

SAMPLING PROGRAM ON PORT ELIZA INLET GOLD PROPERTY Alberni Mining Division

006334

NTS 92E/14E

Latitude 49°53.0'N Longitude 127°1.4'W

Report Prepared For H.Q. MINERALS LTD. DUNCAN, B.C. 92E043

EMPR P&R/14796

K.E. NORTHCOTE AND ASSOCIATES LTD.

Ъy

AGASSIZ, B.C.

K.E. Northcote Ph.D., P.Eng.

March 28, 1986

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SAMPLING PROGRAM ON PORT ELIZA INLET GOLD PROPERTY Alberni Mining Division

SUMMARY

The Port Eliza Gold Property consisting of the MONARCH and ELIZA claims totalling 14 units and two-post claims, lies about 17 kilometres in a straight line southwest of Zeballos on the west side of Port Eliza Inlet.

The Port Eliza Gold structure in general parallels the general trend of a number of basic dykes in granodiorite host-rock. It consists of a quartzvein-breccia-shear-gouge system ranging from a few centimetres to more than a metre in width, striking northwesterly with moderate northeasterly dip. The structure extends from the Scott Zone through the Lower Zone adit and along surface exposures in the Upper Zone for a total known length of 240 metres (775 feet)

The Upper Zone structure, traceable on surface for about 75 metres (250 feet), has the strongest quartz vein development of all three zones and gives the highest gold values ranging from 0.242 to 1.625 oz Au/ton over widths from 0.10 to 0.5 metres. Therefore the best possibility for discovery of a minable orebody with extensions lies in this part of the structure. The stream follows the surface trace of the Upper Zone eroding out the associated shear gouge zone. For this reason the true width of the vein system in this zone is rarely visible. Exploration effort should be concentrated on this zone.

Differences in vein and gangue mineralogy and type and intensity of alteration of wall rock among the three zones suggest the possibility that they may be different parallel structures. This possibility should not be ignored so the recommended program will also include exploration for parallel structures and their extensions.

The first stage of the program is estimated to cost \$27,150.00. Only if this first stage gives positive results with potential for developing an orebody a second stage of diamond drilling will be required to test the third dimension of depth in order to estimate reserves.

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PORT ELIZA INLET GOLD PROPERTY

ESTIMATED COST OF EXPLORATION PROGRAM

Stage 1

Professional Fees and Wages KEN & BKN @ \$375.00 SCG & EMT @ 300.00	19 days	\$12 825.00
Equipment Rental 2 camps 15 X 30 = 900.00 Generator 15x20 300.00 Copco drill 750.00 Chain saw 25.00 Radio 250.00 Geophysical rent. 900.00	15 days (VLF-EM Magnetometer)	3 125.00
Assays Rocks 100 @ 14 1400.00 Soils 350 @ 10 3500.00		4 900.00
Food and Motel Accommodation 4 x 15 x \$20		1 200.00
Blasting Powder B-line, Caps		1 000.00
Transportation Vehicles 600.00 Boat 400.00		1 000.00
Report		3 000.00
Miscellaneous		100.00

Stage 1 Estimated Total Cost

\$27 150.00



Time Breakdown

\$12,825.00

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SCG-EMT	Rehabilitation of upper adit Mapping, sampling upper adit Trenching Mapping & sampling lower adit	2 days 1 day 10 days 2 days
	Mobilization demobilization	4 days 19 days
KEN-BKN	Mapping and sampling trenches Grid Geophysical Geochemical Geological mapping-(Stream) Mobilization-demobilization	2 days 3 days 4 days 4 days 2 days 4 days 19 days

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PORT ELIZA INLET GOLD PROPERTY

Alberni Mining Division

TERMS OF REFERENCE

ALS RPT 14.7016 K.E. Northcote and Associates Ltd. was contracted by H.Q. Mineral Ltd. to examine sample and prepare a report on the mineral potential of the Port Eliza Inlet Gold Property. This work was done by K.E. Northcote, Ph.D., P.Eng. in company with Mr. L.J. Scott in the period February 27 to March 4, 1986.

LOCATION

The Port Eliza Gold Property lies about 17 kilometres in a straight line southwest of Zeballos on the west side of Port Eliza Inlet, approximately 6 kilometres from its mouth; Latitude 49° 53'., Longitude 127° 1.4' W, NTS 92E/14E in the Alberni Mining Division. See Figures 1 and 2.

MEMPR Minfile lists the property as #92E043 under the names Rustand, Sunrise, Sundown, Port Eliza Gold Mine, Tidewater Mine and Port Eliza. The property extends from sea level to an elevation of about 450 metres (1500 feet) in the southwest corner of the claims area. In the vicinity of the workings the ground rises gently from the shoreline in a series of outcrops forming knolls with glacial drift and alluvial unconsolidated material in between.

ACCESS

The Port Eliza Inlet Gold Property is accessible by boat from Zeballos or alternatively by float plane from Campbell River or helicopter from Gold River. Flight time from Gold River is approximately 20 minutes.

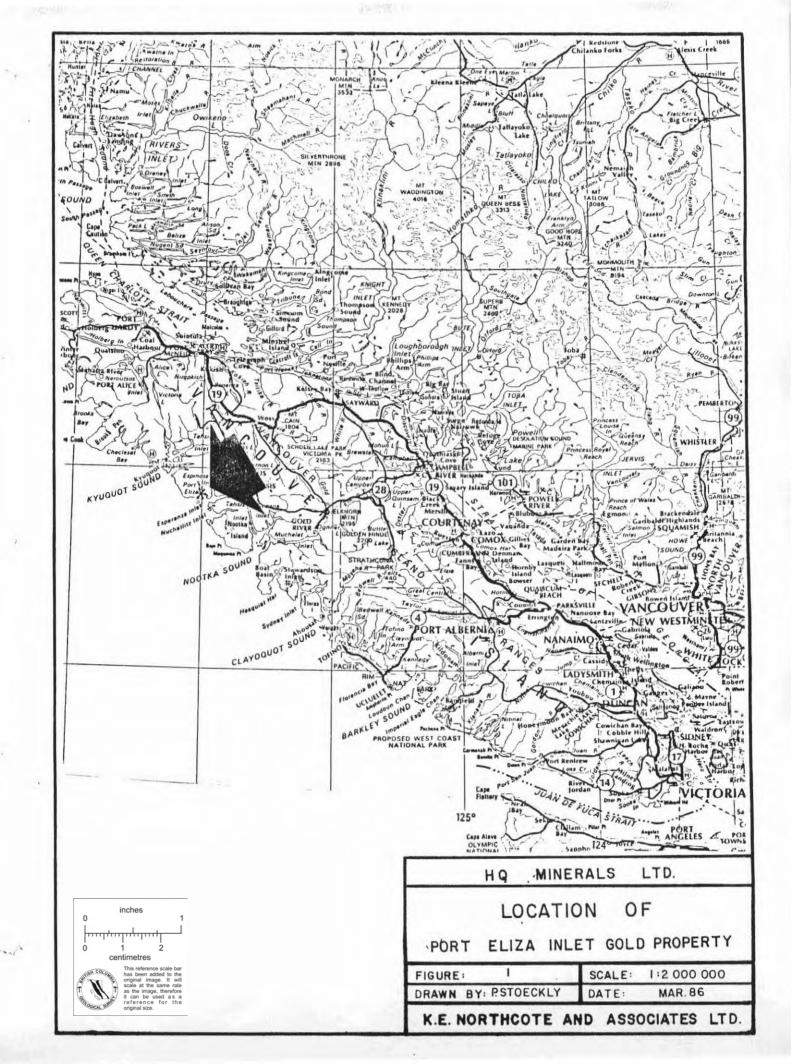
CLAIMS

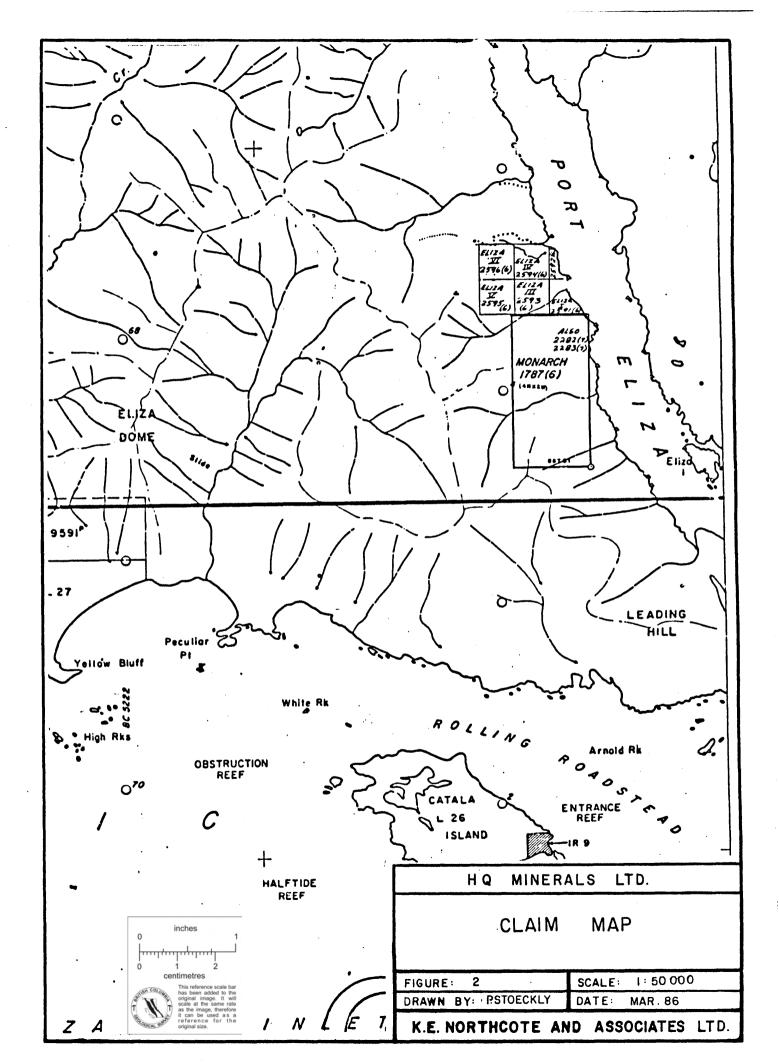
The Port Eliza Inlet Gold Property consists of two groups of claims totalling 14 units and two-post claims. See Table I below and Figure 2.

TABLE I

PORT ELIZA GOLD PROPERTY CLAIMS

CLAIM NAME	UNITS	RECORD NO.	ANNIVERSARY	EXPIRY DATE
MONARCH	8	1787(6)	1983	21/6/86
ELIZA I	2-post	2591(6)	1985	4/6/86
II	- 11	2592(6)		u –
III	11	2593(6)		12
IV	19	2594(6)		
v	ft	2595(6)	11	11
VI		2596(6)	11	ù





The MONARCH claim is registered in the name of L.J Scott, R.R. #2 Payne Road Duncan B.C. V9L-1N9. The ELIZA I to IV claims are registered in the name of R. Neill, Langford, B.C. The legality of the above claims and assessment requirements are the responsibility of the registered owners.

HISTORY OF THE PROPERTY

The	bib]	liography	pertaining	to	the	Port	Eliza	Inlet	Gold	Property
includes	the	following]:							_
		A 1	1045 -	~ -						

J.S. Stevenson; 1945 B.C.D.M. Open File Report, Maps. GSC Paper 72-44.

- Muller, J.E.; Cameron B.E.B.; Northcote K.E.; 1981 Geology and Mineral Deposits of Nootka Sound Map-Area, GSC Paper 80-16.
- [BCDM MMAR 1933 p 252 appears to refer to a property of different location].

The history of the property is outlined by J.S. Stevenson in an open file report, 1945, listed above. Messrs. A. Rustand and S. Newton of Ceepeecee staked the Port Eliza Gold Property in 1938. The property included the SUNRISE and SUNDOWN claims and the SUNRISE fraction. During 1939 Messers. Lewis and Fowler optioned the property and, with from 5 to 9 men employed, drove the present two adits. Since that time there is no evidence of significant work done on the property.

EXISTING WORKINGS

The existing underground workings consist of 2 drifts one 18 m (60 feet) above the other and their portals 143 m (470 feet) apart. The lower adit is 132 m (430 feet) long and the upper 34 m (112 feet). There is a crosscut 3.6 m (12 feet) long in the lower adit and another 7.6 m (25 feet) long in the upper adit , both driven into the hanging wall of the structure. The lower adit is open and accessible for mapping and sampling. The upper adit has collapsed for a distance of 25 metres (80 feet) from the original portal but at this point an opening exists which may be stabilized by scaling down loose rock, and timbering thus allowing access into the remaining section of the adit.

REGIONAL GEOLOGY

The regional geologic map of the Nootka Sound Map Area shows the Port Eliza Inlet Gold Property lies within a large body of Lower Jurassic Island Intrusion which extends southeasterly across Esperanza Inlet. The property is situated near the south contact of the pluton with Lower Jurassic Bonanza volcanics and volcanic sedimentary rocks. The plutons consist of polyphase granodiorite, quartz diorite and lesser granite. As would be expected, detailed mapping will show greater lithologic and structural complexity than is indicated on the regional map. It is possible that future detailed mapping and age determinations will confirm the presently suspected presence of associated Tertiary intrusions. The above protonic, volcanic and sedimentary units are cut by major northerly and northwesterly trending faults with northeasterly trending cross structures.

GEOLOGY OF THE PORT ELIZA INLET GOLD PROPERTY

The pluton containing the Port Eliza Inlet Gold Property is polyphase showing variations in composition and texture and is cut by generally northerly to northwesterly trending systems of basic dykes. These dykes, noted in outcrop along the shoreline and in the creek adjacent to the Lower Showing, range from a few centimetres to a metre or more in width. They pinch and swell and may suddenly terminate in a number of narrow "fingers".

It is possible that the dyke systems, to some extent, control the position and attitude of later generations of pre-and-post mineral fracturing and shearing which roughly parallel and locally follow these dykes. Abundant chloritic material in some sections of the lower adit may represent such dykes. One or more periods of silicification and sericitization accompanied post dyke fracturing and shearing causing extensive alteration of wall rocks and deposition of a strong quartz vein system, particularly at the upper mineralized zone, and localized stockworks of small veinlets in the wall rocks adjacent to the main system. See sample descriptions Appendix "B". Gold mineralization appears to have accompanied the later episodes of open space quartz vein filling. Late post mineral fracturing and shearing, which in general followed the existing vein systems, resulted in formation of zones of gouge, crackle breccia and shatter zones which locally were subsequently filled by calcite.

Mineralization appears to be richer in association with quartz veining and to lesser extent with silicified wall rocks. Mineralographic studies will be undertaken to identify the finely divided light grey sulphides that occur with pyrite and traces of chalcopyrite.

Upper Zone

The upper adit is presently not accessible but according to Mr. J.S. Stevenson, 1945, the upper adit started under the surface exposure of an ore shoot following it for 17 m (55 feet) to a point where it was sliced by faults. The vein matter in this shoot consists of several diagonal stringers of quartz cutting earlier silicified vein matter 0.46 m (18 inches) wide. A fault follows along the footwall of the vein with none in the hanging wall. The northwesterly extension of the ore shoot in the drift is terminated by the footwall fault which cuts the vein at a small angle. From the end of the ore shoot at 17 m (55 feet) from the portal the drift follows faults and a 0.02 m (1 inch) vein for 17 m (57 feet) to the face. At this point a crosscut was driven northeasterly for 8 m (27 feet)

Surface exposures in the Upper Zone which occur intermittently, along a length of about 75 metres (246 feet),open at both ends, suggest a stronger vein development than was indicated by Stevenson's description of the last 57 feet of the upper adit. The main vein is followed by a strong shear which in turn is eroded out by the stream so the vein is only completely exposed intermittently. The vein structure

Lower Zone

The lower zone is accessible in the lower adit for a length of 132 metres (433 feet). The adit follows a late shear zone in altered granodiorite and at least locally is in chloritic dyke-rock. The main shear which in this zone contains the best gold values persists for the full length of the adit but pinches and swells from less than a centimetre to approximately 0.5 metres in width. The main shear is commonly accompanied by a shatter breccia up to 1+ metres wide in its footwall side, which may be bounded in turn by a second less well developed footwall shear. The granodiorite rocks adjacent to the main structure are intensely sericitic with lesser silica alteration. Strong zones of chloritic alteration in the wall rock probably represent basic dykes. Detailed mapping and petrography will resolve problems of size, attitude and configuration of dyke-rock and alteration of wall rock.

PREVIOUS SAMPLING

In 1940 a test shipment of fourteen tons of ore containing 14 oz of gold and 3 oz of silver was sent to the Tacoma smelter from the Port Eliza Gold Mine.

Samples taken by J.S. Stevenson 1945 and L.J. Scott 1983 and 1985 are listed in Tables II and III.

TABLE II

SAMPLE NO	DESCRIPTION & LOCATION	GOLD oz/t	SILVER oz/t
641	Upper Adit Across 6" diagonal quartz stringer,40' from portal	0.12	0.1
642	Across 3" diagonal quartz stringer,50' from portal	0.11	0.1
643	Across main silicified zone, 18" wide,50' from portal	tr	tr
645	Across 1" of vein and gouge in face of drift,110' from portal	4.16	0.1
644	Across 2" of vein and gouge in cross-cut, at face, and 10' from drift.	0.08	0.1
646	Surface Across silicified zone, 18" wide, 80' northwest of portal of upper adit.	0.73	0.1

page 5

647	Across silicified zone, 10" wide 90' northwest of portal of upper adit.	0.37	0.1

Lower Adit 648 Across 10" of vein-matter 0.02 tr

- 649 Across 20 inches of fault 0.1 matter containing gouge, crushed rock and modules broken quartz, 100' from portal
- 650 Across gouge, crushed rock 0.2 0.1 and nodules about 8" wide and 320 feet from portal.

TABLE III

Sample No	Width	Au (oz./t)	Description		
-1983			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
5971	l ft	0.11	Lower adit 13m. from portal		
5972		0.03	-		
5973	3 ft.	0.29	Lower adit 45m. from portal		
5974		Trace			
5975		Trace			
5976		Trace			
5977	•	Trace			
5978	$3\frac{1}{2}$ ft.		Lower adit 106m. from portal		
5979	2in.	0.13	Lower adit vein at face		
5980	grab	0.11	Lower adit footwall 10m. from		
5001	2 54	0.04	portal		
5981	3 ft.	0.04	stockwork		
-1985-					
12		.002	Scott Zone Wall rock		
14	10 ft.		Scott Zone Vein and wall rock		
15	grab	.196	Upper dump		
16	grab		Lower dump		
14350	3 ft.	.076	Upper Zone		
14354	3in.	1.164	Upper Zone vein		
14355	chip	1.022	Upper Zone, General sample along 56 m. fault filling		
14346	3 feet	0.084	Upper zone at pithead fault filling		
14348	2 in.	0.148	Upper zone at pithead, vein		

FEBRUARY -MARCH 1986 PROGRAM

A total of six days, including travel time was spent by K.E. Northcote Ph.D., P.Eng. in company with L.J. Scott, prospector, on the Port Eliza Gold Property. Surface exposures in the creek at the Upper Zone, the upper dump, the lower adit of the Lower Zone and the Scott Zone in the creek below the lower adit were mapped and sampled.

Forty samples were taken including 17 from the Upper Zone, 3 from the upper dump, 16 from the lower adit in the Lower Zone and 4 from the Scott Zone.

Because it is important from the point of view of mining widths to determine whether or not wall rocks contain significant gold or silver values samples were taken from the hanging wall and footwall as well as from the main vein-breccia-shear-gouge systems. These samples were examined under binocular microscope with petrographic descriptions given in Appendix "B". They were then delivered to Min-En Laboratories Ltd. for Au, Ag assay and/or geochemical analyses with the original assay sheets forming Appendix "A". Sample locations are plotted on Figure 3.

During the course of surveying in the Upper and Lower Zones a strong magnetic anomaly was noted in the creek to the west of the lower adit.

RESULTS OF THE FEBRUARY-MARCH 1986 PROGRAM

The results of the early 1986 sampling program are listed in Table IV with sample locations plotted on Figure 3.

TABLE IV

ASSAY RESULTS FEBRUARY-MARCH 1986

UPPER ZONE

SAMPLE	WIDTH	Au ppb (oz/ton)	Ag ppm	DESCRIPTION
SAMPLE Sample #1 #2 #3 #4 #5 #6 #7 #8 #9 #10 #11 #12 #13	WIDTH 0.50m 0.20m 0.70m 0.80m 0.15 0.20m 0.50m 0.25m 0.25m 1.0m 1.0m 1.0m 0.25m	Au ppb (oz/ton) 	Ag ppm 0.5 0.5 0.1 0.4 5.6 0.4 21.0 0.4 0.3 0.1 0.6 0.6 0.4	DESCRIPTION Silicified footwall Silicified footwall/vein Qtz vein, Bx, H.W. Silicified hanging wall Vein F.W. side Hanging wall Vein H.W. cont. veinlets F.W. cont. veinlets Veinlet swarm in W.R. Silicified W.R. Silicified W.R. Silicified W.R.
#14 #15 #16 #17	0.25m 0.03m 0.10m 0.15m	9000(0.262) (.073) (.242) (.001)	3.2 0.6 2.3 0.1	Pyritized shear Veinlet in H.W. Anastomosing vein Silicified F.W.

UPPER DUMP

SAMPLE	WIDTH	Au ppb (oz/t)	Ag ppm	
UD #1	0.80m	(.006)	0.1	
UD #2	deep 0.80m deep	(.011)	0.7	
UD #3	0.70m deep	(.018)	0.2	
LOWER ZONE	:			
LA #1 #2 #3 #4 #5 #6 #7 #8 #9 #10 #11 #12 #13 #14 #15 #16	0.08m 0.30m panel 0.02m 0.30m 0.35m panel panel panel 0.13 0.10m panel panel 0.08m 0.07m Random of Random of	-	0.3 0.5 0.2 0.5 0.1 0.5 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.1 1.4 0.4 0.3 0.1 0.3 0.6	Vein gouge @ 132m F.W. calc strgrs @ 132m H.W. calc strgr @ 132m H.W. calc vein @ 132m Shear, gouge, frags @ 108m Gouge bx @ 101m Footwall @ 101m Hanging wall @ 101m H.W. gouge bx @ 88m gouge bx @ 55m Footwall @ 55m Hanging wall @ 55m Vein shear @ 40m Vein gouge bx @ 35m Footwall @ 35m Hanging wall @ 35m
SCOTT ZONE	E			
Scott #17 # 18 #19 #20	l.Om panel panel panel	(0.032) (0.024) 1300(.038) 235 (.007)	0.1 0.2 2.0 0.4	H.W. Qtz vein Vein Pyritized F.W. F.W. wall rock

CONCLUSIONS

UPPER ZONE

1 The Upper Zone is well exposed along the creek for a length of approximately 75 metres (246 feet) with probable extensions to the northwest and southeast.

2 A strongly siliceous vein and vein breccia system with minor carbonate, -0.20 to +1.0 metres in width, accompanied by a later shear zone, is followed and has been eroded by the stream. The sheared portion of the system, and therfore the full width of the vein is rarely visible. The wall rocks flanking the vein are generally strongly silicified and sericitized and carry irregular turn veinlets, predominatly quartz, which locally form stockworks.

3 Assays of vein material, as expected, produced good gold values as indicated by samples #5, #7 and #16 which are 1.625, 0.949 and 0.242 oz Au/ton respectively. Silicified wallrock generally produced anomalous Au values but well below ore grade unless cut by numerous quartz veinlets as in samples #10 and #11 which contained 0.092 and 0.102 oz Au/ton respectively. The sampling program indicates that the better grades of gold mineralization are associated with open space quartz vein infilling of the main vein and development of veinlets and stockworks in wall rock and to a lesser extent with siliceous (quartz-rich) and sericite (white mica) alteration of the wall rock.

4 The length, true width and grade of the Upper Zone quartz-vein-breccia-shear system is not known. Results of preliminary sampling provides sufficient encouragement for thorough investigation by trenching and sampling across the structure at several points along its known extent. Exploration for parallel structures and the northwesterly and southeasterly extensions of the main system is required.

5 Access is required to explore the adit on the Upper Zone. The structure appears to be better developed and can be traced further northwesterly on surface than in the adit Detailed mapping and sampling of the adit in combination with the trenching program on surface should confirm whether or not the adit follows the main vein or is in a parallel structure.

LOWER AND SCOTT ZONES

1 The best grades of mineralization in the Lower Zone coincides with the main shear-gouge structure exposed in the lower adit. Significant gold values were not obtained in samples from the wall rocks. Widths and grades indicated by sampling in the lower adit on the Lower Zone would not support a viable mining operation.

2 Although the Lower and Upper Zones appear to follow the same structure there are significant differences in degree, type of alteration and tenor of gold to suggest that they may be separate but closely parallel structures.

Similarly, differences in character of the Lower and Scott Zones suggest that they too may represent parallel structures. These possibilities require exploration on both sides of the Lower and Scott Zones for parallel structures and extensions along strike.

MAGNETIC ANOMALY

1 The magnetic anomaly located in the vicinity of the stream to the west of the lower adit is unexplained and its dimensions and significance are unknown.

RECOMMENDATIONS

A two-stage program is recommended to test the potential of the Port Eliza Gold Property. The best possibility for discovery of a minable orebody appears to be within the Upper Zone. The greatest exploration effort should therefore be concentrated in this area. The program would include the following:

Stage 1

1 Attempt rehabilitation of the Upper Zone adit to provide access for geologic mapping and sampling to determine whether or not it follows the same or a subsidiary parallel structure to the strong vein-shear system on surface. This should be attempted before drilling and blasting trenches in outcrops above the adit.

2 Trenching by Copco drilling and blasting on surface across the structure of the Upper Zone at approximately 10 metre intervals along its known extent. Sample the main structure and into the hanging and footwalls. Some of the trenches should extend for several metres on either side of the main structure in search of parallel structures.

3 Map in detail the lower adit in the Lower Zone looking for similarities and differences in character between the Lower and Upper Zones.

4 Explore for extensions and parallel structures on the Upper, Lower, Scott and magnetically anomalous zone by a combination of geologic mapping, geophysical (VLF-EM and magnetometer) surveys and soil geochemistry on a short spaced grid covering all zones and possible extensions.

Stage 2

If the results of Stage 1 are favourable then drilling from surface across the structure at intervals across its known length will be required to test the 3rd dimension of depth. Initially 10 holes of 200 feet depth would be anticipated. Large core diameter and a system for catching cuttings would be required.

NORTHCOT

CERTIFICATE

I, Kenneth E. Northcote of 2346 Ashton Road, R.R. #1, Agassiz, B.C. do hereby certify that:

1] I have been practising as a professional geologist for a period of approximately 25 years for petroleum exploration companies, mining exploration and consulting companies, federal and provincial agencies.

2] I obtained a Ph.D. in geology from U.B.C. in 1968 and qualified for registration with the Association of Professional Engineers of B.C. in 1967.

3] This report is a result of work done personally on the Port Eliza Gold Property during the period February 27 to March 4, 1986.

4] I have no interest either directly or indirectly in the properties or securities of H.Q. Minerals Ltd., nor do I expect to receive any.

5] I consent to the use of this report in, or in connection with, a prospectus relating to the raising of funds.

Dated at Agassiz B.C. this 4th day of April, 1986

K.E. Northcote Ph.D., P.Eng.

PORT ELIZA GOLD PROPERTY ASSAY DATA 1983,1985,1986

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APPENDIX "A"

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Province of British Columbia

Ministry of Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources

LIONEL J. SCOTT SAMPLE RECEIVED FROM

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ADDRESS

LABORATORY NO.	SUBMITTER'S MARK	LABORATORY REPORT
		CHIP SAMPLE AGROSS IFT.
5971	13011	Gold - 0.11 oz. per ton MONARCH I Silver - Trace ISM FROM PORTAL Platinum - Nil LOWER ADIT
		Spectrographic Analysis: Arsenic - 0.15%
5972	10849 M-1	Gold - 0.03 og. per ton Silver - Trace Platinum - Nil
1		Spectrographic Analysis: Arsenic - 0.22 CHIP SAMPLE 3 FT. ACROSS 45 METERS FROM PORTAL
5973	<u>13012</u> 74	Gold - 0.29 oz. per ton MONARCH I Silver - Trace Platinum - Nil LOWER ADIF
		Spectrographic Analysis: Arsenic - 0.25%
5974	13013 #5	Gold - Trace Silver - Trace Platinum - Nil
√ 5975 ·	13014 #6	Gold - Trace Silver - Trace Platinum - Nil
•	•	Spectrographic Analysis: Copper - 0.01%
5976	13016 #7A	Gold - Trace Silver - Trace Platinum - Nil
5977	13015 #7B	Gold - Trace Silver - Trace Platinum - Nil
	•	•

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LEGEND

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TRACE

MAJOR CONSTITUENT N.D. - NOT DETECTED

- PRESENT

WM GANS

c

him		DATI July. 15., 1983.								
	Ministry	Province of British Columbia of Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources								
ADDRESS	AMPLE RECEIVED FROM LIONEL J. SCOTT PAGE 2. B. R. #4, Mt. Prevost Road, Dupcan, B, C,									
LABORATORY NO.	SUBMITTER'S MARK	LABORATORY REPORT								
5978	13017 #8	CHIP SAMPLE ACROSS 3 72 FT. WIDE STEERWORK 106 METERS PROM PORTAL Gold - 0.08 os. per ton Silver - Trace Lower ADIT Platinum - Nil								
√ 5979	<u>13018</u> 19	Spectrographic Analysis: Arsenic - 0.35% CHIP SAMPLE ACROSS EINCH WIDE VEIN Gold - 0.13 oz. per ton MONARCH T Silver - Trace END STATION ISS METERS Platinum - Nil EROM PORTAL LOWER ADIT								
5980	10850 10M	Spectrographic Analysis: Arsenic - 0.752 GRAB JAMPLE FOURWALL JE ASTERS FROM PERFAL Gold - 0.11 oz. per ton MONARCH Z Silver - Trace Platinum - Nil								
5981	87M Monarch #1 3' W Stockwork	<pre>c Spectrographic Analysis: Arsenic - 0.04% Gold - 0.04 oz. per ton Silver - Trace Platinum - Nil</pre>								

THIS DOCUMENT, OR ANY PART THEREOF, MAY NOT BE REPRODUCED FOR PROMOTIONAL OR ADVERTISING PURPOSES.

LEGEND

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- TRACE - MAJOR CONSTITUENT - NOT DETECTED - PRESENT

Wm your

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Spectrographic Analysis: Arsenic - 0.3%

Date: June 25, 1985 File: 8506-2051



SGS SUPERVI ()N SERVICES INC. General Testing Laboratories Division

1001 East Pender Street, Vancouver, B.C., Canada. V6A 1W2 Telephone: (604) 254-1647 Telex: 04-507514

TO: MR. L. J. SCOTT R.R. #2 Payne Road Duncan, B.C. V9L 1N9

/e hereby certify that the following are the results of assays on:

Ore

CERTIFICATE OF ASSAY

	GOLD	TRUCKI	III	XXX	III	III	XXX	XXX
MARKED	05/83	asters						
								••
12	0.002	MONA	RCH M.	- Scat	UFIND	UALLR	per le	HERT)
14	0.090	4.0.10		SC ATT	<u>-</u> /	LANNEL	ALDASS	IINCH LOFT.
			CH MIL	Jean	PARK L	ANNE		
15	0.196	мана	RCHM	C.G.RA	BEROK	LPPE	R DUM	e
16	0.040		RCH M		RERAM	LOWER	E DUM	
·								
							e e	
	'							
NOTE: REJECTS RETAINED ONE MONTH	L						\geq	l
AND REJECTS WILL BE STORE F	FOR A MAXIMUM	OF ONE YEAR.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			1	2	
SORTS ARE THE CONFIDENTIA SION OR EXTRACTS FROM O OUR WRITTEN APPROVAL ANY LIABIL	R REGARDING (TY ATTACHED T	dur reports i Hereto is limi	N NOT PERMITTED TED TO THE FEE C	WITHOUT HARGED		L. Wong	PR	WINCIAL ASSAYER
						استعداد المستنب المستنب المستنب		

Analytical and Consulting Chemists, Bulk Cargo Specialists, Surveyors, Inspectors, Samplers, Weighers MEMBER: American Society For Testing Materials • The American Oil Chemists Society • Canadian Testing association REFEREE AND OR OFFICIAL CHEMISTS FOR: National Institute of Oilseed Products • The American Oil Chemists' Society OFFICIAL WEIGHMASTERS FOR: Vancouver Board OI Trade CERTIFICATE OF ASSAY

Date: July 2, 1985

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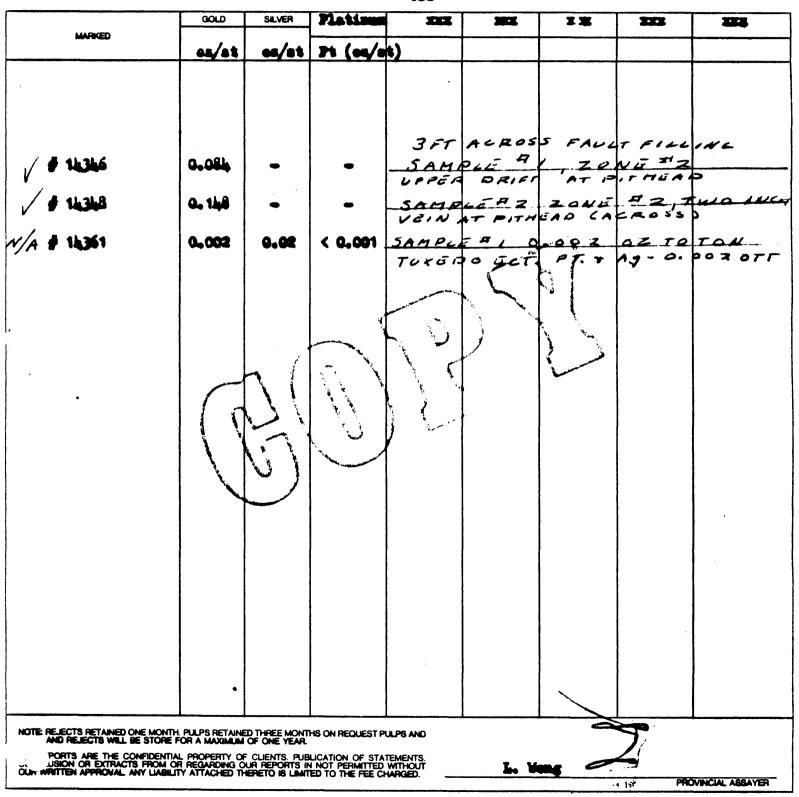


SGS SUPERV. ON SERVICES INC. General Testing Laboratories Division

1001 East Pender Street, Vancouver, B.C., Canada. V6A 1W2 Telephone: (604) 254-1647 Telex: 04-507514 TO: MR. L. J. SCOTT R.R. #2 Payne Read Duncan, B.G. VJL 129

File:

We hereby certify that the following are the results of assays on: Orre



Analytical and Consulting Chemists, Bulk Cargo Specialists, Surveyors, Inspectors, Samplers, Weighers MEMBER: American Society For Testing Materials • The American Oil Chemists Society • Canadian Testing association REFEREE AND OR OFFICIAL CHEMISTS FOR: National Institute of Oilased Products • The American Oil Chemists' Society OFFICIAL WEIGHMASTERS FOR: Vancouver Board Of Trade

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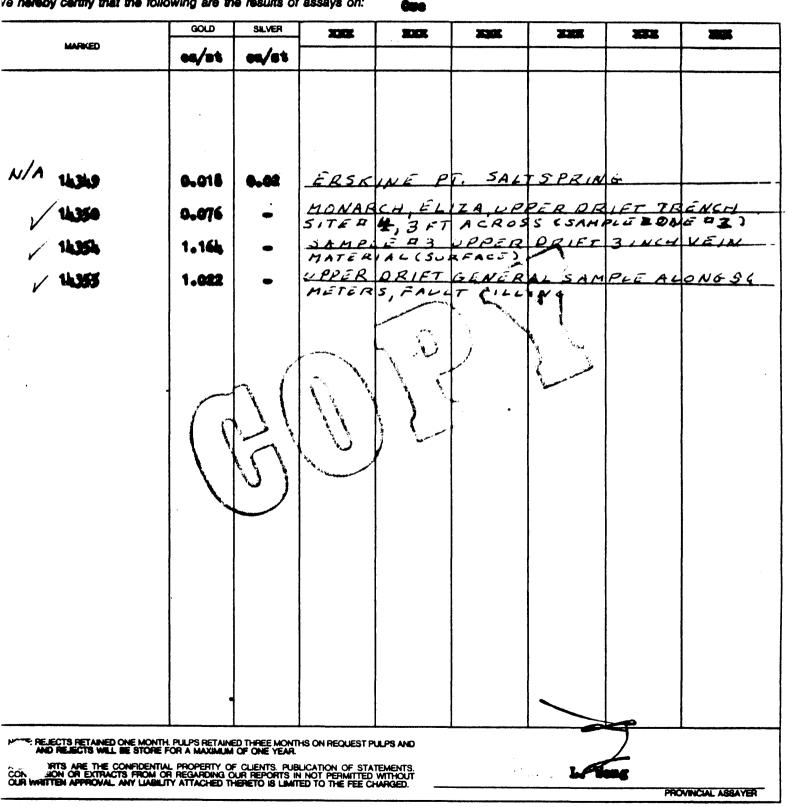
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M. L. J. SCOTT **90**s LL #1 Past 3.6.

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MIN-FN Laboratorie 5 Ltd. Spec dists in Mineral Environm dts

705 WEST 15th STREET NORTH VANCOUVER, B.C. CANADA V7M 1T2

""9NE: (604) 980-5814 DR (604) 988-4524

TELEX: 04-352928

GEOCHEMICAL ANALYSIS CERTIFICATE

COMPANY: K.E. NORTHCOTE PROJECT: H.Q.MINERALS LTD. ATTENTION: K.E. NORTHCOTE

FILE: 6-122 DATE: MARCH 14/86. TYPE: ROCK GEOCHEM

We hereby certify that the following are the results of the geochemical analysis made on 21 samples submitted.

SAMPLE	AG	AU-FIRE	
NUMBER	PPM	899	
	0.5		
#2	0.5	182	
#4	0.4	29	
排 台	0.4	35	
#8	O.4	275	
#9	0.3	290	· · · · ·
#11	ംക	3500	
#12	0.6	122	
#13	Ŏ., 4	10	
# 1 4	3.2	9000	
Ł. 2	0.5	20	
LA-3	0.2	145	
LA-4	0.5	285	
LA-7	0.2	5	
LA-8	0.3	210	
LA-11	1.4	115	
LA-12	0.4	40	
LA-15	0.3	6	
LA-16	0.6	5	
SCOTT#19	2.0	1300	
SCOTT#20	ý.4	235	

Same OF THESE SAMPLES SHOULD HAVE BEEN REQUESTED FOR

Certified by

Specialists in Mineral Environments 705 WEST 15th STREET NORTH VANCOUVER. B.C. CANADA V7M 172

TELEX: 04-352828

CERTIFICATE OF ASSAY

COMPANY: K.E. NORTHCOTE PROJECT: H.Q. MINERALS LTD. ATTENTION: K.E. NORTHCOTE FILE: 6-122 DATE: MARCH 14/86. TYPE: ROCK ASSAY

We hereby certify that the following are assay results for samples submitted.

SAMPLE NUMBER	AG G/TONNE	AG OZ/TON	AU G/TONNE	AU OZ/TON
#3	O. 1	0.01	. O 1.	0.001
#10 #15	5,8	0.17	55.70	1.625
#7	21.0	0.51	32.55	0.949
	0.1		3.14	0.092
#10		0.01		
#15	0.6	0.02	2.49	0.073
#16	2.3	0.07	8.29	0.242
#1 7	0.1	0.01	• ेउ	\circ , $\circ \circ i$
UD#1	0.1	0.01	.21	0,006
UD#2	0.7	0.02	.39	0,011
11D#3	0.2	0.01	. 61	0.018
1-11	0.3	0.01	7.31	0.213
LA-5	0.1		3.40	0.099
LA-6	o.5	0,01	5.80	0.169
1.A-9	0.2	0.01	.20	0.006
LA-10	Q.1	0.01	4.53	0.132
LA-13	0.3	0.01	4.30	0.125
LA-14	0.1	0.01	1.29	0.038
SCOTT#17	0.1	0.01	1.10	0,032
SCOTT#18	0.2	0,01	.82	0.024
LA-14 SCOTT#17	0.1 0.1	\bigcirc . \bigcirc 1 \bigcirc . \bigcirc 1	1.29 1.10	0.038 0.032

Certified by

MIN-EN LABORATORIES LTD.

APPENDIX "B"

SAMPLE DESCRIPTIONS

by K.E.Northcote, 1986

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PORT ELIZA INLET GOLD PROPERTY

SAMPLE DESCRIPTIONS

UPPER ZONE

- #1 (TS) Footwall wall rock, fine/medium granular, granitic texture, leucocratic, weak chloritic (less than 5%), weak iron-stained.
- 2 (TS) Siliceous, footwall wall rock, medium granular, quartz impregnated(?) diffuse chloritic clots. Disseminated pyrite
- 3 Hanging wall rock, fine/medium granular, siliceous, granitic texture leucocratic, weak chloritic, diffuse green coloration and clots, weak iron-stain
- 4 Hanging wall rock, fine/medium granular, impregnated appearance, diffuse green chloritic material. Weak iron-manganese-stain
- 5 (PTS) Quartz vein- sulphides-pyrite, sphalerite (chalcopyrite) finely divided grey sulphides in quartz, open space quartz growing inwards. Minor coarse calcite between quartz crystals.
- 6 Hanging wall, fine/medium granular, granitic texture, leucocratic diffuse chloritic clots, weak siliceous impregnated appearance, weak iron-stain
- 7 Quartz vein, similar to #5, sulphides, pyrite and finely divided grey sulphides in quartz open space, drusy quartz crystals growing inwards. Iron-stained.
- 8 Hanging wall rock, fine/medium granular, leucocratic, local small quartz veinlets in outcrop. Sample masked by iron staining.
- 9 Footwall wall rock, fine/medium granular, granitic texture, leucocratic weak chloritic in small diffuse clots. Cut by quartz veinlets mineralized by sulphides (pyrite, strong iron-stain).
- 10 Veinlet swarm/stockwork in footwall, fine granular, siliceous leucocratic, cut by abundant criss crossing quartz veinlets disseminated coarse pyrite and fine sulphides (pyrite) throughout.
- 11 (TS) Fine granular siliceous rock/vein, no obvious mafic, disseminated sulphides. Abundantly iron-stained.
- 12 Fine granular siliceous rock, leucocratic, diffuse chlorite and scattered clots giving green coloration cut by small drusy quartz veinlets. Disseminated pyrite throughout? Abundantly iron-stained.

UPPER ZONE (Continued)

- # 13 Wall rock from late shear, quartz diorite/granodiorite, siliceous leucocratic/mesocratic chloritic in small clots or clusters of grains. Weak disseminated pyrite. Strong iron-stain.
 - 14(TS) Pyritized shear, sericitic wall rock, strong green coloration because of abundant very diffuse sericite. Abundant fine to coarse pyrite crystals in veinlets and fracture/shear surfaces.
 - 15 Vein approximately 0.01m in hanging wall, quartz containing screens of disseminated pyrite and very fine disseminated on partings and filling shears; looks like finely ground-up sulphides.
 - 16 Massive coarse granular quartz vein material and smaller quartz veinlets in fine/medium sugary, siliceous, sericitic (chloritic) altered wall rock. Disseminated pyrite in wall rock, lesser but coarser pyrite crystals in quartz veins.
 - 17 Footwall wall rock, sugary texture, siliceous (impregnation?) leucocratic, chlorite/sericite in disseminated clusters or clots. Disseminated pyrite throughtout. Fine granular sulphides (pyrite) in fractures or slip surfaces. Iron-stained.

LOWER ADIT

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- LA 1 Vein gouge @ 132 m (face), [0.08m], sericitic gouge noncalcareous runs 0.213 oz Au/ton. Contains dark streaks of finely crushed sulphides.
 - 2 Footwall altered wall rock @ 132 m (face) mottled siliceous, chloritic, sericitic. Disseminated pyrite and in partings. Iron and manganese staining. Some open space quartz veinlets. Runs 20 ppb Au
 - 3 Hanging wall altered wall rocks @ 132m (face), medium granular/ granitic leucocratic/mesocratic, chloritic, sericitic. Sericite and quartz impregnation. Chlorite in disseminated grain clusters. Disseminated pyrite cubes. Finely divided sulphides in discontinuous screens and runs 145 ppb Au.
 - 4 Calcite stringer @ 132 m (face) in altered hanging wall altered wall rock as for LA-3 Runs 29 ppb Au.
 - 5 Vein gouge @ 108m,[0.30M] sericite gouge, <u>noncalcareous</u> runs 0.099 oz Au/ton. Disseminated fine pyrite crystals.

LOWER ADIT (Continued)

- LA 6 Gouge breccia @ 101m, [0.35m]. Sericitic gouge, weak calcareous, slip surfaces on altered wall rock fragments; runs 0.169 oz Au/ton. Some iron staining. Sulphate crystals.
 - 7 Footwall altered wall rock @ 101m, mottled medium grey-green and light grey, leucocratic/mesocratic diffuse chloritic and sericitic; quartz-sericite impregnation; runs 5 ppb Au.
 - 8 Hanging wall altered wall rock @ 101m, mottled medium grey green and light grey, mesocratic, diffuse clots and partings of chlorite Quartz-sericite impregnation. Quartz veinlets. Disseminated pyrite. Runs 210 ppb Au.
 - 9 Gouge breccia at hanging wall side @ 88m [0.13m]. Altered wall rock fragments, siliceous, sericitic, calcareous veinlets sparsely disseminated pyrite. Runs only 0.006 oz Au/ton.
 - 10 Gouge breccia @ 55m, [0.10m]. Strongly chloritic wall rock fragments mixed with sericite. Disseminated pyrite. Could represent altered dyke rock fragments. Runs 0.132 oz Au/ton.
 - 11 TS Footwall rock, dyke @ 55m, fine/medium granular, dark green melanocratic chloritic, sericitic, clusters of pyrite cubes. Runs 115 ppb Au.
 - 12 TS Hanging wall rock @ 55m, siliceous, sericitic, light green grey, mottled. Disseminated pyrite and clusters of crystals. <u>Runs</u> 40 ppb Au.
 - 13 Vein-shear @ 40 m [0.08m], gouge, quartz and altered wall rock fragments, calcareous. Runs 0.125 oz Au/ton.
 - 14 Vein-shear @ 35m [0.07m], gouge, shear, chlorite, sericite, carbonate. Runs 0.038 oz Au/ton.
 - 15 Footwall rock @ 35m, altered wall rock, fine/medium granular/ granitic light grey leucocratic, chloritic, (sericitic). Runs 6 ppb Au.
 - 16 Hanging wall @ 35 m, altered wall rock, dyke?, fine/medium granular dark green, melanocratic chloritic, sericitic carbonate veinlets. Disseminated pyrite.

LOWER ADIT (Continued)

N

- SCOTT #17 Quartz vein stockwork in altered granodiorite [1.0m], medium grained, mesocratic, chloritic, sericitic. Disseminated pyrite. Runs 0.125 oz Au/ton.
 - 18 As for SCOTT #17
 - 19 Pyritic melanocratic unit, dyke rock?, fine grained, dark greygreen chloritic. Abundantly disseminated pyrite. Runs 1300 ppb Au.
 - 20 Granodiorite footwall, medium grained granitic mesocratic, granitic. Chloritic in old healedfractures with quartz. Iron stain. <u>Runs</u> 235 ppb Au.