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Mt. Washington Copper Co. Ltd. president John Bailey reports that the third hole on the company's property 15 miles west of Courtenay, Vancouver Island, has been suspended at a depth of 657 ft. awaiting the delivery of additional drilling equipment. It is planned to continue the hole to a depth of about 1,000 feet. The hole is about  $\frac{1}{2}$  mile south of the old open pit area and was drilled to encounter the Murray vein.

From 324 ft. to 480 ft., sections of quartz stockwork & intense clay alteration were encountered. This zone would encompass the projected position of the Murray vein, says Mr. Bailey. A  $10\frac{1}{2}$  ft. section from 336 to 346.5 ft. assayed 0.1 oz. gold per ton. The following  $10\frac{1}{2}$  ft. section from 346.5 to 357 ft. assayed 0.006 oz. gold p/t. More sections will be assayed. Between 480 and 657 ft. sections of intense alteration of a type associated with porphyry mineraliz'n. were encountered. Sections of minor chalcopyrite mineraliz'n. & pyrite & pyrrhotite accompanied this alteration. The host rock is intrusive breccia.

NTS 92 F/9

92F 117  
GCNL 178 Sept. 17/75

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MT. WASHINGTON COPPER CO. LTD.

MI-FILE 92F/NW

ASSAYS AWAITED FROM LONG  
MINERALIZED INTERSECTIONS  
GCM #182 Sept 22/71  
92F117

John B. Bailey, president of Mt. Washington Copper Co. Ltd., says the company have received a report from Imperial Oil Limited, operator of the two companies' joint venture some 15 miles west of Courtenay B.C.

Along the Tsolom Road on the south side of Murex Creek at an elevation of 2,000 feet, an outcrop of intrusive breccia gave assays of 0.3% to 0.5% copper from chip samples. A diamond drill hole drilled at this location showed continuous but sub-economic ore grade mineralization averaging 0.13% copper from 5 to 190 feet. The hole was carried to 427 feet. On either side of this hole, at 200-foot intervals, two diamond drill holes showed no significant mineralization. The footage of the three vertical holes totalled 1,028 ft.

At the 4,600 ft. elevation on the same property a diamond drill hole was drilled at an angle of 60° to a depth of 1,129 ft. This hole is located some 1,200 ft. north of Glacier Lake about equidistant from the lake and the old pits. From 30 to 480 ft., a 450-foot interval, the hole showed disseminated copper mineralization. The core from this section is being assayed for copper, gold and molybdenum. From 482 to 950 feet, trace amounts of copper were observed. From 952 to 1,007 ft. minor, continuous amounts of copper were present and from 1,007 to 1,037 ft., a 37-foot interval, disseminated copper appeared again. This section is also being assayed.

The balance of this hole, drilled at a 60° angle, showed mineralized breccia in minor amounts.

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Mt. Washington Copper Co. Ltd. president J. Bailey reports that Imperial Oil Company Limited's last hole of the 1976 exploration program on the Mt. Washington property near Courtenay on Vancouver Island has been completed. The hole was drilled to a depth of 1,129 feet at a 60° angle. It is located approximately 1,200 feet north of Glacier Lake and some 1,300 feet north of the old pit area. From 30 to 510 feet the core assayed 0.284% copper including a section from 40 to 50 feet which ran 1.02% copper. From 1,007 to 1,037 ft. it assayed 0.39% copper.

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GENL #172 7 SEPT 83

BETTER RESOURCES LTD.

92F/10W, 11E

VANCOUVER ISLAND GOLD - Better Resources Ltd. president James F. Bristow has announced a modest PROGRAM NOW UNDERWAY exploration program has begun on the company's Mt. Washington epithermal gold deposit, 20 km. NE of Courtenay, Vancouver Island, B.C. Assays have ranged between 25 and 4,525 parts per billion gold from 260 samples collected on the west side of the ridge. An access road has exposed a flat lying zone of mineralization in place. Preliminary channel samples have been taken and assays are awaited.

A few channel samples from old adit trenches, believed to be on the same structure and 2,000 ft. away on the east side of the ridge confirm old good grade gold and silver assays shown on a 1941 assay plan. An accelerated program of backhoe trenching and sampling on both sides of the ridge will be undertaken to establish continuity and grade as soon as financing now awaiting regulatory approval is complete.

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NO. 230(1983)  
DECEMBER 9, 1983

GCNL #230

9 DEC 1983

BETTER RESOURCES LTD.

92F/10W, 11E 92F117

Hole No.	Interval Feet	Length Feet	Gold Oz/T	Silver Oz/T
83-1	23.9-34	10.1	0.19	0.87
83-2	24.0-33	9.0	0.286	3.41

Better Resources Ltd. president James F. Bristow, P. Eng., has reported assay results from a two hole program on the Mt. Washington epithermal gold property near Courtenay, B.C., on Vancouver Island. Both holes were drilled from the same setup on the steep sidehill 50 feet west of the Domineer trenches to confirm the trench assays and to indicate westward continuity of the well-mineralized gently dipping zone. Core recovery in both holes was excellent. Low, but significant gold values occur in the footwall of the zone. In hole 83-2 the 23 feet from 33 to 56 feet depth averaged 0.033 oz/T gold and 0.16 oz/T silver.

The Domineer showing was originally pitted and tested by short adit trenches in 1940. Sampling by reliable geologists gave an average grade over 90 foot strike length of 0.40 oz/T gold and 6.77 oz/T silver over a 3.1 foot average thickness. These trenches were reopened and cleaned with a backhoe. The average of eight recent channel samples over a 125 foot strike length to where it dips beneath overburden to the south was 0.25 oz/T gold and 2.77 oz/T silver over a 4.4 foot average thickness. Highest recent sample was 0.89 oz/T gold and 3.09 oz/T silver over 3.2 feet. Highest 1940 assay was 1.61 oz/T gold and 13.25 oz/T silver over 1.7 feet.

There is strong evidence that this zone extends westward 2,000 feet through the ridge to the 3,000 foot long gold geochem anomaly. The values in the western anomaly range from .1 ppm gold to a high of 6.26 ppm gold. Backhoe trenches in the middle of this anomaly exposed the gently dipping zone with mineralization similar to the Domineer trenches. Vertical channel samples down limited exposures of the zone in these western trenches assayed from 0.004 to 0.33 oz. gold per ton and from 0.06 to 1.63 oz. silver per ton across 1 to 6.2 feet.

These trenches are over 400 feet of strike length with trench 7 in the vicinity of an old pit that assayed 1.8 oz/T gold over 3 foot depth and an old drill hole with poor core recovery only recently assayed for gold that averaged 0.3 oz/T gold over 10 feet.

The program to date indicates an exciting potential tonnage of good grade gold mineralization with the added advantage that a substantial portion of the west side of the ridge could be amenable to open pitting.

Work commitments have been fulfilled for 1983 and management are planning an accelerated program for the coming season.

Better Resources holds an option to earn a 75% interest in gold and silver production from the property with the remaining 25% held by Mt. Washington Mines Ltd. The property is part of the E & L land grant with base metal interests held by the railroad company.

DOMINEER 92F/10W, 11E  
5 JAN 1984 92F117

Some significant gold values were encountered by **Better Resources** on its Mt. Washington property near Courtenay, B.C., on Vancouver Island in a limited drill program late last year. Two holes were drilled and one intercept returned 0.19 oz. gold and 0.87 oz. silver over 10.1 ft. while another assayed 0.286 oz. gold and 3.41 oz. silver over 9 ft.

There were also some gold values in the footwall of the zone with one 23-ft. section grading 0.033 oz. gold and 0.16 oz. silver.

The holes were drilled about 50 ft. west of the Domineer trenches, excavated in 1940. At the time, sampling indicated an average grade of 0.4 oz. gold and 6.77 oz. silver for a distance of 90 ft. based on an average thickness of 3.1 ft. The trenches were reopened with a backhoe recently and eight samples were taken over 125 ft. of strike length to a point where it dips below overburden. They averaged 0.25 oz. gold and 2.77 oz. silver over an average thickness of 4.4 ft., says the company.

The company's consultant says there is strong evidence the zone extends westward 2,000 ft. to a good geochemical anomaly which is about 3,000 ft. long. This anomaly has been trenched and mineralization exposed which is similar to the Domineer trenches. Vertical channel samples down "limited exposures" of the zone in the western trenches returned significant gold values, the company states.

Better Resources says an accelerated program is planned for the coming season, noting there is good tonnage potential and also some open pit potential on the property.

092F 117

GCNL #57. 21 MARCH 84

NO. 57 (1984)  
MARCH 21, 1984

BETTER RESOURCES LIMITED (BRZ-V)

92F/10W, 11E 02F117

DRILL TEST PLANNED ON GOLD - James F. Bristow, P.Eng., president of Better Resources Limited has received a progress PROSPECT ON VANCOUVER ISLAND report from Dr. K.E. Northcote, P. Eng., regarding the program on their property on Mount Washington on Vancouver Island. Mr. Bristow first notes that in a report dated May, 1983 Dr. Northcote concluded: "Old sampling in trenches on the northeast side of Mount Washington and geochemistry and drill hole sampling on the west side of the mountain suggest that significant values in gold may occur over a large area south of the area previously mined for copper." He recommended soil sampling, mapping and trenching at an estimated cost of \$60,000 as Stage 1, to be followed, if warranted, by a Stage 2 program of drilling at an estimated cost of \$250,000.

In his progress report of January, 1984, Dr. Northcote concludes: "Stage 1 of the program has been satisfactorily executed; the modifications of the program are acceptable and the results, in my opinion, warrant initiation of Stage 2, the diamond drilling stage of the program, at an estimated cost of approximately \$250,000."

Extensive drilling is to test a large area with the potential of rapidly indicating a substantial reserve of gold mineralization. Management propose to begin this program on the west side of the ridge to test a large and high grade gold geochemical anomaly. Drilling will begin as soon as snow conditions permit. This new drilling will be about 2,000 feet west of holes 83-1 and 83-2 drilled last year with good gold intersections.