

002329

SECON CREEF 82 F NW 119

P 1989-5 600' & more out of terrace<sup>6</sup> price (Brown, 1984)

p21. See molly G. Green f./s

p22 3 km nw M.G. on state rd 4 tones

"sm/r morphology, structural continuity, & sm/r

Pb/Ba/Po ratios (Locan et al., 1988) suggest

M.G. succession, second cref & backreef as  
part of the same vein system"

(GRANULOID ISOPH CHTERISTICS OF MARZO 10)

KOK. G.C. PROV. PRICE, LOCAN ET AL., 1988, 600'

FRIEDWICH 1987 P 588-1, 11535-54C

MOLLY GIBSON ELF NW 121

unpub P 1987-5 p 15: developed on a mineralized fissure  
located in a potassium feldspar porphyritic granite. Fissure  
follows a NW striking joint set; NW striking vein  
system n = 6m long. S. lost m. g., successively  
scour across & placardal dykes.

- located at head of leukosite creek
- Pro. 1897-1950 totalled 55860 tonnes  
372 g Au, 31.1 million g Ag, 23rd tonnes Pb,  
7 tonnes Zn.

4/6 workings explored 2 veins: Florence, 8.4m  
striking NW, dips ~ 75° SW in potassium-feldspar,  
magnetite granite. Florence averages 1.5m wide;  
Agas, (located 15m SW) ~ 0.75m wide.  
~~This vein~~ Developed in 5 levels above 2105m elev.  
Slope distribution suggests one short plug sc  
~ 45°.

Any material contains pervasive propylitic & argillic  
alteration. Hematite alteration is also present  
vein mineralogy based on hand specimen examination.  
It galena, sphalerite, arsenopyrite, pyrite, & chalcopyrite  
in a gangue of brecciated buff to pink siderite  
quartz. Sulfides occurs in regular open-space  
fillings parallel to vein walls. Boulders  
coated texture are common in these layers  
rarely become frequent. Coarse & tabular  
sphalerite & galena boulders are rimmed by quartz,  
few pyrite, coarser tabular to sublateral arsenopyrite  
& in places chalcopyrite.

vein gangue is mainly manganese rich siderite that

weathered boulders & manganese oxide  
chlorite + calc-silicate gneissic rocks are  
frequent & less weathered, commonly post-tectonic  
siderite. Late calc-silicate fills open spaces.

see p 22 for a table of assay results: Mn, Fe,  
Verm & Tung

[GROWTH LEAD FRAGMENTATION OF MANGANESE  
1987. G.C. PROV. PARK, LOGAN et al., 1988, 600C  
FIELDWORK, 1987, P 1988-1, pp 535-542]

1987-5, 132: Prod 55 850 tonnes see tables 3-4.  
Bore method mining occurs along a new striking  
structure found over 5 km on surface, only  
about 10% of structure has been tested.

1987 FIELDWORK Paper 1988-1 p 536, 538, 539