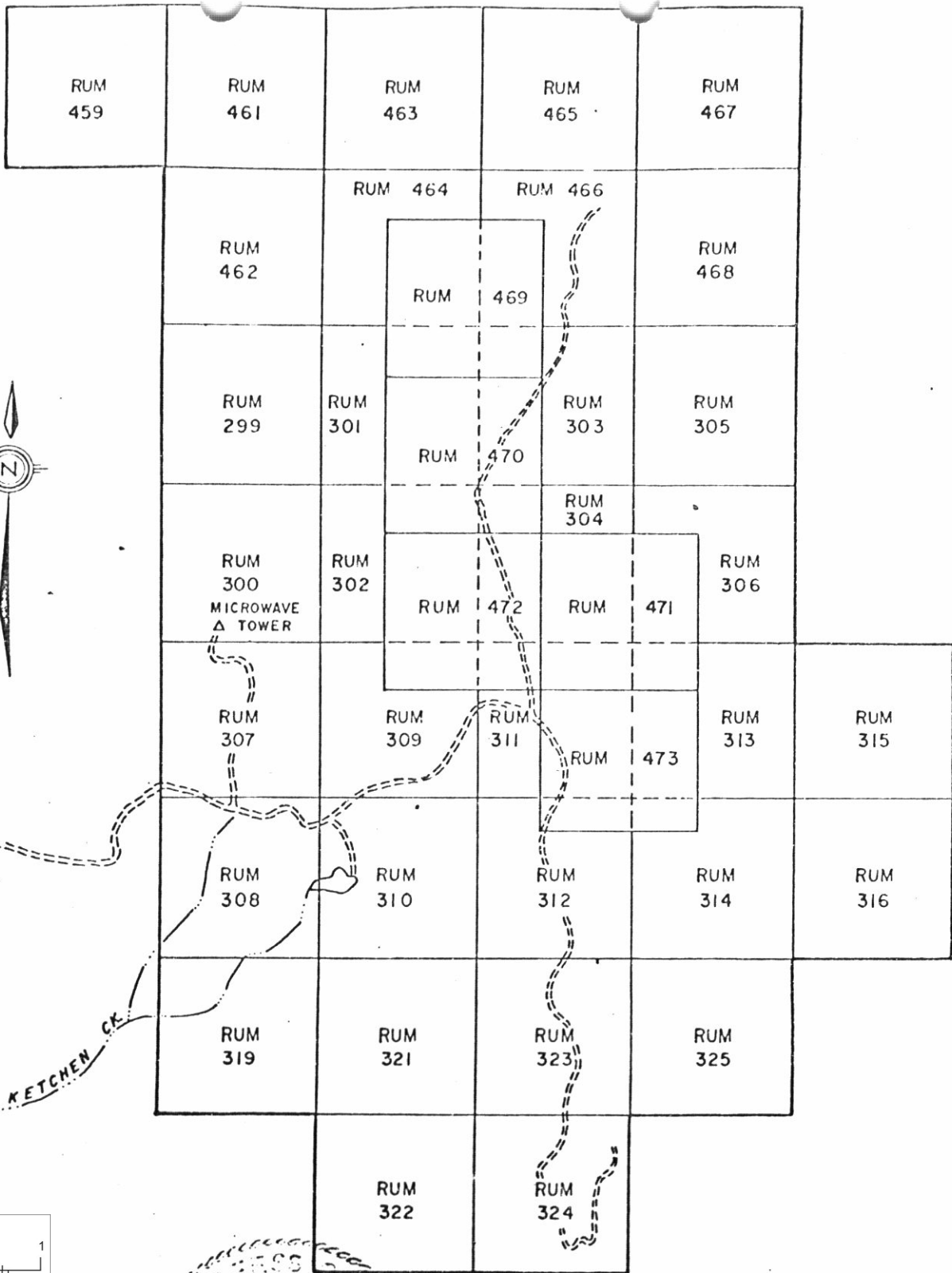
February 25, 1974
Vancouver, B.C.



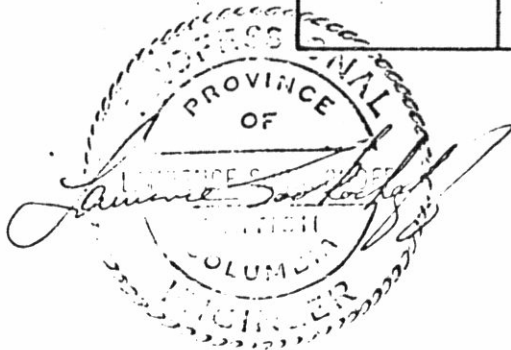
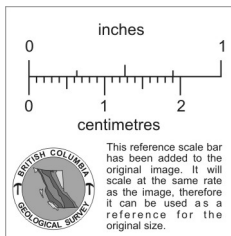
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James Sothcott
 T.R. TOUGH & ASSOCIATES LTD.

RUSKIN DEVELOPMENTS LTD
 (N.P.L.)
 RUM GROUP
LOCATION MAP
 SIMILKAMEEN M.D., BC
 SCALE
 120 130
 MILES



7 MILES TO
HWY. 5



T.R. TOUGH & ASSOCIATES LTD.


RUSKIN DEVELOPMENTS LTD.
(N.P.L.)
RUM GROUP
CLAIM MAP
SIMLKAMEEN MD., BC.

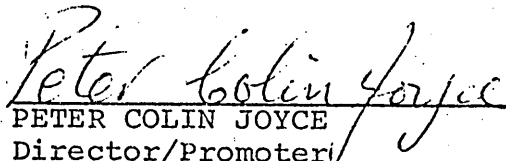
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1800' 750' 0' 750' 1800'
FEET

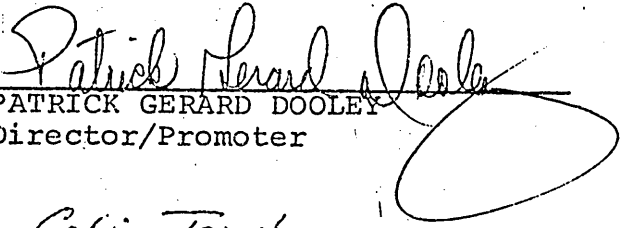
FEB 1974


as required by Part VII of the British Columbia Securities Act,
1967, and the regulations thereunder.

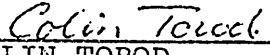
DATED this 10th day of July , A. D. 1974.

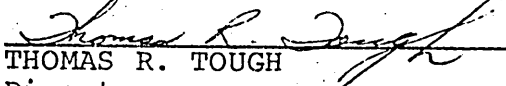

MELVYN JEFFREY ZABENSKY
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PETER COLIN JOYCE
Director/Promoter


PATRICK GERARD DOOLEY
Director/Promoter


SINTON BURTON GREER
Director/Promoter


COLIN TOROD
Promoter


THOMAS R. TOUGH
Director